

Official Journal

of the European Communities

Volume 18 No L 126

17 May 1975

English Edition

Legislation

Contents

I *Acts whose publication is obligatory*

Regulation (EEC) No 1249/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat flour groats and meal 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1250/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt 3

Regulation (EEC) No 1251/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 altering the export levies on starch products 5

★ Regulation (EEC) No 1252/75 of the Commission of 14 May 1975 re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on light petroleum oils, falling within subheading 27.10 A III, originating in Romania, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974 apply . . . 6

★ Regulation (EEC) No 1253/75 of the Commission of 14 May 1975 re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on heavy petroleum oils, falling within subheadings 27.10 C I c), II c), III c) and d), originating in Romania, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974 apply 7

★ Regulation (EEC) No 1254/75 of the Commission of 14 May 1975 re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on other goat- and kid-skin leather, falling within subheading 41.04 B II, originating in India, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974 apply 9

★ Regulation (EEC) No 1255/75 of the Commission of 14 May 1975 re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on household utensils of wood, falling within heading No 44.24, originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974 apply 10

Contents (continued)

★ Regulation (EEC) No 1256/75 of the Commission of 14 May 1975 re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within heading No 54.03, originating in Brazil, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3048/74 of 2 December 1974 apply	11
★ Regulation (EEC) No 1257/75 of the Commission of 14 May 1975 re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within subheading 55.05 A, originating in Colombia, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3046/74 of 2 December 1974 apply	12
★ Regulation (EEC) No 1258/75 of the Commission of 14 May 1975 re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on under garments, of cotton fabric, falling within heading No ex 61.03, originating in India, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3046/74 of 2 December 1974 apply	13
★ Regulation (EEC) No 1259/75 of the Commission of 14 May 1975 re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, falling within subheading 70.14 B, originating in Hong Kong, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974 apply	14
Regulation (EEC) No 1260/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of common wheat as food aid for the Cape Verde Islands	15
★ Regulation (EEC) No 1261/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2150/73 on the calculation of the special import price for adult bovine animals	18
★ Regulation (EEC) No 1262/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 fixing for the 1975 marketing year the reference prices for cherries	20
★ Regulation (EEC) No 1263/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 amending Regulation (EEC) No 232/75 concerning the date of entry into storage of butter for sale and derogating from certain provisions relating to the products to be incorporated in such butter	21
Regulation (EEC) No 1264/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Spain	23
Regulation (EEC) No 1265/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds	24
Regulation (EEC) No 1266/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 determining the world market price for colza and rape seed	26
Regulation (EEC) No 1267/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 altering the special export levy on white sugar and raw sugar	28
Regulation (EEC) No 1268/75 of the Commission of 16 May 1975 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice	30

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

**REGULATION (EEC) No 1249/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 16 May 1975**

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 120/
67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 85/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article
13 (5) thereof ;

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2524/74 ⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations ;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2524/74 to the

offer prices and today's quotations known to the
Commission that the levies at present in force should
be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed
in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation No 120/
67/EEC are hereby fixed as shown in the table
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 17 May
1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 11, 16. 1. 1975, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 271, 5. 10. 1974, p. 9.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 16 May 1975 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal

(u.a./metric ton)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat and meslin	44.35
10.01 B	Durum wheat	21.62 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁴⁾
10.02	Rye	56.95 ⁽⁵⁾
10.03	Barley	49.69
10.04	Oats	39.46
10.05 B	Maize other than hybrid maize for sowing	31.88 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	17.12
10.07 B	Millet	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	34.93
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁴⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	81.37
11.01 B	Rye flour	99.03
11.02 A I a	Durum wheat groats and meal	52.44
11.02 A I b	Common wheat groats and meal	86.71

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./metric ton.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the AASM and OCT is imported into the French Overseas Departments, the levy is reduced by 6 u.a./metric ton.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in Tanzania, Uganda and Kenya is imported into the Community, the levy is reduced by 1 u.a./metric ton.

⁽⁴⁾ Where wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./metric ton.

⁽⁵⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1234/71 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1250/75 OF THE COMMISSION**of 16 May 1975****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 120/
67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 85/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article
15(6) thereof ;

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2017/74 ⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be

altered as shown in the tables annexed to this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The scale of the premiums to be added, pursuant to
Article 15 of Regulation No 120/67/EEC, to the
import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals
and malt is hereby fixed as shown in the tables
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 17 May
1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 11, 16. 1. 1975, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 210, 1. 8. 1974, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 16 May 1975 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour⁽¹⁾

(u.a. / metric ton)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8
10.01 A	Common wheat and meslin	0	5.05	5.05	5.58
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	2.92	2.92	4.02
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	2.89	2.89	3.61
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	1.08	1.08	1.46
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	2.17	2.17	6.50
10.07 D	Other	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	7.07	7.07	7.81

⁽¹⁾ The period of validity of the licence is limited in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2196/71 (OJ No L 231, 14. 10. 1971, p. 28), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3148/73 (OJ No L 321, 22. 11. 1973, p. 13).

B. Malt

(u.a./100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8	4th period 9
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0.899	0.899	0.993	0.993
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0.672	0.672	0.742	0.742
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0.514	0.514	0.643	0.643
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0.384	0.384	0.480	0.480
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0.448	0.448	0.560	0.560

REGULATION (EEC) No 1251/75 OF THE COMMISSION

of 16 May 1975

altering the export levies on starch products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 120/67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organization of the market in cereals, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 85/75 ⁽²⁾ ;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 359/67/EEC ⁽³⁾ of 25 July 1967 on the common organization of the market in rice, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 476/75 ⁽⁴⁾ ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1132/74 ⁽⁵⁾ of 29 April 1974 on production refunds in the cereals and rice sectors, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3113/74 ⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 7 (2) thereof ;

Whereas the export levies on starch products were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 884/75 ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1190/75 ⁽⁸⁾ ;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 884/75 to the prices of broken rice that the levies at present in force should be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export levies provided for in Article 7 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1132/74 fixed in the Annex to amended Regulation (EEC) No 884/75 are altered as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation for the products listed therein.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 May 1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 11, 16. 1. 1975, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 52, 28. 2. 1975, p. 31.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 128, 10. 5. 1974, p. 24.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 332, 12. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 85, 5. 4. 1975, p. 8.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 118, 8. 5. 1975, p. 16.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Export levies in u.a./100 kg			
		Denmark	Ireland	United Kingdom	Other Member States
11.08 A II	Rice starch	2.777	2.777	2.777	2.777

REGULATION (EEC) No 1252/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 14 May 1975

re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on light petroleum oils, falling within subheading 27.10 A III, originating in Romania, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 ⁽¹⁾ of 2 December 1974 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof ;

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in units of account, which will be equal to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1971 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1972 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements ;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A to that Regulation ; whereas, for these products, this reduced percentage will be 20 % ;

Whereas Article 2 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries or territories once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached ;

Whereas, in respect of light petroleum oils falling within subheading 27.10 A III, the ceiling, calculated

as indicated above, should be 57 889 000 units of account, and therefore the maximum amount 11 577 800 units of account ; whereas on 7 May 1975 the amounts of imports into the Community of light petroleum oils falling within subheading 27.10 A III, originating in Romania, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount ; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to Romania,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

As from 19 May 1975, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Romania :

CCT heading No	Description of goods
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude ; preparations not elsewhere specified or included containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations : A. Light oils : III. For other purposes

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the second day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 1975.

For the Commission

The President

François-Xavier ORTOLI

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 329, 9. 12. 1974, p. 70.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1253/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 14 May 1975

re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on heavy petroleum oils, falling within subheadings 27.10 C I c), II c), III c) and d), originating in Romania, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 ⁽¹⁾ of 2 December 1974 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof ;

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in units of account, which will be equal to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1971 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1972 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements ;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A to that Regulation ; whereas, for these products, this reduced percentage will be 20 % ;

Whereas Article 2 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries or territories once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached ;

Whereas, in respect of heavy petroleum oils falling within subheadings 27.10 C I c), II c), III c) and d), the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 110 891 000 units of account, and therefore the maximum amount 22 179 000 units of account ;

whereas on 5 May 1975, the amounts of imports into the Community of heavy petroleum oils falling within subheadings 27.10 C I c) II c), III c) and d), originating in Romania, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount ; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to Romania,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

As from 19 May 1975, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Romania :

CCT heading No	Description of goods
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude ; preparations not elsewhere specified or included containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations : C. Heavy oils : I. Gas oil : c) For other purposes II. Fuel oil : c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils ; other oils : c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to Chapter 27 d) For other purposes

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the second day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 329, 9. 12. 1974, p. 70.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 1975.

For the Commission

The President

François-Xavier ORTOLI

REGULATION (EEC) No 1254/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 14 May 1975

re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on other goat- and kidskin leather, falling within subheading 41.04 B II, originating in India, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74⁽¹⁾ of 2 December 1974 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof;

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in units of account, which will be equal to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1971 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1972 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A to that Regulation; whereas, for these products, this reduced percentage will be 30 %;

Whereas Article 2 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries or territories once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of other goat- and kid-skin leather falling within subheading 41.04 B II, the

ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 2 546 000 units of account, and therefore the maximum amount 763 800 units of account; whereas on 5 May 1975, the amounts of imports into the Community of other goat- and kid-skin leather falling within subheading 41.04 B II, originating in India, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to India,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 19 May 1975, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in India:

CCT heading No	Description of goods
41.04	Goat- and kid-skin leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08: B. Other: II. Other

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the second day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 1975.

For the Commission
The President
François-Xavier ORTOLI

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 329, 9. 12. 1974, p. 70.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1255/75 OF THE COMMISSION

of 14 May 1975

re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on household utensils of wood, falling within heading No 44.24, originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74⁽¹⁾ of 2 December 1974 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof;

Whereas Article 1 (3) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in units of account, which will be equal to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1971 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1972 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements;

Whereas Article 2 (1) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may be re-established at any time once the Community ceiling has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of household utensils of wood, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be

1 493 000 units of account; whereas on 7 May 1975 the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in countries and territories covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that ceiling; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 which provides that the ceiling should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 19 May 1975, customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community:

CCT heading No	Description of goods
44.24	Household utensils of wood

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the second day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 1975.

For the Commission

The President

François-Xavier ORTOLI

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 329, 9. 12. 1974, p. 70.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1256/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 14 May 1975

re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within heading No 54.03, originating in Brazil, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3048/74 of 2 December 1974 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3048/74 ⁽¹⁾ of 2 December 1974 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain textile products originating in developing countries, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof ;

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling equal to 157.5 % of the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question, in metric tons, imported into the Community in 1968 and coming from countries listed in Annex B to that Regulation, but not including products coming from countries already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the 1970 metric tonnage of such imports coming from other countries and from countries already covered by such arrangements ; whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling ;

Whereas Article 2 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached ;

Whereas, in respect of flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale, the ceiling, calculated as indicated

above, should be 221 metric tons, and therefore the maximum amount 110.5 metric tons ; whereas on 7 May 1975 the amounts of imports into the Community of flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale, originating in Brazil, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount ; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3048/74 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to Brazil,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

As from 19 May 1975, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3048/74 of 2 December 1974, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Brazil :

CCT heading No	Description of goods
54.03	Flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the second day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 1975.

For the Commission
The President
François-Xavier ORTOLI

(1) OJ No L 329, 9. 12. 1974, p. 24.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1257/75 OF THE COMMISSION

of 14 May 1975

re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within subheading 55.05 A, originating in Colombia, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3046/74 of 2 December 1974 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3046/74 ⁽¹⁾ of 2 December 1974 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain cotton textile and like products originating in developing countries, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof ;

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling equal to 157.5 % of the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question, in metric tons, imported into the Community in 1968 and coming from countries listed in Annex B to that Regulation, but not including products coming from countries already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the 1970 metric tonnage of such imports coming from other countries and from countries already covered by such arrangements ; whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling ;

Whereas Article 2 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached ;

Whereas, in respect of cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within subheading 55.05 A, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 32

metric tons, and therefore the maximum amount 16 metric tons ; whereas on 7 May 1975 the amounts of imports into the Community of cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale, originating in Colombia, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount ; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3046/74 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to Colombia,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

As from 19 May 1975, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3046/74 of 2 December 1974, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Colombia :

CCT heading No	Description of goods
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale : A. Multiple or cabled, finished, in balls or on cards, reels, tubes or similar supports, of a weight (including support) not exceeding 900 g

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the second day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 1975.

For the Commission

The President

François-Xavier ORTOLI

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 329, 9. 12. 1974, p. 9.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1258/75 OF THE COMMISSION

of 14 May 1975

re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on under garments, of cotton fabric, falling within heading No ex 61.03, originating in India, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3046/74 of 2 December 1974 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3046/74 ⁽¹⁾ of 2 December 1974 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain cotton textile and like products originating in developing countries, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof;

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling equal to 157.5 % of the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question, in metric tons, imported into the Community in 1968 and coming from countries listed in Annex B to that Regulation, but not including products coming from countries already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the 1970 metric tonnage of such imports coming from other countries and from countries already covered by such arrangements; whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A to that Regulation; whereas, for those products, this reduced percentage will be 30 %;

Whereas Article 2 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 1975.

Whereas, in respect of under garments, of cotton fabric, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 315 metric tons, and therefore the maximum amount 94.5 metric tons; whereas on 7 May 1975 the amounts of imports into the Community of under garments, of cotton fabric, originating in India, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3046/74 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to India,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 19 May 1975, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3046/74 of 2 December 1974, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in India:

CCT heading No	Description of goods
ex 61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: — Of cotton fabric

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the second day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Commission

The President

François-Xavier ORTOLI

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 329, 9. 12. 1974, p. 9.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1259/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 14 May 1975

re-establishing the levying of the customs duties on illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, falling within subheading 70.14 B, originating in Hong Kong, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74⁽¹⁾ of 2 December 1974 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof;

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in units of account, which will be equal to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1971 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1972 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A to that Regulation; whereas, for these products, this reduced percentage will be 30 %;

Whereas Article 2 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries or territories once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass,

falling within subheading 70.14 B, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 520 000 units of account, and therefore the maximum amount 156 000 units of account; whereas on 5 May 1975, the amounts of imports into the Community of illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, falling within subheading 70.14 B, originating in Hong Kong, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to Hong Kong,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 19 May 1975, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3054/74 of 2 December 1974, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Hong Kong:

CCT heading No	Description of goods
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, neither optically worked nor of optical glass: B. Other

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the second day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 1975.

For the Commission
The President
François-Xavier ORTOLI

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 329, 9. 12. 1974, p. 70.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1260/75 OF THE COMMISSION

of 16 May 1975

opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of common wheat as food aid for the Cape Verde Islands

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 120/67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organization of the market in cereals, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 665/75 ⁽²⁾ ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1693/72 ⁽³⁾ of 3 August 1972 laying down the conditions for the mobilization of cereals as food aid, and in particular Article 6 thereof ;

Whereas on 26 March 1975 the Council of the European Communities declared that by way of Community action it proposed to grant the Cape Verde Islands 2 000 metric tons of common wheat under its 1974/75 food-aid programme ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 3 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1693/72 the goods may be purchased anywhere on the Community market ;

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender should be for supply of the products delivered cif, that is at the moment when the goods are actually removed from the ship's hold at the port of unloading ;

Whereas tenders may be submitted by tenderers established in any Member State of the Community and may relate to products mobilized anywhere within those Member States ; whereas, in view of the currency situation in the Member States and in order to ensure that the tenders are as comparable as possible, account should be taken of the effect on each tender of the currency situation in the Member State in which the customs export formalities will be completed ;

Whereas the award under the invitation to tender must be made in favour of the tenderer offering the best terms ;

Whereas, should *force majeure* make it impossible to complete the operation in question within the set time limits, it should be made clear who is to bear the liability for any resulting costs ;

Whereas provisions should be made for security to be given for the purpose of guaranteeing that the obligations arising by virtue of participation in the invitation to tender will be fulfilled ;

Whereas the French invitation agency should be made responsible for the tendering procedure in question ;

Whereas the Commission must be informed quickly of the tenders submitted in response to the invitation and of those accepted by the intervention agency ;

Whereas the Monetary Committee will be consulted ; whereas, in view of the urgency, the measures envisaged should be adopted in accordance with the conditions laid down in Article 3 (2) of Council Regulation No 129 ⁽⁴⁾ on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73 ⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the Opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the supply to the Cape Verde Islands by way of Community food-aid action of 2 000 metric tons of common wheat.

2. The tendering procedure shall take place in France in one lot. The product shall be mobilized on the Community market. The product shall be loaded for the departure from any Community port.

3. The invitation to tender provided for in paragraph 1 is for supply of products delivered cif, that is at the moment when the goods are actually removed from the ship's hold at the port of unloading.

4. The successful tenderer shall deliver the product specified in paragraph 1 cif to the port of Porto Grande in new jute sacks of a net capacity of 50 kilograms.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 72, 20. 3. 1975, p. 14.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 178, 5. 8. 1972, p. 3.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

The following shall be printed on the sacks :

'FERMENTO — DOM DA COMUNIDADE ECONOMICA EUROPEIA AS ILHAS DE CAPO VERDE — DISTRIBUICAO GRATUITA'.

Article 2

1. The decision on tenders received in response to the invitation provided for in Article 1 shall be taken on 30 May 1975.
2. The closing date for submission of tenders shall be 30 May 1975 at 12 noon.
3. The notice of invitation to tender shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* not less than nine days before the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 3

1. The prices offered must be expressed in the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender was issued.
2. Tenders must in particular mention the Member State in which the tenderer, in the event of his being declared successful, expects to complete the customs export formalities for the products concerned.
3. For the purpose of rendering the tenders comparable, the prices shall, where appropriate, be corrected by the monetary compensatory amount and the accession compensatory amount applicable on the closing date for submission of tenders to exports from the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to paragraph 2.

Such correction shall be made by :

- increasing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has depreciated or a new Member State,
- reducing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has been revalued.

The monetary compensatory amount shall, where appropriate, be converted into the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued using :

- in the case when the currencies concerned are kept at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a conversion rate resulting from their central rate,
- in the other cases, the average of the spot rates of the currencies concerned recorded in the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued during a period from the Wednesday of one week to the Tuesday of the following week being the period immediately preceding the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 4

The contract shall be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms, taking into consideration the adjustment referred to in Article 3 (3).

However, if the tenders submitted do not appear to reflect normal market prices and costs, the intervention agency may cancel the invitation to tender.

Article 5

1. The tenderer shall give security in an amount of five units of account per metric ton of goods.

It shall be released :

- in the case of all tenderers whose tenders are unsuccessful or are not accepted,
- in the case of the successful tenderer, when the operations concerned have been carried out within the prescribed time limit and on submission of the original export licence duly granted and endorsed by the competent authorities of the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to Article 3 (2),
- in the case of the successful tenderer for quantities not supplied by reason of *force majeure*.

2. The security required under paragraph 1 may be provided in the form of a cash deposit or of a guarantee issued by a credit institution conforming to criteria laid down by each Member State.

Article 6

The common wheat referred to in Article 1 must be of fair and sound merchantable quality and correspond at least to the standard quality for which the intervention price is fixed, except that the moisture content shall not exceed 15.5 % and that a maximum of 3 % of sprouted grains and 1.5 % of miscellaneous impurities shall be allowed.

Article 7

1. The French intervention agency shall be responsible for organizing the invitation to tender provided for by this Regulation.

2. It shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the list of firms which have responded to the invitation to tender, specifying the terms of each tender, together with the name and business name of the successful tenderer.

3. Where the customs export formalities for the mobilized product are completed in a Member State other than that in which the invitation to tender is issued, the intervention agency of the latter Member State shall be responsible for the operations following tendering, including payment to the successful tenderer.

In such case, the intervention agency choosing the successful tenderer shall immediately inform the intervention agency of the Member State concerned and shall supply it with all the information which it may require.

Furthermore, the amount of the successful tender shall be paid after it has been converted using the average of the spot rates referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 3 (3) to the tenderer in the currency of the Member State in which the operations relating to the tendering are completed.

4. The intervention agency shall request the successful tenderer to supply the following information :

- (a) after each shipment a certificate showing the quantities dispatched and the quality of the products ;
- (b) the date of departure of the ships ;
- (c) all possible contingencies which might occur during transportation of the products.

The information indicated above shall be forwarded by the intervention agency to the Commission immediately upon receipt.

5. When the intervention agency responsible for the operations relating to tendering is not the intervention agency which appoints the successful tenderer, it shall send as soon as possible to the latter the information necessary for releasing the security.

Article 8

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

REGULATION (EEC) No 1261/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 16 May 1975
amending Regulation (EEC) No 2150/73 on the calculation of the special import
price for adult bovine animals

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 ⁽¹⁾ of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1855/74 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 (6) thereof ;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2150/73 ⁽³⁾ of 6 August 1973 on the calculation of the special import price for adult animals, specified the most representative markets, the qualities to be taken into account and their weighting for the third countries having a commercial structure and systems of cattle production comparable to those existing in the Community and keeping a regular record of quoted prices ;

Whereas the qualities recorded on the representative markets in Sweden have been modified ; whereas it is

therefore necessary to amend similarly the weighting coefficients and the corrective amounts ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the Opinion of the Management Committee for Beef and Veal,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Section B of Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2150/73 concerning Sweden is replaced by the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*. It shall apply for the first time for the calculation of the levies applicable from 2 June 1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 195, 18. 7. 1974, p. 14.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 219, 7. 8. 1973, p. 15.

ANNEX

B. SWEDEN

1. Representative markets and weighting coefficients :

Stockholm (67), Göteborg (33).

2. Qualities and coefficients :

Qualities		Coefficients for conversion into live weight	Weighting coefficient
Ko och tjur	klass 1	49	31·3
Ko och tjur	klass 2	46	13·5
Ungtjur	klass EP+	56	12·8
Ungtjur	klass 1+	54	11·6
Ungtjur	klass 2	51	3·4
Kokviga + kviga + stut	klass EP+	53	4·9
Kokviga + kviga + stut	klass 1+	51	14·1
Kokviga + kviga + stut	klass 2	48	8·4

3. Corrective amounts to be added to the quotations recorded :

Ko och tjur 72·00 Skr/100 kg,
Ungtjur 92·00 Skr/100 kg,
Kokviga + kviga + stut 81·50 Skr/100 kg.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1262/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 16 May 1975
fixing for the 1975 marketing year the reference prices for cherries

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 ⁽¹⁾ of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2745/72 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (1) thereof ;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 23 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, reference prices valid for the whole Community are to be fixed at the beginning of the marketing year ;

Whereas cherries are produced in such quantities in the Community that reference prices should be fixed for them ;

Whereas cherries harvested during a given crop year are marketed from April to August ; whereas the quantities harvested in April, during the first 20 days of May and the last 20 days of August are so small that there is no need to fix reference prices for these periods ; whereas reference prices should be fixed only for the period from 21 May up to and including 10 August ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 23 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 the reference prices are to be equal to the arithmetic mean of producer prices in each Member State plus an amount representing the costs of transporting Community products from the production areas to Community marketing centres ; whereas the trend of average basic prices and buying in prices must also be taken into account ;

Whereas, to take seasonal variations into account, the year should be divided into several periods and a reference price fixed for each of these periods ;

Whereas producer prices are to correspond to the average of the prices recorded on the representative market or markets situated in the production areas where prices are lowest, during the three years prior to the date on which the reference price is fixed, for a home-grown product with defined commercial characteristics, being a product or variety representing a substantial proportion of the production marketed over the year or over part thereof and satisfying specified requirements as regards market preparation ; whereas, when the average of prices recorded on each representative market is being calculated, prices which could be considered excessively high or excessively low in relation to normal price fluctuations on that market are to be disregarded ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the Opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

For the 1975 marketing year, the reference prices for cherries (subheading 08.07 C of the Common Customs Tariff), expressed in units of account per 100 kg net of packed products of Class I, of all sizes, shall be as follows :

— May (21 to 31) :	56.14,
— June :	50.14,
— July :	46.06,
— August (1 to 10) :	35.33.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 21 May 1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 291, 28. 12. 1972, p. 147.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1263/75 OF THE COMMISSION

of 16 May 1975

amending Regulation (EEC) No 232/75 concerning the date of entry into storage of butter for sale and derogating from certain provisions relating to the products to be incorporated in such butter

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 ⁽¹⁾ of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 740/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6(7) thereof;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 985/68 ⁽³⁾ of 15 July 1968 laying down general rules for intervention on the market in butter and cream, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2714/72 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 7a thereof;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 232/75 ⁽⁵⁾ of 30 January 1975 on the sale of butter at reduced prices for use in the manufacture of pastry products and ice-cream, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 522/75 ⁽⁶⁾, provides that the butter on sale must have been taken into storage before 1 August 1974; whereas, in view of the butter storage position in the Community, this date should be altered;

Whereas Article 6(1)(b) of Regulation (EEC) No 232/75 and Annex I hereto provide for the incorporation into each metric ton of concentrated butter of 150 g of stigmaterol where such concentrated butter is to be processed into formula A products; whereas the interested parties are at present experiencing difficulty in obtaining adequate supplies of this product which has been newly introduced as an indicator by Regulation (EEC) No 232/75; whereas, consequently, provision should be made for the use during a short transitional period of another indicator or a smaller quantity of the said indicator, provided in this latter case appropriate control measures containing analysis of a high degree of sensitivity and requiring special laboratories should be taken by the Member States;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the Opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 232/75, the date '1 August 1974' is replaced by '1 November 1974'.

Article 2

1. By way of derogation from the first indent of Article 6(1)(b) and Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 232/75, Member States which have decided to use in their territory only the products in respect of which use has been made of the provision laid down in the last paragraph of items I (bb), II (bb), and/or III (bb) of the said Annex are authorized until 31 July 1975 to replace the use of 150 g of stigmaterol per metric ton of concentrated butter by:

80 g of stigmaterol ($C_{29}H_{48}O = \Delta\Delta - 5,22$ - stigmastene-3-beta-ol), at the product ready for incorporation;

or:

10 kg of monoglycerides of fatty acids C_{16} and/or C_{18} , at least 90 % pure, calculated in monoglycerides on the product ready to be incorporated.

2. In the event of paragraph 1 being applied, the endorsements shown in Annex III (I) (cc) and (II) to Regulation (EEC) No 232/75 specifying the incorporation effected shall be used by replacing the word 'stigmaterol', where appropriate, by the words 'stigmaterol — application of Regulation (EEC) No 1263/75' or 'monoglycerides'.

3. The third paragraph of Article 6(1)(b) of Regulation (EEC) No 232/75 is applicable *mutatis mutandis*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 22. 3. 1975, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 18. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 291, 28. 12. 1972, p. 15.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 24, 31. 1. 1975, p. 45.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 55, 1. 3. 1975, p. 69.

4. Where a Member State avails itself of the said authorization, the undertakings for butter sold by the intervention agency of that Member State pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 232/75 submitted before the entry into force of this Regulation shall at the request of the parties concerned be adjusted to take account of paragraph 1.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

REGULATION (EEC) No 1264/75 OF THE COMMISSION

of 16 May 1975

introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Spain

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72⁽¹⁾ of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2745/72⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof ;

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances ; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country ;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 840/75⁽³⁾ of 26 March 1975 fixing for the 1975 marketing year the reference price for tomatoes, fixed the reference price for Class I at 67.38 units of account per 100 kg net for May 1975 ;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties, and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 ; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 ;

Whereas it is necessary to record the prices to be taken into consideration on the representative markets referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 385/75⁽⁵⁾, and if necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficients fixed in Article 1 (2) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 840/75 ;

Whereas, for Spanish tomatoes the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days ; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes ;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally it should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other, at any given moment within a band of 2.25 % a rate of exchange based on their effective parity ;
- for other currencies an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period, in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 3.52 units of account per 100 kg net is applied to tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Spain.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 May 1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 291, 28. 12. 1972, p. 147.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 79, 28. 3. 1975, p. 59.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 44, 18. 2. 1975, p. 8.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1265/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 16 May 1975
fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC⁽¹⁾ of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof ;

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 797/75⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1231/75⁽⁴⁾ ;

Whereas in the absence of the amounts of the monthly increases for September and October 1975 for colza and rape seed in cases of pre-fixation for the months of September and October 1975 the amounts of subsidy on these products have been obtainable only temporarily on the basis of the monthly increases for September and October 1974 ; whereas these amounts may, therefore, be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced when these increases are known ;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 797/75 to the information at present available to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. The amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC is hereby fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.
2. The amounts of the subsidy for the months of September and October 1975 will, however, as for colza and rape seed, be confirmed or replaced as from 19 May 1975 to take into account the amounts of the monthly increases for the months of September and October 1975.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 19 May 1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 78, 27. 3. 1975, p. 43.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 123, 15. 5. 1975, p. 22.

*ANNEX***to the Commission Regulation of 16 May 1975 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds**

Subsidy applicable from 19 May 1975 to colza and rape seeds (CCT heading No ex 12.01) and sunflower seeds (CCT heading No ex 12.01) (u.a./100 kg)

	Colza and rape seed	Sunflower seed
Subsidy	4.424	2.362
Subsidy in the case of advance fixing :		
— for the month of May 1975	4.424	2.362
— for the month of June 1975	4.424	2.515
— for the month of July 1975	5.705	2.820
— for the month of August 1975	5.705	2.973
— for the month of September 1975	6.296	—
— for the month of October 1975	6.598	—

REGULATION (EEC) No 1266/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 16 May 1975

determining the world market price for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC⁽¹⁾ of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the markets in oils and fats, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73⁽²⁾ ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72⁽³⁾ of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3477/73⁽⁴⁾ ;

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73⁽⁵⁾ of 23 August 1973 laying down detailed rules for applying differential amounts for colza and rape seed and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1464/73, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 632/75⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 9 (4) thereof ;

Having regard to the Opinion of the Monetary Committee ;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73, the Commission must determine the world market price for colza and rape seed ;

Whereas the world market price should be determined in accordance with the rules and the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 797/75⁽⁷⁾ of 26 March 1975 fixing the amount of the

subsidy on oil seeds, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1265/75⁽⁸⁾ ;

Whereas to enable the price system to operate normally, the world market price should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other, at any given moment, within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity ;
- for other currencies an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period, in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph ;

Whereas, applying all these provisions, the world market price for colza and rape seed should be fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The world market price referred to in Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 and the rates to be used for converting them into national currencies shall be as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 19 May 1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 357, 28. 12. 1973, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 66, 13. 3. 1975, p. 11.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 78, 27. 3. 1975, p. 43.

⁽⁸⁾ See page 24 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX

World market price applicable from 19 May 1975 for colza and rape seed (CCT heading No ex 12.01)

	<i>u.a./100 kg⁽¹⁾</i>
World market price :	20·186
World market price where the subsidy is fixed in advance :	
— for the month of May 1975	20·186
— for the month of June 1975	20·186
— for the month of July 1975	19·825
— for the month of August 1975	19·825
— for the month of September 1975	19·464
— for the month of October 1975	19·392

⁽¹⁾ The conversion rates from units of account into national currency as foreseen by Article 9 (5) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 are the following :

1 u.a. =	DM	3·21978
1 u.a. =	Fl	3·35507
1 u.a. =	Bfr/Lfr	48·6572
1 u.a. =	FF	5·64407
1 u.a. =	Dkr	7·57831
1 u.a. =	£	0·595894
1 u.a. =	I £	0·595894
1 u.a. =	Lit	876·079

REGULATION (EEC) No 1267/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 16 May 1975
altering the special export levy on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 1009/
67/EEC⁽¹⁾ of 18 December 1967 on the common
organization of the market in sugar, as last amended
by Regulation (EEC) No 2476/74⁽²⁾ ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
608/72⁽³⁾ of 23 March 1972 laying down rules to be
applied in cases of considerable price rises on the
world sugar market, and in particular Article 1 (2)
thereof ;

Whereas the special export levy on white sugar and
raw sugar was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
1791/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1202/75⁽⁵⁾ ;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules, criteria
and other provisions contained in the Regulation

(EEC) No 1791/74 to the information at present avail-
able to the Commission, that the special export levy at
present in force should be altered as shown in the
Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The special export levy on sugar provided for in the
second subparagraph of Article 16 (1) of Regulation
No 1009/67/EEC fixed in the Annex to amended
Regulation (EEC) No 1791/74 is altered as shown in
the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 17 May
1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 308, 18. 12. 1967, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 264, 1. 10. 1974, p. 70.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 75, 28. 3. 1972, p. 5.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 187, 11. 7. 1974, p. 23.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 118, 8. 5. 1975, p. 39.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 16 May 1975¹ altering the special export levy on white sugar and raw sugar

(u.a./100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description of goods	Amount of the special export levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, solid :	
	A. Denatured :	
	I. White sugar	12.50
	II. Raw sugar	6.50 ⁽¹⁾
	B. Undenatured :	
	I. White sugar	12.50
	ex II. Raw sugar other than candy sugar	6.50 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ This amount applies to raw sugar with a 92 % yield. If the yield of the exported raw sugar is different from 92 % the levy to be applied shall be calculated in conformity with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1076/72.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1268/75 OF THE COMMISSION**of 16 May 1975****altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 120/67/EEC ⁽¹⁾ of 13 June 1967 on the common organization of the market in cereals, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 85/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 (4) thereof ;

Having regard to Council Regulation No 359/67/EEC ⁽³⁾ of 25 July 1967 on the common organization of the market in rice, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 476/75 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof ;

Whereas the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1111/75 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/75 ⁽⁶⁾ ;

Whereas the levy on the basic product as last fixed differs from the average levy by more than 0.25 unit

of account per 100 kilogrammes of basic product ; whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74 ⁽⁷⁾, the levies at present in force must therefore be altered as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products processed from cereals and rice covered by Regulation (EEC) No 1052/68 ⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 980/75 ⁽⁹⁾, as fixed in the Annex to amended Regulation (EEC) No 1111/75 are hereby altered as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 17 May 1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 117, 19. 6. 1967, p. 2269/67.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 11, 16. 1. 1975, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 52, 28. 2. 1975, p. 31.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 110, 30. 4. 1975, p. 21.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 123, 15. 5. 1975, p. 30.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 179, 25. 7. 1968, p. 8.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 95, 17. 4. 1975, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 16 May 1975 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

CCT heading No	Levies in u.a./100 kg	
	Third countries (other than AASM and OCT, Tanzania, Uganda and Kenya)	AASM, OCT, Tanzania, Uganda and Kenya
23.02 A I a)	1.253	1.253
23.02 A I b) 1	2.005	2.005
23.02 A I b) 2	4.011	4.011
23.02 A II a)	1.003	1.003
23.02 A II b)	4.011	4.011