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Legislation

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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 444/79**of 7 March 1979****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2724/78⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations ;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2724/78 to today's

offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 March
1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 11. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 7 March 1979 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(u.a./tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	84.31
10.01 B	Durum wheat	132.43 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	86.61 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	91.22
10.04	Oats	86.91
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	79.43 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	4.72
10.07 B	Millet	79.20 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	82.85 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	129.82
11.01 B	Rye flour	133.03
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	216.34
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	138.96

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments the levy is reduced by 6 u.a./tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 445/79

of 7 March 1979

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15(6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2725/78⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in

force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall
be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 March
1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 11. 1978, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 7 March 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(u.d./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 3	1st period 4	2nd period 5	3rd period 6
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0.18	0.18	6.54
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0.51	0.51	0.51
10.02	Rye	0	0.30	0.30	0.30
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0.15	0.15	0.15
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	3.04	3.04	3.04
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0.25	0.25	9.15

B. Malt

(u.d./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 3	1st period 4	2nd period 5	3rd period 6	4th period 7
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0.32	0.32	11.64	11.64
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0.24	0.24	8.70	8.70
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 446/79
of 7 March 1979
fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1260/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 11 (2) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2364/78 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 400/79 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2364/78 to today's

offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 March 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 11.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 286, 12. 10. 1978, p. 5.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 50, 1. 3. 1979, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 7 March 1979 fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

(u.a. / tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Third countries ⁽¹⁾	ACP or OCT ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.06	Rice :		
	A. Paddy rice ; husked rice :		
	I. Paddy rice :		
	a) Round grain	102.39	48.20
	b) Long grain	125.05	59.53
	II. Husked rice :		
	a) Round grain	127.99	61.00
	b) Long grain	156.31	75.16
	B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :		
	I. Semi-milled rice :		
	a) Round grain	157.34	68.77
	b) Long grain	275.80	128.04
	II. Wholly milled rice :		
	a) Round grain	167.57	73.54
	b) Long grain	295.66	137.58
	C. Broken rice :	61.06	28.03

⁽¹⁾ Subject to the application of the provisions of Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 706/76, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Reunion is specified in Article 11a of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 447/79**of 7 March 1979****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 1260/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article
13 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
rice and broken rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC)
No 3107/78 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 401/79 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in

force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed
in advance in respect of rice and broken rice shall be
as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 March
1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 11.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 50, 1. 3. 1979, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 7 March 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

(u.s.t. / tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 3	1st period 4	2nd period 5	3rd period 6
10.06	Rice :				
	A. Paddy rice ; husked rice :				
	I. Paddy rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	—
	II. Husked rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	—
	B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :				
	I. Semi-milled rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	—
	II. Wholly milled rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	—
	C. Broken rice	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 448/79

of 7 March 1979

fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar, exported in the natural state

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the last subparagraph of Article 19 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 766/68 of 18 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1489/76⁽⁴⁾, provides that when refunds on white and raw sugar, undenatured and exported in the natural state, are being fixed account must be taken of the situation on the Community and world markets in sugar and in particular of the price and cost factors set out in Article 3 of that Regulation; whereas the same Article provides that the economic aspect of the proposed exports should also be taken into account;

Whereas the refund on raw sugar must be fixed in respect of the standard quality; whereas the latter is defined in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 431/68 of 9 April 1968 determining the standard quality for raw sugar and fixing the Community frontier crossing point for calculating cif prices for sugar⁽⁵⁾; whereas, furthermore, this refund should be fixed in accordance with Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68; whereas candy sugar is defined in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 394/70 of 2 March 1970 on detailed rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1467/77⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for sugar according to destination;

Whereas, in special cases, the amount of the refund may be fixed by other legal instruments;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas the refund must be fixed every two weeks; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules set out above to the present situation on the market in sugar and in particular to quotations or prices for sugar within the Community and on the world market that the refund should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74, undenatured and exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 March 1979.

(1) OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 143, 25. 6. 1968, p. 6.

(4) OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1976, p. 13.

(5) OJ No L 89, 10. 4. 1968, p. 3.

(6) OJ No L 50, 4. 3. 1970, p. 1.

(7) OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 6.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 7 March 1979 fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar, exported in the natural state

(u.a./100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Refund
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, solid :	
	A. White sugar ; flavoured or coloured sugar	20.00
	B. Raw sugar :	
	(a) Candy sugar	20.67 ⁽¹⁾
	(b) Other raw sugar	17.00 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the refund applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 449/79
of 7 March 1979

**amending for the fifth time Regulation (EEC) No 1528/78 laying down detailed
rules for the application of the system of aid for dried fodder**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1117/78 of 22 May 1978 on the common organization
of the market in dried fodder⁽¹⁾, and in particular Arti-
cles 6 (3) and 10 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1417/78 of 19 June 1978 on the said system for dried
fodder⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas the second subparagraph of Article 10 (2) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78 provides that the issue
of the supplementary aid certificate shall be subject to
the provision of security designed to ensure that the
obligation to remove the dried fodder from the
processing plant during the period of validity of the
certificate is complied with; whereas, except in cases
of *force majeure*, the security is to be wholly or partly
forfeited if the fodder does not leave the plant during
this period or if it leaves only in part;

Whereas, with a view to the uniform application of
the system of supplementary aid, detailed rules should
be laid down concerning the total or partial forfeiture
of this security and the action to be taken in the event
of *force majeure*;

Whereas the corrected version⁽³⁾ of Article 5 of Regu-
lation (EEC) No 1417/78 provides that with effect
from the 1979/80 marketing year the total minimum
crude protein content of the dry matter may not be
less than 14 % in respect of the products referred to
in Article 1 (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78;
whereas, in view of the qualities marketed, this
minimum content should be fixed at 14 %;

Whereas, therefore, Commission Regulation (EEC) No
1528/78⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
3074/78⁽⁵⁾, should be amended accordingly;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Dried Fodder,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1528/78 is amended as follows:

1. Article 11 is replaced by the following text:

Article 11

1. The obligation referred to in Article 10 (2) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78 shall be considered
to have been fulfilled when the quantity of
products leaving the undertaking varies by not
more than 1 % in either direction from the quan-
tity indicated in the supplementary aid certificate.

2. Subject as provided in paragraph 3, where the
obligation referred to in Article 10 (2) as aforesaid
has not been fulfilled, the security shall be forfeit
in respect of a quantity equal to the difference
between:

- (a) 99 % of the quantity stated on the supplemen-
tary aid certificate, and
- (b) the quantity which left the processing plant.

However, if the quantity which left the processing
plant amounts to less than 1 % of the quantity
stated on the certificate, the security shall be
wholly forfeit.

3. If it is not possible to fulfil the obligation
specified in Article 10 (2) of the above Regulation
during the period of validity of the certificate as a
result of *force majeure*, the competent authority of
the Member State issuing the certificate shall
decide, at the request of the titular holder, either
that this obligation shall be cancelled, the deposit
being released, or that the period of validity of the
certificate shall be extended for the period of time
considered necessary in the circumstances. Exten-
sion may occur after the certificate has expired.
The decision to cancel or extend shall be limited
to the quantity of product in respect of which the
abovementioned obligation could not be fulfilled
owing to *force majeure*. Any extension of the certi-
ficate shall be the subject of an endorsement
thereon by the issuing authority, and of any neces-
sary adaptations.

If the competent authority recognizes a case of
force majeure, the Member State under whose juris-
diction it comes shall immediately advise the
Commission, which shall inform the other
Member States thereof.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 171, 28. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 189, 12. 7. 1978, p. 27.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 179, 1. 7. 1978, p. 10.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1978, p. 1.

The holder of the certificate shall furnish proof of the circumstance considered to constitute a case of *force majeure*.

4. If the validity of the certificate is extended in accordance with paragraph 3 above, the amount of the supplementary aid fixed in advance to be granted shall be that determined in respect of the last month of the period referred to in Article 8 (2).'

2. A paragraph 3 as follows is added to Article 15:

'3. The minimum total protein content in the dry matter referred to in Article 5 (b) of Regulation

(EEC) No 1417/78 shall be with effect from the 1979/80 marketing year:

- 14 % for the products referred to in Article 1 (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78,
- 45 % for the products referred to in Article 1 (c) of that Regulation.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 450/79

of 7 March 1979

amending Regulation (EEC) No 2104/75 as regards the specific detailed rules for the application of the system of import licences in respect of products processed from fruit and vegetables

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 516/77 of 14 March 1977 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1152/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas Article 10 of Regulation (EEC) No 516/77 established a system of import licences in respect of sensitive products; whereas, in order to ensure better knowledge of the trade pattern in certain of these products, indication of the country of origin should be required and the importer should be obliged to import from the country thus indicated; whereas, in view of the characteristics of trade in the products concerned, provision should be made for some relaxation of the rules concerning the obligatory indication of the country of origin;

Whereas for certain products the amounts of the securities in respect of import licences fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2104/75⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 386/78⁽⁴⁾, are no longer appropriate to the market situation; whereas they should accordingly be amended;

Whereas in the licence application the applicant must indicate the complete subheading of the Common Custom Tariff; whereas in the case of certain products falling within heading No 20.06 containing added sugar and requiring presentation of an import licence it is not always possible, owing to considerable variations in natural sugar content, to know the exact sugar content at the time of application for the licence; whereas special provision should be made for these products;

Whereas the system of minimum import price for tomato concentrates was abolished with effect from 1 July 1978; whereas the provisions for the application of this system included in Regulation (EEC) No 2104/75 should be repealed;

Whereas Article 9a of that Regulation provides that no licence is required for imports of tomato concentrate in quantities not exceeding 20 kilograms; whereas the licence system in force from 1 July 1978 no longer requires this provision for tomato concentrates; whereas the said Article 9a should accordingly be repealed;

Whereas the abolition of the minimum import price system referred to above renders superfluous the indication on licences of the weight of the product including immediate wrapping;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Products Processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2104/75 is amended as follows:

1. An Article 3a is inserted:

Article 3a

1. For the products set out in the following table, the licence application and the import licence itself shall contain in section 14 an indication of the country of origin.

The issue of the licence shall make it obligatory to import from the country so indicated.

CCT heading No	Description
20.02 A	Mushrooms
ex 20.06 B	Pears
ex 20.02 G	Peas
ex 20.02 G	French beans
ex 08.10 A	Raspberries
ex 08.11 E	
ex 20.03	
ex 20.05	
ex 20.06 B II	

2. However, the holder of the licence referred to in paragraph 1 may apply, once only, to have the name of the country of origin altered.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 73, 21. 3. 1977, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 144, 31. 5. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 214, 12. 8. 1975, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 54, 25. 2. 1978, p. 11.

(a) The application for alteration of the country of origin :

- must be submitted to the body which issued the original licence,
- must be accompanied by the original licence and by any extract or extracts issued,
- shall be subject to the provisions of Article 5 (1) and (3), 6 and 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 193/75.

(b) The body which issued the licence shall retain the original licence and any extract or extracts and shall issue a replacement licence and, where appropriate, one or more replacement extracts.

However, if during the time taken to issue the replacement licence the issue of licences for the new country of origin is suspended, the replacement licence application concerned shall be rejected and the original licence and, where appropriate, the extract or extracts shall be returned to the holder.

(c) The replacement licence and, where appropriate, the replacement extract or extracts shall :

- be issued for a quantity of products which, when the tolerance is added, corresponds to the available quantity shown on the document which it replaces,
- be issued pursuant to the provisions of Article 3,
- contain in section 12 the number of the document which it replaces,
- contain in section 14 the name of the new country of origin,
- contain in the other sections the same entries as the document which it replaces, and in particular the same date of expiry.

2. In Article 5, the table is replaced by that set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

3. An Article 9b as follows is inserted :

Article 9b

1. In the case of peaches in syrup and pears falling within tariff subheadings 20.06 B I and 20.06 B II the applicant may indicate two tariff subheadings in his application for an import licence as follows :

ex 20.06 B I d) 1 aa) and ex 20.06 B I d) 1 bb), or
ex 20.06 B I d) 2 aa) and ex 20.06 B I d) 2 bb), or
20.06 B II a) 6 aa) and 20.06 B II a) 6 bb), or
ex 20.06 B II a) 7 aa) and ex 20.06 B II a) 7 bb), or
20.06 B II b) 6 aa) and 20.06 B II b) 6 bb), or
ex 20.06 B II b) 7 aa) and ex 20.06 B II b) 7 bb).

The two subheadings indicated in the application shall be entered on the import licence.

2. Where an applicant avails himself of the provisions of paragraph 1 and the amounts of the securities are different in respect of the two tariff subheadings concerned, the amount of security to be taken into consideration shall be the higher of the two.

3. Where, as a result of the application of paragraph 1, a product not subject to an import levy is imported under cover of a certificate including advance fixing of the levy, the obligation to import with advance fixing of the levy shall be considered to have been met.

4. Articles 7, 8, 9 and 9a are hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 March 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

Amount of the security for import licences without advance fixing of the levy

CCT heading No	Description	Amount in u.a./100 kg net
ex 20.02 C	Tomato concentrates	1.5
ex 20.02 C	Peeled tomatoes	0.5
ex 20.06 B	Peaches in syrup	0.5
ex 20.07 B	Tomato juice	0.5
20.02 A	Mushrooms	2.0
ex 20.06 B	Pears	0.5
08.12 C	Prunes	1.0
ex 20.02 G	Peas	0.5
ex 20.02 G	French beans	0.5
ex 08.10 A	Raspberries	0.5
ex 08.11 E		
ex 20.03		
ex 20.05		
ex 20.06 B II		

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 451/79

of 7 March 1979

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1627/76 laying down detailed rules for the application of measures for granting production aid for tinned pineapple

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 525/77 of 14 March 1977 establishing a system of production aid for tinned pineapple⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2990/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7 thereof,

Whereas the last paragraph of Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 525/77 provides that, subject to certain conditions, advances of aid may be paid to processors; whereas detailed rules to ensure compliance with these conditions should be laid down;

Whereas appropriate provisions should therefore be inserted in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1627/76⁽³⁾;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Products Processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1627/76 is hereby amended by the insertion of Articles 3a and 3b as follows:

Article 3a

1. In order to be eligible for an advance on the production aid the processor shall submit to the competent authority of the Member State in which the production of the tinned pineapple takes place:

- (a) a copy of the supply commitment or of the contract referred to in Article 2;
- (b) an application for an advance on the aid;
- (c) a statement certifying the provision of a security equal to the amount of the advance applied for plus 10 %.

2. The application for aid referred to in the previous paragraph shall indicate at least the following:

(a) the applicant's name and address;

(b) the quantity of tinned pineapple produced or to be produced from pineapples harvested in the Community.

3. The advance may not exceed 80 % of the aid which may be granted in respect of the quantities referred to in paragraph 2 (b).

4. The security shall be lodged, according to the applicant's choice, in cash or in the form of a guarantee given by an establishment meeting the criteria set by the Member State from which the advance is requested.

Article 3b

1. The security referred to in Article 3a shall be released as soon as the competent authorities of the Member State concerned have recognized entitlement to the aid in respect of the quantities of tinned pineapple produced.

2. Where the conditions giving entitlement to the aid have not been observed within 12 months of the date of the submission of the application for an advance on the aid, the advance plus 10 % shall be reimbursed. If the advance is not reimbursed, the security shall become forfeit.

Reimbursement of the advance or, as the case may be, forfeiture of the security, shall be effected in proportion to the quantities in respect of which the conditions giving entitlement to the aid have not been observed within the period laid down.

If failure to observe the 12-month period referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph was due to *force majeure*, this period may be extended, at the request of the party concerned, by the competent authorities of the Member State concerned.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 73, 21. 3. 1977, p. 46.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 357, 21. 12. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 180, 6. 7. 1976, p. 16.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 452/79

of 7 March 1979

opening a standing invitation to tender for the purpose of determining premiums for white sugar for feeding to bees

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2049/69 of 17 October 1969 laying down general rules on the denaturing of sugar for animal feed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1640/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 4 (3) thereof,

Whereas Article 9 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 allows denaturing premiums to be granted for sugar rendered unfit for human consumption; whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2049/69 provides that denaturing premiums shall be fixed, for example by invitation to tender, only if total sugar surpluses available for denaturing in the Community and the economic aspects of the proposed denaturing operation justify this;

Whereas the supply and demand situation for the sugar year 1978/79 permits of a certain amount of white sugar being made available for denaturing; whereas, in beekeeping, sugar is the only feedingstuff for which there is no substitute; whereas, therefore, a certain quantity of the denatured sugar could be used for feeding to bees;

Whereas an invitation to tender ensures equality of access and treatment to all interested persons in the Community; whereas this would accordingly seem to be the most appropriate procedure for determining the denaturing premiums, which reflect closely the market situation;

Whereas a minimum quantity and a maximum quantity per partial invitation to tender should be laid down, and in order to encourage as many persons to tender as possible, tenderers should be limited to one tender for each partial invitation;

Whereas the principles and detailed rules for fixing denaturing premiums are laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 2049/69 and in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 100/72 of 14 January 1972 laying down detailed rules on the denaturing of sugar for animal feed⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2847/72⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas experience has shown that the most suitable methods should be sought to ensure that denatured sugar is used for the purpose intended; whereas this aim can be achieved by increasing the responsibility of the person entitled to the denaturing premium, by means of a provision making him liable to repay the premiums already received; whereas the control measures to be taken by the Member States should be reinforced and provision should be made for cooperation between the bodies responsible for supervising intra-Community trade in denatured sugar;

Whereas the Management Committee for Sugar has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. A standing invitation to tender is hereby issued to determine premiums for denaturing white sugar for animal feed. During the period of validity of the standing invitation, partial invitations to tender shall be issued.

2. The white sugar in respect of which a denaturing premium is awarded as a result of an invitation to tender provided for in paragraph 1 shall be used for the feeding of bees. It shall be denatured by one of the processes set out in II (3) of the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 100/72.

3. Save in case of *force majeure*, sugar so denatured must be used for the purpose laid down in paragraph 2 by 31 March 1980 at the latest.

(¹) OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

(²) OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1.

(³) OJ No L 263, 21. 10. 1969, p. 1.

(⁴) OJ No L 165, 22. 6. 1973, p. 6.

(⁵) OJ No L 12, 15. 1. 1972, p. 15.

(⁶) OJ No L 299, 31. 12. 1972, p. 4.

4. The sugar in respect of which a denaturing premium certificate has been issued pursuant to an award made under a partial invitation to tender may be denatured only in the Member State which issued the certificate.

5. Member States shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the denatured sugar is used for the intended purpose. If it is found that the undertaking provided for in Article 6 has not been complied with the Member State which paid the premium shall require the person who was entitled to the premium to repay it.

Article 2

1. The partial invitations issued during the period of validity of the standing invitation shall be organized in accordance with Regulations (EEC) No 2049/69 and (EEC) No 100/72 and the following provisions.

2. The standing invitation to tender shall remain open until a date to be determined later.

Article 3

1. The period during which tenders for the first partial invitation may be submitted shall begin on the day on which the notice of invitation to tender is published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* and shall expire on Wednesday, 21 March 1979 at 9.30 a.m.

2. By way of derogation from Article 3 (4) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 100/72, the period during which tenders for the fourth partial invitation and those following may be submitted shall expire at 9.30 a.m. on the first Wednesday of the month immediately following the expiry of the preceding period.

Article 4

The closing times specified in Article 3 of this Regulation and in Article 16 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 100/72 shall be regarded as:

- (a) brought forward by one hour in the United Kingdom and in Ireland during the period in which summer time does not apply in those Member States;
- (b) extended by one hour in the other Member States during any period in which summer time does apply there.

Article 5

No tenderer may submit more than one tender per invitation to tender.

Article 6

To be valid a tender must fulfil the requirements laid down in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 100/72 and must:

- (a) be made in respect of at least 10 tonnes but not more than 1 000 tonnes of white sugar;
- (b) state the amount of the tendering security to be lodged at least in respect of the quantity of sugar referred to in the tender, expressed in the currency of the Member State where the tender is submitted;
- (c) include a declaration by the tenderer in which he undertakes, if awarded a denaturing premium, to put the denatured sugar to the use specified in Article 1 (2).

Article 7

By way of derogation from Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 100/72, denaturing premium certificates issued pursuant to an award made under this invitation to tender shall be valid until 31 December 1979.

Article 8

By way of derogation from Article 25 of Regulation (EEC) No 100/72, the following provisions shall apply to the dispatch of denatured white sugar from one Member State to another:

- 1. Before denatured sugar is dispatched, a denaturing certificate issued by the agency referred to in Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 100/72 shall be submitted to the customs office of departure.

This certificate shall be numbered and shall show at least the following:

- (a) the date and place of denaturing;
- (b) that the sugar has been denatured in accordance with II (3) of the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 100/72 and is to be used for the feeding of bees;
- (c) the number and type of package, together with any distinguishing marks or numbers;
- (d) the gross and net weights of the sugar;
- (e) references to Regulation (EEC) No 100/72 and to this Regulation;
- (f) the address of the agency which pays the denaturing premium.

This certificate shall be kept by the customs office of departure.

- 2. The box 'Description of goods' on the document certifying the Community nature of the sugar shall contain one of the following entries:

'Denatured sugar intended for feeding to bees, Regulation (EEC) No 452/79';

'Sucre dénaturé destiné à l'alimentation des abeilles, règlement (CEE) n° 452/79';

'Denaturierter Zucker, der zur Bienenfütterung bestimmt ist, Verordnung (EWG) Nr. 452/79';

'Zucchero denaturato destinato all'alimentazione delle api, regolamento (CEE) n. 452/79';

'Gedenatureerde suiker bestemd voor de voeding van bijen, Verordening (EEG) nr. 452/79';

'Denatureret sukker bestemt til foder for bier, forordning (EØF) nr. 452/79'.

The document shall also include the information referred to in point (f) of paragraph 1.

3. If Community Community transit document is replaced by a new one, the box 'Description of goods' of the latter shall contain all the information contained in the corresponding box of the former.

4. The Member State of destination shall take all necessary steps to ensure that, by 31 March 1980 at the latest, the denatured sugar has been used for the purpose specified in Article 1 (2).

It shall immediately report to the agency referred to in paragraph 1 (f) every case in which this condition has not been complied with. On receipt of this information the Member State which paid the premium shall require the person who was entitled thereto to return it.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 March 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 453/79
of 7 March 1979
fixing additional amounts for poultrymeat products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in poultrymeat⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 369/76⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 8 (4) thereof,

Whereas if, for a given product, the free-at-frontier offer price (hereinafter called the 'offer price') falls below the sluice-gate price, the levy applicable to that product must be increased by an additional amount equal to the difference between the sluice-gate price and the offer price determined in accordance with Article 1 of Commission Regulation No 163/67/EEC of 26 June 1967 on fixing the additional amount for imports of poultry farming products from third countries⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1527/73⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas the offer price must be determined for all imports from all third countries; whereas, if exports from one or more third countries are effected at abnormally low prices, lower than prices ruling for other third countries, a second offer price must be determined for exports from these other countries;

Whereas the regular review of the information serving as a basis for the determination of average offer prices for poultrymeat products other than slaughtered poultry and halves or quarters indicates that additional amounts corresponding to the figures shown in the Annex hereto should be fixed for the imports specified in that Annex;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Poultrymeat and Eggs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The additional amounts provided for in Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto for the products listed in Article 1 (1) of that Regulation which appear in the said Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 77.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 45, 21. 2. 1976, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 129, 28. 6. 1967, p. 2577/67.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 154, 9. 6. 1973, p. 1.

(n.a./100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Additional amount	Imports affected
02.02	Dead poultry (that is to say, fowls, ducks, geese, turkeys and guinea fowls) and edible offals thereof (except liver), fresh, chilled or frozen :		
	B. Poultry cuts (excluding offals) :		
	I. Boned or boneless :	25-00	Origin : People's Republic of China
	II. Unboned (bone-in) :		
	d) Breasts and cuts of breasts :		
	3. Of other poultry	10-00	Origin : Hungary
	e) Legs and cuts of legs :		
	1. Of geese	5-00	Origin : Israel
	3. Of other poultry	15-00	Origin : United States of America or Spain

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 454/79
of 7 March 1979
fixing additional amounts for egg products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in eggs ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 368/76 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 8 (4) thereof,

Whereas if, for a given product, the free-at-frontier offer price (hereinafter called the 'offer price') falls below the sluice-gate price, the levy applicable to that product must be increased by an additional amount equal to the difference between the sluice-gate price and the offer price determined in accordance with Article 1 of Commission Regulation No 163/67/EEC of 26 June 1967 on fixing the additional amount for imports of poultry farming products from third countries ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1527/73 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas the offer price must be determined for all imports from all third countries; whereas, however, if exports from one or more third countries are effected at abnormally low prices, lower than prices ruling for other third countries, a second offer price must be determined for exports from these other countries;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 990/69 ⁽⁵⁾, the levies on imports of eggs not in

shell and egg yolks originating in and coming from Austria are not increased by an additional amount;

Whereas the regular review of the information serving as a basis for the determination of average offer prices for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 indicates that additional amounts corresponding to the figures shown in the Annex hereto should be fixed for the imports specified in that Annex;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Poultrymeat and Eggs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The additional amounts provided for in Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto for the products listed in Article 1 (1) of that Regulation which appear in the said Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 49.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 45, 21. 2. 1976, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 129, 28. 6. 1967, p. 2577/67.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 154, 9. 6. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 130, 31. 5. 1969, p. 4.

ANNEX

Additional amounts applicable to certain products listed in Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulation
(EEC) No 2771/75

(u.a./100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Additional amount	Imports affected
04.05	Birds' eggs and egg yolks, fresh, dried or otherwise preserved, sweetened or not :		
	B. Eggs, not in shell ; egg yolks :		
	I. Suitable for human consumption :		
	a) Eggs, not in shell :		
	1. Dried	80.00	All imports ⁽¹⁾
	2. Other	25.00	All imports ⁽¹⁾
	b) Egg yolks :		
	3. Dried	50.00	Origin : People's Republic of China
		10.00	Other imports ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ With the exception of products originating in and coming from Austria.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 455/79
of 7 March 1979
fixing additional amounts for live and slaughtered poultry

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in poultrymeat⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 369/76⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 8 (4) thereof,

Whereas if, for a given product, the free-at-frontier offer price (hereinafter called the 'offer price') falls below the sluice-gate price, the levy applicable to that product must be increased by an additional amount equal to the difference between the sluice-gate price and the offer price determined in accordance with Article 1 of Commission Regulation No 163/67/EEC of 26 June 1967 on fixing the additional amount for imports of poultry farming products from third countries⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1527/73⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas the offer price must be determined for all imports from all third countries; whereas, however, if exports from one or more third countries are effected at abnormally low prices, lower than prices ruling for other third countries, a second offer price must be determined for exports from these other countries;

Whereas, pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 565/68⁽⁵⁾, the import levies on slaughtered fowls, ducks and geese originating in and coming from Poland are not increased by an additional amount;

Whereas, pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2261/69⁽⁶⁾, the import levies on slaughtered ducks and geese originating in and coming from Romania are not increased by an additional amount;

Whereas, pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2474/70⁽⁷⁾, the import levies on slaughtered turkeys originating in and coming from Poland are not increased by an additional amount;

Whereas, pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2164/72⁽⁸⁾, the import levies on slaughtered fowls and geese originating in and coming from Bulgaria are not increased by an additional amount;

Whereas the regular review of the information serving as a basis for the determination of average offer prices for slaughtered poultry and halves or quarters indicates that additional amounts corresponding to the figures shown in the Annex hereto should be fixed for the imports specified in that Annex;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Poultrymeat and Eggs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The additional amounts provided for in Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto for the products listed in Article 1 (1) of that Regulation which appear in the said Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 77.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 45, 21. 2. 1976, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 129, 28. 6. 1967, p. 2577/67.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 154, 9. 6. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 107, 8. 5. 1968, p. 7.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 286, 14. 11. 1969, p. 24.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 265, 8. 12. 1970, p. 13.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 232, 12. 10. 1972, p. 3.

(n.d./100 kg)

[illegible]

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 456/79**of 7 March 1979****correcting Regulation (EEC) No 386/79 amending Regulation (EEC) No 68/79
fixing countervailing charges on seeds**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 of 26 October 1971 on the common organization of the market in seeds ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 234/79 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (5) thereof,Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 386/79 of 26 February 1979 ⁽³⁾ fixed countervailing charges on seeds; whereas an error found its way into the Annex to the said Regulation; whereas it is therefore necessary to correct the Annex in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 386/79 the first indent should read as follows:

‘— double hybrids and top cross hybrids’.

*Article 2*This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 246, 5. 11. 1971, p. 1.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 34, 9. 2. 1979, p. 2.⁽³⁾ OJ No L 48, 27. 2. 1979, p. 15.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 457/79
of 7 March 1979
fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1562/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 3048/78⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 416/79⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, in the absence of the indicative price for the 1979/80 marketing year for colza and rape seed, in the case of advance fixing for July and August 1979, the amount of subsidy on these products can only be calculated provisionally on the basis of the indicative price for July and August 1978; whereas this amount may, therefore, only be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced when the indicative price for the 1979/80 marketing year is known;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 3048/78 to the information known to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered to the amount set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.
2. Nevertheless, the amount of the subsidy, in the case of advance fixing for July and August 1979 for colza and rape seed, shall be confirmed or replaced with effect from 8 March 1979 to take into account the indicative price which is fixed for these products for the 1979/80 marketing year.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 March 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 185, 7. 7. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 361, 23. 12. 1978, p. 18.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 50, 1. 3. 1979, p. 40.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 7 March 1979 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

(u.a. / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Subsidy
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	12·802
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	11·891

(u.a. / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Subsidy in the case of advance fixing for the month of					
		March 1979	April 1979	May 1979	June 1979	July 1979	August 1979
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	12·802	12·802	12·802	12·863	11·119 ⁽¹⁾	11·119 ⁽¹⁾
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	11·891	11·891	11·891	11·830	—	—

⁽¹⁾ Subject to confirmation.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 458/79
of 7 March 1979
fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the markets in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1562/78⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 852/78⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973 laying down detailed rules for applying differential amounts for colza and rape seed and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1464/73⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/77⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 9 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73, the Commission must determine the world market price for colza and rape seed;

Whereas the world market price should be determined in accordance with the rules and the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3048/78 of 22 December 1978 fixing the amount of the

subsidy on oil seeds⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 457/79⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas, if the price system is to operate normally, the world market price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas it follows from applying these provisions that the world market price for colza and rape seed should be as set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The world market price referred to in Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 March 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 185, 7. 7. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 361, 23. 12. 1978, p. 18.

⁽⁸⁾ See page 28 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 7 March 1979 fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

(u.a./100 kg)⁽¹⁾

CCT heading No	Description	World market price
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	19.038

(u.a./100 kg)⁽¹⁾

CCT heading No	Description	World market price where the subsidy is fixed in advance for the month of					
		March 1979	April 1979	May 1979	June 1979	July 1979	August 1979
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	19.038	19.038	19.038	18.977	18.551	18.551

⁽¹⁾ The conversion rates from units of account into national currency as foreseen by Article 9 (5) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 are the following:

1 u.a. = DM	3.03524
1 u.a. = Fl	3.28928
1 u.a. = Bfr/Lfr	47.7031
1 u.a. = FF	6.97496
1 u.a. = Dkr	8.56656
1 u.a. = £	0.822483
1 u.a. = I £	0.822483
1 u.a. = Lit	1.37542

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 459/79

of 7 March 1979

fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (7) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1550/78 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 441/79 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1550/78 to the information known to the Commission that the levies

at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 March 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 182, 5. 7. 1978, p. 17.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 55, 6. 3. 1979, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 7 March 1979 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

CCT heading No	Description	Levy (u.a. / 100 kg)
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form : A. White sugar ; flavoured or coloured sugar B. Raw sugar	26.82 21.73 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 31 January 1979

relating to an investigation on the basis of Article 14 (3) of Council Regulation
No 17 at the undertaking Fides, Milan (Case AF/IV/372)

(Only the Italian text is authentic)

(79/253/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community, and in particular Article 85
thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 17 of 6
February 1962⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 14 (3)
thereof,

Having consulted the Ministry for Industry, Trade and
Craft Trades, Rome, the competent authority within
the meaning of Article 14 (4) of Regulation No 17,

Whereas :

There are adequate grounds for presuming the exist-
ence of agreements between ...⁽²⁾, manufacturers in
different Member States, the purpose of which is to fix
prices and uniform terms of sale on the Italian market
and to share out among Italian manufacturers the
types and volume of ... manufactured ;

On 13 June 1977 Mr Vouel, Member of the Commis-
sion with special responsibility for competition policy,
ordered investigation to be made at various firms,
pursuant to Article 14 of Regulation No 17 ;

The Commission has precise, corroborative informa-
tion in its possession that Fides, Unione Fiduciaria,
with headquarters at via Vittor Pisani 22, Milan, has

been appointed to perform, on behalf of the various...
manufacturers, the activities required to organize and
operate the agreements in question ;

Fides refused to submit to the investigation planned
for 9 June 1978, and objected to the investigating offi-
cials that the procedure initiated by the Commission
did not concern Fides, since it was not involved in the
manufacturing or marketing of... and that, even if it
performed services on behalf of firms in the sector in
question, in accordance with its function as a società
fiduciaria, it could not supply information or docu-
ments on these activities to the Commission without
special authorization from its principals ;

However, the arguments put forward by Fides in
refusing to submit to the investigation are unfounded,
since the Commission has serious reason to believe
that the company performs, or has performed, for...
manufacturing firms services which are directly
connected with the circumstances forming the object
of the Commission's enquiries, and since, moreover,
business secrecy cannot be invoked against Commis-
sion officials acting pursuant to Article 14 of Regula-
tion No 17, since Article 20 of the same Regulation
requires that they shall not disclose information
acquired in the course of investigations carried out in
application of the Regulation ;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 13, 21. 2. 1962, p. 204/62.

⁽²⁾ In the published version of this Decision, some data have
hereinafter been omitted, pursuant to the provisions of
Article 21 of Regulation No 17, concerning non-dis-
closure of business secrets.

Fides must therefore be required, by means of a decision, to submit to investigation and in particular to allow books and papers connected with the object of the enquiry to be examined;

Articles 15 (1) (c) and 16 (1) (d) of Regulation No 17, the full texts of which are annexed hereto, empower the Commission, by decision adopted in regard to undertakings or associations of undertakings, to:

- (a) impose fines where, intentionally or negligently, the required books or other business records are produced in incomplete form during investigations pursuant to Article 14, or where the undertakings or associations of undertakings concerned refuse to submit to the investigations ordered by decision pursuant to Article 14 (3);
- (b) impose penalty payments for each day's delay, with effect from the date laid down in the decision, in order to compel them to submit to an investigation ordered by decision pursuant to Article 14 (3),

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Fides, Unione Fiduciaria, Spa, headquarters in Milan, is hereby required to submit to investigations at its premises. It shall also be required, in particular, to allow the Commission officials responsible for the

investigation to enter its premises during normal office hours and produce for examination the books and papers required by those officials and pertaining to the object of the enquiry.

Article 2

The investigations shall be made at the premises of Fides, Milan, from 5 February 1979.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to Fides, Unione Fiduciaria, Spa, Milan. It shall be notified immediately before the investigations are to begin by direct delivery by the Commission officials responsible for the investigation.

An action may be brought before the Court of Justice of the European Communities, Luxembourg, to have this Decision reviewed pursuant to Article 173 of the EEC Treaty. Pursuant to Article 185 of that Treaty, such action does not have suspensory effect.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 1979.

For the Commission

Raymond VOUEL

Member of the Commission

*ANNEX***Articles 15 and 16 of Council Regulation No 17**

(published in *Official Journal of the European Communities* No 13 of 21 February 1962, page 204)

Article 15

1. The Commission may by decision impose on undertakings or associations of undertakings fines of from 100 to 5 000 units of account where, intentionally or negligently :

- (a) ...;
- (b) ...;
- (c) they produce the required books or other business records in incomplete form during investigations under Article 13 or 14, or refuse to submit to an investigation ordered by decision issued in implementation of Article 14 (3).

Article 16

1. The Commission may by decision impose on undertakings or associations of undertakings periodic penalty payments of from 50 to 1 000 units of account per day, calculated from the date appointed by the decision, in order to compel them :

- (a) ...;
 - (b) ...;
 - (c) ...;
 - (d) to submit to an investigation which it has ordered by decision taken pursuant to Article 14 (3).
-

COMMISSION DECISION

of 16 February 1979

authorizing the Kingdom of Belgium, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the Kingdom of the Netherlands not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven and knitted or crocheted dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheadings ex 60.05 A II and ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 60.05-41, 42, 43, 44 ; 61.02-48, 52, 53, 54) (category 26), originating in Taiwan and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the Dutch and French texts are authentic)

(79/254/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 8 February 1979 by the Governments of the Benelux countries to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven and knitted or crocheted dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheadings ex 60.05 A II and ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 60.05-41, 42, 43, 44 ; 61.02-48, 52, 53, 54) (category 26), originating in Taiwan and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Taiwan is subject to a Community quantitative quota allocated among the Member States by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3020/77 of 30 December 1977⁽¹⁾, confirmed by Council Regulation (EEC) No 255/78 of 7 February 1978⁽²⁾;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets ; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States ; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively ;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment and a progressive decline in its market share ;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties ;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States ;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof ;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

The Kingdom of Belgium, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the Kingdom of the Netherlands are authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Taiwan and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 5 February 1979 :

CCT heading No	Description
ex 60.05 A II ex 61.02 B (NIMEXE codes 60.05-41, 42, 43, 44 ; 61.02-48, 52, 53, 54) (category 26)	Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven and knitted or crocheted dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in the Benelux countries for the importation of

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 357, 31. 12. 1977, p. 51.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 39, 9. 2. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

these products from Taiwan or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Done at Brussels, 16 February 1979.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to The Kingdom of Belgium, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

Vice-President

COMMISSION DECISION

of 20 February 1979

allowing admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of the scientific apparatus described as 'Hewlett-Packard Synthesized Signal Generator', model 8660 A/C

(79/255/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific and cultural materials⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 of 2 December 1975 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 4 and 5 thereof,

Whereas, by letter dated 17 August 1978, the British Government requested the Commission to invoke the procedure laid down in Articles 4 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 in order to determine whether or not the apparatus described as 'Hewlett-Packard Synthesized Signal Generator', model 8660 A/C, intended for use in research work carried out in the field of astronomy, and in particular for locating and tracking satellites, must be scientific apparatus and, where the reply is in the affirmative, whether apparatus of equivalent scientific value is currently manufactured in the Community;

Whereas, in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75, a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States met on 6 February 1979 within the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements to examine this particular case;

Whereas this examination shows that the apparatus in question is a frequency synthesizer generator; whereas its objective characteristics such as precision, stability

and frequency range, as well as the use made of it make it an apparatus specially suited to pure scientific research; whereas therefore it must be considered to be a scientific apparatus;

Whereas, on the basis of information received from Member States, apparatus of equivalent scientific value capable of use for the same purpose is not currently manufactured in the Community; whereas, therefore, duty-free admission of this apparatus is justified,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. The apparatus described as 'Hewlett-Packard Synthesized Signal Generator', model 8660 A/C, must be considered to be a scientific apparatus.

2. The conditions referred to in Article 3 (1) (b) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 for admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of the apparatus described in paragraph 1 are fulfilled.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 February 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 316, 6. 12. 1975, p. 17.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 21 February 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to electrical measuring, checking, analyzing or automatically controlling instruments and apparatus, falling within heading No 90.28 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Japan and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/256/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 8 February 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to electrical measuring, checking, analyzing or automatically controlling instruments and apparatus, falling within heading No 90.28 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Japan and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas in France the importation of the products in question originating in Japan is subject to an annual quota, which is currently being distributed ;

Whereas the disparities which exist in the commercial policy measures applied in connection with these products by the Member States are causing deflection of trade, thereby preventing the execution of those commercial policy measures which are in force because of the difficult economic situation in the sector concerned ;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties ;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States ;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof ;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Japan and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 5 February 1979 :

CCT heading No	Description
90.28	Electrical measuring, checking, analyzing or automatically controlling instruments and apparatus

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until 30 June 1979.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 21 February 1979.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 21 February 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of porcelain and other kinds of pottery, falling within heading No 69.11 and subheadings 69.12 C and D of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in the People's Republic of China and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/257/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 14 February 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of porcelain and other kinds of pottery, falling within heading No 69.11 and subheadings 69.12 C and D of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in the People's Republic of China and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas in France the importation of the products in question originating in the People's Republic of China is subject to an annual quota, which has not yet been opened;

Whereas the disparities which exist in the commercial policy measures applied in connection with these products by the Member States are causing deflection of trade, thereby preventing the execution of those commercial policy measures which are in force because of the difficult economic situation in the sector concerned;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the

first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in the People's Republic of China and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 5 February 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
69.11 69.12 C and D	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of porcelain and other kinds of pottery

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until 30 June 1979.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 21 February 1979.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 21 February 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to men's and boys' woven suits (including coordinate suits consisting of two or three pieces, which are ordered, packed, consigned and normally sold together), of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within heading No ex 61.01 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.01-51, 54, 57) (category 16), originating in Romania and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/258/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 14 February 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to men's and boys' woven suits (including coordinate suits consisting of two or three pieces, which are ordered, packed, consigned and normally sold together), of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within heading No ex 61.01 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.01-51, 54, 57) (category 16), originating in Romania and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Romania is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement Romania has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Romania and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 12 February 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
ex 61.01 (NIMEXE codes 61.01-51, 54, 57) (category 16)	Men's and boy's woven suits (including coordinate suits consisting of two or three pieces, which are ordered, packed, consigned and normally sold together), of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

Article 2

Done at Brussels, 21 February 1979.

This Decision shall apply until 30 September 1979.

For the Commission

Article 3

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Vice-President

COMMISSION DECISION

of 21 February 1979

fixing the maximum amount of the export refund for the 79th partial invitation to tender for white sugar issued under Regulation (EEC) No 1634/77

(79/259/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 19 (4) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1634/77 of 19 July 1977 on a standing invitation to tender to determine export refunds for white sugar⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1643/78⁽⁴⁾, requires partial invitations to tender to be issued for the export of this sugar;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 4 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 766/68 of 18 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1489/76⁽⁶⁾, the maximum amount of the refund is fixed for partial invitations to tender within three working days following the expiry of the time limit for the submission of tenders;

Whereas, when the maximum amount of the refund is being calculated, account must be taken of the supply situation and prices within the Community, prices and potential outlets on the world market and costs incurred in exporting sugar;

Whereas, following an examination of the tenders submitted in response to the 79th partial invitation to tender, the provisions set out in Article 1 should be adopted;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The maximum amount of the export refund for the 79th partial invitation to tender for white sugar issued under Regulation (EEC) No 1634/77 is hereby fixed at 24.783 units of account per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 February 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 35.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 191, 14. 7. 1978, p. 21.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 143, 25. 6. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1976, p. 13.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 21 February 1979

fixing the maximum amount of the export refund for the 55th partial invitation to tender for raw beet sugar issued under Regulation (EEC) No 1790/77

(79/260/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 19 (4) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1790/77 of 2 August 1977 on a standing invitation to tender to determine export refunds for raw beet sugar⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2093/78⁽⁴⁾, requires partial invitations to tender to be issued for the export of this sugar;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 4 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 766/68 of 18 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1489/76⁽⁶⁾, the maximum amount of the refund is fixed for partial invitations to tender within three working days following the expiry of the time limit for the submission of tenders;

Whereas, when the maximum amount of the refund is being calculated, account must be taken of the supply situation and prices within the Community, prices and potential outlets on the world market and costs incurred in exporting sugar;

Whereas, following an examination of the tenders submitted in response to the 55th partial invitation to tender, the provisions set out in Article 1 should be adopted;

Whereas the Management Committee for Sugar has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The maximum amount of the export refund for the 55th partial invitation to tender for raw beet sugar issued under Regulation (EEC) No 1790/77 is hereby fixed at 21.590 units of account per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 February 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

(1) OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 197, 4. 8. 1977, p. 11.

(4) OJ No L 243, 5. 9. 1978, p. 5.

(5) OJ No L 143, 25. 6. 1968, p. 6.

(6) OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1976, p. 13.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 22 February 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to toys made of wood or other (except motors and movement mechanisms for toys and working models used for recreational purposes and parts thereof), falling within subheadings 97.03 A and ex B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Japan and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/261/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 16 February 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to toys made of wood or other (except motors and movement mechanisms for toys and working models used for recreational purposes and parts thereof), falling within subheadings 97.03 A and ex B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Japan and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas in France the importation of the products in question originating in Japan is subject to an annual quota which is currently being distributed ;

Whereas the disparities which exist in the commercial policy measures applied in connection with these products by the Member States are causing deflection of trade, thereby preventing the execution of those commercial policy measures which are in force because of the difficult economic situation in the sector concerned ;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment ;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties ;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States ;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the

first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Japan and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 6 February 1979 :

CCT heading No	Description
97.03 A and ex B	Toys made of wood or other (except motors and movement mechanisms for toys and working models used for recreational purposes and parts thereof)

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in France for the importation of these products from Japan or until 30 September 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 22 February 1979.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 22 February 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes, jackets and blazers, other than garments of category 15 A, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheading ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.02-31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40) (category 15 B), originating in Yugoslavia and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/262/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 19 February 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes, jackets and blazers, other than garments of category 15 A, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheading ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.02-31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40) (category 15 B), originating in Yugoslavia and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Yugoslavia is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement Yugoslavia has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Yugoslavia and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 8 February 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
ex 61.02 B (NIMEXE codes 61.02-31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40) (category 15 B)	Women's, girls' and infants' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes, jackets and blazers, other than garments of category 15 A, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until 30 September 1979.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 22 February 1979.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 22 February 1979

fixing the maximum export refund on common wheat in connection with the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EEC) No 2963/78

(79/263/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas an invitation to tender for the export refund on common wheat was issued under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2963/78⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 5 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 279/75⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2944/78⁽⁶⁾, the Commission, acting under the procedure laid down in Article 26 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, may decide to fix a maximum export refund; whereas in fixing this maximum the criteria provided for in Articles 2 and 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 must be taken into account; whereas a contract is awarded to any tenderer whose tender is equal to or less than the maximum export refund;

Whereas the application of the abovementioned criteria to the current market situation for the cereal in question results in the maximum export refund being fixed at the amount specified in Article 1;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The maximum export refund on common wheat to be exported pursuant to the invitation to tender for the export of common wheat issued in Regulation (EEC) No 2963/78 is hereby fixed on the basis of the tenders submitted by 22 February 1979 at 76.24 units of account per tonne.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 February 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 352, 16. 12. 1978, p. 24.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 31, 5. 2. 1975, p. 8.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 351, 15. 12. 1978, p. 16.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 22 February 1979

fixing the maximum export refund on barley in connection with the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EEC) No 2964/78

(79/264/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas an invitation to tender for the export refund on barley was issued under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2964/78⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 5 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 279/75⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2944/78⁽⁶⁾, the Commission, acting under the procedure laid down in Article 26 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, may decide to fix a maximum export refund; whereas in fixing this maximum the criteria provided for in Articles 2 and 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 must be taken into account; whereas a contract is awarded to any tenderer whose tender is equal to or less than the maximum export refund;

Whereas the application of the abovementioned criteria to the current market situation for the cereal in question results in the maximum export refund being fixed at the amount specified in Article 1;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The maximum export refund on barley to be exported pursuant to the invitation to tender for the export of barley issued in Regulation (EEC) No 2964/78 is hereby fixed on the basis of the tenders submitted by 22 February 1979 at 83.00 units of account per tonne.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 February 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 352, 16. 12. 1978, p. 26.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 31, 5. 2. 1975, p. 8.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 351, 15. 12. 1978, p. 16.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 22 February 1979

fixing the maximum export refund on common wheat in connection with the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EEC) No 37/79

(79/265/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas an invitation to tender for the export refund on common wheat was issued under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 37/79⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 5 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 279/75⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2944/78⁽⁶⁾, the Commission, acting under the procedure laid down in Article 26 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, may decide to fix a maximum export refund; whereas in fixing this maximum the criteria provided for in Articles 2 and 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 must be taken into account; whereas a contract is awarded to any tenderer whose tender is equal to or less than the maximum export refund;

Whereas the application of the abovementioned criteria to the current market situation for the cereal in question results in the maximum export refund being fixed at the amount specified in Article 1;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The maximum export refund on common wheat to be exported pursuant to the invitation to tender for the export of common wheat issued in Regulation (EEC) No 37/79 is hereby fixed on the basis of the tenders submitted by 22 February 1979 at 75.75 units of account per tonne.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 February 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 6, 10. 1. 1979, p. 21.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 31, 5. 2. 1975, p. 8.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 351, 15. 12. 1978, p. 16.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 23 February 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, falling within heading No ex 60.02 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 60.02-40, 50, 60, 70, 80) (categories 10 and 11), originating in Taiwan and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/266/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 20 February 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, falling within heading No ex 60.02 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 60.02-40, 50, 60, 70, 80) (categories 10 and 11), originating in Taiwan and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Taiwan is subject to a Community quantitative quota allocated among the Member States by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3020/77 of 30 December 1977⁽¹⁾, confirmed by Council Regulation (EEC) No 255/78 of 7 February 1978⁽²⁾;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these quotas on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas, although the imports which gave rise to the application submitted are likely, in view of the substantial volume of the imports, to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Taiwan and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 8 February 1979 and are, at the date of this Decision, pending with the French authorities:

CCT heading No	Description
ex 60.02 (NIMEXE codes 60.02-40, 50, 60, 70, 80) (categories 10 and 11)	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 23 February 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 357, 31. 12. 1977, p. 51.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 39, 9. 2. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.