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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

REGULATION (EEC) No 1117/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing the amount of aid for flax and hemp for the 1974/75 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 ⁽¹⁾ of 29 June 1970 on the common organization of the market in flax and hemp, as amended by the Act of Accession ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4 (3) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee;

Whereas Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 provides for the annual fixing of aid for flax and hemp produced within the Community;

Whereas in accordance with Article 4 (2) of that Regulation aid shall be fixed per hectare sown and harvested so as to ensure a balance between the required volume of production within the Community and the potential outlets for that production; whereas, when that aid is fixed account must be taken of the price for flax and hemp fibres and seeds

on the world market and of the price for other competing natural products;

Whereas for the 1973/74 marketing year the amount of aid for flax produced in the United Kingdom and Denmark was fixed at a level lower than that applicable in the other Member States; whereas, for the 1974/75 marketing year, pursuant to Article 95 of the Act of Accession, the difference between the amount of aid applicable in the United Kingdom and the common level should be reduced, and the amount of aid applicable in Denmark should be fixed directly at that common level,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1974/75 marketing year the aid referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) 1308/70 shall be:

(a) as regards flax:

- 92 units of account per hectare for the United Kingdom;
- 160 units of account per hectare for the other Member States;

(b) as regards hemp, 135 units of account per hectare for all Member States.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 146, 4. 7. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1118/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing the amount of aid for cotton seeds for the 1974/75 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71 ⁽¹⁾ of 12 July 1971 introducing a system of aid for cotton seeds, and in particular Article 1 (3) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee;

Whereas Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71 provides that the amount of aid be fixed annually for cotton seeds produced within the Community so as to ensure a fair income for the producer, taking account of the market situation and foreseeable market trends,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1974/75 marketing year the amount of aid referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71 shall be 83.60 units of account per hectare.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

*For the Council**The President*

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 160, 17. 7. 1971, p. 1.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1119/74 OF THE COUNCIL
of 29 April 1974

amending the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 on the common organization of the market in seeds and Regulation (EEC) No 1674/72 laying down general rules for granting and financing aid for seeds

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 ⁽¹⁾ of 26 October 1971 on the common organization of the market in seeds, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 (4) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Whereas there is at present a shortfall of proteins in the Community; whereas it is necessary to ensure a regular supply of the market in high-protein fodder legumes such as field beans;

Whereas provision should therefore be made for encouraging the production of basic seed and certified seed of field beans by granting aid; whereas, to this end, those products should be included in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71;

Whereas the first indent of Article 1 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1674/72 ⁽³⁾ of 2 August 1972 laying down general rules granting and financing aid for seeds, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 597/73 ⁽⁴⁾, refers to the Council Directive of 14 June 1966 ⁽⁵⁾ on the marketing of fodder plant seed and to the Council Directive of 30 June 1969 ⁽⁶⁾ on the marketing of seed of oil and fibre plants;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

Whereas those Directives were last amended by the Directive of 11 December 1973 ⁽⁷⁾ and may be further amended; whereas, therefore, for practical reasons, the Directives modifying the above Directives should no longer be cited,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 is replaced by the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

Regulation (EEC) No 1674/72 is amended as follows:

1. The first indent of Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1674/72 is replaced by the following text:

‘— as defined by the Council Directive of 14 June 1966 ⁽³⁾ on the marketing of fodder plant seed and by the Council Directive of 30 June 1969 ⁽⁴⁾ on the marketing of seed of oil and fibre plants taking into account the modifications of the latter Directives’.

2. Footnote No 5 is deleted.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 246, 5. 11. 1971, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 177, 4. 8. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 57, 2. 3. 1973, p. 3.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 125, 11. 7. 1966, p. 2298/66.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 10. 7. 1969, p. 3.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 356, 27. 12. 1973, p. 79.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	Description of goods	
ex 12.01 A	Linum usitatissimum L. partim.	Textile flax
ex 12.03 C	1. GRAMINEAE Arrhenatherum elatius (L.) J. et C. Presl. Dactylis glomerata L. Festuca arundinacea Schreb. Festuca ovina L. Festuca pratensis Huds. Festuca rubra L. Lolium multiflorum Lam. Lolium perenne L. Lolium x hybridum Hausskn. Phleum pratense L. Poa nemoralis L. Poa pratensis L. Poa trivialis L.	GRASSES Tall oatgrass Cocksfoot Tall fescue Sheep's fescue Meadow fescue Red fescue Italian ryegrass (including Wester- wolds) Perennial ryegrass Hybrid ryegrass Timothy Wood meadowgrass Smooth-stalked meadowgrass Rough-stalked meadowgrass
ex 07.05 A III	2. LEGUMINOSAE Vicia faba L. ssp. faba var. equina Pers. Vicia faba L. var. minor (Peterm.) bull.	LEGUMES Large field bean Small field bean
ex 12.03 C	Medicago sativa L. Trifolium pratense L. Trifolium repens L. Vicia sativa L.	Lucerne Red clover White clover Common vetch

REGULATION (EEC) No 1120/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing the amounts of aid for seeds for the 1974/75 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 ⁽¹⁾ of 26 October 1971 on the common organization of the market in seeds, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1119/74 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 (3) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas the market situation within the Community and the foreseeable market trends with regard to certain seeds which are listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 and which will be marketed

during the 1974/75 marketing year do not ensure fair returns for the producer; whereas part of their production costs should be offset by aid;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 provides that, when the amounts of the aid are being fixed, account must be taken of, on the one hand, the need to ensure a balance between the volume of production required in the Community and the possible outlets for that production and, on the other hand, the price of the products concerned on external markets,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1974/75 marketing year the amounts of the aid provided for in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 shall be as shown in the Annex hereto.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

*For the Council**The President*

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 246, 5. 11. 1971, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 3 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Amount of aid u.a./100 kg
ex 12.01 A	Linum usitatissimum L. partim (textile flax)	10
ex 12.03 C	1. GRAMINEAE	
	Arrhenatherum elatius (L.) J. and C. Presl.	30
	Dactylis glomerata L.	25
	Festuca arundinacea Schreb.	25
	Festuca ovina L.	18
	Festuca pratensis Huds.	20
	Festuca rubra L.	18
	Lolium multiflorum Lam.	10
	Lolium perenne L. (late)	18
	Lolium perenne L. (other)	14
	Lolium x hybridum Hausskn.	10
	Phleum pratense L.	30
	Poa nemoralis L.	18
	Poa pratensis L.	18
	Poa trivialis L.	18
	2. LEGUMINOSAE	
ex 07.05 A III	Vicia faba L. ssp. faba var. equina Pers.	6
	Vicia faba L. var. minor (Peterm.) bull	6
ex 12.03 C	Medicago sativa L. (ecotypes)	7
	Medicago sativa L. (varieties)	10
	Trifolium pratense L.	18
	Trifolium repens L.	20
	Vicia sativa L.	12

REGULATION (EEC) No 1121/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing the production and market target prices and the intervention price for olive oil
for the 1974/75 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73 ⁽²⁾, and in particular by the first paragraph of Article 4 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee;

Whereas the production and market target prices and the intervention price must be fixed according to the criteria laid down in Articles 4, 5, 6 and 7 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC for a specific standard quality;

Whereas the reasons which have led to the determination of the standard quality for the preceding marketing year continue to prevail; whereas it is therefore appropriate to maintain this quality unchanged;

Whereas the application of these criteria entails fixing the production and market target prices and the intervention price at the same level as that adopted for the preceding marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The prices for olive oil for the 1974/75 marketing year shall be:

(a) production target price:

137.17 units of account per 100 kilogrammes;

(b) market target price:

95 units of account per 100 kilogrammes;

(c) intervention price:

87.75 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

Article 2

The prices referred to in Article 1 relate to virgin semi-fine olive oil with a free fatty acid content, expressed as oleic acid, of 3 grammes per 100 grammes.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1122/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing the target prices and basic intervention prices for oil seeds for the 1974/75 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the third subparagraph of Article 22 (1) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee;

Whereas, when the target prices and basic intervention prices for oil seeds are fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas application of these criteria entails fixing the target price and basic intervention price for colza and rape seed and for sunflower seed at a higher level than that adopted for the preceding marketing year;

Whereas the prices of oil seeds must be fixed for specific standard qualities; whereas the latter should be laid down in relation to the average qualities of

the seeds harvested in the Community; whereas for sunflower seed, the quality laid down for the 1973/74 marketing year meets these requirements and can accordingly be used for the following marketing year; whereas, on the other hand, for colza and rape seed, the quality laid down for the 1973/74 marketing year should be modified,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1974/75 marketing year, the target prices and the basic intervention prices for oil seeds shall be as follows:

u.a./100 kg

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------|
| (a) colza and rape seeds: | |
| — target price: | 21·90 |
| — basic intervention price: | 21·27 |
| (b) sunflower seeds: | |
| — target price: | 22·54 |
| — basic intervention price: | 21·89 |

The basic intervention prices are valid in Genoa.

Article 2

The prices referred to in Article 1 relate to seeds in bulk of sound, fair and marketable quality:

- | |
|---|
| (a) with an impurity content of 2% and, for seeds as such, a humidity and oil content of 9% and 42% respectively in the case of colza and rape seeds; |
| (b) with an impurity content of 2% and, for seeds as such, a humidity and oil content of 10% and 40% respectively in the case of sunflower seeds. |

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council
The President
 J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1123/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing the main intervention centres for oil seeds for the 1974/75 marketing year and the derived intervention prices applicable in these centres

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) 1707/73 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 22 (2), first subparagraph, thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 22 (2) of Regulation No 136/66/EEC the main intervention centres for colza, rape and sunflower seeds, and the derived intervention prices applicable thereto must be fixed for the 1974/75 marketing year;

Whereas the places with the largest markets situated in the main production areas should be taken as the main intervention centres; whereas, to ensure an appropriate price level for Community seeds in deficit areas, the most representative places for the processing of seeds should also be used, as well as places situated outside production areas which are representative as regards internal trade and the export of seeds;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 24 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, derived intervention prices must be fixed at a level permitting seed to move freely within the Community, under natural conditions of price formation and in accordance with the needs of the market; whereas, to that end, intervention prices should be fixed so that the differences between them correspond to the price differences to be expected in the case of a normal harvest;

Whereas the derived intervention prices for the 1973/74 marketing year were fixed in Denmark and the United Kingdom at a level lower than the common level; whereas these prices should move towards alignment with the common prices, in accordance with Article 52 of the Act of Accession;

Whereas the experience gained during the course of the 1973/74 marketing year has shown that the number of intervention centres for colza and rape seeds adopted in the course of that marketing year should be reduced for the 1974/75 marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1974/75 marketing year, the main intervention centres for colza, rape and sunflower seeds and the derived intervention prices applicable in these centres shall be those shown in the Annex.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council
The President
J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

ANNEX

Main intervention centres and derived intervention prices applicable in these centres

A. For colza and rape seed:

Centres	Intervention prices in units of account per 100 kilogrammes of standard quality seed
Antwerp	20.90
Copenhagen	19.32
Århus	19.32
Düsseldorf	20.90
Hamburg	20.90
Mannheim	20.85
Regensburg	19.37
Bordeaux	20.06
Bourges	19.78
Châlons-sur-Marne	20.11
Chartres	20.17
Châteauroux	19.68
Dijon	19.95
Dunkerque	20.80
Gennevilliers	20.48
Le Pouzin	20.04
Lyon	19.95
Marseille	20.54
Rouen	20.80
Sète	20.06
Strasbourg	20.59
Dublin	21.27
Genoa	21.27
Rotterdam	21.00
Hull	17.05
Liverpool	17.05
Tilbury	16.14

B. For sunflower seed:

Centres	Intervention prices in units of account per 100 kilogrammes of standard quality seed
Bordeaux	21.53
Bourges	20.11
Le Pouzin	21.22
Marseille	21.84
Rouen	21.04
Genoa	21.89

REGULATION (EEC) No 1124/74 OF THE COUNCIL
of 29 April 1974
on compensatory amounts for colza and rape seeds

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community;

Article 1

Having regard to the Treaty ⁽¹⁾ concerning the
Accession of new Member States to the European
Economic Community and the European Atomic
Energy Community, and in particular Article 62 (1)
of the Act ⁽²⁾ annexed thereto;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1706/73 ⁽³⁾ laid down
the compensatory amounts to be deducted from the
subsidy or the export refund for colza and rape seed
harvested in Denmark and the United Kingdom
during the 1973/74 crop year and placed under
control at the oil mill or exported during that
year;

Whereas for the crop year 1974/75, the derived
intervention prices applicable in Denmark and the
United Kingdom shall move towards alignment with
the common prices in accordance with Article 52
of the Act of Accession;

Whereas the compensatory amounts applicable
during this crop year should in consequence be
diminished,

1. For colza and rape seeds harvested in Denmark
and in the United Kingdom and placed under control
at the oil mill pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2114/71 ⁽⁴⁾ or exported during the 1974/
75 crop year, the compensatory amounts to be
deducted from the subsidy referred to in Article 27
of Regulation 136/66/EEC ⁽⁵⁾ and from the export
refund referred to in Article 28 of that Regulation
shall be as follows:

Denmark: 0.96 u.a. per 100 kg

United Kingdom: 4.22 u.a. per 100 kg.

2. The compensatory amounts so deducted shall
not exceed the subsidy and export refund amounts
which are applicable.

Article 2

Detailed rules for the application of this Regulation
shall be determined in accordance with the procedure
laid down in Article 38 of Regulation 136/66/EEC.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 5.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 4.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 222, 2. 10. 1971, p. 2.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1125/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

amending Regulation No 120/67/EEC on the common organization of the market
in cereals

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community, and in particular
Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European
Parliament;

Whereas Council Regulation No 120/67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of
13 June 1967 on the common organization of the
market in cereals, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 1346/73 ⁽²⁾, provides for the fixing of a
basic intervention price for barley; whereas, in the
light of experience, the fixing of such a price should
be abolished and replaced by the fixing of a single
intervention price with a view to promoting the
interplay of market forces in respect of barley;

Whereas the fixing of the marketing year for maize
from 1 August to 31 July does not correspond to
the agricultural cycle of the cereal in question;
whereas this discrepancy encourages the use of maize
on the market at the beginning of the marketing
year for barley, which results at such times in an
abnormal degree of intervention on the market in
barley; whereas, in order to avoid such a situation,
a new date should be fixed for the beginning of the
marketing year for maize which is more in line with
its agricultural cycle and a system of carry-over
payments similar to that for other cereals should be
introduced for maize in stock at the end of the
marketing year;

Whereas the production refund for quellmehl was
initially granted with a view to promoting certain
specific uses of quellmehl as a food for human
consumption, account being taken of the possibility
of its competing with a number of other products;

Whereas experience has shown that the opportunity
for such substitution is economically slight, if not
non-existent; whereas the production refund for
quellmehl should therefore be abolished;

Whereas a manufacturing process known as direct
hydrolysis is at present being used in the Community
whereby glucose is produced from maize groats thus
bypassing the 'starch' stage; whereas glucose
produced from starch in the traditional manner
benefits indirectly from the production refund
granted for maize to be used in the manufacture of
starch; whereas, in order to avoid any distortion of
competition between glucose manufacturers
according to which of the two manufacturing
processes they use, a production refund should be
granted for maize groats or meal used in the
Community for the manufacture of glucose by direct
hydrolysis;

Whereas, pursuant to Annex A to Regulation No
120/67/EEC, rice pellets are included under the
common organization of the market in cereals, while,
in fact, the product comes under the common organ-
ization of the market in rice; whereas this product
should therefore no longer appear in the said Annex,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The second indent of Article 2 (1) of Regulation
No 120/67/EEC shall be replaced by the following:

— a basic intervention price for common
wheat;

Article 2

Article 3 of Regulation No 120/67/EEC shall be
replaced by the following:

Article 3

With the exception of maize, for which it shall
begin on 1 October and end on 30 September of
the following year, the marketing year for all
products referred to in Article 1 shall begin on
1 August and end on 31 July of the following
year; the 1974/75 marketing year for maize shall,
however, begin on 1 August 1974 and end on
30 September 1975.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1973, p. 8.

Article 3

In Article 4 of Regulation No 120/67/EEC:

1. The first subparagraph of paragraph 1 shall be replaced by the following:

'In order to guarantee to producers that the market price does not fall below a minimum level, derived intervention prices for common wheat shall be fixed for the Community, in addition to the basic intervention price.'

2. Paragraph 2 shall be replaced by the following:

'For barley, rye, durum wheat and maize, for which no basic intervention price is laid down, single intervention prices shall be fixed for the Community for all the marketing centres determined for those cereals. These prices shall correspond to the lowest derived intervention prices which would have been fixed in the Community, had paragraph 1 been applied in respect of the said cereals.'

3. The second subparagraph of paragraph 3 shall be replaced by the following:

'The intervention price for maize shall be effective from 1 October to 31 July of the following year. From 1 August to 30 September, the intervention prices effective for October of the following marketing year shall apply. However, for the 1974/75 marketing year, the intervention price for maize shall be effective from 1 August 1974 to 31 July 1975.'

4. Paragraph 4 (a) shall be replaced by the following:

'for each Member State, the marketing centre for common wheat to which the lowest intervention price applies and the relevant price;'

5. Paragraph 4 (c) shall be replaced by the following:

'the single intervention prices for barley, rye, durum wheat and maize.'

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

Article 4

In Article 9 of Regulation No 120/67/EEC:

— maize shall be added to the list of cereals in paragraph 1 for which a carry-over payment may be granted;

— paragraph 2 shall be replaced by:

'For maize, the carry-over payment shall be limited to quantities in stock in areas of surplus production.'

Article 5

The text of Article 11 (1) of Regulation No 120/67/EEC shall be replaced by the following:

'1. A production refund shall be granted:

- (a) for maize and common wheat used in the Community for the manufacture of starch;
- (b) for potato starch;
- (c) for maize groats and meal (gritz) used in the Community for the manufacture of glucose by direct hydrolysis;
- (d) for maize used in the Community by the maize industry for the manufacture of maize groats and meal (gritz) used in the Community brewing industry for the production of beer.'

Article 6

With effect from 1 September 1974, the text of tariff subheading No ex 11.02 F in Annex A to Regulation No 120/67/EEC shall be replaced by:

'ex 11.02 ex F. Pellets except rice pellets.'

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

REGULATION (EEC) No 1126/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing cereal prices for the 1974/75 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 120/67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organization of the market in cereals, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1125/74 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (4) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas, when cereal prices are fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas, moreover, cereals play a major part in the agricultural economy of the Community and the price of cereals affects the price of many agricultural products and therefore the incomes of persons engaged in agriculture;

Whereas the target prices for the main cereals must be fixed at rates which take account of the levels

and intended trends of production, the uses made of those cereals and the improvement of farm incomes;

Whereas application of these criteria entails fixing prices at levels higher than those adopted for the preceding marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1974/75 marketing year, the target prices for cereals, the basic intervention price for common wheat and the guaranteed minimum price for durum wheat shall be as follows:

	<i>Units of account per 1 000 kg</i>
(a) <i>Target price:</i>	
Common wheat	121.84
Rye	119.04
Barley	110.55
Maize	109.45
Durum wheat	182.83
(b) <i>Basic intervention price:</i>	
Common wheat	110.03
(c) <i>Guaranteed minimum price for durum wheat:</i>	196.83

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1974.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽²⁾ See page 12 of this Official Journal.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1127/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing, for the 1974/75 marketing year, the monthly price increases for cereals, wheat and rye flour and wheat groats and meal

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 120/67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organization of the market in cereals, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1125/74 ⁽²⁾ and in particular Article 6 (2) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Whereas, when the number and amount of the monthly price increases and the first month during which these are to apply are fixed, account should be taken of the storage costs and interest charges for storing cereals in the Community and of the need to ensure that the disposal of stocks of cereals conforms to market requirements;

Whereas, to this end, it should be laid down that the monthly increases for common and durum wheat, rye and barley should commence on 1 September, and those for maize on 1 November; whereas the monthly price increases for all the cereals should be standardized, except those for durum wheat, for which, in view of the higher costs involved, the monthly increases should be fixed at a level higher than that for the other cereals;

Whereas the monthly increases in the threshold prices for other feedgrain should be fixed at the same level and for the same period as those for barley in order to maintain the ratio established with that cereal for the whole of the marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1974/75 marketing year, the monthly increases to be applied to the target price, threshold

price and intervention price for the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation No 120/67/EEC are fixed by this Regulation.

Article 2

The monthly increases to be applied to the target price, threshold price, and intervention price for common wheat, durum wheat, rye, barley and maize, operative for the first month of the marketing year, shall be as follows:

(u.a./1 000 kg)			
	Common wheat, rye and barley	Durum wheat	Maize
August 1974	—	—	—
September	1·10	1·15	—
October	2·20	2·30	—
November	3·30	3·45	1·10
December	4·40	4·60	2·20
January	5·50	5·75	3·30
February	6·60	6·90	4·40
March	7·70	8·05	5·50
April	8·80	9·20	6·60
May	9·90	10·35	7·70
June	(11·00)	(11·50)	8·80
July	(11·00)	(11·50)	9·90
August 1975			(11·00)
September			(11·00)

The monthly increases in brackets shall apply only to the threshold price.

Article 3

1. The monthly increases to be applied to the threshold price for oats, buck wheat, millet, canary seed and sorghum, operative for the first month of

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽²⁾ See page 12 of this Official Journal.

the marketing year, shall be the same as the monthly increases applicable to the threshold price for barley.

2. The monthly increases to be applied to the threshold price for meslin, operative for the first month of the marketing year, shall be the same as the monthly increases applicable to the threshold price for common wheat.

Article 4

The monthly increases to be applied to the threshold price for wheat, meslin and rye flour and to the threshold price for groats and meal of common or of durum wheat, operative for the first month of the marketing year, shall be as follows:

<i>(u.a./1 000 kg)</i>		
	Wheat and meslin flour, common wheat groats and meal, rye flour	Groats and meal of durum wheat
August	—	—
September	1·60	1·80
October	3·20	3·60
November	4·80	5·40
December	6·40	7·20
January	8·00	9·00
February	9·60	10·80
March	11·20	12·60
April	12·80	14·40
May	14·40	16·20
June	16·00	18·00
July	16·00	18·00

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1974.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

REGULATION (EEC) No 1128/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

determining, for the 1974/75 marketing year the single intervention prices for barley, rye, durum wheat and maize and the principal marketing centres for common wheat and the derived intervention prices applicable at those centres

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to the Treaty ⁽¹⁾ concerning the Accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community and the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 52 (3) of the Act annexed thereto;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 120/67/EEC ⁽²⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organization of the market in cereals, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1125/74 ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 4 (4) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 4 (2) of Regulation No 120/67/EEC, a single intervention price shall be fixed respectively for barley, rye, durum wheat and maize; whereas these prices shall apply to all marketing centres subsequently determined for each of these cereals;

Whereas, pursuant to Council Regulation No 131/67/EEC ⁽⁴⁾ of 13 June 1967 laying down rules for deriving intervention prices and for determining certain marketing centres for cereals, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1205/69 ⁽⁵⁾, derived intervention prices for marketing centres of appreciable importance on the regional level must be fixed in line with the basic intervention price, taking into account natural price formation on the market and transport costs;

Whereas the prices of cereals in the new Member States for the 1974/75 marketing year which were fixed in line with and at the same time as the common prices must, in accordance with Article 52 (2) (a) of the Act of Accession, be aligned with the common prices;

Whereas, experience in the last marketing year has shown that there is no need to change the procedure for deriving intervention prices; whereas, consequently, it is not necessary to alter the principal marketing centres determined for common wheat for the 1973/74 marketing year in Annexes A and B to Regulation (EEC) No 1927/73 ⁽⁶⁾, but it is nonetheless necessary to alter the intervention prices for these centres in the light of the price increases adopted,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1974/75 marketing year for cereals, the single intervention prices shall be as follows:

	<i>u.a. / 1 000 kg</i>
Barley	96.60
Rye	101.84
Durum wheat	166.83
Maize	89.55

Article 2

For the 1974/75 marketing year, for common wheat:

— the marketing centre having the lowest intervention price for each Member State, and the price in question, are laid down in Annex A;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 5.

⁽²⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽³⁾ See page 12 of this Official Journal.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 120, 21. 6. 1967, p. 2362/67.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 155, 28. 6. 1969, p. 6.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 199, 19. 7. 1973, p. 4.

- the principal marketing centres and derived intervention prices for these centres are laid down in Annex B.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1974.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

ANNEX A

Marketing centres	(u.a./1 000 kg)
	Common wheat
BELGIUM	
Liege	108·48
DENMARK	
Nakskov	99·95
GERMANY	
Aulendorf	105·50
FRANCE	
Châteauroux	101·86
IRELAND	
Enniscorthy	103·52
ITALY	
Udine	102·71
LUXEMBOURG	
Mersch	106·93
NETHERLANDS	
Rotterdam	109·32
UNITED KINGDOM	
Cambridge	74·52

ANNEX B

Marketing centres	(u.a./1 000 kg)
	Common wheat
Kiel	107.93
Hamburg	109.32
Bremen	109.32
Hannover	108.35
Bamberg	108.35
Stuttgart	108.68
Mannheim	110.03
Regensburg	106.18
Passau	106.18
Antwerpen	108.82
Compiègne-Clairoix	105.80
Chartres	102.25
Rouen	106.39
La Pallice	106.39
Poitiers	102.25
Marseille	110.03
Toulouse	104.59
Tours (Saint-Pierre-des-Corps)	102.11
Sète	109.05
Reggio di Calabria	110.03
Palermo	110.03
Napoli	110.03
Ancona	106.05
Grosseto	107.15
Ferrara	104.69
Vercelli	103.04
Bari	109.36
Ålborg	99.95
Århus	101.62
Esbjerg	101.62
Korsør	99.95
København	99.95
Kolding	101.62
Odense	101.62
Rønne	99.95
Dublin	104.78
Wexford	104.78
Waterford	104.78
Cork	104.78
Limerick	104.78
Vvonmouth	79.01
Liverpool	79.01
Glasgow	79.01
Belfast	79.01
Aberdeen	77.80
Leith	77.80
Newcastle	77.80
Hull	77.80
King's Lynn	77.80
Tilbury	78.30
Southampton	77.80

REGULATION (EEC) No 1129/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

amending Regulation No 359/67/EEC on the common organization of the market in rice

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas the production refund for quellmehl was initially granted with a view to promoting certain specific uses of quellmehl as a food for human consumption, account being taken of the possibility of its competing with a number of other products; whereas experience has shown that the opportunity for such substitution is economically slight, if not non-existent; whereas the production refund for quellmehl should therefore be abolished;

Whereas pursuant to Annex A to Council Regulation No 120/67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organization of the market in cereals, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1346/73 ⁽²⁾, rice pellets are included under the common organization of the market in cereals while, in fact, they come under the common organization of the market in rice; whereas this product should therefore be mentioned in Article 1 of Council Regulation No 359/67/EEC ⁽³⁾ of 25 July 1967 on the common organization of the market in rice, as last amended by the Act of Accession ⁽⁴⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The text of Article 1 of Regulation No 359/67/EEC shall be replaced by the following:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1973, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.

'1. The common organization of the market in rice shall comprise a price and trading system and cover the following products:

CCT heading No	Description of goods
a) 10.06 A I	Paddy rice
10.06 A II	Husked rice
10.06 B	Semi-milled or wholly milled rice
b) 10.06 C	Broken rice
c) 11.01 F	Rice flour
11.02 A VI	Rice graots and meal
11.02 E II e) 1	Flaked rice
11.02 F VI	Rice pellets
11.08 A II	Rice starch

2. For the purposes of this Regulation, paddy rice, husked rice, semi-milled rice, wholly milled rice, round grained rice, long grained rice and broken rice are the products defined in Annex A.'

Article 2

1. The text of Article 9 (1) of Regulation No 359/67/EEC shall be replaced by the following:

'A production refund shall be granted for broken rice which has been used:

(a) by the starch industry for the manufacture of starch;

(b) by the brewing industry for the production of beer.'

Article 3

2. Point 4 of Annex A to Regulation No 359/67/EEC shall be deleted.

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1974.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

REGULATION (EEC) No 1130/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing the target price for husked rice for the 1974/75 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 359/67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 25 July 1967 on the common organization of the market in rice, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1129/74 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (4) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas, when the target price for rice is fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy are in particular

to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the target price for rice must be fixed at a rate which takes account of the levels and intended trends of production, the use made of rice and the improvement of farm incomes;

Whereas application of these criteria entails fixing the target price at a level higher than that adopted for the preceding marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1974/75 marketing year, the target price for husked rice shall be 22.60 per 100 kilogrammes.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 20 of this Official Journal.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1131/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing intervention prices for paddy rice for the 1974/75 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 359/67/
EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 25 July 1967 on the common organization
of the market in rice, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 1129/74 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4 (4)
thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European
Parliament;

Whereas the Arles and Vercelli intervention prices
for paddy rice must be derived from the target
price for husked rice, fixed by Council Regulation

(EEC) No 1130/74 ⁽³⁾ of 29 April 1974 fixing the
target price for husked rice for the 1974/75 marketing
year, in accordance with the criteria set out in
Article 4 (3) of Regulation No 359/67/EEC;

Whereas application of these criteria entails fixing
the same intervention prices for Arles and Vercelli
at a level higher than that adopted for the preceding
marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1974/75 marketing year, the Arles and
Vercelli intervention prices for paddy rice shall be
13.655 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 20 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ See page 22 of this Official Journal.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1132/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

on production refunds in the cereals and rice sectors

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 120/67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organization of the market in cereals, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1125/74 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 11 ⁽³⁾ thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 359/67/EEC ⁽³⁾ of 15 July 1967 on the common organization of the market in rice, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1129/74 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 9 ⁽²⁾ thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Whereas, on account of the special situation on the market in starches and, in particular, the need for the starch industry to ensure that its prices are competitive with those of substitute products, Regulation Nos 120/67/EEC and 359/67/EEC provided for the granting of a production refund, in order that the starch industry might obtain the basic products it requires at a lower price than that which would result from the application of the rules of the common organization of the markets in the products in question;

Whereas a precise assessment of the situation resulting from the level of common prices and from the competition between, on the one hand, maize starch, rice starch, potato starch and, on the other, the substitute chemical products, indicates that the refund should be fixed at such a figure that the price of maize used in starch manufacture is brought down to 8·20 units of account per 100 kilogrammes; whereas this price of 8·20 units of account for common wheat ensures a proper balance between the use of this product and the use of maize; whereas in order to obtain the same balance in the

use of rice, the refund for broken rice should be fixed at such a figure that the price of broken rice is brought down to 10·20 units of account per 100 kilogrammes; whereas, however, the level of the abovementioned supply prices should be guaranteed only insofar as the price of the basic products on the world market is situated below the threshold price for each of these products;

Whereas on account of the connection between the production prices of the raw materials used in the manufacture of cereal and potato starches and of the interchangeability of these two products, a balanced relationship should be maintained between the prices of these products; whereas the refund granted should therefore be the same for both of these products; whereas, however, the refund paid to producers of potato starch should be such as to assure Community potato producers of a price allowing them a fair income, while the market conditions for cereals used in starch manufacture and the common market organizations governing them are such as to ensure that their price is in fact held at the level of the threshold price; whereas steps should therefore be taken to ensure that potato producers ultimately benefit from the refund paid to producers of potato starch;

Whereas the level of the production refund to be granted on maize used by the maize industry in the manufacture of groats and meal for use by the brewing industry in the production of beer, and on broken rice used for the same purpose should be such as to achieve a balance between the cost of supplying the brewing industry with maize starch, on the one hand, and with maize groats and meal and broken rice, on the other; whereas this objective will be achieved by fixing the refund on maize for the manufacture of groats and meal at the same level as the refund on maize for the manufacture of starch and, also, by fixing the refund on broken rice at a level which reduces the price to the brewing industry to 10·20 units of account per 100 kilogrammes;

Whereas Article 11 ⁽¹⁾ of Regulation No 120/67/EEC provided for a production refund to be granted on groats and meal for the manufacture of glucose by the process known as direct hydrolysis; whereas

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽²⁾ See page 12 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ See page 20 of this Official Journal.

this refund should be fixed at such a level as to achieve a balance between glucose manufactured by direct hydrolysis and glucose manufactured from starch;

Whereas, in the event of appreciable and persistent variations in the world price of maize, common wheat and broken rice, these refunds should be limited, so long as world market prices remain high, in such a way as to deter imports at prices below the world market level and to prevent the financial burden of production refunds from becoming excessive;

Whereas the abovementioned measures should not disturb the markets in third countries; whereas, therefore, in the event of an appreciable and persistent increase in prices on the said markets, provision should be made for compensatory measures consisting of the charging of a levy on exported products with a view to reducing the advantages granted to Community manufacturers to an appropriate level;

Whereas under Article 57 of the Act of Accession ⁽¹⁾, in fixing the level of the various elements of the price and intervention system, except for intervention prices, account is to be taken for the new Member States, to the extent necessary for the proper functioning of Community rules, of the difference in prices expressed by the compensatory amount; whereas, however, for the application of this provision, the compensatory amount may be reduced in accordance with Article 7 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 229/73 ⁽²⁾ of 31 January 1973 laying down general rules for the system of compensatory amounts for cereals and fixing these for certain products, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1967/73 ⁽³⁾ and Article 5 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 243/73 ⁽⁴⁾ of 31 January 1973 laying down general rules for the system of compensatory amounts for rice and fixing these amounts for certain products;

Whereas Council Regulation No 367/67/EEC ⁽⁵⁾ of 25 July 1967 fixing production refunds on maize groats and meal and broken rice used in the brewing industry, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1926/73 ⁽⁶⁾, and Council Regulation No 371/67/EEC ⁽⁷⁾ of 25 July 1967 fixing production refunds on starches and quellmehl, as last amended by Regu-

lation (EEC) No 178/73 ⁽⁸⁾, have frequently been amended; whereas, for reasons of clarity, it is preferable to include all the provisions relating to production refunds on cereals and rice in a single Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

TITLE I

Production refunds on cereal starch

Article 1

1. Member States shall grant a production refund on maize and common wheat for the manufacture of starch equal to the difference per 100 kilogrammes between the threshold price for each of these products, less any accession compensatory amount applicable, and 8.20 units of account.

The production refund on maize for the manufacture of starch shall be increased in Italy by 0.30 unit of account per 100 kilogrammes of maize.

This increase shall not, however, apply if recourse is had to the provisions of Article 23 (2) of Regulation No 120/67/EEC.

2. Member States shall grant a production refund on broken rice for the manufacture of starch equal to the difference per 100 kilogrammes between the threshold price for broken rice, less any accession compensatory amount applicable, and 10.20 units of account.

TITLE II

Production refunds on potato starch

Article 2

Member States shall grant a production refund per 100 kilogrammes of potato starch, calculated at a flat rate in accordance with the provisions of Articles 3 and 9, which shall be equal to the average amount of the refund granted during the period beginning on 1 August and ending on 31 July of the following year per 161 kilogrammes of maize for starch manufacture.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 27, 1. 2. 1973, p. 25.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 201, 21. 7. 1973, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 29, 1. 2. 1973, p. 26.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 36.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 199, 19. 7. 1973, p. 3.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 40.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 25, 30. 1. 1973, p. 5.

Article 3

1. The price to be paid to the producer at the delivered-to-factory stage for the quantity of potatoes required to manufacture 100 kilogrammes of potato starch shall be equal to the amount of the production refund mentioned in Article 2, increased by an amount of not less than 10·45 units of account.

2. The production refund shall be calculated on the basis of the quantity of potatoes delivered to starch manufacturers, account being taken of the starch content of the potatoes at the time of delivery.

It shall be paid in full to the starch manufacturer if he furnishes proof:

- of the quantities of potatoes delivered to him and their starch content at the time of delivery;
- of payment to the producer of an amount not less than the price fixed in paragraph 1, account being taken of the starch content of the potatoes.

Where the price paid to the producer is less than the minimum referred to in the second indent of the preceding subparagraph, the refund paid to the starch manufacturer shall be reduced by the difference in question.

TITLE III

**Production refunds on maize groats
and meal and broken rice**

Article 4

1. Member States shall grant a production refund on maize used by the maize industry for the manufacture of groats and meal used by the brewing industry in the production of beer equal to the refund granted on the same date on maize for starch manufacture.

2. Member States shall grant a production refund on broken rice used by the brewing industry in the production of beer, equal to the difference per 100 kilogrammes between the threshold price for broken rice, less any accession compensatory amount applicable, and 10·20 units of account.

Article 5

Member States shall grant a production refund on maize groats and meal for the manufacture of glucose under subheading 17.02 B II of the Common Customs Tariff ⁽¹⁾ by the process known as direct hydrolysis.

The production refund per 100 kilogrammes of maize groats and meal shall be equal to the difference per 100 kilogrammes between the threshold price for maize, less any accession compensatory amount applicable, and 8·20 units of account multiplied by the coefficient 1·23.

Article 6

Member States shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the refunds mentioned in Articles 4 and 5 are limited to the quantities of maize groats and meal and broken rice actually used in the Community by the brewing industry in the production of beer or by the glucose industry.

TITLE IV

General provisions

Article 7

1. If the prices of the basic products mentioned in Articles 1, 4 and 5 show appreciable and persistent variations on the world markets in relation to the amounts specified in the said Articles, namely 8·20 units of account for maize and common wheat and 10·20 units of account for broken rice, these amounts may be altered by the Council acting on a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission.

2. If the world market price of, on the one hand, maize or common wheat, and, on the other, broken rice appreciably and persistently exceeds 8·20 and 10·20 units of account, respectively, an export levy to compensate for the difference between prices on the world market and supply prices for these basic products within the Community shall be introduced for products falling within headings 11.08 A, 11.09, 17.02 B II, 17.05 B and 23.03 A I of the Common Customs Tariff. The Commission shall fix the export levy.

Article 8

Member States shall inform the Commission not later than four months after the end of the marketing year of the quantity of products for which production refunds have been paid.

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to Regulation No 189/66/EEC, the products falling within tariff subheading 17.02 B I are subject to the same arrangements as those laid down for products falling within subheading 17.02 B II.

Article 9

Detailed rules for the application of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 26 of Regulation No 120/67/EEC and Article 26 of Regulation No 359/67/EEC in particular as regards:

- (a) the export levy referred to in Article 7 (2);
- (b) the granting of advances on production refunds which may involve the giving of security;
- (c) the calculation, in accordance with a scale drawn up in terms of the starch content of the product, of the quantity of potatoes required to manufacture 100 kilogrammes of starch;
- (d) the conditions under which potatoes are accepted and paid for and the conditions under which the

proof mentioned in the second subparagraph of Article 3 (2) must be furnished.

Article 10

Regulation Nos 367/67/EEC and 371/67/EEC are hereby repealed.

Article 11

This Regulation shall enter into force:

- on 1 August 1974, for products covered by Regulation No 120/67/EEC,
- on 1 September 1974, for products covered by Regulation No 359/67/EEC.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

REGULATION (EEC) No 1133/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing the basic price and the standard quality for slaughtered pigs for the period from
1 November 1974 to 31 October 1975

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 121/67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organization of the market in pigmeat, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1652/73 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4 (4) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee;

Whereas, when the basic price for slaughtered pigs is fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the basic price must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 4 (1) of Regulation No 121/67/EEC for a standard quality defined according to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2108/70 ⁽³⁾ of 20 October 1970 determining the Community scale for grading pig carcasses, as last amended by the Act of Accession ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas the most representative class and categories of weight in Community production should be taken as the standard quality;

Whereas the application of these criteria results in the basic price being fixed at a level higher than that adopted for the previous period,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the period from 1 November 1974 to 31 October 1975, the basic price for slaughtered pigs of the standard quality shall be fixed at 93 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

Article 2

The standard quality shall be the quality for pig carcasses of Class II of the Community scale for grading pig carcasses laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 2108/70, excluding those carcasses with a weight of less than 70 kilogrammes and those with a weight equal to or greater than 160 kilogrammes.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

*For the Council**The President*

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2283/67.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 116, 23. 6. 1973, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 234, 23. 10. 1970, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1134/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing the norm prices, the intervention prices and the reference qualities for leaf tobacco
from the 1974 harvest

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 ⁽¹⁾ of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco, as last amended by the Act of Accession ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (5) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas, when the norm and intervention prices for leaf tobacco which has not undergone first processing and market preparation are fixed, account should be taken both of the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy and of the contribution which the Community intends to make to the harmonious growth of world trade; whereas the aims of the Common Agricultural Policy are in particular to ensure a reasonable standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the norm and intervention prices must be fixed in accordance with the criteria listed in Article

2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 for each of the varieties of Community production and for a reference quality of each variety;

Whereas the application of these criteria leads in the case of certain varieties to the fixing of norm and intervention prices for leaf tobacco at a higher level than for the previous harvest;

Whereas, however, the marketing of production has not taken place in the same way for all varieties; whereas there should therefore be varying rates of price increases to improve the orientation of production,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1974 harvest the reference qualities for each Community produced tobacco variety referred to in Article 2 (3) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 are shown in Annex I.

Article 2

For the 1974 harvest the norm and intervention prices for leaf tobacco referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 are shown in Annex II.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

*For the Council**The President*

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.

ANNEX I

Leaf tobacco: varieties and their reference qualities

Serial No	Varieties	Reference qualities
1	a) Badischer Geudertheimer b) Forchheimer Havanna II c)	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, dark brown to mottled brown, of uniform length Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands with non-tobacco material Moisture: 26 %
2	Badischer Burley E	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, fleshy, reddish brown to light brown, of uniform length Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands with non-tobacco material Moisture: 25 %
3	Virgin SCR	Class 1 Leaf Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, yellow to reddish yellow; variations in colour such as brownish to greenish yellow are allowed up to a third of the leaf's surface Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands Moisture: 19 %
4	a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof b) Dragon vert and hybrids thereof	Class 2 Middle leaf Class 2: leaf with minor defects as regards combustibility, colour, texture or ripeness (over or under ripe) Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf) Moisture: 27 %
5	Nijkerk	Class 2 Tips Class 2: — either leaf of second length (not exceeding 45 cm) with very gummy texture, fleshy, still undamaged; strong and elastic, without prominent veins, well ripened producing a lively brown to dark brown colour;

Serial No	Varieties	Reference qualities
5 (cont'd)	Nijkerk	— or leaf of first length (exceeding 45 cm) with a texture still gummy, fleshy and still undamaged, strong, with relatively prominent veins, of all colours except bottle green Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf) Moisture: 27 %
6	Burley (Burley × Bel)	Class 1 Upper middle leaf Class 1: leaf well ripened, lively to fairly lively reddish brown colour, only slightly mottled, of average or thin texture, not very close grain with parenchyma of average breadth Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf) Moisture: 26%
7	a) Misionero and hybrids thereof b) Rio Grande and hybrids thereof	2nd quality leaf 2nd quality: leaf fully developed over 45 cm, not coarse grained, lively to fairly lively light somewhat yellowish colour, reasonably firm and undamaged; reasonably good combustibility Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf) Moisture: 27 %
8	a) Philippin b) Petit Grammont (Flobecq) c) Burley (Ergo × 6410 and Ergo × Bursana	Leaf in Category MG Category MG: upper middle leaf Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands Moisture: 25 %
9	a) Semois b) Appelterre	Leaf in Category G Category G: large sound leaf Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands Moisture: 25 %
10	Bright	Leaf in Category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of various shades of yellow Packaging: in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg Moisture: 16 %

Serial No	Varieties	Reference qualities
11 a)	Burley I	Leaf in Category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, of open possibly firm texture, stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a more or less lively nut-brown colour Packaging: in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg or tied in hands of 25 to 30 leaves with non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 19 %
11 b)	Maryland	Leaf in Category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, with slight curing defects and only slightly mottled, of average texture with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a rather lively reddish brown colour Packaging: in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg or tied in hands of 25 to 30 leaves with non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 19 %
12	a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof b) More di Cori c) Salento	Leaf in Category B Category B: leaf fully ripe, of firm texture, without curing defects and in good condition brown in colour, with some damage Packaging: in hands of 25 to 30 leaves tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 23 %
13	a) Nostrano del Brenta b) Resistente 142 c) Gojano	Leaf in Category B Category B: leaf of firm, or light texture, sound, well cured, or properly fermented according to the traditional method, brown or dark brown in colour, with minor damage Packaging: in hands of 25 to 30 leaves tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 22 %
14	Beneventano	Leaf in Category B Category B: leaf sufficiently ripe, firm texture or possibly coarse or thin, with minor defects as regards curing and fermentation and damage Packaging: in hands of 25 to 30 leaves tied with non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 24 %

Serial No	Varieties	Reference qualities
15	Xanti-Yaka	Leaf in Category B
16	Perustitza	Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, with some slight curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, may also include lugs Packaging: in temporary bales of 15 to 20 kg or 'stringed' in cases of 30 to 40 kg Moisture: 17 %
17	Erzegovina and hybrids thereof	
18	a) Round Tip b) Scafati c) Sumatra I	Leaf in Category B Category B: lower middle leaf, sorted by length in the following proportions: 1st length (38 cm and over) 60 % 2nd length (from 32 to under 38 cm) 35 % 3rd length (from 25 to under 32 cm) 5 % leaf of convenient size, fully ripe and of uniform colour, sound, without damage, fine texture, tensile and elastic, stems and veins not prominent well fermented and in good condition, good combustibility, of typical flavour and aroma, suitable for wrapping cigars, including about 25 % broken leaf Packaging: in hands tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 22 %
19	a) Brasile Selvaggio b) Other varieties	Leaf in Category B Category B: leaf well developed, firm, green in colour, with a strong aroma of alcohol Packaging: in hands tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 20 %

ANNEX II

Norm price and intervention price for leaf tobacco

Serial No	Varieties	Norm price (u.a./kg)	Intervention price (u.a./kg)
1	a) Badischer Geudertheimer b) Forchheimer Havanna II c)	2·039	1·835
2	Badischer Burley E	2·437	2·193
3	Virgin SCR	2·302	2·072
4	a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof b) Dragon vert and hybrids thereof	1·632	1·469
5	Nijkerk	1·707	1·536
6	Burley (Burley × Bel)	1·915	1·724
7	a) Misionero and hybrids thereof b) Rio Grande and hybrids thereof	1·496	1·346
8	a) Philippin b) Petit Grammont (Flobecq) c) Burley (Ergo × 6410 and Ergo × Bursana)	1·237	1·113
9	a) Semois b) Appelterre	1·456	1·310
10	Bright	1·938	1·744
11 a)	Burley I	1·504	1·354
11 b)	Maryland	1·679	1·511
12	a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof b) Moro di Cori c) Salento	1·630	1·467
13	a) Nostrano del Brenta b) Resistente 142 c) Gojano	1·557	1·401

Serial No	Varieties	Norm price (u.a./kg)	Intervention price (u.a./kg)
14	Beneventano	1·228	1·105
15	Xanti-Yaka	2·218	1·996
16	Perustitza	2·101	1·891
17	Erzegovina and hybrids thereof	1·887	1·698
18	a) Round Tip b) Scafati c) Sumatra I	10·288	9·259
19	a) Brasil Selvaggio b) Other varieties	0·957	0·861

REGULATION (EEC) No 1135/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 April 1974

fixing the derived intervention prices and the reference qualities for baled tobacco from the 1974 harvest

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 ⁽¹⁾ of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco, as last amended by the Act of Accession ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (8) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas so far as baled tobacco which has been obtained from Community-grown leaf tobacco and which has undergone first processing and market preparation is concerned, derived intervention prices may be fixed each year for the harvest of the following calendar year;

Whereas it is desirable to fix, in respect of the 1974 harvest, derived intervention prices both for the varieties which before the common organization of the market came into force were subject to a price guarantee at the baled tobacco stage, and for the varieties which are principally grown in Germany, in order to take account of marketing practices in that country;

Whereas the derived intervention price must be fixed for each Community-produced variety and for a reference quality corresponding to the average quality of baled tobacco obtained by the first processing and market preparation of leaf tobacco of the reference quality for which the norm price of the same variety is fixed;

Whereas, to this end, it is necessary to define the reference qualities so that as objective an assessment as possible can be made of the quality of the baled tobacco; whereas the corresponding reference qualities of leaf tobacco set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1134/74 ⁽³⁾ of 29 April 1974 fixing the norm price, the intervention price and the reference qualities for leaf tobacco from the 1974 harvest, should be retained, with such adjustments as necessary to take account of the characteristics peculiar to baled tobacco; whereas the baled tobacco corresponding to the reference qualities thus determined can be considered as representative of the average quality of baled tobacco obtained by the first processing and market preparation of leaf tobacco of the corresponding reference quality;

Whereas Article 6 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 provides that, for a stated variety, the derived intervention price shall be equal to the intervention price fixed in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of the said Regulation for leaf tobacco of the same variety, plus the cost of first processing and market preparation of Community leaf tobacco as baled tobacco; whereas the flat-rate assessment of this cost, made when derived intervention prices were last fixed should be adjusted to take account of the average increase in earnings in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1974 harvest, the reference qualities referred to in Article 6 (3) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 for each Community-produced variety of baled tobacco for which a derived intervention price is fixed are set out in Annex I.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.

⁽³⁾ See page 29 of this Official Journal.

Article 2

For the 1974 harvest the derived intervention prices

for baled tobacco referred to in Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 are set out in Annex II.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

ANNEX I

Baled tobacco: varieties and their reference qualities

Serial No	Varieties	Reference qualities
1	a) Badischer Geudertheimer b) Forchheimer Havanna II c	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, dark brown to mottled brown, of uniform length, fermented normally Packaging: in bales or cases of approx. 75 to 175 kg or in barrels of approx. 225 to 450 kg Moisture: 16 %
2	Badischer Burley E	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, fleshy, light brown to reddish or dark brown, of uniform length, fermented normally Packaging: in bales or cases of approx. 75 to 175 kg or in barrels of approx. 225 to 450 kg Moisture: 15 %
3	Virgin SCR	Class 1 Leaf Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, yellow to reddish or brownish yellow, fermented normally Packaging: in bales or cases of approx. 75 to 175 kg or in barrels of approx. 225 to 450 kg Moisture: 13 %
10	Bright	Leaf in Category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of various shades of yellow Packaging: in barrels of approx. 330 to 350 kg Moisture: 13 %

Serial No	Varieties	Reference qualities
11 a)	Burley I	Leaf in Category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, of open possibly firm texture, stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a more or less lively nut-brown colour Packaging: in barrels of approx. 330 to 350 kg Moisture: 13 %
11 b)	Maryland	Leaf in Category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, with slight curing defects and only slightly mottled, of average texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a rather lively reddish brown colour Packaging: in barrels of approx. 330 to 350 kg Moisture: 13 %
12	a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof b) Moro di Cori c) Salento	Leaf in Category B Category B: leaf fully ripe, of firm texture, without curing defects and in good condition, brown in colour, with some damage Packaging: in barrels of approx. 350 kg Moisture: 16 %
13	a) Nostrano del Brenta b) Resistente 142 c) Gojano	Leaf in Category B Category B: leaf of firm or light texture, sound, well cured, or properly fermented according to the traditional method, brown or dark brown in colour, with minor damage Packaging: in bales of approx. 170 to 180 kg Moisture: 18 %
14	Beneventano	Leaf in Category B Category B: leaf sufficiently ripe, firm texture or possibly coarse or thin, with minor defects as regards curing and fermentation and damage Packaging: in bales of approx. 120 kg or barrels of approx. 330 kg Moisture: 16 %

Serial No	Varieties	Reference qualities
15	Xanti-Yakà	Leaf in Category B
16	Perustitza	Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, with some slight curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, may also include lugs Packaging: small bales of approx. 18 to 21 kg Moisture: 13 %
17	Erzegovina and hybrids thereof	
18	a) Round Tip b) Scafati c) Sumatra I	Leaf in Category B Category B: lower middle leaf, sorted by length in the following proportions: 1st length (38 cm and over) 60 % 2nd length (from 32 to under 38 cm) 35 % 3rd length (from 25 to under 32 cm) 5 % leaf of convenient size, fully ripe and of uniform colour, sound, without damage, fine texture, tensile and elastic, stems and veins not prominent, well fermented and in good condition, good combustibility, of typical flavour and aroma, suitable for wrapping cigars, including about 25 % broken leaf Packaging: in bales of approx. 80 to 90 kg Moisture: 16 %

ANNEX II

Derived intervention prices for baled tobacco

Serial No	Varieties	Derived intervention price (u.a./kg)
1	a) Badischer Geudertheimer b) Forchheimer Havanna II c	2·840
2	Badischer Burley E	3·171
3	Virgin SCR	2·642
10	Bright	2·465
11 a)	Burley I	2·069
11 b)	Maryland	2·249
12	a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof b) Moro di Cori c) Salento	2·049
13	a) Nostrano del Brenta b) Resistente 142 c) Gojano	2·120
14	Beneventano	1·609
15	Xanti-Yakà	3·247
16	Perustitza	2·837
17	Erzegovina and hybrids thereof	2·561
18	a) Round Tip b) Scafati c) Sumatra I	13·962

REGULATION (EEC) No 1136/74 OF THE COUNCIL
of 29 April 1974

fixing the guide prices for wine for the period
from 16 December 1974 to 15 December 1975

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 816/70 ⁽¹⁾ of 28 April 1970 laying down additional provisions for the common organization of the market in wine, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2592/73 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee;

Whereas, when the guide prices for the various types of table wine are fixed, account should be taken both of the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy and of the contribution which the Community wishes to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to assure the availability of supplies and to ensure that supplies reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas, to that end, higher prices should be fixed for the period from 16 December 1974 to 15 December 1975 than for the preceding period, particularly in view of recent price trends; whereas, moreover,

the market situation calls for a considerably greater increase for type R II wine;

Whereas the guide prices must be fixed for each type of table wine representative of Community production, as defined in Regulation (EEC) No 945/70 ⁽³⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the period from 16 December 1973 to 15 December 1974 the guide prices shall be:

1. 1.62 u.a. per degree/hl for type R I table wine;
2. 1.58 u.a. per degree/hl for type R II table wine;
3. 25.31 u.a. per hl for type R III table wine;
4. 1.52 u.a. degree/hl for type A I table wine;
5. 33.74 u.a. per hl for type A II table wine;
6. 38.52 u.a. per hl for type A III table wine;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 April 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 99, 5. 5. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 269, 26. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 114, 27. 5. 1970, p. 1.