

Official Journal

of the European Communities

Volume 20 No L 171
9 July 1977

English Edition

Legislation

Contents

I Acts whose publication is obligatory

- ★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1535/77 of 4 July 1977 determining the conditions under which certain goods are eligible upon importation for a favourable tariff arrangement by reason of their end-use 1
- ★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1536/77 of 4 July 1977 determining the conditions of entry of seeds under subheadings 07.01 A I, 10.05 A and 12.01 A of the Common Customs Tariff 13
- ★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1537/77 of 4 July 1977 determining the conditions of entry of bolting cloth, not made up, under subheading 59.17 B of the Common Customs Tariff 15
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1538/77 of 8 July 1977 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal 17
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1539/77 of 8 July 1977 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt 19
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1540/77 of 8 July 1977 fixing the import levies on isoglucose 21
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1541/77 of 8 July 1977 opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of common wheat as food aid for Ethiopia 23
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1542/77 of 8 July 1977 opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of common wheat as food aid for the Cape Verde Islands 26
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1543/77 of 8 July 1977 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar 29

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1535/77

of 4 July 1977

determining the conditions under which certain goods are eligible upon importation for a favourable tariff arrangement by reason of their end-use

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 97/69 of 16 January 1969 on measures to be taken for the uniform application of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 280/77 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 3 and 4 thereof,

Whereas certain provisions of Council Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 of 28 June 1968 on the Common Customs Tariff ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 ⁽⁴⁾, and other Community provisions, such as those which relate to tariff suspensions or quotas, to the common agricultural policy or to the application of international agreements concluded by the European Communities, make the eligibility of goods for a favourable tariff arrangement upon importation, by reason of their end-use, subject to conditions;

Whereas a study in depth undertaken with the Member States has revealed that, at present, such conditions take the form, in the main, of a series of administrative formalities and controls which, instituted until now at the national level, can differ considerably as between Member States;

Whereas this situation is liable to give rise to disparities in the application of the Common Customs Tariff and to deflections of trade and economic activity; whereas, in the interests of all concerned and in order to lighten as far as possible the burden falling on national administrations, there should be established a

Community control procedure for the end-use of goods;

Whereas, in accordance with existing practice, it is necessary to provide that the goods can be transferred within the Community; whereas it is moreover appropriate that, having regard to the objectives of this Regulation, there should be provision that, when consigned from one Member State to another, the goods should be accompanied, as far as the competent customs office in the Member State of destination where the customs formalities are carried out which enable the transferee to take charge of the goods, by the control copy T 5 provided for in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 223/77 of 22 December 1976 on provisions for the implementation of the Community transit procedure and for certain simplifications of that procedure ⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas, in view of the tariff benefit attaching to the particular end-use concerned, importers are normally in a position to put the goods into free circulation in full knowledge of the circumstances; whereas the declaration that the goods will be put to the prescribed end-use must, in principle, be of an irreversible nature; whereas, however, where for reasons relating either to the circumstances of the holder of the authorization or to the goods themselves it is impossible for the goods to be put to the prescribed end-use, provision should be made for such goods to be admitted for normal home use or exported outside Community customs territory or destroyed under customs supervision;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee on Common Customs Tariff Nomenclature,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 14, 21. 1. 1969, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 40, 11. 2. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 172, 22. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 4.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 38, 9. 2. 1977, p. 20.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

This Regulation shall determine the conditions to be applied to goods put into free circulation under a favourable tariff arrangement by reason of their end-use.

However, this Regulation shall not apply to the goods listed in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

For the purposes of this Regulation, 'amount of uncollected import duties' shall mean the difference between, on the one hand, the amount of import duties which result from the application of the favourable tariff arrangement referred to in Article 1 and, on the other hand, the amount of import duties which would be due if that arrangement did not apply. The operative date for determining the amount of uncollected import duties shall be the date of acceptance by the competent authorities of the entry for release of the goods into free circulation.

For the purposes of this Article, 'import duties' shall include customs duties and charges having equivalent effect, agricultural levies and other import charges provided for under the common agricultural policy or under the specific arrangements applicable, in pursuance of Article 235 of the Treaty, to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products.

Article 3

1. The benefit of the tariff arrangement referred to in Article 1 shall be conditional upon the granting by the competent authorities of the Member State in which the goods are declared for entry into free circulation of a written authorization to the person importing those goods into free circulation or having them so imported.

2. Without prejudice to the provisions of the following Articles, the granting of the authorization provided for in paragraph 1 shall impose an obligation to :

- (a) put the goods to the prescribed end-use ;
- (b) pay the amount of uncollected import duties if the goods are not put to the prescribed end-use ;
- (c) keep records such as to enable the competent authorities to carry out any checks which they consider necessary to ensure that the goods are put to the prescribed end-use, and to preserve such records for such period as is required under the relevant provisions in force ;

(d) permit inspection of the records provided for in subparagraph (c) ; and

(e) submit to any other measure of control which the competent authorities may deem appropriate to check the actual use of the goods and provide any information required for that purpose.

3. The competent authorities may withhold the authorization from persons unable to offer the safeguards considered necessary.

4. The granting of the authorization may be subject to the provision of security fixed by the competent authorities.

Article 4

1. The competent authorities may, if they consider it necessary, limit the period of validity of any authorization granted in accordance with Article 3.

2. The authorization granted in accordance with Article 3 may be revoked by the competent authorities if the holder of the authorization no longer fulfils one or more of the obligations or conditions provided for in this Regulation, or if he can no longer offer the safeguards considered necessary by the competent authorities.

3. In cases where the authorization is revoked by the competent authorities, the holder shall immediately pay the amount of uncollected import duties for those goods which have not yet been put to the prescribed end-use.

Article 5

The goods must have been put to the prescribed end-use within one year from the date of acceptance by the competent authorities of the entry for their release into free circulation. The competent authorities may however, extend the period if the goods have not been put to the end-use on account either of inevitable accident or of *force majeure* or for reasons inherent in the processing of the goods.

Article 6

1. If, without prejudice to the provisions of Articles 7 and 11, the goods have not been put to the prescribed end-use on expiry of the period referred to in Article 5, the amount of uncollected import duties shall be paid, without prejudice to any default interest chargeable, to the competent authorities of the Member State in which the goods were declared for entry into free circulation or, where Article 9 applies, were last placed under customs control.

2. Waste and scrap which result necessarily from the normal working or processing of the goods, together with losses due to natural causes, shall be regarded as goods having been put to the end-use unless Community legislation provides otherwise.

3. In cases of necessity, duly justified by the holder of the authorization, the competent authorities may authorize the common storage of goods as referred to in the first paragraph of Article 1 with goods of the same kind and quality and having the same technical and physical characteristics. Where goods are stored in accordance with the preceding subparagraph, this Regulation shall apply to a quantity of goods equivalent to that imported under this Regulation.

Article 7

The goods referred to in the first paragraph of Article 1 may be transferred within the Community. The transferee must hold an authorization granted in accordance with Article 3.

By way of derogation from the provisions of Article 5, all the goods must have been put to the prescribed end-use within one year from the date of transfer. This period may, however, be extended as provided for in Article 5.

Article 8

All transfers within a Member State shall be notified to the competent authorities. The form of the notification, the period of time in which it must be made and any other requirements shall be determined by the competent authorities. The notification shall state clearly the date of the transfer of the goods.

With effect from this date the transferee shall assume the obligations arising under this Regulation in respect of the transferred goods.

Article 9

1. Where goods as referred to in the first paragraph of Article 1 are consigned from one Member State to another the competent office in the Member State of departure shall issue a control copy T 5, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 223/77.

2. One of the following statements shall be inserted in capital letters in the box reserved for the description of the goods on the customs document relating to the consignment of the goods:

- SÆRLIGT ANVENDELSESFORMÅL,
- BESONDERE VERWENDUNG,
- END USE,

- DESTINATION PARTICULIÈRE,
- DESTINAZIONE PARTICOLARE,
- BIJZONDERE BESTEMMING.

3. The control copy T 5 shall accompany the goods as far as the competent office where the customs formalities are carried out which enable the transferee to take charge of the goods.

This control copy shall include:

- in boxes 31 and 101, respectively, the description of the goods as at the time of consignment and the appropriate Common Customs Tariff heading or subheading,
- in box 104, one of the following statements in capital letters:
 - SÆRLIGT ANVENDELSESFORMÅL: FORORDNING (EØF) Nr. 1535/77,
 - BESONDERE VERWENDUNG: VERORDNUNG (EWG) Nr. 1535/77,
 - END USE: REGULATION (EEC) No 1535/77,
 - DESTINATION PARTICULIÈRE: RÈGLEMENT (CEE) No 1535/77,
 - DESTINAZIONE PARTICOLARE: REGOLAMENTO (CEE) n. 1535/77,
 - BIJZONDERE BESTEMMING: VERORDENING (EEG) N. 1535/77,
- in box 106,
 - (a) in cases where the goods have undergone any manufacturing or processing operations after being admitted to free circulation, the description and heading or subheading in the Common Customs Tariff applicable to them at the time of their admission to free circulation;
 - (b) the registered number and date of the declaration for entry into free circulation and the name and address of the customs office where the declaration was made.

4. The provisions of this Article shall apply equally to goods referred to in the first paragraph of Article 1 which in the course of transportation between two points within the Community cross the territory of Austria or Switzerland and are re-consigned from one of those territories.

By way of derogation from the provisions of Article 12 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 223/77, the original of the control copy T 5 shall accompany the goods to the customs office referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 3.

The office of departure shall specify the period within which the goods must be re-entered at the customs office referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 3.

5. Without prejudice to the application of the transit provisions, and in particular Council Regulation No 222/77 of 13 December 1976 on Community transit,⁽¹⁾ the obligations of the transferor deriving from this Regulation shall pass to the transferee on the date on which the goods are placed at the disposal of the latter by the competent customs office.

6. The control copy T 5 shall be sent without delay to the office of departure after having been endorsed under 'Remarks' in the box entitled 'Control as to use and/or destination' by the customs office referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 3 with one of the following statements:

- VARERNE STILLET TIL RÅDIGHED FOR MODTAGEREN DEN⁽²⁾,
- WAREN DEM ÜBERNEHMER ZUR VERFÜGUNG GESTELLT AM⁽²⁾,
- GOODS TRANSFERRED TO THE TRANSFEREE ON⁽²⁾,
- MARCHANDISES MISES À LA DISPOSITION DU CESSIONNAIRE LE⁽²⁾,
- MERCI MESSE A DISPOSIZIONE DEL CESSIONARIO IL⁽²⁾,
- GOEDEREN TER BESCHIKKING GESTELD VAN DEGENE DIE OVERNEEMT OP⁽²⁾.

Article 10

The competent authorities shall not approve the use of the goods, otherwise than as provided for by the favourable tariff arrangement referred to in Article 1, unless the holder of the authorization can prove to their satisfaction that it has been impossible for reasons relating to his circumstances or to the goods themselves for the goods to be put to the prescribed end-use.

The approval referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be conditional on the holder of the authorization paying the amount of the uncollected import duties, without prejudice to any default interest chargeable.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 July 1977.

Article 11

1. The competent authorities shall not approve the exportation of the goods outside the customs territory of the Community or the destruction of the goods under customs supervision unless the holder of the authorization can prove to their satisfaction that it has been impossible for reasons relating to his circumstances or to the goods themselves for the goods to be put to the prescribed end-use.

In neither case shall the amount of uncollected import duties be payable.

2. Where the goods are destroyed, any resulting products which are not exported outside the customs territory of the Community shall be charged with import duty at the rates applicable on the date when the goods were destroyed.

Article 12

For the purposes of this Regulation, the territory of the Benelux Economic Union shall be considered to be a single Member State.

Article 13

Each Member State shall inform the Commission of the steps taken by its central administration for the purposes of applying this Regulation.

The Commission shall forthwith communicate this information to the other Member States.

Article 14

This Regulation shall enter into force on the seventh day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 1978.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 38, 9. 2. 1977, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ Date referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	Description
01.01	Live horses, asses, mules and hinnies : A. Horses : I. Pure-bred breeding animals II. For slaughter
01.02	Live animals of the bovine species : A. Domestic species : I. Pure-bred breeding animals II. Other : a) Not yet having any permanent teeth, of a weight of not less than 350 kg but not more than 450 kg, in the case of male animals, or of not less than 320 kg but not more than 420 kg in the case of female animals ex b) Other : — Young male animals, intended for fattening, of a live weight of 300 kg or less
01.03	Live swine : A. Domestic species : I. Pure-bred breeding animals
01.04	Live sheep and goats : A. Domestic species : I. Sheep : a) Pure-bred breeding animals II. Goats : a) Pure-bred breeding animals
02.01	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04, fresh, chilled or frozen : A. Meat : II. Of bovine animals a) Fresh or chilled : 1. Carcasses, half-carcasses or 'compensated' quarters : aa) Carcasses of a weight of not less than 180 kg but not more than 270 kg and half-carcasses or 'compensated' quarters, of a weight of not less than 90 kg but not more than 135 kg, with a low degree of ossification of the cartilages (more especially those of the symphysis pubis and the vertebral apophyses), the meat of which is of a light pink colour and the fat of which, of extremely fine structure, is white to light yellow in colour 2. Separated or unseparated forequarters : aa) Separated forequarters of a weight of not less than 45 kg but not more than 68 kg, with a low degree of ossification of the cartilages (more especially those of the vertebral apophyses), the meat of which is of a light pink colour and the fat of which, of extremely fine structure, is white to light yellow in colour

CCT heading No	Description
02.01 (continued)	3. Separated or unseparated hindquarters : aa) Separated hindquarters of a weight of not less than 45 kg but not more than 68 kg (not less than 38 kg but not more than 61 kg in the case of 'Pistola' cuts), with a low degree of ossification of the cartilages (more especially those of the vertebral apophyses), the meat of which is of a light pink colour and the fat of which, of extremely fine structure, is white to light yellow in colour b) Frozen : 2. Separated or unseparated forequarters 4. Other : bb) Boned or boneless : 11. Forequarters, whole or cut into a maximum of five pieces, each quarter being in a single block ; 'compensated' quarters in two blocks, one of which contains the forequarter, whole or cut into a maximum of five pieces, and the other, the hindquarter, excluding the tenderloin, in one piece 22. Crop, chuck and blade and brisket cuts 33. Other
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened : B. Containing added sugar : I. Milk and cream, in powder or granules : a) Special milk for infants, in hermetically sealed containers of a net capacity of 500 g or less and of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % but not exceeding 27 %
04.04	Cheese and curd : A. Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Bergkäse and Appenzell, not grated or powdered : I. Of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least three months : a) Whole cheeses of a free-at-frontier value per 100 kg net weight of : 1. ... (a) u.a. or more, but less than ... (a) 2. ... (a) u.a. or more b) Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas : 1. With rind on at least one side, of a net weight : aa) Of not less than 1 kg but less than 5 kg and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than ... (a) u.a. but less than ... (a) u.a. per 100 kg net weight bb) Of not less than 450 g and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than ... (a) u.a. per 100 kg net weight 2. Other, of a net weight of not less than 75 g but not more than 250 g and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than ... (a) u.a. per 100 kg net weight

(a) This value is the value applicable for the time being under the common agricultural policy.

CCT heading No	Description
04.04 (continued)	B. Glarus herb cheese (known as Schabziger), made from skimmed milk and mixed with finely-ground herbs D. Processed cheese, not grated or powdered : I. In the blending of which only Emmentaler, Gruyère and Appenzell have been used and which may contain, as an addition Glarus herb cheese (known as Schabziger), put up for retail sale, of a free-at-frontier value of not less than ... (a) u.a. per 100 kg net weight and of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter, not exceeding 56° E. Other : I. Not grated or powdered, of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 40 % and a water content, calculated by weight, of the non-fatty matter : b) Exceeding 47 % but not exceeding 72 % : 1. Cheddar : aa) Whole Cheddar cheeses, made from unpasteurized milk, of a minimum fat content of 50 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least nine months and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than ... (a) u.a. per 100 kg net weight 2. Tilsit and Butterkäse, of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter : aa) Not exceeding 48 % bb) Exceeding 48 % 3. Kashkaval 4. Cheese of sheep's milk or buffalo milk, in containers containing brine, or in sheep or goatskin bottles
04.05	Birds' eggs and egg yolks, fresh, dried or otherwise preserved, sweetened or not : A. Eggs in shell, fresh or preserved : I. Poultry eggs : a) Eggs for hatching B. Eggs, not in shell ; egg yolks : II. Other
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled : A. Potatoes : I. Seed potatoes
10.05	Maize : A. Hybrid, for sowing
11.06	Flour and meal of sago and of manioc, arrowroot, salep and other roots and tubers falling within heading No 07.06 : A. Denatured
12.01	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruit, whole or broken : A. For sowing

(a) This value is the value applicable for the time being under the common agricultural policy.

CCT heading No	Description
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes ; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol : C. Other : III. Of an actual alcoholic strength exceeding 15° but not exceeding 18°, in containers holding : a) Two litres or less : 1. Port, Madeira, sherry, Tokay (Aszu and Szamorodni) and Setubal muscatel b) More than two litres : 1. Port, Madeira, sherry and Setubal muscatel 2. Tokay (Aszu and Szamorodni) IV. Of an actual alcoholic strength exceeding 18° but not exceeding 22°, in containers holding : a) Two litres or less : 1. Port, Madeira, sherry, Tokay (Aszu and Szamorodni) and Setubal muscatel b) More than two litres : 1. Port, Madeira, sherry and Setubal muscatel 2. Tokay (Aszu and Szamorodni)
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08) ; liqueurs and other spirituous beverages ; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages : C. Spirituous beverages : III. Whisky : a) Bourbon whiskey, in containers holding : 1. Two litres or less : 2. More than two litres
24.01	Unmanufactured tobacco ; tobacco refuse : A. Tobacco of a value, per package, not less than 280 u.a. per 100 kg net weight : I. Flue cured Virginia type and light air cured Burley type (including Burley hybrids)
25.01	Common salt (including rock salt, sea salt and table salt) ; pure sodium chloride ; salt liquors ; sea water : A. Common salt (including rock salt, sea salt and table salt) and pure sodium chloride, whether or not in aqueous solution : II. Other : ex a) Denatured or for industrial uses (including refining) other than the preservation or preparation of foodstuffs for human consumption : — Denatured

CCT heading No	Description
ex Chapter 27 Miscellaneous	Certain cases referred to in Additional Notes 5 (n) and 6
27.07	Oils and other products of the distillation of high temperature coal tar; similar products as defined in Note 2 to this Chapter : B. Benzole, toluole, xylene, solvent naphtha (heavy benzole); similar products as defined in Note 2 to this Chapter, of which 65 % or more by volume distils at temperatures of up to 250° C (including mixtures of petroleum spirit and benzole); sulphuretted toppings : II. For other purposes G. Other : I. For the manufacture of the products of heading No 28.03
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude ; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations : A. Light oils : I. For undergoing a specific process II. For undergoing chemical transformation by a process other than those specified in respect of subheading 27.10 A I B. Medium oils : I. For undergoing a specific process II. For undergoing chemical transformation by a process other than those specified in respect of subheading 27.10 B I C. Heavy oils : I. Gas oils : a) For undergoing a specific process b) For undergoing chemical transformation by a process other than those specified in respect of subheading 27.10 C I a) II. Fuel oils : a) For undergoing a specific process b) For undergoing chemical transformation by a process other than those specified in respect of subheading 27.10 C II a) III. Lubricating oils ; other oils : a) For undergoing a specific process b) For undergoing chemical transformation by a process other than those specified in respect of subheading 27.10 C III a) c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter

CCT heading No	Description
27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons : A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 % : II. For other purposes B. Other : I. Commercial propane and commercial butane : a) For undergoing a specific process b) For undergoing chemical transformation by a process other than those specified in respect of subheading 27.11 B I a)
27.12	Petroleum jelly : A. Crude : I. For undergoing a specific process II. For undergoing chemical transformation by a process other than those specified in respect of subheading 27.12 A I
27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured : B. Other : I. Crude : a) For undergoing a specific process b) For undergoing chemical transformation by a process other than those specified in respect of subheading 27.13 B I a)
27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals : C. Other : I. For the manufacture of the products of heading No 28.03
29.01	Hydrocarbons : A. Acyclic : II. For other purposes B. Cyclanes and cyclenes : II. Other : b) For other purposes D. Aromatic : I. Benzene, toluene and xylenes : b) For other purposes
31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous : A. Natural sodium nitrate

CCT heading No	Description
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg: A. Other fertilizers: III. Containing the two fertilizing substances: nitrogen and potassium: a) Natural potassic sodium nitrate, consisting of a natural mixture of sodium nitrate and potassium nitrate (the proportion of the latter element may be as high as 44 %), of a total nitrogen content not exceeding 16.3 % by weight
35.02	Albumins, albuminates and other albumin derivatives: A. Albumins: ex I. Unfit, or to be rendered unfit, for human consumption: — To be rendered unfit for human consumption
59.17	Textile fabrics and textile articles, of a kind commonly used in machinery or plant: B. Bolting cloth, whether or not made up: ex I. Of silk or of waste silk other than noil: — Not made up ex II. Of other textile materials: — Not made up
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines: A. Aircraft engines as defined in Additional Note 1 to this Chapter, of a power of: I. 300 kW or less (a) II. More than 300 kW (a) C. Other engines: II. Compression ignition engines: a) Marine propulsion engines: 1. For the vessels of subheadings 89.01 A, 89.01 B I, 89.02 A, 89.02 B I and 89.03 A D. Parts: I. For aircraft engines (a)
84.08	Other engines and motors: A. Reaction engines: I. Turbo-jets developing a thrust of: a) 2 500 kg or less (a) b) More than 2 500 kg (a) II. Other (for example, ram-jets, pulse-jets, rocket engines (a))

(a) This applies only to articles intended to be fitted in aircraft imported duty free or built within the Community.

CCT heading No	Description
84.08 (continued)	B. Gas turbines : I. Turbo-propellers developing a power of : a) 1 100 kW or less (a) b) More than 1 100 kW (a) D. Parts : I. Of reaction engines or of turbo-propellers (a)
87.01	Tractors (other than those falling within heading No 87.07), whether or not fitted with power take-offs, winches or pulleys : B. Agricultural tractors (excluding walking tractors) and forestry tractors, wheeled
88.03	Parts of goods falling in heading No 88.01 or 88.02 : B. Other (a)
Miscellaneous	Goods intended for use in the construction, maintenance and repair of aircraft, covered by Community tariff suspensions
Miscellaneous	Goods intended for incorporation in the ships, boats or other vessels falling within subheadings 89.01 A, 89.01 B I, 89.02 A, 89.02 B I and 89.03 A for the purposes of their construction, repair, maintenance or conversion or for the purposes of fitting-out or equipping such ships, boats or other vessels (Section II A of the 'Preliminary Provisions')
Miscellaneous	Goods in respect of which Community instruments prescribe both the benefit of a favourable tariff arrangement and the associated control measures
(a) This applies only to articles intended to be fitted in aircraft imported duty free or built within the Community.	

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1536/77**of 4 July 1977****determining the conditions of entry of seeds under subheadings 07.01 A I, 10.05 A and 12.01 A of the Common Customs Tariff**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 97/69 of 16 January 1969 on measures to be taken for uniform application of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 280/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 3 and 4 thereof,

Whereas the Common Customs Tariff annexed to Council Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 of 28 June 1968⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77⁽⁴⁾, covers:

- seed potatoes falling within subheading 07.01 A I,
- hybrid maize for sowing falling within subheading 10.05 A, and
- oil seeds and oleaginous fruit, whole or broken, for sowing falling within subheading 12.01 A;

Whereas entry under these subheadings is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities; whereas, in order to ensure uniform application of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff, provisions specifying those conditions must be laid down;

Whereas the Council has adopted Directive 66/403/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of seed potatoes⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Directive 76/307/EEC⁽⁶⁾, Directive 66/402/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of cereal seed⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Directive 75/444/EEC⁽⁸⁾ and Directive 69/208/EEC of 30 June 1969 on the marketing of seed of oil and fibre plants⁽⁹⁾, as last amended by Directive 75/444/EEC;

Whereas Articles 15, 16 and 15 respectively of these Directives provide that the Council shall determine whether seeds harvested in a third country and affording the same assurances as regards their charac-

teristics and the arrangements for their examination, for ensuring identity, for marking and for control are equivalent in these respects to seeds harvested within the Community and complying with the provisions of the Directive concerned;

Whereas the Council has made such determinations with regard to certain non-member countries, in the case of seed potatoes, by its Second Decision 75/370/EEC of 24 June 1975 on the equivalence of seed potatoes produced in third countries⁽¹⁰⁾, as amended by Decision 76/540/EEC⁽¹¹⁾, and, in the case of hybrid maize and oil seeds and oleaginous fruit for sowing, by its Fifth Decision 76/539/EEC of 17 May 1976 on the equivalence of seed produced in third countries⁽¹²⁾ and by its Fifth Decision 76/538/EEC of 17 May 1976 on the equivalence of field inspections carried out in third countries on seed-producing crops⁽¹³⁾;

Whereas it follows from the very terms in which the three abovementioned subheadings are drawn that products may be entered under one of these subheadings only if they have specific characteristics which make them suitable for sowing;

Whereas certain specific characteristics were prescribed by the Council when it determined that there was equivalence between the plants and seeds in question produced in certain non-member countries and plants and seeds of the same kind harvested within the Community; whereas the said characteristics should therefore constitute the conditions of entry under the subheadings concerned;

Whereas, as regards hybrid maize, oil seeds and oleaginous fruit of a kind to which the provisions of the abovementioned Directives 66/402/EEC and 69/208/EEC do not apply, it is appropriate, pending harmonization at Community level of provisions for these goods and given that there is little trade in them, to make their entry under subheadings 10.05 A and 12.01 A respectively subject to conditions to be established by the competent authorities of the Member States;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 14, 21. 1. 1969, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 40, 11. 2. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 172, 22. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 4.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 125, 11. 7. 1966, p. 2320/66.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 72, 18. 3. 1976, p. 16.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No 125, 11. 7. 1966, p. 2309/66.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 196, 26. 7. 1975, p. 6.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 169, 10. 7. 1969, p. 3.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 164, 27. 6. 1975, p. 43.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 162, 23. 6. 1976, p. 27.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 162, 23. 6. 1976, p. 10.

⁽¹³⁾ OJ No L 162, 23. 6. 1976, p. 1.

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee on Common Customs Tariff Nomenclature,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The entry of potatoes, hybrid maize and oil seeds and oleaginous fruit respectively under the following subheadings of the Common Customs Tariff shall be subject to the conditions laid down in Articles 2 to 5 :

- 07.01 A I Seed potatoes,
- 10.05 A Hybrid maize for sowing,
- 12.01 A Oil seeds and oleaginous fruit, whole or broken, for sowing.

Article 2

Seed potatoes shall satisfy the conditions laid down in accordance with Article 15 of Council Directive 66/403/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of seed potatoes, as last amended by Directive 76/307/EEC.

Article 3

Hybrid maize for sowing shall satisfy the conditions laid down in accordance with Article 16 of Council Directive 66/402/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of cereal seed, as last amended by Directive 75/444/EEC.

Article 4

Oil seeds and oleaginous fruit for sowing shall satisfy the conditions laid down in accordance with Article 15 of Council Directive 69/208/EEC of 30 June 1969 on the marketing of seed of oil and fibre plants, as last amended by Directive 75/444/EEC.

Article 5

Hybrid maize, oil seeds and oleaginous fruit of a kind to which the provisions of the abovementioned Directives 66/402/EEC and 69/208/EEC do not apply shall only be entered under subheadings 10.05 A or 12.01 A if the party concerned proves to the satisfaction of the competent authorities of the Member States that these products are in practice intended for sowing.

Article 6

Each Member State shall inform the Commission of the steps taken by its central administration for the purposes of applying this Regulation.

The Commission shall forthwith communicate this information to the other Member States.

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 July 1977.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1537/77**of 4 July 1977****determining the conditions of entry of bolting cloth, not made up, under subheading 59.17 B of the Common Customs Tariff**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 97/69 of 16 January 1969 on measures to be taken for uniform application of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 280/77 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 3 and 4 thereof,

Whereas the Common Customs Tariff annexed to Council Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 of 28 June 1968 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 ⁽⁴⁾, covers bolting cloth, whether or not made up, falling within subheading 59.17 B; whereas entry of bolting cloth, not made up, under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities; whereas, in order to ensure uniform application of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff, provisions specifying those conditions must be laid down;

Whereas, in order to achieve the objective in view, marking in accordance with precise technical instructions need be the only condition required;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee on Common Customs Tariff Nomenclature,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The entry of bolting cloth, not made up, under subheading 59.17 B of the Common Customs Tariff shall be subject to the condition that it is marked in the manner shown in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 July 1977.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 14, 21. 1. 1969, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 40, 11. 2. 1977, p. 1.

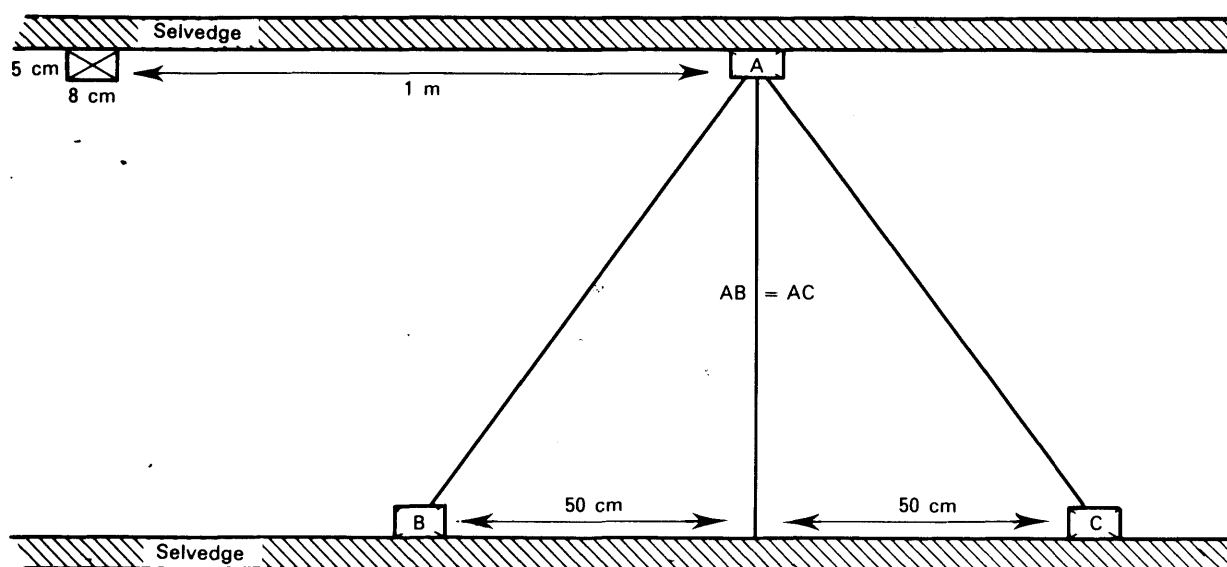
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 172, 22. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 4.

ANNEX

Marking of bolting cloth, not made up

A mark consisting of a rectangle and its diagonals must be reproduced at regular intervals along both edges of the fabric — without encroaching on the selvages — in such a way that the distance between two consecutive marks, measured between the adjacent ends of the rectangles, is not more than one metre and that the marks on one edge are staggered so as to be half way between those on the other edge (the centre of each mark must be equidistant from the centre of the two nearest marks on the opposite edge). Each mark is to be so positioned that the long sides of the rectangle are parallel to the warp of the fabric (see sketch below).



The thickness of the lines forming the sides of the rectangle must be 5 mm, and that of the diagonals 7 mm. The rectangle measured from the outer edge of the lines must be at least 8 cm in length and 5 cm in width.

The marks must be printed in a single colour contrasting with the colour of the fabric and must be indelible.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1538/77**of 8 July 1977****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 3138/76⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1882/76⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1882/76 to the

offer prices and today's quotations known to the
Commission that the levies at present in force should
be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the table
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 July 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 354, 24. 12. 1976, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 206, 31. 7. 1976, p. 62.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 8 July 1977 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	96.83
10.01 B	Durum wheat	141.39 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	78.74 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	74.66
10.04	Oats	64.14
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	77.64 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	81.97 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	82.71 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	147.73
11.01 B	Rye flour	122.39
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	229.65
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	157.85

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments, the levy is reduced by 6 u.a./tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2754/75 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1539/77

of 8 July 1977

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 3138/76⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
1883/76⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in

force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered as shown in the tables annexed to this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The scale of the premiums to be added, pursuant to
Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, to the
import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals
and malt is hereby fixed as shown in the tables
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 July 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 354, 24. 12. 1976, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 206, 31. 7. 1976, p. 64.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 8 July 1977 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10	4th period 11
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1540/77

of 8 July 1977

fixing the import levies on isoglucose

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1111/77 of 17 May 1977 laying down common provi-
sions for isoglucose ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 3 (4)
thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EEC)
No 1111/77, a levy is to be charged on imports of the
products specified in Article 1 of that Regulation;
whereas this levy is to consist of a fixed component
and a variable component;

Whereas these components are defined in Article 3 (1)
of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77; whereas, pursuant
to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1469/77 of 30
June 1977 laying down rules for applying the levy
and the refund in respect of isoglucose and amending
Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 ⁽²⁾, the fixed component
referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No
1111/77 must be equal to that used for fixing the
import levy on products falling within subheading
17.02 B II a) of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas the levy must be fixed each month;

Whereas to enable the system of levies to function
normally the levies should be calculated using:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other, at any given moment
within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based
on their effective parity,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each
of these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation of the Community currencies referred to
in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas in view of the foregoing the levies on isoglu-
cose shall be fixed as shown in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The levies referred to in Article 3 (4) of Regulation
(EEC) No 1111/77 shall be fixed as indicated in the
Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 July 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 9.

*ANNEX***to the Commission Regulation of 8 July 1977 fixing the import levies on isoglucose**

<i>(in u.a.)</i>		
CCT heading No	Description of goods	Levy per 100 kg of dry matter
17.02 D I	Isoglucose	32.87
17.05 C I	Flavoured or coloured isoglucose	32.87

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1541/77

of 8 July 1977

opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of common wheat as food aid for Ethiopia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3138/76⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down the conditions for the mobilization of cereals as food aid⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas on 8 February 1977 the Council of the European Communities declared that by way of Community action it proposed to grant Ethiopia 2 500 tonnes of common wheat under its 1976/77 food-aid programme;

Whereas pursuant to Article 3 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 the goods may be purchased anywhere on the Community market;

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender should be for supply of the products delivered in the ship's hold at the port of unloading;

Whereas tenders may be submitted by tenderers established in any Member State of the Community and may relate to products mobilized anywhere within those Member States; whereas, in view of the currency situation in the Member States and in order to ensure that the tenders are as comparable as possible, account should be taken of the effect on each tender of the currency situation in the Member State in which the customs export formalities will be completed;

Whereas the contract should be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms;

Whereas in case it should be impossible for reasons of *force majeure* to complete the operation in question within the set time limits, it must be made clear who is to bear any costs resulting therefrom;

Whereas provision should be made for security to be given to guarantee fulfilment of the obligations arising by virtue of participation in the invitation to tender;

Whereas the French intervention agency should be made responsible for the tendering procedure in question;

Whereas the Commission must be informed quickly of the tenders submitted in response to the invitation and of those accepted by the intervention agency;

Whereas the Monetary Committee will be consulted; whereas, in view of the urgency, the measures envisaged should be adopted in accordance with the conditions laid down in Article 3 (2) of Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Tenderers are hereby invited for the supply, by way of Community food-aid action, to the Republic of Tunisia of 2 500 tonnes of common wheat.
2. The tendering procedure shall take place in the Republic of France in one lot.
3. The product shall be mobilized on the Community market.
4. Shipment shall be from any Community port.
5. The invitation to tender provided for in paragraph 1 is for supply of products removed from the ship's hold at the port of unloading.

The recipient country shall bear all costs subsequent to delivery of the goods, including unloading costs (such as unstowing, hoisting and reception) and any lighterage costs.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 354, 24. 12. 1976, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

6. The successful tenderer shall deliver the products specified in paragraph 1 to the port of Assab or Djibouti at the recipient country's option in new jute sacks of a net capacity of 50 kilograms.

Minimum weight of the sacks shall be 600 grams. The following shall be printed on the sacks:

'Common wheat — Gift of the European Economic Community to Ethiopia — For free distribution'.

To allow for the possibility of re-bagging, the successful tenderer shall supply 2 % of new empty sacks, of the same quality as those containing the goods but with the printing followed by a capital letter 'R'.

Article 2

1. The decision on tenders received in response to the invitation provided for in Article 1 shall be taken on 22 July 1977.

2. The closing date for submission of tenders shall be 22 July 1977 at 12 noon.

3. The notice of invitation to tender shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* not less than nine days before the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 3

1. The prices offered must be expressed in the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender was issued.

2. Tenders must in particular mention the Member State in which the tenderer, in the event of his being declared successful, expects to complete the customs export formalities for the products concerned.

3. For the purpose of rendering the tenders comparable, the prices shall, where appropriate, be corrected by the monetary compensatory amount and the accession compensatory amount applicable on the closing date for submission of tenders to exports from the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to paragraph 2.

Such correction shall be made by:

- increasing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has depreciated or a new Member State,
- reducing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has been revalued.

The monetary compensatory amount shall, where appropriate, be converted into the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued using:

- in the case when the currencies concerned are kept at any given moment within a band of 2.25 % a conversion rate resulting from their central rate,

- in the other cases, the average of the spot rates of the currencies concerned recorded in the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued during a period from the Wednesday of one week to the Tuesday of the following week being the period immediately preceding the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 4

The contract shall be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms, taking into consideration the adjustment referred to in Article 3 (3).

However, if the tenders submitted do not appear to reflect normal market prices and costs, the intervention agency may cancel the invitation to tender.

Article 5

1. The tenderer shall give security of a value of five units of account per tonne of goods.

It shall be released:

- in the case of all tenderers whose tenders are unsuccessful or are not accepted,
- in the case of the successful tenderer, when the operations concerned have been carried out within the prescribed time limit and on submission of the original export licence duly granted and endorsed by the competent authorities of the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to Article 3 (2),
- in the case of the successful tenderer for quantities not supplied by reason of *force majeure*.

2. The security required under paragraph 1 may be provided in the form of a cash deposit or of a guarantee issued by a credit institution conforming to criteria laid down by each Member State.

Article 6

The product referred to in Article 1 must be of fair and sound merchantable quality and correspond at least to the standard quality for which the intervention price is fixed, except that the moisture content shall not exceed 14 % and that a maximum of 3 % of sprouted grains and 1.5 % of miscellaneous impurities shall be allowed.

Article 7

1. The French intervention agency shall be responsible for organizing the invitation to tender provided for by this Regulation.

2. It shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the list of firms which have responded to the invitation to tender, specifying the terms of each tender, together with the name and business name of the successful tenderer.

3. Where the customs export formalities for the mobilized product are completed in a Member State other than that in which the invitation to tender is issued, the intervention agency of the latter Member State shall be responsible for the operations following tendering, including payment to the successful tenderer.

In this case, the intervention agency choosing the successful tenderer shall immediately inform the intervention agency of the Member State concerned and shall supply it with all the information which it may require.

Furthermore, the amount of the successful tender shall be paid after it has been converted using the average of the spot rates referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 3 (3) to the tenderer in the currency of the Member State in which the operations relating to the tendering are completed.

4. The intervention agency shall request the successful tenderer to supply the following information :

- (a) after each shipment a certificate showing the quantities dispatched and the quality of the products ;
- (b) the date of the departure of the ships ; the expected date of arrival of the products at their destination ;

- (c) all possible contingencies which might occur during transportation of the products.

The intervention agency shall transmit the information provided for to the Commission as soon as it is received.

5. When the intervention agency responsible for the operations relating to tendering is not the intervention agency which appoints the successful tenderer, it shall send as soon as possible to the latter the information necessary for releasing the security.

Article 8

As regards this tender the intervention agency is authorized to make an initial payment of 80 % of the value of the quantity given in the bill of lading, on presentation of that document and subject to the taking of a security for an amount equal to the initial payment.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1542/77

of 8 July 1977

opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of common wheat as food aid for the Cape Verde Islands

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3138/76⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down the conditions for the mobilization of cereals as food aid⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas on 8 February 1977 the Council of the European Communities declared that by way of Community action it proposed to grant the Cape Verde Islands 2 000 tonnes of common wheat under its 1976/77 food-aid programme;

Whereas pursuant to Article 3 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 the goods may be purchased anywhere on the Community market;

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender should be for supply of the products delivered in the ship's hold at the port of unloading;

Whereas tenders may be submitted by tenderers established in any Member State of the Community and may relate to products mobilized anywhere within those Member States; whereas, in view of the currency situation in the Member States and in order to ensure that the tenders are as comparable as possible, account should be taken of the effect on each tender of the currency situation in the Member State in which the customs export formalities will be completed;

Whereas the award under the invitation to tender must be made in favour of the tenderer offering the best terms;

Whereas, should *force majeure* make it possible to complete the operation in question within the set time limits, it should be made clear who is to bear the liability for any resulting costs;

Whereas provisions should be made for security to be given for the purpose of guaranteeing that the obliga-

tions arising by virtue of participation in the invitation to tender will be fulfilled;

Whereas the French invitation agency should be made responsible for the tendering procedure in question;

Whereas the Commission must be informed quickly of the tenders submitted in response to the invitation and of those accepted by the intervention agency;

Whereas the Monetary Committee will be consulted; whereas, in view of the urgency, the measures envisaged should be adopted in accordance with the conditions laid down in Article 3 (2) of Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the supply to the Cape Verde Islands by way of Community food-aid action of 2 000 tonnes of common wheat.

2. The tendering procedure shall take place in France in one lot. The product shall be mobilized on the Community market. The product shall be loaded for the departure from any Community port.

3. The invitation to tender provided for in paragraph 1 is for supply of products removed from the ship's hold at the port of Sao Vincente.

The recipient country shall bear all costs subsequent to delivery of the goods, including unloading costs (such as unstowing, hoisting and reception) and any lighterage costs.

4. The product shall be delivered in bulk.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 354, 24. 12. 1976, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

Article 2

1. The decision on tenders received in response to the invitation provided for in Article 1 shall be taken on 22 July 1977.
2. The closing date for submission of tenders shall be 22 July 1977 at 12 noon.
3. The notice of invitation to tender shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* not less than nine days before the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 3

1. The prices offered must be expressed in the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender was issued.
2. Tenders must in particular mention the Member State in which the tenderer, in the event of his being declared successful, expects to complete the customs export formalities for the products concerned.
3. For the purpose of rendering the tenders comparable, the prices shall, where appropriate, be corrected by the monetary compensatory amount and the accession compensatory amount applicable on the closing date for submission of tenders to exports from the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to paragraph 2;

Such correction shall be made by:

- increasing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has depreciated or a new Member State,
- reducing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has been revalued.

The monetary compensatory amount shall, where appropriate, be converted into the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued using:

- in the case when the currencies concerned are kept at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a conversion rate resulting from their central rate,
- in the other cases, the average of the spot rates of the currencies concerned recorded in the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued during a period from the Wednesday of one week to the Tuesday of the following week being the period immediately preceding the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 4

The contract shall be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms, taking into consideration the adjustment referred to in Article 3 (3).

However, if the tenders submitted do not appear to reflect normal market prices and costs, the intervention agency may cancel the invitation to tender.

Article 5

1. The tenderer shall give security in an amount of five units of account per tonne of goods.

It shall be released:

- in the case of all tenderers whose tenders are unsuccessful or are not accepted,
- in the case of the successful tenderer, when the operations concerned have been carried out within the prescribed time limit and on submission of the original export licence duly granted and endorsed by the competent authorities of the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to Article 3 (2),
- in the case of the successful tenderer for quantities not supplied by reason of *force majeure*.

2. The security required under paragraph 1 may be provided in the form of a cash deposit or of a guarantee issued by a credit institution conforming to criteria laid down by each Member State.

Article 6

The common wheat referred to in Article 1 must be of fair and sound merchantable quality and correspond at least to the standard quality for which the intervention price is fixed, except that the moisture content shall not exceed 15.5 % and that a maximum of 3 % of sprouted grains and 1.5 % of miscellaneous impurities shall be allowed.

Article 7

1. The French intervention agency shall be responsible for organizing the invitation to tender provided for by this Regulation.

2. It shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the list of firms which have responded to the invitation to tender, specifying the terms of each tender, together with the name and business name of the successful tenderer.

3. Where the customs export formalities for the mobilized product are completed in a Member State other than that in which the invitation to tender is issued, the intervention agency of the latter Member State shall be responsible for the operations following tendering, including payment to the successful tenderer.

In such case the intervention agency choosing the successful tenderer shall immediately inform the intervention agency of the Member State concerned and shall supply it with all the information which it may require.

Furthermore, the amount of the successful tender shall be paid after it has been converted using the average of the spot rates referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 3 (3) to the tenderer in the

currency of the Member State in which the operations relating to the tendering are completed.

4. The intervention agency shall request the successful tenderer to supply the following information :

- (a) after each shipment a certificate showing the quantities dispatched and the quality of the products ;
- (b) the date of departure of the ships ;
- (c) all possible contingencies which might occur during transportation of the products.

The information indicated above shall be forwarded by the intervention agency to the Commission immediately upon receipt.

5. When the intervention agency responsible for the operations relating to tendering is not the interven-

tion agency which appoints the successful tenderer, it shall send as soon as possible to the latter the information necessary for releasing the security.

Article 8

As regards this tender the intervention agency is authorized to make an initial payment of 80 % of the value of the quantity given in the bill of lading, on presentation of that document and subject to the taking of a security for an amount equal to the initial payment.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1543/77
of 8 July 1977
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1110/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (7) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1436/77⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1534/77⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1436/77

to the information at present available to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The levies referred to in Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 are, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 July 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 161, 1. 7. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 170, 8. 7. 1977, p. 19.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 8 July 1977 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

(u.a./100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description of goods	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, solid:	
	A. White sugar	25.02
	B. Raw sugar	20.68 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 %; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

EURONORMS

The Commission of the European Communities (ECSC) has published the following new EURONORMS in German, English, French, Italian and Dutch. The EURONORMS which are available up to the present in English are indicated by an asterisk (*).

Sales prices valid from 1 July 1976.

		Price in £
Circulaire d'information n° 1	Echantillons types pour les analyses chimiques des produits sidérurgiques, 2 ^e édition (1974)	1-45
EURONORM 20-74	Définitions et classification des nuances d'aciers, 2 ^e édition	0-85
EURONORM 27-74	Désignation conventionnelle des aciers, 3 ^e édition	1-20
(*) EURONORM 92-75	Hot-rolled flats for spring leaves	0-60
EURONORM 94-73	Aciers pour roulements — Prescriptions de qualité	0-60
(*) EURONORM 107-75	Grain oriented magnetic sheet and strip	2-20
(*) EURONORM 117-75	Calibration of reference blocks for use with Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1-70
EURONORM 118-75	Méthodes de détermination des caractéristiques magnétiques des tôles magnétiques à l'aide du cadre Epstein de 25 cm	1-70
EURONORM 119-74	Aciers pour frappe à froid et extrusion à froid — Prescriptions de qualité — fasc. 1 à fasc. 5	4-40
(*) EURONORM 122-75	Verification of Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1-70
(*) EURONORM 123-75	High temperature tests — Creep test for steel	1-10

The following is a list of all the EURONORMS so far published :

EURONORM 1-55	Fontes et ferro-alliages	1-35
EURONORM 2-57	Essai de traction pour l'acier	0-85
EURONORM 3-55	Essai de dureté Brinell pour l'acier	0-60
EURONORM 4-55	Essai de dureté Rockwell échelles B et C pour l'acier	0-60
EURONORM 5-55	Essai de dureté Vickers pour l'acier	0-60
EURONORM 6-55	Essai de pliage pour l'acier	0-60
EURONORM 7-55	Essai de résilience Charpy pour l'acier	0-60
EURONORM 8-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives de la durée et de la résistance à la traction de l'acier	0-60
EURONORM 9-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des allongements après rupture de l'acier	0-60
EURONORM 10-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des résiliences de l'acier	0-60
EURONORM 11-55	Essai de traction sur tôles et feuillards en acier d'une épaisseur de 0,5 mm inclus à 3 mm exclu	0-75
EURONORM 12-55	Essai de pliage des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0-60
EURONORM 13-55	Essai de pliage alterné des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0-60
EURONORM 14-67	Essai d'emboutissage à flans bloqués	0-60
EURONORM 15-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Examen de la surface	0-60
EURONORM 16-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Nuances et qualités	0-75
EURONORM 17-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Dimensions et tolérances	1-60
EURONORM 18-57	Prélèvements et préparation des échantillons et des éprouvettes	0-60
EURONORM 19-57	Poutrelles IPE — Poutrelles à ailes parallèles	0-60
EURONORM 21-62	Conditions générales techniques de livraison pour les produits en acier	0-60
EURONORM 22-70	Détermination ou vérification de la limite d'élasticité de l'acier à température élevée	0-75
EURONORM 23-71	Essai de trempabilité par trempe en bout de l'acier — Essai Jominy	1-35
EURONORM 24-62	Poutrelles normales et profilés en U normaux — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 25-72	Aciers de construction d'usage général	1-85
EURONORM 26-63	Essais conventionnels de dureté Rockwell pour tôles et feuillards minces en acier	0-60
EURONORM 28-69	Tôles et bandes en aciers non alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1-20

EURONORM	29-69	Tôles en acier laminées à chaud d'épaisseur égale ou supérieure à 3 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-85
EURONORM	30-69	Demi-produits pour forges en aciers de construction d'usage général — Nuances et qualités	1-00
EURONORM	31-69	Demi-produits pour forges — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM	32-66	Tôles minces en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Norme de qualité	1-10
EURONORM	33-70	Tôles et larges bandes d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm, en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Tolérances sur les dimensions et sur la forme	0-75
EURONORM	34-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM	35-62	Barres et laminés marchands d'usage courant — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM	36-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM	37-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gazométrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-75
EURONORM	38-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone de trempe et du graphite dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique et volumétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM	39-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode titrimétrique après oxydation au persulfate	0-60
EURONORM	40-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60
EURONORM	41-65	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du phosphore dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode alcalimétrique	0-60
EURONORM	42-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du soufre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-75
EURONORM	43-72	Tôles et bandes en aciers alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1-10
EURONORM	44-63	Poutrelles IPE laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM	45-63	Essai de choc sur éprouvette bi-appuyée à entaille en V	0-60
EURONORM	46-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers doux non alliés — Norme de qualité, prescriptions générales	1-10
EURONORM	47-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers de construction d'usage général — Norme de qualité	1-10
EURONORM	48-65	Feuillards laminés à chaud en aciers non alliés — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM	49-72	Mesure de la rugosité des produits minces en acier laminés à froid et non revêtus	0-60
EURONORM	50-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'azote dans les aciers — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-85
EURONORM	51-70	Bandes laminées à chaud de largeur égale ou supérieure à 600 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM	52-67	Vocabulaire du traitement thermique	8-15
EURONORM	53-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à face parallèles	0-60
EURONORM	54-63	Petits fers U laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	55-63	Fers T à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	56-65	Cornières à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	57-65	Cornières à ailes inégales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	58-64	Plats laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM	59-64	Carrés laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM	60-65	Ronds laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM	61-71	Hexagones laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	65-67	Barres rondes laminées à chaud pour vis et rivets	0-60
EURONORM	66-67	Demi-ronds et demi-ronds aplatis, laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	67-69	Plats à boudins laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	70-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM	71-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode électrométrique	0-60
EURONORM	72-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'aluminium dans les aciers — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60

EURONORM 74-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du cuivre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 76-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-60
EURONORM 77-63	Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Normes de qualité	1-00
EURONORM 78-63	Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Tolérances sur dimensions	0-60
EURONORM 79-69	Définitions et classification des produits sidérurgiques par formes et dimensions	0-85
EURONORM 80-69	Aciers pour armatures passives du béton — Prescriptions de qualité	1-10
EURONORM 81-69	Ronds à béton lisses laminés à chaud — Dimensions, poids, tolérances	0-60
EURONORM 83-70	Aciers pour trempe et revenu — Prescriptions de qualité	2-70
EURONORM 84-70	Aciers de cémentation — Prescriptions de qualité	2-20
EURONORM 85-70	Aciers de nitruration — Prescriptions de qualité	1-00
EURONORM 86-70	Aciers pour trempe par induction et au chalumeau — Prescriptions de qualité	1-70
EURONORM 87-70	Aciers de décolletage — Prescriptions de qualité (fascicules 1 à 4)	2-20
EURONORM 88-71	Aciers inoxydables — Prescriptions de qualité	1-85
EURONORM 89-71	Aciers alliés pour ressorts formés à chaud et traités — Prescriptions de qualité	1-10
EURONORM 90-71	Aciers pour soupapes d'échappement de moteurs à combustion interne — Prescriptions de qualité	0-85
EURONORM 91-70	Larges plats laminés à chaud — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM 93-71	Barres rondes, carrées, plates et hexagonales laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 98-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans le ferromanganèse — Méthode électrométrique	0-60
EURONORM 100-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du chrome dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 103-71	Détermination micrographique de la grosseur du grain ferritique ou austénitique des aciers	3-15
EURONORM 104-70	Détermination de la profondeur de décarburation des aciers de construction non alliés et faiblement alliés	0-60
EURONORM 105-71	Détermination et vérification de la profondeur conventionnelle de cémentation	0-60
EURONORM 106-71	Bandes et tôles magnétiques à grains non orientés laminées à froid et à chaud	1-70
EURONORM 108-72	Fil machine rond en acier pour articles de boulonnerie formés à froid — Dimensions et tolérances	0-60
EURONORM 109-72	Essais conventionnels de dureté Rockwell — Échelles Rockwell HRN et HRT — Échelles Rockwell HRB' et HR 30 T' pour produits minces	1-10
EURONORM 113-72	Aciers de construction soudables de qualité spéciale — Fascicules 1 à 3	2-20
EURONORM 114-72	Détermination de la résistance à la corrosion intergranulaire des aciers inoxydables austénitiques — Essai de corrosion en milieu acide sulfurique-sulfate cuivrique (essai dit de Monypenny-Strauß)	0-60
EURONORM 116-72	Détermination de la profondeur conventionnelle de trempe après chauffage superficiel	0-60
EURONORM 120-72	Tôles et bandes pour bouteilles à gaz soudées en acier	0-60
EURONORM 121-72	Détermination de la résistance à l'attaque intergranulaire des aciers inoxydables austénitiques - Essai de corrosion en milieu nitrique par mesure de perte de masse (Essai dit de Huey)	0-60

These publications can be obtained from the national standards institutions, viz.

in the Federal Republic of Germany :

Beuth-Vertrieb GmbH
Burggrafenstraße 4-7, 1 Berlin 30

in Belgium and Luxembourg :

Institut belge de normalisation — IBN —
29, avenue de la Brabançonne, 1040 Bruxelles

in France :

Association française de normalisation — AFNOR —
Tour Europe, Cedex 7, 92 080 Paris - La Défense

in Italy :

Ente nazionale italiano di unificazione — UNI —
Piazza A. Diaz, 2, Milan

in the Netherlands :

Nederlands Normalisatie-Instituut — NNI —
Rijswijk (ZH), Polakweg 5

in the United Kingdom :

British Standards Institution (BSI),
2 Park Street, London W1A 2BS

Interested residents of third countries are asked to contact the Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, Boîte postale 1003, Luxembourg 1.