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It will be necessary to publish several editions carrying the same date.

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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2874/77
of 19 December 1977
laying down special measures in respect of castor seeds

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽²⁾,

Whereas castor seed production is becoming of increasing importance to the Community; whereas to promote this production, which is in direct competition with castor seeds imported at zero duty from third countries, appropriate support measures should be introduced;

Whereas, to this end, the disposal of their crops to the market must guarantee Community producers a fair return, the level of which can be defined by a guide price; whereas the difference over a representative period between this price and the price of castor seeds on the world market represents the amount of aid which must be granted to attain the desired objective;

Whereas, to facilitate application of this system, the aid should be granted to castor seed processing undertakings; whereas, so that the producers may benefit from such aid, granting thereof should be made subject to the conclusion with the producers of contracts providing for a minimum purchasing price;

Whereas provision should be made for the Community to bear, under the rules governing the financing of the common agricultural policy, the expenditure incurred by the Member States as a result of the obligations arising out of the implementation of this Regulation;

Whereas the period of validity of these aid arrangements should be restricted to the time required to assess its effectiveness,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Before 1 August each year, in respect of the marketing year commencing the following year, there shall be fixed for the Community, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 43 (2) of the Treaty, a guide price for castor seeds falling within subheading 12.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff.

However, for the marketing year 1978/79, this price shall be fixed before 1 April 1978.

The guide price shall be fixed at a fair level for producers, having regard to the supply requirements of the Community.

2. The guide price shall remain in force throughout the marketing year; this shall cover the period 1 October to 30 September.

3. The guide price shall refer to a standard quality. This quality shall be defined by the Council in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 43 (2) of the Treaty.

Article 2

1. When the guide price for a marketing year is higher than the world market price for castor seeds, as determined in accordance with Article 3, aid equal to the difference between these two prices shall be granted for castor seeds harvested and processed in the Community.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 266, 7. 11. 1977, p. 27.

⁽²⁾ Opinion delivered on 27 October 1977 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

2. The aid shall be granted only to seed-processing undertakings which :

- meet the conditions laid down for entitlement to the aid, and
- have concluded with individual or associated castor-seed producers contracts stipulating a price at least equal to the minimum price referred to below.

This minimum price shall be fixed at a level guaranteeing sales for seed producers at a price as close as possible to the guide price, taking into account market fluctuations and the cost of transporting the seeds from the production areas to the processing areas.

3. The aid shall be paid by the Member State on whose territory the seeds are processed.

4. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall each year fix the minimum price referred to in paragraph 2 at the same time as the guide price referred to in Article 1.

The same procedure shall be used to lay down :

- (a) general rules for granting the aid ;
- (b) detailed rules for checking entitlement to the aid ;
- (c) the conditions referred to in the first indent of paragraph 2.

5. The amount of the aid and also the detailed rules for implementing this Article, particularly in respect of the standard provisions to which the contracts referred to in paragraph 2 must conform, shall be determined in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 38 of Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77 ⁽²⁾.

Article 3

The world market price for castor seeds, calculated at a frontier crossing point in the Community, shall be determined on the basis of the most favourable

purchasing possibilities during the most representative period for the sale of seeds of Community origin.

The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall lay down the criteria for determining the world market price.

Detailed rules for the implementation of this Article shall be determined in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 38 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC.

Article 4

The Member States and the Commission shall exchange all information necessary for the implementation of this Regulation. This information shall be compiled in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 38 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC. The detailed rules concerning the notification and circulation of such information shall be drawn up in accordance with the same procedure.

Article 5

The provisions concerning the financing of the common agriculture agricultural policy shall apply to the aid arrangements provided for in this Regulation.

Article 6

The aid arrangements provided for in this Regulation shall apply with effect from 1 October 1978 until the end of the 1983/84 marketing year. Before the end of 1982 the Council shall, on the basis of a report submitted by the Commission on the effectiveness of the special measures for castor seeds and acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, decide whether to maintain and, if necessary, amend these arrangements.

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 December 1977.

For the Council

The President

H. SIMONET

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2875/77
of 19 December 1977

**extending the term of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3310/75 on agriculture in
the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Protocol on the Grand Duchy of
Luxembourg,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
541/70 of 20 March 1970 on agriculture in the Grand
Duchy of Luxembourg ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
3310/75 of 16 December 1975 on agriculture in the
Grand Duchy of Luxembourg ⁽²⁾, as amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 3166/76 ⁽³⁾, and in particular the
second paragraph of Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, under the second subparagraph of Article 1
(1) of the Protocol on the Grand Duchy of Luxem-
bourg, Belgium, Luxembourg and the Netherlands are
to apply the system provided for in the third para-
graph of Article 6 of the Convention on the economic
union of Belgium and Luxembourg of 25 July 1921 ;
whereas Regulations (EEC) No 541/70, (EEC) No
3535/73 ⁽⁴⁾, (EEC) No 3192/74 ⁽⁵⁾, (EEC) No 3310/75
and (EEC) No 3166/76 provide that such system is to
remain applicable until full harmonization of specific

duties on wine in the Community is achieved, but not
beyond 31 December 1977 ; whereas, however, the
Council has to decide to what extent these provisions
should be retained, amended or discontinued ;

Whereas at the present time the harmonization of
specific duties on wine in the Community has not
been achieved ; whereas the application of the said
system in favour of Luxembourg wines will continue
to be of benefit to the agricultural income of the
Grand Duchy of Luxembourg in the sector con-
cerned ;

Whereas, having regard to the other reasons set out in
Regulations (EEC) No 541/70 and (EEC) No 3310/75,
the term of this latter Council Regulation should now
be extended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

In the first paragraph of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC)
No 3310/75 '31 December 1978' shall be substituted
for '31 December 1977'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 December 1977.

For the Council

The President

H. SIMONET

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 68, 25. 3. 1970, p. 3.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 328, 20. 12. 1975, p. 12.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 357, 29. 12. 1976, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 361, 29. 12. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 341, 20. 12. 1974, p. 6.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2876/77

of 20 December 1977

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1978)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament⁽¹⁾,

Whereas on 20 December 1977 the Council decided to open two Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco; whereas the respective quota volumes and duties are fixed at 14 000 tonnes free of duty and 6 000 tonnes at a duty rate of 10 %; whereas these tariff quotas are to apply from 1 January 1978 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community arrangements for imports of the products in question are applied, or until 31 December 1978, whichever shall be the earliest; whereas these Community tariff quotas should therefore be opened;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quotas have been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products concerned, such allocation would be in proportion to the needs of the Member States, assessed by reference both to the statistics of each State's imports from Morocco over a representative period and to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each

of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member State	1974	1975	1976
Benelux	10.0	11.0	11.3
Denmark	0.2	0.3	0.3
Germany	11.3	10.6	23.3
France	62.2	55.7	56.1
Ireland	0.1	0.5	0.5
Italy	3.0	1.4	0.2
United Kingdom	13.2	20.5	8.3

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Member State	Of the quota of 14 000 tonnes	Of the quota of 6 000 tonnes
Benelux	13.49	9.54
Denmark	0.28	0.28
Germany	13.33	13.33
France	59.52	42.59
Ireland	0.36	0.37
Italy	0.64	1.48
United Kingdom	12.38	32.41

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the different Member States, each of the quota amounts should be divided into two instalments, the first instalment being allocated among the Member States and the second forming a reserve intended ultimately to cover the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security for importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community quotas should be determined at a level which, under present circumstances, may be 90 % of each of the quota amounts;

Whereas the initial quota shares of the Member States may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State having used up almost the whole of any one of its initial quota shares should

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 299, 12. 12. 1977, p. 60.

draw an additional quota share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State when each of its additional quota shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional quota shares must be available for use until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration calls for close cooperation between Member States and the Commission, which must, in particular, be able to observe the extent to which the quota amounts are used and inform Member States thereof;

Whereas, if, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity of the initial share remains in any Member State, it is essential that that State should return a significant proportion to the reserve in order to avoid part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January 1978 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1978, whichever shall be the earliest, a duty-free Community tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes shall be opened for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. From 1 January 1978 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1978, whichever shall be the earliest, a Community tariff quota of 6 000 tonnes at a duty rate of 10 % shall be opened for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

Article 2

1. The tariff quotas laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1, shall be as follows:

(tonnes)

Member State	Article 1 (2)	
Benelux	1 700	515
Denmark	35	15
Germany	1 680	720
France	7 500	2 300
Ireland	45	20
Italy	80	80
United Kingdom	1 560	1 750
Total	12 600	5 400

3. The second instalment of each quota, 1 400 tonnes and 600 tonnes respectively, shall constitute the corresponding reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of one of the initial shares of a Member State, as laid down in Article 2 (2), or 90 % or more of that share less the amount returned into the corresponding reserve, where the provisions of Article 5 have been applied, has been exhausted, that Member State shall proceed without delay, by notifying the Commission, to draw a second share equal to 10 % of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after one or other of its initial shares has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall proceed in the manner specified in paragraph 1 to draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.

3. If, after one of its second shares has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall proceed in the manner specified in paragraph 1, to draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall be applied until the reserve is exhausted.

4. By way of derogation to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, the Member States may proceed to draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is any reason to believe that those shares might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of the reasons which led them to apply this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period defined in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1978, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1978, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a larger quantity if there are reasons to believe that such quantity might not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1978, notify the Commission of the total imports of the products concerned effected up to 15 September 1978 inclusive and charged against the Community quotas and, where appropriate, the proportion of their initial shares which is being returned to each reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall inform each of them of the extent to which the reserves have been used as soon as it receives the notifications.

The Commission shall, not later than 5 October 1978, notify Member States of the amount in each reserve after the return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up any reserve is limited to the balance available

and for this purpose, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the final drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that when additional shares are drawn pursuant to Article 3 it is possible for charges to be made without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community tariff quotas.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said goods established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of imports of the products in question originating in Morocco when entered for home use.

Article 8

At the Commission's request Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1977.

For the Council

The President

H. SIMONET

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2877/77

of 20 December 1977

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia (1978)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament⁽¹⁾,

Whereas on 20 December 1977 the Council decided to open a Community tariff quota for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia; whereas this quota is for a quantity of 100 tonnes free of duty; whereas this tariff quota is to apply from 1 January 1978 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters provided for in Article 18 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Tunisia, until such time as Community arrangements for imports of the products in question are applied or until 31 December 1978, whichever shall be the earliest; whereas this Community tariff quota should therefore be opened;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure importers of the Member States equal and uninterrupted access to the quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products in question into the Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas having regard to the above principles the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the tariff quota among the Member States; whereas to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by reference both to the statistics relating to imports from Tunisia over a representative reference period and to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages as

against the imports into the Community from Tunisia of the products concerned:

Member State	1974	1975	1976
Benelux	—	—	—
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	—	—	—
France	100 (= 36 t)	100 (= 33 t)	100 (= 14 t)
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	—	—

Whereas these data cannot be considered as representative to serve as a basis for allocation of the quota volume among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to estimate imports by Member States for 1978 because of the absence of any pattern in previous years; whereas, to allocate the quota volume on a fair basis, the initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	10 %
Denmark	3 %
Germany	15 %
France	50 %
Ireland	3 %
Italy	4 %
United Kingdom	15 %

Whereas, to take account of future import trends in the various Member States for the products concerned, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first instalment being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States which have used up their initial share; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security to importers of each Member State, the first instalment of the Community tariff quota could be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 299, 12. 12. 1977, p. 60.

and to avoid any break in continuity, it is important that any Member State which has used up almost all of its initial share should draw a supplementary share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State if each of its supplementary shares is almost used up, and as many times as the reserve allows; whereas each initial and supplementary share must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which the tariff quotas have been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity of the initial share remains in any Member State, it is essential that that State should return a significant proportion to the reserve in order to avoid part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January 1978 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 18 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Tunisia, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1978, whichever shall be the earliest, a duty-free Community tariff quota of 100 tonnes shall be opened for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment, amounting to 80 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until

the end of the period specified in Article 1, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	8
Denmark	2
Germany	12
France	40
Ireland	2
Italy	4
United Kingdom	12

3. The second instalment of 20 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of any Member State's initial share, as laid down in Article 2 (2), or 90 % or more of that share less the amount returned into the reserve, where Article 5 has been applied, has been exhausted, that Member State shall without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share in the quota equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit, where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after its initial share has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall be applied until the reserve is exhausted.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that these shares might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1978, return to the reserve the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1978, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that such portion may not be used in full.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1978, notify the Commission of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quota up to and including 15 September 1978, and where appropriate, the proportion of their initial shares that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep account of the shares opened by the Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall inform each of them of the extent to which the reserve has been used as soon as it receives the notifications.

The Commission shall, not later than 5 October 1978, notify the Member States of the state of the reserve after the return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, for this purpose, shall specify the amount thereof of the Member State which makes the final drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that supplementary shares drawn

pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that charges may be made without interruption against their accumulative shares of the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the said products established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products in question originating in Tunisia when entered for home use.

Article 8

At the Commission's request Member States shall inform it of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1977.

For the Council

The President

H. SIMONET

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2878/77

of 20 December 1977

fixing for the first four months of 1978 Community quantitative export quotas for certain types of copper ash and residues and for certain types of copper, aluminium and lead waste and scrap

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2603/69 of 20 December 1969 establishing common rules for exports ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 7 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1023/70 of 25 May 1970 establishing a common procedure for administering quantitative quotas ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, in order to avoid supply difficulties for certain types of copper ash and residues as well as for certain types of copper, aluminium and lead waste and scrap, Community quantitative export quotas were fixed by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3165/76 of 21 December 1976 ⁽³⁾, whereas these quotas remain in force until 31 December 1977;

Whereas the export arrangements to be established for 1978 for the products in question are still being

examined; whereas, pending the outcome of that examination, the abovementioned quantitative export quotas should be maintained in force for a short period; whereas Community quantitative export quotas for the said products should be fixed for the period in question and criteria laid down for their allocation;

Whereas the provisions relating to the control of trade within the Community laid down in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 223/77 of 22 December 1976 on the use of Community transit documents for the purpose of applying certain measures on the exportation of certain goods ⁽⁴⁾ apply only if the measures introducing export restrictions provide for their application,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Community quantitative export quotas shall be established as follows for the period 1 January to 30 April 1978:

CCT heading No	Description	Quantity (tonnes)
ex 26.03	Ash and residues of copper and copper alloys	5 501
ex 74.01	Waste and scrap of copper and copper alloys:	
	— Resulting from the breaking-up of ships registered in third countries or of ammunition sold by the armed forces of third countries	3 741
	— Other	6 036
76.01 B	Aluminium waste and scrap	1 164
78.01 B	Lead waste and scrap	494

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 324, 27. 12. 1969, p. 25.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 124, 8. 6. 1970, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 357, 29. 12. 1976, p. 11.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 38, 9. 2. 1977, p. 20.

Article 2

The quotas fixed in Article 1 shall be allocated according to the key adopted for 1977.

Article 3

Exports outside the Community of products listed in Article 1 obtained under inward processing arrangements within the meaning of Council Directive 69/73/EEC of 4 March 1969 on the harmonization of provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in respect of inward processing⁽¹⁾ and temporary exports for processing, working or repair in a third country of products which are to be reimported for home use within the customs territory of the Community (outward processing), shall be counted against the quota share of the exporting Member State.

Article 4

Regulation (EEC) No 223/77⁽²⁾ shall apply to movement within the Community of the products listed in Article 1.

Article 5

The Council shall decide in good time and in any case before 30 April 1978 on the measures to be taken after expiry of the validity of this Regulation as regards the export of the products listed in Article 1.

Article 6

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply until 30 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1977.

For the Council

The President

H. SIMONET

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 58, 8. 3. 1969, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 38, 9. 2. 1977, p. 20.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2879/77

of 23 December 1977

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1386/77⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13(5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1729/77⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1729/77 to the

offer prices and today's quotations known to the
Commission that the levies at present in force should
be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1(a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the table
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24
December 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 158, 29. 6. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 30. 7. 1977, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 December 1977 fixing the import levies on cereals
and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	87.05
10.01 B	Durum wheat	116.32 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	68.88 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	74.50
10.04	Oats	65.67
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	73.31 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	65.44 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	76.07 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	133.21
11.01 B	Rye flour	107.77
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	191.22
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	143.17

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments, the levy is reduced by 6 u.a./tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2880/77**of 23 December 1977****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1386/77⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
1730/77⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be

altered as shown in the tables annexed to this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The scale of the premiums to be added, pursuant to
Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, to the
import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals
and malt is hereby fixed as shown in the tables
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24
December 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 158, 29. 6. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 30. 7. 1977, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 December 1977 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Current 12	1st period 1	2nd period 2	3rd period 3
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0.69	0.69	0.69
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Current 12	1st period 1	2nd period 2	3rd period 3	4th period 4
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2881/77

of 23 December 1977

fixing the import levies on live cattle and beef and veal other than frozen meat

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 425/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12(8) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas under Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 a levy is applicable to the products specified in Article 1(1)(a) of that Regulation; whereas Article 12 fixes the amount of the levy applicable by reference to a percentage of the basic levy;

Whereas in respect of bovine animals the basic levy is determined on the basis of the difference between the guide price and the Community free-at-frontier offer price plus the amount of the customs duty; whereas the Community free-at-frontier offer price is determined in the light of the most representative purchasing possibilities, as regards quality and quantity, recorded over a certain period for bovine animals and for the fresh or chilled meat specified in section (a) of the Annex to the said Regulation under subheadings 02.01 A II a) 1 to 3, account being taken in particular of the position with respect to supply and demand, of world market prices for frozen meat of a category which is competitive with fresh or chilled meat and of past experience;

Whereas if it is found that the price of adult bovine animals on representative Community markets is higher than the guide price, the levy applicable equals the following percentage of the basic levy:

- (a) 75 % where the market price is less than or equal to 102 % of the guide price;
- (b) 50 % where the market price is more than 102 % and less than or equal to 104 % of the guide price;
- (c) 25 % where the market price is more than 104 % and less than or equal to 106 % of the guide price;
- (d) 0 % where the market price is more than 106 % of the guide price;

Whereas if it is found that the price of adult bovine animals on representative Community markets is equal to or less than the guide price, the levy applicable equals the following percentage of the basic levy:

- (a) 100 % where the market price is more than or equal to 98 % of the guide price;
- (b) 105 % where the market price is less than 98 % and more than or equal to 96 % of the guide price;
- (c) 110 % where the market price is less than 96 % and more than or equal to 90 % of the guide price;
- (d) 114 % where the market price is less than 90 % of the guide price;

Whereas pursuant to Article 10(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 the basic levy on the meat specified in sections (a), (c) and (d) of the Annex thereto is equal to the basic levy determined for bovine animals, multiplied by a standard coefficient fixed for each of the products in question; whereas these coefficients are fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 586/77⁽³⁾;

Whereas the guide prices for adult bovine animals to be applied from 2 May 1977 were fixed by Council Regulation (EEC) No 869/77 of 26 April 1977⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 586/77 of 18 March 1977 laying down the rules for the application of levies on beef and veal and amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff, stipulates that the basic levy is to be calculated according to the method set out in its Article 3 and on the basis of all the representative free-at-frontier offer prices of the Community determined for the products of each of the categories and cuts specified in Article 2 and established principally by reference to the prices specified in the customs documents accompanying products imported from third countries or from other information concerning export prices obtaining in those third countries;

Whereas, however, offer prices that do not correspond to real purchasing possibilities or that relate to unrepresentative quantities should not be taken into account; whereas offer prices should also be excluded

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 61, 5. 3. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 75, 23. 3. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 106, 29. 4. 1977, p. 12.

when the movement of prices in general or the information available suggests that they are unrepresentative of the true trend of prices in the country of origin;

Whereas in cases where for one or more categories of bovine animals or cuts of meat a free-at-frontier offer price cannot be established, the most recent available price should be used for the calculation;

Whereas if the free-at-frontier offer price differs by less than 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilograms of live weight from that previously listed for the calculation of the levy, the latter price should be retained;

Whereas pursuant to Article 10(3) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 a special basic levy is determined for certain third countries on the basis of the difference between the guide price and the average price recorded over a certain period plus the amount of the customs duty;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 611/77 of 18 March 1977⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 925/77⁽²⁾, provides that the special levy on products originating in and coming from Austria, Sweden and Switzerland should be determined on the basis of the weighted average of the prices of adult bovine animals recorded on the representative markets of those third countries; whereas the weighting coefficients and representative markets are specified in the Annexes to Regulation (EEC) No 611/77;

Whereas the average price is not to be used for calculating the special levy unless it is at least one unit of account per 100 kilograms of live weight more than the free-at-frontier offer price determined in accordance with Article 10(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68;

Whereas if the average price differs by less than 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilograms of live weight from that previously used to calculate the levy, the latter may be retained;

Whereas in cases where one or more of the abovementioned third countries adopt, for reasons of health for example, measures affecting the prices recorded on their markets, the Commission may use the latest prices recorded before the entry into force of such measures;

Whereas pursuant to Article 12(6) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 the price of adult bovine animals on representative Community markets is the price established on the basis of prices recorded over a period

to be determined on the representative market or markets of each Member State in respect of the various categories of adult bovine animals or of meat from such animals, after taking into account the size of each of these categories and the relative size of the bovine herd of each Member State;

Whereas the prices of adult bovine animals recorded on the representative market or markets of each Member State are equal to the average, weighted by the appropriate coefficients, of the prices for the various qualities of adult bovine animals or meat of such animals over a period of seven days in that Member State at a particular wholesale marketing stage; whereas the representative markets, categories and qualities of products and weighting coefficients are fixed in Annex II to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 610/77 of 18 March 1977 on the determination of prices of adult bovine animals on representative Community markets and the survey of prices of certain other cattle in the Community⁽³⁾;

Whereas, for Member States with several representative markets, the price of each category and quality is equal to the arithmetic mean of the prices recorded on each of those markets; whereas, for representative markets held several times in one period of seven days, the price of each category and quality is equal to the arithmetic mean of the prices recorded on each market day; whereas in respect of Italy the price of each category and quantity is equal to the average, weighted by the special weighting coefficients fixed in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 610/77, of the prices recorded in the surplus and deficit zones; whereas the price recorded in the surplus zone is equal to the arithmetic mean of the prices recorded on each of the markets within that zone; whereas in respect of the United Kingdom the weighted average prices of adult bovine animals recorded on the representative markets of Great Britain on the one hand and Northern Ireland on the other are adjusted by the coefficient fixed in the abovementioned Annex II;

Whereas prices for the different categories and qualities not obtained from prices which are 'live weight excluding tax' are multiplied by the live weight conversion coefficients fixed in Annex II to the said Regulation and, in the case of Italy, are first increased or reduced by the corrective amounts fixed in the said Annex;

Whereas if one or more Member States, for veterinary or health reasons for example, adopt measures affecting the normal trend of prices recorded on their markets the Commission may disregard the prices

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 77, 25. 3. 1977, p. 14.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 109, 30. 4. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 77, 25. 3. 1977, p. 1.

recorded on the market or markets in question, or use the latest prices recorded on the market or markets in question before the entry into force of such measures ;

Whereas in the absence of information, prices recorded on representative Community markets are determined mainly by reference to the most recently recorded prices ;

Whereas for such period as the price of adult bovine animals recorded on representative Community markets differs by less than 0.20 unit of account per 100 kilograms of live weight from the price previously used the latter is retained ;

Whereas the levies should be so fixed that the obligations arising from international agreements concluded by the Community continue to be fulfilled ; whereas, moreover, account should be taken of Regulation (EEC) No 2170/73 of 31 July 1973 on the conclusion of the Trade Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2862/77 ⁽²⁾ ;

Whereas the various cuts of beef and veal are defined in Regulation (EEC) No 586/77 ;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 33(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68, the nomenclature used in this Regulation is incorporated in the Common Customs Tariff ;

Whereas the levies and special levies are fixed before the 27th day of each month and are applicable from the first Monday of the following month ; whereas these levies may be altered in the period between two

fixings where the basic levy or special basic levy is altered, or in the case of changes in the prices recorded on Community representative markets ;

Whereas, to enable the levy system to function normally, the following should be used to calculate the levies ;

- for currencies whose spot rates are maintained at any given moment within a spread of 2.25 %, a conversion rate based on their actual par values ;
- for other currencies, a conversion rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot exchange rates of each of these currencies, recorded over a given period, in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas, having regard to the provisions of the aforementioned Regulations, and in particular to the data and quotations available to the Commission, the levies on adult bovine animals and beef and veal other than frozen meat should be as set out in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies on live cattle and beef and veal other than frozen meat shall be as specified in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 224, 13. 8. 1973, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 330, 23. 12. 1977, p. 9.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 December 1977 fixing the import levies on live cattle and on beef and veal other than frozen ⁽¹⁾

(u.a./100 kg)

CCT heading No	Austria/Sweden/Switzerland	Other third countries
	— Live weight —	
01.02 A II a) (a)	—	50-225
01.02 A II b) (b)	12-470	56-134
	— Net weight —	
02.01 A II a) 1 aa) (a)	—	95-427
02.01 A II a) 1 bb)	23-694	106-654
02.01 A II a) 2 aa) (a)	—	76-342
02.01 A II a) 2 bb)	18-955	85-323
02.01 A II a) 3 aa) (a)	—	114-512
02.01 A II a) 3 bb)	28-433	127-984
02.01 A II a) 4 aa)	35-541	159-981
02.01 A II a) 4 bb)	40-654	182-995
02.06 C I a) 1	35-541	159-981
02.06 C I a) 2	40-654	182-995
16.02 B III b) 1 aa)	40-654	182-995

(¹) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 706/76, levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories.

(a) The levy shall be established in accordance with the provisions set out in Annex I to the Trade Agreement between the EEC and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

(b) The levy which is to be applied to young male bovine animals, intended for fattening, of a live weight of 300 kg or less, imported under the conditions set out in Article 13 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968, and in the provisions adopted for its application, is totally or partially suspended in accordance with those provisions.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2882/77**of 23 December 1977****fixing the import levies on frozen beef and veal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 425/77 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12 (8) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas under Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 a levy is applicable to the products specified in Article 1 (1) (a) of that Regulation whereas Article 12 fixes the amount of the levy applicable by reference to a percentage of the basic levy;

Whereas, in respect of the types of frozen meat listed in section (b) of the Annex to the said Regulation under subheading 02.01 A II b) 1, the basic levy is determined by reference to the difference between:

- the guide price multiplied by a coefficient representing the ratio existing in the Community between the price of fresh meat of a category competitive with the frozen meat in question, presented in the same form, and the average price of adult bovine animals, and
- the Community free-at-frontier offer price for frozen meat, plus the amount of the customs duty and a standard amount representing the specific costs of the import operations;

Whereas, by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 586/77 of 18 March 1977 laying down rules for the application of the levies on beef and veal and amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff ⁽³⁾, the abovementioned coefficient, calculated in accordance with the rules laid down in Article 11 (2) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68, has been fixed at 1.69 units of account and the standard amount referred to in Article 11 (2) (b) of the said Regulation has been fixed at 5.5 units of account;

Whereas, if it is found that the price of adult bovine animals on representative Community markets is higher than the guide price, the levy applicable equals the following percentage of the basic levy:

- (a) 75 % where the market price is less than or equal to 102 % of the guide price;
- (b) 50 % where the market price is more than 102 % and less than or equal to 104 % of the guide price;
- (c) 25 % where the market price is more than 104 % and less than 106 % of the guide price;
- (d) 0 % where the market price is more than 106 % of the guide price;

Whereas, if it is found that the price of adult bovine animals on representative Community markets is equal to or less than the guide price, the levy applicable equals the following percentage of the basic levy:

- (a) 100 % where the market price is more than or equal to 98 % of the guide price;
- (b) 105 % where the market price is less than 98 % and more than or equal to 96 % of the guide price;
- (c) 110 % where the market price is less than 96 % and more than or equal to 90 % of the guide price;
- (d) 114 % where the market price is less than 90 % of the guide price;

Whereas the guide prices for adult bovine animals to be applied from 2 May 1977 have been fixed by Council Regulation (EEC) No 869/77 of 26 April 1977 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas the Community free-at-frontier offer price for frozen meat is determined by reference to the world market price based on the most representative purchasing possibilities, as regards quality and quantity, recorded over a certain period preceding the fixing of the basic levy, taking into account in particular:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 61, 5. 3. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 75, 23. 3. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 106, 29. 4. 1977, p. 12.

- foreseeable developments on the market in frozen meat,
- the most representative prices on third country markets for fresh and chilled meat of a category which is competitive with frozen meat,
- past experience ;

Whereas the basic levy on the types of frozen meat listed in section (b) of the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 under subheadings 02.01 A II b) 2 to 4 is equal to the basic levy fixed for the product falling within subheading 02.01 A II b) 1, multiplied by a standard coefficient fixed for each of the products in question ; whereas these coefficients were fixed in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 586/77 ;

Whereas, for the purpose of fixing the free-at-frontier offer prices, offer prices that do not correspond to real purchasing possibilities or that relate to unrepresentative quantities may not be taken into account ; whereas offer prices are also excluded when the movement of prices in general or the information available gives reason to believe that they are unrepresentative of the true trend of prices in the country of origin ;

Whereas, where the free-at-frontier offer price for frozen meat differs by less than one unit of account per 100 kilograms from that previously used for the calculation of the levy, the latter price is retained ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 12 (6) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 the price of adult bovine animals on representative Community markets is the price established on the basis of prices recorded over a period to be determined on the representative market or markets of each Member State for the various categories of adult bovine animals or of meat from such animals, taking into account the size of each of these categories and the relative size of the bovine herd of each Member State ;

Whereas the prices of adult bovine animals recorded on the representative market or markets of each Member State are equal to the average, weighted by the relevant coefficients, of the prices for the various qualities of adult bovine animals or meat of such animals over a period of seven days in that Member State at a particular wholesale marketing stage ; whereas the representative markets, categories and qualities of products and weighting coefficients are fixed in Annex II to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 610/77 of 18 March 1977 on the determination of prices of adult bovine animals on representative

Community markets and the survey of prices of certain other cattle in the Community⁽¹⁾ ;

Whereas, for Member States with several representative markets, the price of each category and quality is equal to the arithmetic mean of the prices recorded on each of those markets ; for representative markets held several times in one period of seven days, the price of each category and quality is equal to the arithmetic mean of the prices recorded on each market day ; whereas in respect of Italy the price of each category and quality is equal to the average, weighted by the special weighting coefficients fixed in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 610/77, of the prices recorded in the surplus and deficit zones ; whereas the price recorded in the surplus zone is equal to the arithmetic mean of the prices recorded on each of the markets within that zone ; whereas in respect of the United Kingdom the weighted average prices of adult bovine animals recorded on the representative markets of Great Britain on the one hand and Northern Ireland on the other are adjusted by the coefficient fixed in the abovementioned Annex II ;

Whereas prices for the different categories and qualities not obtained from prices which are 'live weight excluding tax', are multiplied by the live weight conversion coefficients fixed in Annex II to the said Regulation and, in the case of Italy, are first increased or reduced by the corrective amounts fixed in the said Annex ;

Whereas if one or more Member States, for veterinary or health reasons for example, adopt measures affecting the normal trend of prices recorded on their markets, the Commission may disregard the prices recorded on the market or markets in question, or use the latest prices recorded on the market or markets in question before the entry into force of such measures ;

Whereas in the absence of information, prices recorded on representative Community markets are determined mainly by reference to the most recently recorded prices ;

Whereas, for such period as the price of adult bovine animals recorded on representative Community markets differs by less than 0.20 unit of account per 100 kilograms of live weight from the price previously used, the latter is retained ;

Whereas the levies must be so fixed that obligations arising from international agreements concluded by the Community continue to be fulfilled.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 77, 25. 3. 1977, p. 1.

Whereas the various cuts of frozen meat are defined in Regulation (EEC) No 586/77;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 33 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68, the nomenclature used in this Regulation is incorporated in the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas the levies are fixed before the 27th day of each month and are applicable from the first Monday of the following month; whereas these levies may be altered in the period between two fixings where the basic levy is altered, or in the case of changes in the prices recorded on Community representative markets;

Whereas, to enable the levy system to function normally, the following should be used to calculate the levies:

- for currencies whose spot rates are maintained at any given moment within a spread of 2.25 %, a conversion rate based on their actual par values;
- for other currencies, a conversion rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot exchange rates of

each of these currencies, recorded over a given period, against the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas, having regard to the provisions of the aforementioned Regulations, and in particular to the data and quotations available to the Commission, the levies on frozen beef and veal should be as set out in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies on frozen beef and veal shall be as specified in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 December 1977 fixing the import levies on frozen beef and veal ⁽¹⁾

(u.a./100 kg)

CCT heading No	Levy
	— Net weight —
02.01 A II b) 1	107.389
02.01 A II b) 2	85.912 (a)
02.01 A II b) 3	134.236
02.01 A II b) 4 aa)	161.084
02.01 A II b) 4 bb) 11	134.236 (a)
02.01 A II b) 4 bb) 22 (b)	134.236 (a)
02.01 A II b) 4 bb) 33	184.710 (a)

(¹) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 706/76, levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories.

(a) Where products are imported under the conditions set out in Article 14 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 and in provisions adopted for its application, the levy is totally or partially suspended in accordance with those provisions.

(b) Entry under this subheading is subject to the production of a certificate issued on conditions laid down by the competent authorities of the European Communities.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2883/77**of 23 December 1977****altering the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3477/73 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/77 ⁽⁶⁾, laid down detailed rules of application for Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72; whereas the components used to calculate the differential amounts were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1423/77 ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No

2809/77 ⁽⁸⁾; whereas, in the case of the Italian lira and the French franc, the difference referred to in Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 for the period 14 to 20 December 1977 has changed, by reference to the representative rate valid on 26 December 1977, by at least one point from the percentage used for the previous fixing; whereas this fact should be taken into account when fixing the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed where those components are already applied in respect of the Member State concerned,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to amended Regulation (EEC) No 1423/77 is hereby replaced by the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 26 December 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 357, 28. 12. 1973, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 160, 30. 6. 1977, p. 33.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 322, 17. 12. 1977, p. 15.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 December 1977 altering the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed

	Target price corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Subsidy or refund corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Differential component (coefficient to be applied to the target price) (%)	
1. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Germany or exported from that country :	+ 0.0750	— 0.0750	+	—
— harvested in Germany			—	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			—	0.0619
— harvested in France			—	0.2346
— harvested in Denmark			—	0.0750
— harvested in Ireland			—	0.1239
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.3052
— harvested in Italy			—	0.2538
2. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in the BLEU and in the Netherlands or re-exported from that country :	+ 0.0140	— 0.0140	+	—
-- harvested in Germany			0.0659	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			—	—
— harvested in France			—	0.1841
— harvested in Denmark			—	0.0140
— harvested in Ireland			—	0.0661
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.2594
— harvested in Italy			—	0.2046
3. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Denmark or exported from that country :	Nil	Nil	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.0811	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.0142	—
— harvested in France			—	0.1726
— harvested in Denmark			—	—
— harvested in Ireland			—	0.0529
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.2489
-- harvested in Italy			—	0.1936
4. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in France or exported from that country :	— 0.2085	+ 0.2085	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.3065	—
-- harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.2257	—
-- harvested in France			—	—
— harvested in Denmark			0.2085	—
— harvested in Ireland			0.1446	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.0922
— harvested in Italy			—	0.0251

	Target price corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Subsidy or refund corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Differential component (coefficient to be applied to the target price) ⁽¹⁾	
5. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in the United Kingdom or exported from that country :	— 0.3313	+ 0.3313	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.4392	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.3502	—
— harvested in France			0.1016	—
— harvested in Denmark			0.3313	—
— harvested in Ireland			0.2609	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	—
— harvested in Italy			0.0739	—
6. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Ireland or exported from that country :	— 0.0558	+ 0.0558	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.1414	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.0708	—
— harvested in France			—	0.1264
— harvested in Denmark			0.0558	—
— harvested in Ireland			—	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.2069
— harvested in Italy			—	0.1483
7. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Italy or exported from that country :	— 0.2397	+ 0.2397	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.3402	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.2573	—
— harvested in France			0.0258	—
— harvested in Denmark			0.2397	—
— harvested in Ireland			0.1741	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.0688
— harvested in Italy			—	—

⁽¹⁾ Until 31. December 1977 inclusive, for seed harvested in the United Kingdom, the accession compensatory amount shall be deducted from the target price.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2884/77
of 23 December 1977
fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the markets in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3477/73⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973 laying down detailed rules for applying differential amounts for colza and rape seed and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1464/73⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/77⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 9(4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73, the Commission must determine the world market price for colza and rape seed;

Whereas the world market price should be determined in accordance with the rules and the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1443/77 of 30 June 1977 fixing the amount of the subsidy on

oil seeds⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2889/77⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas, to enable the price system to operate normally, the world market price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas, applying all these provisions, the world market price for colza and rape seed should be fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The world market price referred to in Article 9(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 and the rates to be used for converting them into national currencies shall be as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 26 December 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 357, 28. 12. 1973, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 161, 1. 7. 1977, p. 31.

⁽⁸⁾ See page 34 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX

World market price applicable from 26 December 1977 for colza and rape seed (CCT heading No ex 12.01)

	u.a./100 kg ⁽¹⁾
World market price	20·964
World market price where the subsidy is fixed in advance :	
— for the month of December 1977	20·964
— for the month of January 1978	20·553
— for the month of February 1978	20·286
— for the month of March 1978	20·338
— for the month of April 1978	20·210
— for the month of May 1978	20·210

⁽¹⁾ The conversion rates from units of account into national currency as foreseen by Article 9 (5) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 are the following :

1 u.a. = DM	3·15665
1 u.a. = Fl	3·35507
1 u.a. = Bfr/Lfr	48·6572
1 u.a. = FF	6·98602
1 u.a. = Dkr	8·56656
1 u.a. = £	0·780994
1 u.a. = I £	0·780994
1 u.a. = Lit	1 276·89

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2885/77

of 23 December 1977

adjusting the allocation of the Community quantitative export quota for certain types of aluminium waste and scrap

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1023/70 of 25 May 1970 establishing a common procedure for administering quantitative quotas⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3165/76 of 21 December 1976 fixing Community quantitative export quotas for certain types of copper ash and residues and for certain types of copper and aluminium waste and scrap⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3165/76 fixed for 1977 a Community quantitative export quota of 3 493 tonnes for aluminium waste and scrap of Common Customs Tariff subheading 76.01 B, which was allocated by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 30/77 of 5 January 1977⁽³⁾;

Whereas the Member States have expressed the need to increase exports for the products in question; whereas it is therefore necessary to increase the Member States' shares for the products in question by drawing on the Community reserves established by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 30/77;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Quota Administration Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For aluminium waste and scrap of Common Customs Tariff subheading 76.01 B, the shares allocated to the Member States are hereby increased as follows, by drawing on the reserve established by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 30/77:

- the Federal Republic of Germany's share is increased from 1 028 to 1 256 tonnes;
- the French Republic's share is increased from 570 to 704 tonnes;
- the Italian Republic's share is increased from 382 to 465 tonnes;
- the Benelux countries share is increased from 375 to 451 tonnes;
- the United Kingdom's share is increased from 488 to 596 tonnes;
- the Kingdom of Denmark's share is increased from 15 to 21 tonnes.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*. It shall remain in force until 31 December 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAERKAMP

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 124, 8. 6. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 357, 29. 12. 1976, p. 11.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 6, 8. 1. 1977, p. 10.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2886/77

of 23 December 1977

allocating the Community quantitative export quotas for certain types of copper ash and residues and for certain types of copper, aluminium and lead waste and scrap

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1023/70 of 25 May 1970 establishing a common procedure for administering quantitative quotas⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2878/77 of 20 December 1977 fixing for the first four months of 1978 Community quantitative export quotas for certain types of copper ash and residues and for certain types of copper, aluminium and lead waste and scrap⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Whereas, in accordance with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2878/77 the quotas are to be allocated

according to estimated needs and with regard to the export opportunities that already exist for the products in question;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion delivered by the Quota Administration Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Community quantitative export quotas opened by Regulation (EEC) No 2878/77 for the period 1 January to 30 April 1978 shall be allocated among the Member States as follows:

CCT heading No	Description	Quantity (tonnes)	
ex 26.03	Copper ash and residues	Germany	2 300
		France	1 283
		Italy	316
		Benelux	269
		United Kingdom	666
		Denmark	333
		Ireland	—
		+ Community reserve	334
ex 74.01	Copper waste and scrap : — Resulting from the breaking-up of ships registered in third countries or of ammunition sold by the armed forces of third countries	Germany	1 433
		France	433
		Italy	1 000
		Benelux	668
		United Kingdom	83
		Denmark	33
		Ireland	—
		+ Community reserve	91
ex 74.01	Copper waste and scrap : — Other:	Germany	2 150
		France	2 016
		Italy	216
		Benelux	685
		United Kingdom	378
		Denmark	93
		Ireland	105
		+ Community reserve	392

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 124, 8. 6. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 10 of this Official Journal.

CCT heading No	Description	Quantity (tonnes)	
76.01 B	Aluminium waste and scrap	Germany	342
		France	190
		Italy	127
		Benelux	127
		United Kingdom	162
		Denmark	5
		Ireland	—
		+ Community reserve	211
78.01 B	Lead waste and scrap	Germany	167
		France	111
		Italy	60
		Benelux	35
		United Kingdom	93
		Denmark	8
		Ireland	—
		+ Community reserve	20

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply until 30 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAERKAMP

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2887/77**of 23 December 1977****amending Regulation (EEC) No 609/77 applying quality class 'III' to certain fruit
for the 1977/78 marketing year**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization
of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1034/77⁽²⁾, and in
particular Article 4 (1) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 609/77 of
23 March 1977 applying quality class 'III' to certain
fruit for the 1977/78 marketing year⁽³⁾, as amended
by Regulation (EEC) No 2451/77⁽⁴⁾, made quality
class 'III' applicable to certain fruit until 31 December
1977;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2764/77⁽⁵⁾
extends until 31 December 1982 the period during
which quality class 'III' may apply to certain fruit and
vegetables; whereas Regulation (EEC) No 609/77
should consequently be adapted in respect of fruit for
which the consumer demand has to be met in part by
quality class 'III' products;

Whereas the Management Committee for Fruit and
Vegetables has not delivered an opinion within the
time limit set by its chairman;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 609/77, the
date '31 December 1977' is hereby replaced by the
following dates:

- 30 April 1978 in respect of table grapes;
- 30 June 1978 in respect of oranges;
- 31 March 1978 in respect of mandarins, satsumas,
clementines, tangerines and other similar citrus
fruit hybrids;
- 31 May 1978 in respect of lemons;
- 30 April 1978 in respect of apples of the varieties
Belle de Boskoop and Cox's orange pippin;
- 30 June 1978 in respect of apples of the variety
Bramley's Seedling.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 125, 19. 5. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 76, 24. 3. 1977, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 285, 9. 11. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 320, 15. 12. 1977, p. 5.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2888/77

of 23 December 1977

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1297/77 amending for the fourth time Regulation (EEC) No 1019/70 on detailed rules for establishing free-at-frontier offer prices and fixing the countervailing charge in the wine sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 816/70 of 28 April 1970 laying down additional provisions for the common organization of the market in wine⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9 (6) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1297/77 of 16 June 1977 amending for the fourth time Regulation (EEC) No 1019/70 on detailed rules for establishing free-at-frontier offer prices and fixing the countervailing charge in the wine sector⁽³⁾ deleted Article 4 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1019/70 with effect from 1 January 1978;

Whereas, as 1 January 1978 draws near, it appears that the technical and monetary problems have not yet been solved and that there is little likelihood of a definitive solution by that date or indeed within the next two months; whereas, to avoid any interruption

in the traditional imports of certain liqueur wines from non-member countries, the application of Regulation (EEC) No 1297/77 should be postponed for this period;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Wines,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1297/77 the date '1 January 1978' is hereby amended to read '1 March 1978'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 99, 5. 5. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 149, 17. 6. 1977, p. 10.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2889/77
of 23 December 1977
fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC
of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a
common organization of the market in oils and
fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1707/73⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in
Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by
Regulation (EEC) No 1443/77⁽³⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 2813/77⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other
provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1443/77

to the information at present available to the Commis-
sion that the amount of the subsidy at present in force
should be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regu-
lation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of
Regulation No 136/66/EEC is hereby fixed as shown
in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 26
December 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 161, 1. 7. 1977, p. 31.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 322, 17. 12. 1977, p. 25.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 December 1977 fixing the amount of the subsidy on
oil seeds

Subsidy applicable from 26 December 1977 to colza and rape seeds (CCT heading No ex 12.01) and
sunflower seeds (CCT heading No ex 12.01) (u.a./100 kg)

	Colza and rape seed	Sunflower seed
Subsidy	8-782	12-371
Subsidy in the case of advance fixing :		
— for the month of December 1977	8-782	12-371
— for the month of January 1978	9-497	13-020
— for the month of February 1978	10-068	13-464
— for the month of March 1978	10-320	13-819
— for the month of April 1978	10-448	—
— for the month of May 1978	10-448	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2890/77

of 23 December 1977

fixing, for certain products processed from fruit and vegetables, the export refunds provided for in Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 516/77

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 516/77 of 14 March 1977 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 6 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 516/77 provides that, where required in order to permit the exportation on the basis of prices ruling in international trade of economically important products not containing added sugar being products listed in Article 1, the difference between the aforesaid prices and Community prices may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 519/77 of 14 March 1977 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on products processed from fruit and vegetables and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽²⁾ provides that refunds are to be fixed taking into account the existing situation and future trends with regard, on the one hand, to prices and availabilities on the Community market of products processed from fruit and vegetables and, on the other hand, to prices ruling in international trade; whereas account also has to be taken of the costs referred to in (b) of the said Article and of the economic aspect of the proposed exports;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 519/77 provides that when prices on the Community market are being determined account shall be taken of the ruling prices which are most favourable from the point of view of exportation; whereas when prices in

international trade are being determined account is to be taken of the prices referred to in paragraph 2 of the said Article;

Whereas peeled tomatoes, tomato concentrate and tomato and orange juice are economically important products not containing added sugar;

Whereas it follows from applying these rules and criteria to the present situation on the market, and in particular to prices within the Community and on the world market for products processed from fruit and vegetables, that the refund should be fixed as indicated below;

Whereas the measures provided for in his Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Products Processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The export refunds provided for in Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 516/77 shall be as specified in the Annex hereto.
2. The provisions of Article 6 (1) (b) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 of 17 January 1975 laying down detailed rules for the application of export refunds in respect of agricultural products⁽³⁾, shall apply to exports of tomato concentrate of the kinds specified in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 December 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 73, 21. 3. 1977, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 21. 3. 1977, p. 24.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 25, 31. 1. 1975, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Amount in u.a./100 kg of product (including immediate packings)
ex 20.02 C	Peeled tomatoes	10.00 ⁽¹⁾
ex 20.02 C	Tomato concentrate :	
	— Dry extract content :	
	— 12 % and over, but less than 18 %	11.26 ⁽¹⁾
	— 18 % and over, but less than 28 %	17.25 ⁽¹⁾
	— 28 % and over, but less than 36 %	21.00 ⁽¹⁾
	— 36 % and over, but less than 95 %	27.02 ⁽¹⁾
	— 95 % and over	71.40 ⁽¹⁾
ex 20.07	Tomato juice	3.00
ex 20.07	Pure orange juice, with no other substances added :	
	— Not concentrated (between 10 and 12 degrees Brix value)	1.74
	— Concentrated :	
	— Per unit of concentration (11 degrees Brix value)	1.74

⁽¹⁾ For exports to all third countries, with the exception of North America.

EURONORMS

The Commission of the European Communities (ECSC) has published the following new EURONORMS in German, English, French, Italian and Dutch. The EURONORMS which are available up to the present in English are indicated by an asterisk (*).

Sales prices valid from 1 July 1976.

		<i>Price in £</i>
Circulaire d'information n° 1	Echantillons types pour les analyses chimiques des produits sidérurgiques, 2 ^e édition (1974)	1.45
EURONORM 20-74	Définitions et classification des nuances d'aciers, 2 ^e édition	0.85
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