

Official Journal

of the European Communities

ISSN 0378-6978

L 66

Volume 22

16 March 1979

English edition

Legislation

Contents

I Acts whose publication is obligatory

- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 499/79 of 15 March 1979 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal 1
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 500/79 of 15 March 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt 3
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 501/79 of 15 March 1979 fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products 5
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 502/79 of 15 March 1979 fixing the export refunds on malt 8
- ★ Commission Decision No 503/79/ECSC of 14 March 1979 further amending Decision No 527/78/ECSC prohibiting alignment on offers of iron and steel products originating in certain third countries 10
- ★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 504/79 of 15 March 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on umbrellas and sunshades, etc., falling within heading No 66.01 and originating in Hong Kong, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply 11
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 505/79 of 15 March 1979 fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice 13
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 506/79 of 15 March 1979 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal 15
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 507/79 of 15 March 1979 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice 18
- ★ Information on the date of entry into force of the Convention on future multilateral cooperation in the north-west Atlantic fisheries 20
-

Contents (continued)

II *Acts whose publication is not obligatory*

Council

79/279/EEC :

- ★ Council Directive of 5 March 1979 coordinating the conditions for the admission of securities to official stock exchange listing 21

79/280/EEC :

- ★ Council Decision of 5 March 1979 on the provisional application to St Lucia after its independence of the arrangements provided for in Decision 76/568/EEC on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community 33

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 499/79
of 15 March 1979**

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2724/78 ⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2724/78 to today's

offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 March
1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 15 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 11. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 15 March 1979 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	85.52
10.01 B	Durum wheat	131.52 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	87.68 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	90.58
10.04	Oats	86.91
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	78.82 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	4.72
10.07 B	Millet	80.42 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	82.85 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	131.51
11.01 B	Rye flour	134.52
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	214.92
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	140.78

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments the levy is reduced by 6 u.a./tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 500/79**of 15 March 1979****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2725/78 ⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in

force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall
be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 March
1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 15 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 11. 1978, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 15 March 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 3	1st period 4	2nd period 5	3rd period 6
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	4.41
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0.21	0.21	1.42
10.02	Rye	0	3.35	3.35	3.35
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	1.44	1.44	0.91
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	3.04	3.04	5.78
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	6.17

B. Malt

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 3	1st period 4	2nd period 5	3rd period 6	4th period 7
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	7.85	7.85
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	5.87	5.87
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 501/79**of 15 March 1979****fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1562/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2749/78 of 23 November 1978 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁸⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2766/78⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽¹⁰⁾,

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 of 28 December 1978⁽¹¹⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil ;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹²⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world or Greek markets and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers ;

Whereas in the collection of the levy account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries ; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries ;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 12 and 13 March 1979 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation ;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products ; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate ; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

(¹) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

(²) OJ No L 185, 7. 7. 1978, p. 1.

(³) OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 1.

(⁴) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

(⁵) OJ No L 332, 29. 11. 1978, p. 13.

(⁶) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

(⁷) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

(⁸) OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

(⁹) OJ No L 332, 29. 11. 1977, p. 26.

(¹⁰) OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

(¹¹) OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

(¹²) OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 March 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(u.a./100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	27.00 ⁽¹⁾	52.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	26.00 ⁽¹⁾	49.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	30.00 ⁽¹⁾	54.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	33.00	61.00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	46.00	86.00 ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by:

(a) Greece, Spain and Lebanon: 0.50 u.a./100 kg;

(b) Turkey: 18.50 u.a./100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force;

(c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia: 20.50 u.a./100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.20 u.a./100 kg;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 2.56 u.a./100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 6 u.a./100 kg;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 4.80 u.a./100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(u.a./100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	5.72	10.78
07.03 A II	5.72	10.78
15.17 B I a)	13.00	24.50
15.17 B I b)	20.80	39.20
23.04 A II	2.40	4.32

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 502/79
of 15 March 1979
fixing the export refunds on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the
fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75
provides that the difference between quotations or
prices on the world market for the products listed in
Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those
products within the Community may be covered by
an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No
2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general
rules for granting export refunds on cereals and
criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾,
provides that when refunds are being fixed account
must be taken of the existing situation and the future
trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals
on the Community market on the one hand and
prices for cereals and cereal products on the world
market on the other; whereas the same Article
provides that it is also important to ensure equi-
librium and the natural development of prices and
trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into
account the economic aspect of the proposed exports,
and the need to avoid disturbances on the Commu-
nity market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29
October 1975 on the import and export system for
products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾,
defines the specific criteria to be taken into account
when the refund on these products is being calcu-
lated;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules
to the present situation on the market in products
processed from cereals and rice that the export refund
should be fixed at an amount which will cover the
difference between Community prices and world
market prices;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific
requirements of certain markets may make it neces-
sary to vary the refund for certain products according
to destination;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally,
refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each
of these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month;
whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on malt listed in Article 1 (d) of
Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 subject to Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75 shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 March
1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 15 March 1979 fixing the export refunds on malt

<i>(u.d. / tonne)</i>	
CCT heading No	Refund
11.07 A I b)	89.11
11.07 A II b)	104.55
11.07 B	121.85

COMMISSION DECISION No 503/79/ECSC

of 14 March 1979

further amending Decision No 527/78/ECSC prohibiting alignment on offers of iron and steel products originating in certain third countries

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community,

Having regard to Commission Decision No 527/78/ECSC of 14 March 1978 prohibiting alignment on offers of iron and steel products originating in certain third countries⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Decision No 303/79/ECSC⁽²⁾, and in particular the second paragraph of Article 1 thereof,

Whereas the Commission has concluded arrangements covering 1979 with Romania and South Korea, and it is accordingly necessary to include these countries in the Annex to the said Decision, together with details of the iron and steel products covered by the arrangements in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The following addition is hereby made to the Annex to Decision No 527/78/ECSC:

14. ROMANIA:

As regards the ECSC iron and steel products falling within Common Customs Tariff heading Nos 73.01, 73.02, 73.06 to 73.13 inclusive, and 73.16; 73.15 in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.13 inclusive.

15. SOUTH KOREA:

As regards the ECSC iron and steel products falling within Common Customs Tariff heading Nos 73.01, 73.02, 73.06 to 73.13 inclusive, and 73.16; 73.15 in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.13 inclusive.'

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* and shall remain applicable until 31 December 1979.

This Decision shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 March 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 73, 15. 3. 1978, p. 16.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 42, 17. 2. 1979, p. 5.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 504/79

of 15 March 1979

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on umbrellas and sunshades, etc., falling within heading No 66.01 and originating in Hong Kong, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 of 29 December 1978 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in European units of account, which will be equal — with the exception of certain products the value of the ceilings for which is given in Annex A thereto — to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1974 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1976 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements; whereas, however, the ceiling resulting from the sum of this addition may in no case exceed 150 % of the preferential ceiling open for 1978;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A thereto; whereas, for these products, this reduced percentage will be 15 %;

Whereas Article 2 (2) and (3) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said

countries or territories, with the exception of those listed in Annex C, once the relevant Community amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of umbrellas and sunshades, etc., falling within heading No 66.01, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 9 027 000 European units of account, and therefore the maximum amount is 1 354 050 European units of account; whereas, on 12 March 1979, the amounts of imports into the Community of umbrellas and sunshades, etc., falling within heading No 66.01 and originating in Hong Kong, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to Hong Kong,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 19 March 1979, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Hong Kong:

CCT heading No	Description
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 375 30. 12. 1978, p. 26.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 March 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 505/79

of 15 March 1979

fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1260/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 of 21 June 1976 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on rice and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of rice and broken rice on the Community market on the one hand and prices for rice and broken rice on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the rice market and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances of the Community market;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1361/76 ⁽⁴⁾ lays down the maximum percentage of broken rice allowed in rice for which an export refund is fixed and specifies the percentage by which that refund is to be reduced where the proportion of broken rice in the rice exported exceeds that maximum;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the export refund on rice and broken rice is being calculated;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas the refund must be fixed at least once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas it follows from applying these rules and criteria to the present situation on the market in rice and in particular to quotations or prices for rice and broken rice within the Community and on the world market, that the refund should be fixed as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 with the exception of those listed in paragraph 1 (c) of that Article, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 March 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 11.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 36.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 154, 15. 6. 1976, p. 11.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 15 March 1979 fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of refund (u.a. / tonne)
10.06	Rice : A. Paddy rice ; husked rice : II. Husked rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain for export to : — Austria, Liechtenstein, Switzerland and Portugal — Other third countries B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice : I. Semi-milled rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain II. Wholly milled rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain for export to : — Austria, Liechtenstein and Switzerland as well as destinations mentioned in Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 (1) — Other third countries C. Broken rice	— 90.00 — — — — 112.00 — —

(1) OJ No L 25, 17. 1. 1975, p. 1.

NB: The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 506/79**of 15 March 1979****fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products in the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation No (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on cereals is being calculated;

Whereas these specific criteria are defined, as far as wheat and rye flour, groats and meal are concerned, in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75; whereas, furthermore, when the refund on these products is being calculated, account must be taken of the quantities of cereals required for their manufacture; whereas

these quantities were fixed in Regulation No 162/67/EEC⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1607/71⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules set out above to the present situation on the market in cereals, and in particular to quotations or prices for these products within the Community and on the world market, that the refunds should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 March 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 128, 27. 6. 1967, p. 2574/67.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 16.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 15 March 1979 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

CCT heading No	Description	Refund (u.a. / tonne)
10.01 A	Common wheat and meslin : — for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — the People's Republic of China — Zones I, II, III, IV, V, VI and VII a) and b) — other third countries	67.00 79.75 0 70.00
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0
10.02	Rye : — for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	71.50 81.50
10.03	Barley : — for exports to : — Zones I, II, III, IV, V and VI — other third countries	0 73.00
10.04	Oats	64.00
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—
ex 11.01 A	Wheat flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 520 — of an ash content of 521 to 600 — of an ash content of 601 to 900 — of an ash content of 901 to 1 100 — of an ash content of 1 101 to 1 650 — of an ash content of 1 651 to 1 900	110.00 110.00 100.00 100.00 90.00 90.00
ex 11.01 B	Rye flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 700 — of an ash content of 701 to 1 150 — of an ash content of 1 151 to 1 600 — of an ash content of 1 601 to 2 000	103.00 103.00 103.00 103.00
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 950 — of an ash content of 951 to 1 300 — of an ash content of 1 301 to 1 500	165.00 165.00 165.00
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 520	110.00

N.B. The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 507/79

of 15 March 1979

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 1260/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the
second subparagraph of Article 17 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the first subparagraph of Article 17 (4) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the
export refund applicable to rice and broken rice on
the day on which application for an export licence is
made, adjusted for the threshold price which will be
in force during the month of exportation, must be
applied on request to exports to be effected during the
period of validity of the licence ;

Whereas Regulation No 474/67/EEC ⁽³⁾, as amended
by Regulation (EEC) No 1397/68 ⁽⁴⁾, lays down
detailed rules for the advance fixing of the export
refund on rice and broken rice ;

Whereas that Regulation provides that the refund
applicable on the day on which application for an
export licence is made must, when it is fixed in
advance, be reduced by an amount no greater than the
difference between the cif forward delivery price and
the cif price, where the former exceeds the latter by
more than 0.25 unit of account per tonne ; whereas,
on the other hand, the refund must be increased by
an amount no greater than the difference between the
cif price and the cif forward delivery price, where the
former exceeds the latter by more than 0.25 unit of
account per tonne ;

Whereas the cif price is that determined in accor-
dance with Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No

1418/76 ; whereas the cif forward delivery price is that
determined in accordance with Article 3 (2) of Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1428/76 ⁽⁵⁾, based, in respect of each
month for which the export licence is valid, on the cif
price calculated on the basis of offers for shipment
during the month of exportation ;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally,
refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their effective parity ;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each
of these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent ;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set
out above that the corrective amount applicable on 16
March 1979 must be as set out in the Annex hereto ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 17 (4) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 which is applicable to
the export refunds fixed in advance in respect of rice
and broken rice shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 March
1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 11.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 204, 24. 8. 1967, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 222, 10. 9. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 30.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 March 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 15 March 1979 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice

(u.a. / tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 3	1st period 4	2nd period 5	3rd period 6	4th period 7	5th period 8
10.06	Rice :						
	A. Paddy rice ; husked rice :						
	I. Paddy rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	II. Husked rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	0	0	0
	B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :						
	I. Semi-milled rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	II. Wholly milled rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	0	0	0
	C. Broken rice	—	—	—	—	—	—

Information on the date of entry into force of the Convention on future multi-lateral cooperation in the north-west Atlantic fisheries

On 31 December 1978, the following seven signatories deposited with the Government of Canada their instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval of the above Convention : Canada, Cuba, the EEC, the German Democratic Republic, Iceland, Norway and the USSR. Under the terms of Article XXII thereof, the Convention accordingly entered into force on 1 January 1979.

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE

of 5 March 1979

coordinating the conditions for the admission of securities to official stock exchange listing

(79/279/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 54 (3) (g) and 100 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the coordination of the conditions for the admission of securities to official listing on stock exchanges situated or operating in the Member States is likely to provide equivalent protection for investors at Community level, because of the more uniform guarantees offered to investors in the various Member States; whereas it will facilitate both the admission to official stock exchange listing, in each such State, of securities from other Member States and the listing of any given security on a number of stock exchanges in the Community; whereas it will accordingly make for greater interpenetration of national securities markets and therefore contribute to the prospect of establishing a European capital market;

Whereas such coordination must therefore apply to securities, independently of the legal status of their issuers, and must therefore also apply to securities

issued by non-member States or their regional or local authorities or international public bodies; whereas this Directive therefore covers entities not covered by the second paragraph of Article 58 of the Treaty and goes beyond the scope of Article 54 (3) (g) while directly affecting the establishment and functioning of the common market within the meaning of Article 100;

Whereas there should be the possibility of a right to apply to the courts against decisions by the competent national authorities in respect of the application of this Directive, although such right to apply must not be allowed to restrict the discretion of these authorities;

Whereas, initially, this coordination should be sufficiently flexible to enable account to be taken of present differences in the structures of securities markets in the Member States and to enable the Member States to take account of any specific situations with which they may be confronted;

Whereas, for this reason, coordination should first be limited to the establishment of minimum conditions for the admission of securities to official listing on stock exchanges situated or operating in the Member States, without however giving issuers any right to listing;

Whereas, this partial coordination of the conditions for admission to official listing constitutes a first step towards subsequent closer alignment of the rules of Member States in this field,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 56, 10. 3. 1976, p. 3.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 238, 11. 10. 1976, p. 38.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 204, 30. 8. 1976, p. 5.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE :

SECTION I

General provisions

Article 1

1. This Directive concerns securities which are admitted to official listing or are the subject of an application for admission to official listing on a stock exchange situated or operating within a Member State.
2. Member States may decide not to apply this Directive to :
 - units issued by collective investment undertakings other than the closed-end type,
 - securities issued by a Member State or its regional or local authorities.

Article 2

For the purposes of applying this Directive :

- (a) collective investment undertakings other than the closed-end type shall mean unit trusts and investment companies :
 - the object of which is the collective investment of capital provided by the public, and which operate on the principle of risk spreading, and
 - the units of which are, at the request of holders, repurchased or redeemed, directly or indirectly, out of the assets of these undertakings. Action taken by such undertakings to ensure that the stock exchange value of its units does not significantly vary from their net asset value shall be regarded as equivalent to such repurchase or redemption ;
- (b) units shall mean securities issued by collective investment undertakings as representing the rights of participants in the assets of such undertakings ;
- (c) European unit of account shall mean the unit of account as defined in Article 10 of the Financial Regulation of 21 December 1977 applicable to the general budget of the European Communities ⁽¹⁾.

Article 3

Member States shall ensure that :

- securities may not be admitted to official listing on any stock exchange situated or operating within their territory unless the conditions laid down by this Directive are satisfied, and that

- issuers of securities admitted to such official listing, whether admission takes place before or after the date on which this Directive is implemented, are subject to the obligations provided for by this Directive.

Article 4

1. The admission of securities to official listing shall be subject to the conditions set out in Schedules A and B to this Directive, relating to shares and debt securities respectively.
2. The issuers of securities admitted to official listing must fulfil the obligations set out in Schedules C and D to this Directive, relating to shares and debt securities respectively.
3. Certificates representing shares may be admitted to official listing only if the issuer of the shares represented fulfils the conditions set out in I (1) to I (3) of Schedule A and the obligations set out in Schedule C and if the certificates fulfil the conditions set out in II (1) to II (6) of Schedule A.

Article 5

1. Subject to the prohibitions provided for in Article 6 and in Schedules A and B, the Member States may make the admission of securities to official listing subject to more stringent conditions than those set out in Schedules A and B or to additional conditions, provided that these more stringent and additional conditions apply generally for all issuers or for individual classes of issuer and that they have been published before application for admission of such securities is made.
2. Member States may make the issuers of securities admitted to official listing subject to more stringent obligations than those set out in Schedules C and D or to additional obligations, provided that these more stringent and additional obligations apply generally for all issuers or for individual classes of issuer.
3. Member States may, under the same conditions as those laid down in Article 7, authorize derogations from the additional or more stringent conditions and obligations referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 hereof.
4. Member States may, in accordance with the applicable national rules require issuers of securities admitted to official listing to inform the public on a regular basis of their financial position and the general course of their business.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 356, 31. 12. 1977, p. 1.

Article 6

Member States may not make the admission to official listing of securities issued by companies or other legal persons which are nationals of another Member State subject to the condition that the securities must already have been admitted to official listing on a stock exchange situated or operating in one of the Member States.

Article 7

Any derogations from the conditions for the admission of securities to official listing which may be authorized in accordance with Schedules A and B must apply generally for all issuers where the circumstances justifying them are similar.

Article 8

Member States may decide not to apply the conditions set out in Schedule B and the obligations set out in A (4) (a) and (c) of Schedule D in respect of applications for admission to official listing of debt securities issued by companies and other legal persons which are nationals of a Member State and which are set up by, governed by or managed pursuant to a special law where repayments and interest payments in respect of those securities are guaranteed by a Member State or one of its federal states.

SECTION II

Authorities competent to admit securities to official listing*Article 9*

1. Member States shall designate the national authority or authorities competent to decide on the admission of securities to official listing on a stock exchange situated or operating within their territories and shall ensure that this Directive is applied. They shall inform the Commission accordingly, indicating, if appropriate, how duties have been allocated.
2. Member States shall ensure that the competent authorities have such powers as may be necessary for the exercise of their duties.
3. Without prejudice to the other powers conferred upon them, the competent authorities may reject an application for the admission of a security to official listing if, in their opinion, the issuer's situation is such that admission would be detrimental to investors' interests.

Article 10

By way of derogation from Article 5, Member States may, solely in the interests of protecting the investors,

give the competent authorities power to make the admission of a security to official listing subject to any special condition which the competent authorities consider appropriate and of which they have explicitly informed the applicant.

Article 11

The competent authorities may refuse to admit to official listing a security already officially listed in another Member State where the issuer fails to comply with the obligations resulting from admission in that Member State.

Article 12

Without prejudice to any other action or penalties which they may contemplate in the event of failure on the part of the issuer to comply with the obligations resulting from admission to official listing, the competent authorities may make public the fact that an issuer is failing to comply with those obligations.

Article 13

1. An issuer whose securities are admitted to official listing shall provide the competent authorities with all the information which the latter consider appropriate in order to protect investors or ensure the smooth operation of the market.
2. Where protection of investors or the smooth operation of the market so requires, an issuer may be required by the competent authorities to publish such information in such a form and within such time limits as they consider appropriate. Should the issuer fail to comply with such requirement, the competent authorities may themselves publish such information after having heard the issuer.

Article 14

1. The competent authorities may decide to suspend the listing of a security where the smooth operation of the market is, or may be, temporarily jeopardized or where protection of investors so requires.
2. The competent authorities may decide that the listing of the security be discontinued where they are satisfied that, owing to special circumstances, normal regular dealings in a security are no longer possible.

Article 15

1. Member States shall ensure decisions of the competent authorities refusing the admission of a security to official listing or discontinuing such a listing shall be subject to the right to apply to the courts.

2. An applicant shall be notified of a decision regarding his application for admission to official listing within six months of receipt of the application or, should the competent authority require any further information within that period, within six months of the applicant's supplying such information.

3. Failure to give a decision within the time limit specified in paragraph 2 shall be deemed a rejection of the application. Such rejection shall give rise to the right to apply to the courts provided for in paragraph 1.

Article 16

Where an application for admission to official listing relates to certificates representing shares, the application shall be considered only if the competent authorities are of the opinion that the issuer of the certificates is offering adequate safeguards for the protection of investors.

SECTION III

Publication of the information to be made available to the public

Article 17

1. The information which issuers of a security admitted to official listing in a Member State are required to make available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Schedules C and D shall be published in one or more newspapers distributed throughout the Member State or distributed widely therein or shall be made available to the public either in writing in places indicated by announcements to be published in one or more newspapers distributed throughout the Member State or widely distributed therein or by other equivalent means approved by the competent authorities. The issuers must simultaneously send such information to the competent authorities.

2. The information referred to in paragraph 1 shall be published in the official language or languages, or in one of the official languages or in another language provided that in the Member State in question the official language or languages or such other language is or are customary in the sphere of finance and accepted by the competent authorities.

SECTION IV

Cooperation between Member States

Article 18

1. The competent authorities shall cooperate wherever necessary for the purpose of carrying out

their duties and shall exchange any information required for that purpose.

2. Where applications are to be made simultaneously or within short intervals of one another for admission of the same securities to official listing on stock exchanges situated or operating in more than one Member State, or where an application for admission is made in respect of a security already listed on a stock exchange in another Member State, the competent authorities shall communicate with each other and make such arrangements as may be necessary to expedite the procedure and simplify as far as possible the formalities and any additional conditions required for admission of the security concerned.

3. In order to facilitate the work of the competent authorities, any application for the admission of a security to official listing on a stock exchange situated or operating in a Member State must state whether a similar application is being or has been made in another Member State, or will be made in the near future.

Article 19

1. Member States shall provide that all persons employed or formerly employed by the competent authorities shall be bound by professional secrecy. This means that any confidential information received in the course of their duties may not be divulged to any person or authority except by virtue of provisions laid down by law.

2. Paragraph 1 shall not, however, preclude the competent authorities of the various Member States from exchanging information as provided for in this Directive. Information thus exchanged shall be covered by the obligation of professional secrecy to which the persons employed or formerly employed by the competent authorities receiving the information are subject.

SECTION V

Contact Committee

Article 20

1. A Contact Committee (hereinafter called 'the Committee') shall be set up alongside the Commission. Its function shall be:

- (a) without prejudice to Articles 169 and 170 of the EEC Treaty to facilitate the harmonized implementation of this Directive through regular consultations on any practical problems arising from its application and on which exchanges of view are deemed useful;

- (b) to facilitate the establishment of a concerted attitude between the Member States on the more stringent or additional conditions and obligations which, pursuant to Article 5 of this Directive, they may lay down at national level ;
- (c) to advise the Commission, if necessary, on any supplements or amendments to be made to this Directive or on any adjustments to be made in accordance with Article 21.

2. It shall not be the function of the Committee to appraise the merits of decisions taken by the competent authorities in individual cases.

3. The Committee shall be composed of persons appointed by the Member States and of representatives of the Commission. The chairman shall be a representative of the Commission. Secretarial services shall be provided by the Commission.

4. Meetings of the Committee shall be convened by its chairman, either on his own initiative or at the request of one Member State delegation. The Committee shall draw up its rules of procedure.

Article 21

1. For the purpose of adjusting, in the light of the requirements of the economic situation, the minimum amount of the foreseeable market capitalization laid down in the first paragraph of I (2) of Schedule A, the Commission shall submit to the Committee a draft of the measures to be taken. The Committee shall deliver its opinion within the period laid down by its chairman. Its decisions shall require 41 votes in favour, the votes of the Member States being weighted as provided for in Article 148 (2) of the Treaty.

2. When the Committee has delivered an opinion in favour of the draft of the measures envisaged by the Commission the latter shall adopt them.

Where the opinion of the Committee is not in accordance with the draft of the measures envisaged by the Commission or where the Committee has not deliv-

ered an opinion within the required period, the Commission shall without delay lay before the Council, which shall act by qualified majority, a proposal concerning the measures to be taken.

Where the Council fails to act on the proposal within three months of its receipt, the measures proposed shall be adopted by the Commission.

SECTION VI

Final provisions

Article 22

1. Member States shall take the measures necessary to comply with this Directive within two years of its notification. They shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof.

This period shall be extended by one year in the case of Member States simultaneously introducing this Directive and the proposed Council Directive on the particulars to be published when securities issued by companies within the meaning of the second paragraph of Article 58 of the Treaty are admitted to official stock-exchange listing.

2. As from the notification of this Directive, the Member States shall communicate to the Commission the texts of the main laws, regulations and administrative provisions which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

Article 23

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 March 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. FRANÇOIS-PONCET

ANNEX

SCHEDULE A

CONDITIONS FOR THE ADMISSION OF SHARES TO OFFICIAL LISTING ON A STOCK EXCHANGE**I. Conditions relating to companies for the shares of which admission to official listing is sought***1. Legal position of the company*

The legal position of the company must be in conformity with the laws and regulations to which it is subject, as regards both its formation and its operation under its statutes.

2. Minimum size of the company

The foreseeable market capitalization of the shares for which admission to official listing is sought or, if this cannot be assessed, the company's capital and reserves, including profit or loss, from the last financial year, must be at least one million European units of account.

However, Member States may provide for admission to official listing, even when this condition is not fulfilled, provided that the competent authorities are satisfied that there will be an adequate market for the shares concerned.

A higher foreseeable market capitalization or higher capital and reserves may be required by a Member State for admission to official listing only if another regulated, regularly operating, recognized open market exists in that State and the requirements for it are equal to or less than those referred to in the first paragraph.

The condition set out in the first paragraph shall not be applicable for the admission to official listing of a further block of shares of the same class as those already admitted.

The equivalent in national currency of one million European units of account shall initially be that applicable on the date on which the Directive is adopted.

If, as a result of adjustment of the equivalent of the European unit of account in national currency, the market capitalization expressed in national currency remains for a period of one year at least 10 % more or less than the value of one million European units of account the Member State must, within the 12 months following the expiry of that period, adjust its laws, regulations or administrative provisions to comply with the first paragraph.

3. A company's period of existence

A company must have published or filed its annual accounts in accordance with national law for the three financial years preceding the application for official listing. By way of exception, the competent authorities may derogate from this condition where such derogation is desirable in the interests of the company or of investors and where the competent authorities are satisfied that investors have the necessary information available to be able to arrive at an informed judgment on the company and the shares for which admission to official listing is sought.

II. Conditions relating to the shares for which admission to official listing is sought*1. Legal position of the shares*

The legal position of the shares must be in conformity with the laws and regulations to which they are subject.

2. Negotiability of the shares

The shares must be freely negotiable.

The competent authorities may treat shares which are not fully paid up as freely negotiable, if arrangements have been made to ensure that the negotiability of such shares is not restricted and that dealing is made open and proper by providing the public with all appropriate information.

The competent authorities may, in the case of the admission to official listing of shares which may be acquired only subject to approval, derogate from the first paragraph only if the use of the approval clause does not disturb the market.

3. *Public issue preceding admission to official listing*

Where public issue precedes admission to official listing, the first listing may be made only after the end of the period during which subscription applications may be submitted.

4. *Distribution of shares*

A sufficient number of shares must be distributed to the public in one or more Member States not later than the time of admission.

This condition shall not apply where shares are to be distributed to the public through the stock exchange. In that event, admission to official listing may be granted only if the competent authorities are satisfied that a sufficient number of shares will be distributed through the stock exchange within a short period.

Where admission to official listing is sought for a further block of shares of the same class, the competent authorities may assess whether a sufficient number of shares has been distributed to the public in relation to all the shares issued and not only in relation to this further block.

However, by way of derogation from the first paragraph, if the shares are admitted to official listing in one or more non-Member States, the competent authorities may provide for their admission to official listing if a sufficient number of shares is distributed to the public in the non-Member State or States where they are listed.

A sufficient number of shares shall be deemed to have been distributed either when the shares in respect of which application for admission has been made are in the hands of the public to the extent of a least 25 % of the subscribed capital represented by the class of shares concerned or when, in view of the large number of shares of the same class and the extent of their distribution to the public, the market will operate properly with a lower percentage.

5. *Listing of shares of the same class*

The application for admission to official listing must cover all the shares of the same class already issued.

However, Member States may provide that this condition shall not apply to applications for admission not covering all the shares of the same class already issued where the shares of that class for which admission is not sought belong to blocks serving to maintain control of the company or are not negotiable for a certain time under agreements, provided that the public is informed of such situations and that there is no danger of such situations prejudicing the interests of the holders of the shares for which admission to official listing is sought.

6. *Physical form of shares*

For the admission to official listing of shares issued by companies which are nationals of another Member State and which shares have a physical form it is necessary and sufficient that their physical form comply with the standards laid down in that other Member State. Where the physical form does not conform to the standards in force in the Member State in which admission to official listing is applied for, the competent authorities of that State shall make that fact known to the public.

The physical form of shares issued by companies which are nationals of a non-member State must afford sufficient safeguard for the protection of the investors.

7. *Shares issued by companies from a non-member State*

If the shares issued by a company which is a national of a non-member State are not listed in either the country of origin or in the country in which the major proportion of the shares is held, they may not be admitted to official listing unless the competent authorities are satisfied that the absence of a listing in the country of origin or in the country in which the major proportion is held is not due to the need to protect investors.

SCHEDULE B

CONDITIONS FOR THE ADMISSION OF DEBT SECURITIES TO OFFICIAL LISTING
ON A STOCK EXCHANGE

A. ADMISSION TO OFFICIAL LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED BY AN UNDERTAKING

I. Conditions relating to undertakings for the debt securities of which admission to official listing is sought

Legal position of the undertaking

The legal position of the undertaking must be in conformity with the laws and regulations to which it is subject, as regards both its formation and its operation under its statutes.

II. Conditions relating to the debt securities for which admission to official listing is sought

1. *Legal position of the debt securities*

The legal position of the debt securities must be in conformity with the laws and regulations to which they are subject.

2. *Negotiability of the debt securities*

The debt securities must be freely negotiable.

The competent authorities may treat debt securities which are not fully paid up as freely negotiable if arrangements have been made to ensure that the negotiability of these debt securities is not restricted and that dealing is made open and proper by providing the public with all appropriate information.

3. *Public issue preceding admission to official listing*

Where public issue precedes admission to official listing, the first listing may be made only after the end of the period during which subscription applications may be submitted. This provision shall not apply in the case of tap issues of debt securities when the closing date for subscription is not fixed.

4. *Listing of debt securities ranking pari passu*

The application for admission to official listing must cover all debt securities ranking *pari passu*.

5. *Physical form of debt securities*

For the admission to official listing of debt securities issued by undertakings which are nationals of another Member State and which debt securities have a physical form, it is necessary and sufficient that their physical form comply with the standards laid down in that other Member State. Where the physical form does not conform to the standards in force in the Member State in which admission to official listing is applied for, the competent authorities of that State shall make that fact known to the public.

However, the physical form of debt securities issued in a single Member State must conform to the standards in force in that State.

The physical form of debt securities issued by undertakings which are nationals of a non-member State must afford sufficient safeguard for the protection of the investors.

III. Other conditions

1. *Minimum amount of the loan*

The amount of the loan may not be less than 200 000 European units of account. This provision shall not be applicable in the case of tap issues where the amount of the loan is not fixed.

Member States may, however, provide for admission to official listing even when this condition is not fulfilled, where the competent authorities are satisfied that there will be a sufficient market for the debt securities concerned.

The equivalent in national currency of 200 000 European units of account shall initially be that applicable on the date on which this Directive is adopted.

If as a result of adjustment of the equivalent of the European unit of account in national currency the minimum amount of the loan expressed in national currency remains, for a period of one year, at least 10 % less than the value of 200 000 European units of account the Member State must, within the 12 months following the expiry of that period, amend its laws, regulations and administrative provisions to comply with the first paragraph.

2. *Convertible or exchangeable debentures, and debentures with warrants*

Convertible or exchangeable debentures and debentures with warrants may be admitted to official listing only if the related shares are already listed on the same stock exchange or on another regulated, regularly operating, recognized open market or are so admitted simultaneously.

However, Member States may, by way of derogation from the first paragraph, provide for the admission to official listing of convertible or exchangeable debentures or debentures with warrants, if the competent authorities are satisfied that holders have at their disposal all the information necessary to form an opinion concerning the value of the shares to which these debt securities relate.

B. ADMISSION TO OFFICIAL LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED BY A STATE, ITS REGIONAL OR LOCAL AUTHORITIES OR A PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL BODY

1. *Negotiability of the debt securities*

The debt securities must be freely negotiable.

2. *Public issue preceding admission to official listing*

Where public issue precedes admission to official listing, the first listing may be made only after the end of the period during which subscription applications may be submitted. This provision shall not apply where the closing date for subscription is not fixed.

3. *Listing of debt securities ranking pari passu*

The application for admission to official listing must cover all the securities ranking *pari passu*.

4. *Physical form of debt securities*

For the admission to official listing of debt securities which are issued by a Member State or its regional or local authorities in a physical form, it is necessary and sufficient that such physical form comply with the standards in force in that Member State. Where the physical form does not comply with the standards in force in the Member State where admission to official listing is applied for, the competent authorities of that State shall bring this situation to the attention of the public.

The physical form of debt securities issued by non-member States or their regional or local authorities or by public international bodies must afford sufficient safeguard for the protection of the investors.

SCHEDULE C

OBLIGATIONS OF COMPANIES WHOSE SHARES ARE ADMITTED TO OFFICIAL LISTING ON A STOCK EXCHANGE*1. Listing of newly issued shares of the same class*

Without prejudice to the second paragraph of II (5) of Schedule A, in the case of a new public issue of shares of the same class as those already officially listed, the company shall be required, where the new shares are not automatically admitted, to apply for their admission to the same listing, either not more than a year after their issue or when they become freely negotiable.

2. Treatment of shareholders

- (a) The company shall ensure equal treatment for all shareholders who are in the same position.
- (b) The company must ensure, at least in each Member State in which its shares are listed, that all the necessary facilities and information are available to enable shareholders to exercise their rights. In particular, it must :
 - inform shareholders of the holding of meetings and enable them to exercise their right to vote,
 - publish notices or distribute circulars concerning the allocation and payment of dividends, the issue of new shares including allotment, subscription, renunciation and conversion arrangements,
 - designate as its agent a financial institution through which shareholders may exercise their financial rights, unless the company itself provides financial services.

3. Amendment of the instrument of incorporation or the statutes

- (a) A company planning an amendment to its instrument of incorporation or its statutes must communicate a draft thereof to the competent authorities of the Member States in which its shares are listed.
- (b) That draft must be communicated to the competent authorities no later than the calling of the general meeting which is to decide on the proposed amendment.

4. Annual accounts and annual report

- (a) The company must make available to the public, as soon as possible, its most recent annual accounts and its last annual report.
- (b) If the company prepares both annual own and annual consolidated accounts, it must make them available to the public. In that event the competent authorities may authorize the company only to make available to the public either the own or the consolidated accounts, provided that the accounts which are not made available to the public do not contain any significant additional information.
- (c) If the annual accounts and reports do not comply with the provisions of Council Directives concerning companies' accounts and if they do not give a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities, financial position and profit or loss, more detailed and/or additional information must be provided.

5. Additional information

- (a) The company must inform the public as soon as possible of any major new developments in its sphere of activity which are not public knowledge and which may, by virtue of their effect on its assets and liabilities or financial position or on the general course of its business, lead to substantial movements in the prices of its shares.

The competent authorities may, however, exempt the company from this requirement, if the disclosure of particular information is such as to prejudice the legitimate interests of the company.

- (b) The company must inform the public without delay of any changes in the rights attaching to the various classes of shares.
- (c) The company must inform the public of any changes in the structure (shareholders and breakdown of holdings) of the major holdings in its capital as compared with information previously published on that subject as soon as such changes come to its notice.

6. *Equivalence of information*

- (a) A company whose shares are officially listed on stock exchanges situated or operating in different Member States must ensure that equivalent information is made available to the market at each of these exchanges.
- (b) A company whose shares are officially listed on stock exchanges situated or operating in one or more Member States and in one or more non-member States must make available to the markets of the Member State or States in which its shares are listed information which is at least equivalent to that which it makes available to the markets of the non-member State or States in question, if such information may be of importance for the evaluation of the shares.

SCHEDULE D

OBLIGATIONS OF ISSUERS WHOSE DEBT SECURITIES ARE ADMITTED TO OFFICIAL LISTING ON A STOCK EXCHANGE

A. DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED BY AN UNDERTAKING

1. *Treatment of holders of debt securities*

- (a) The undertaking must ensure that all holders of debt securities ranking *pari passu* are given equal treatment in respect of all the rights attaching to those debt securities.

Provided they are made in accordance with national law, this condition shall not prevent offers of early repayment of certain debt securities being made to holders by an undertaking in derogation from the conditions of issue and in particular in accordance with social priorities.

- (b) The undertaking must ensure that at least in each Member State where its debt securities are officially listed all the facilities and information necessary to enable holders to exercise their rights are available. In particular, it must:
 - publish notices or distribute circulars concerning the holding of meetings of holders of debt securities, the payment of interest, the exercise of any conversion, exchange, subscription or renunciation rights, and repayment,
 - designate as its agent a financial institution through which holders of debt securities may exercise their financial rights, unless the undertaking itself provides financial services.

2. *Amendment of the instrument of incorporation or the statutes*

- (a) An undertaking planning an amendment to its instrument of incorporation or its statutes affecting the rights of holders of debt securities must forward a draft thereof to the competent authorities of the Member States in which its debt securities are listed.
- (b) That draft must be communicated to the competent authorities no later than the calling of the meeting of the body which is to decide on the proposed amendment.

3. *Annual accounts and annual report*

- (a) The undertaking must make available to the public as soon as possible its most recent annual accounts and its last annual report the publication of which is required by national law.
- (b) If the undertaking prepares both annual own and annual consolidated accounts, it must make them available to the public. In that event, however, the competent authority may authorize the undertaking only to make available to the public either the own accounts or the consolidated accounts, provided that the accounts which are not made available do not contain any significant additional information.
- (c) If the accounts and reports do not comply with the provisions of Council Directives concerning undertakings' accounts and if they do not give a true and fair view of the undertaking's assets and liabilities, financial position and results, more detailed and/or additional information must be provided.

4. *Additional information*

- (a) The undertaking must inform the public as soon as possible of any major new developments in its sphere of activity which are not public knowledge and which may significantly affect its ability to meet its commitments.

The competent authorities may, however, exempt the undertaking from this obligation at its request if the disclosure of particular information would be such as to prejudice the legitimate interests of the undertaking.

- (b) The undertaking must inform the public without delay of any change in the rights of holders of debt securities resulting in particular from a change in loan terms or in interest rates.
- (c) The undertaking must inform the public without delay of new loan issues and in particular of any guarantee or security in respect thereof.
- (d) Where the debt securities officially listed are convertible or exchangeable debentures, or debentures with warrants, the undertaking must inform the public without delay of any changes in the rights attaching to the various classes of shares to which they relate.

5. *Equivalence of information*

- (a) An undertaking the debt securities of which are officially listed on stock exchanges situated or operating in different Member States must ensure that equivalent information is made available to the market at each of these exchanges.
- (b) An undertaking the debt securities of which are officially listed on stock exchanges situated or operating in one or more Member States and in one or more non-member States must make available to the markets of the Member State or Member States in which its debt securities are listed information which is at least equivalent to that which it makes available to the markets of the non-member State or States in question, if such information may be of importance for the evaluation of the debt securities.

B. DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED BY A STATE OR ITS REGIONAL OR LOCAL AUTHORITIES OR BY A PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL BODY

1. *Treatment of holders of debt securities*

- (a) States, their regional or local authorities and public international bodies must ensure that all holders of debt securities ranking *pari passu* are given equal treatment in respect of all the rights attaching to those debt securities.

Provided they are made in accordance with national law, this condition shall not prevent offers of early repayment of certain debt securities being made to holders by an issuer in derogation from the conditions of issue and in particular in accordance with social priorities.

- (b) States, their regional or local authorities and public international bodies must ensure that at least in each Member State in which their debt securities are officially listed all the facilities and information necessary to enable holders of debt securities to exercise their rights are available. In particular, they must :
 - publish notices or distribute circulars concerning the holding of meetings of holders of debt securities, the payment of interest and redemption,
 - designate as their agents financial institutions through which holders of debt securities may exercise their financial rights.

2. *Equivalence of information*

- (a) States, their regional or local authorities and public international bodies the debt securities of which are officially listed on stock exchanges situated or operating in different Member States must ensure that equivalent information is made available to the market at each of these exchanges.
- (b) States, their regional or local authorities and public international bodies the debt securities of which are officially listed on stock exchanges situated or operating in one or more Member States and in one or more non-member States must make available to the markets of the Member State or Member States in which their debt securities are listed information which is at least equivalent to that which they make available to the markets of the non-member State or States in question, if such information may be of importance for the evaluation of the debt securities.

COUNCIL DECISION

of 5 March 1979

on the provisional application to St Lucia after its independence of the arrangements provided for in Decision 76/568/EEC on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community

(79/280/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Decision 76/568/EEC of 29 June 1976 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Decision 78/465/EEC⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 55 (2) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to the second subparagraph of Article 55 (2) of Decision 76/568/EEC, the arrangements provided for therein may continue to apply provisionally, under conditions laid down by the Council, to countries and territories which achieve independence;

Whereas St Lucia which appears in Annex I relating to the list of countries and territories referred to by that Decision, achieved independence on 22 February 1979;

Whereas it should be decided to continue to apply provisionally the arrangements provided for in the abovementioned Decision to that State and to lay down the conditions for such application, without prejudice to subsequent recourse to the first subparagraph of Article 55 (2) and to Article 56 thereof;

Whereas the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé is open, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 89 thereof, to the accession of a country or territory to which Part Four of the Treaty applies and which has become independent; whereas such accession can take place only following a request by the State concerned and with the approval of the ACP-EEC Council of Ministers;

Whereas St Lucia has submitted a request for accession to the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé;

Whereas the period of provisional application of Decision 76/568/EEC to that State should be limited;

Whereas, in order to avoid any break in continuity in the financing of decisions in favour of St Lucia between its accession to the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé and the entry into force of the decision adjusting the amounts made available to the European

Development Fund which the Council is to take pursuant to Article 1 (4) of the Internal Agreement on the financing and administration of Community aid signed on 11 July 1975, St Lucia should be permitted to continue to benefit until the date of the entry into force of that decision from the provisions of Decision 76/568/EEC relating to financial and technical cooperation,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The arrangements laid down by Decision 76/568/EEC shall remain provisionally applicable to St Lucia until the latter accedes to the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé but until 21 February 1980 at the latest.

St Lucia shall, moreover, continue to benefit from the provisions of the said Decision relating to financial and technical cooperation until the date of entry into force of the decision adjusting the amounts made available to the European Development Fund which the Council is to take pursuant to Article 1 (4) of the Internal Agreement on the financing and administration of Community aid.

Article 2

Questions relating to the application of Decision 76/568/EEC to St Lucia after it has achieved independence shall be dealt with as necessary by direct contact between the competent authorities of that State and of the Community.

Article 3

This Decision shall enter into force on the day of its signature.

It shall apply from 22 February 1979.

Done at Brussels, 5 March 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. FRANÇOIS-PONCET

(1) OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1976, p. 8.

(2) OJ No L 147, 3. 6. 1978, p. 39.

EURONORMS

The Commission of the European Communities (ECSC) has published the following new EURONORMS in German, English, French, Italian and Dutch. The EURONORMS which are available up to the present in English are indicated by an asterisk (*).

Sales prices valid from 1 July 1976.

			<i>Price in £</i>
(*) EURONORM	21-78	General technical delivery requirements for steel and iron and steel products — second edition	1.80
(*) EURONORM	56-77	Hot-rolled equal angles (with radiused root and toes) — second edition	0.60
(*) EURONORM	57-78	Hot-rolled unequal angles (with radiused root and toes) — second edition	0.80
(*) EURONORM	58-78	Hot-rolled flats for general purposes — second edition	0.80
(*) EURONORM	59-78	Hot-rolled square bars for general purposes — second edition	0.80
(*) EURONORM	60-77	Hot-rolled round bars for general purposes — second edition	0.60
(*) EURONORM	67-78	Hot-rolled bulb flats — second edition	0.80
(*) EURONORM	75-78	Chemical analysis of ferrous materials — Determination of the molybdenum in steels and cast irons — Photometric method —	0.80
(*) EURONORM	124-77	Verification of Vickers hardness-testing machines	0.80
(*) EURONORM	125-77	Verification of Brinell hardness-testing machines	0.60
(*) EURONORM	126-77	Semi-processed steel strip for the construction of magnetic circuits	1.60
(*) EURONORM	127-77	Calibration of reference blocks for use with Vickers hardness-testing machines	0.80
(*) EURONORM	128-77	Calibration of reference blocks for use with Brinell hardness-testing machines	0.80
(*) EURONORM	134-78	Chemical analysis of ferrous materials — Determination of aluminium in non-alloy steels — Method by atomic absorption spectrophotometry —	0.80
(*) EURONORM	145-78	Tinplate and blackplate in sheet form — Qualities, dimensions and tolerances —	2.65

The following is a list of all the EURONORMS so far published:

(*) Information circular No 1		Standard samples for the chemical analysis of iron and steel products, second edition (1974)	1.85
EURONORM	1-55	Fontes et ferro-alliages	1.35
EURONORM	2-57	Essai de traction pour l'acier	0.85
EURONORM	3-55	Essai de dureté Brinell pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	4-55	Essai de dureté Rockwell, échelles B et C pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	5-55	Essai de dureté Vickers pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	6-55	Essai de pliage pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	7-55	Essai de résilience Charpy pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	8-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives de la durée et de la résistance à la traction de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	9-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des allongements après rupture de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	11-55	Essai de traction sur tôles et feuillards en acier d'une épaisseur de 0,5 mm inclus à 3 mm exclus	0.75
EURONORM	12-55	Essai de pliage des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
EURONORM	13-55	Essai de pliage alterné des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
EURONORM	14-67	Essai d'emboutissage à flans bloqués	0.60
EURONORM	15-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étréage — Examen de la surface	0.60
EURONORM	16-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étréage — Nuances et qualités	0.75
EURONORM	17-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étréage — Dimensions et tolérances	1.60
EURONORM	18-57	Prélèvements et préparation des échantillons et des éprouvettes	0.60
EURONORM	19-57	Poutrelles IPE — Poutrelles à ailes parallèles	0.60
(*) EURONORM	20-74	Definition and classification of grades of steel, second edition	1.20
EURONORM	21-62	Conditions générales techniques de livraison pour les produits en acier	0.60
EURONORM	22-70	Détermination ou vérification de la limite d'élasticité de l'acier à température élevée	0.75
EURONORM	23-71	Essai de trempabilité par trempe en bout de l'acier — Essai Jominy	1.35
EURONORM	24-62	Poutrelles normales et profilés en U normaux — Tolérances de laminage	0.60
EURONORM	25-72	Aciers de construction d'usage général	1.85
(*) EURONORM	27-74	Designation of steels, third edition	1.80
EURONORM	28-69	Tôles et bandes en aciers non alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1.20
EURONORM	29-69	Tôles en acier laminées à chaud d'épaisseur égale ou supérieure à 3 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0.85
EURONORM	30-69	Demi-produits pour forges en aciers de construction d'usage général — Nuances et qualités	1.00
EURONORM	31-69	Demi-produits pour forges — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0.60

EURONORM 33-70	Tôles et larges bandes d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm, en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Tolérances sur les dimensions et sur la forme	0-75
EURONORM 34-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 36-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM 37-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gazométrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-75
EURONORM 38-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone de trempe et du graphite dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique et volumétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM 40-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60
EURONORM 41-65	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du phosphore dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode alcalimétrique	0-60
EURONORM 42-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du soufre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM 43-72	Tôles et bandes en aciers alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1-10
EURONORM 44-63	Poutrelles IPE laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 45-63	Essai de choc sur éprouvette bi-appuyée à entaille en V	0-60
EURONORM 46-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers doux non alliés — Norme de qualité, prescriptions générales	1-10
EURONORM 48-65	Feuillards laminés à chaud en aciers non alliés — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM 49-72	Mesure de la rugosité des produits minces en acier laminés à froid et non revêtus	0-60
EURONORM 50-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'azote dans les aciers — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-85
EURONORM 51-70	Bandes laminées à chaud de largeur égale ou supérieure à 600 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM 52-67	Vocabulaire du traitement thermique	8-15
EURONORM 53-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles	0-60
EURONORM 54-63	Petits fers U laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 55-63	Fers T à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 56-65	Cornières à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 57-65	Cornières à ailes inégales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 58-64	Plats laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM 59-64	Carrés laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM 60-65	Ronds laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM 61-71	Hexagones laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 65-67	Barres rondes laminées à chaud pour vis et rivets	0-60
EURONORM 66-67	Demi-ronds et demi-ronds aplatis, laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 67-69	Plats à boudins laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 70-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 71-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode électrométrique	0-60
EURONORM 72-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'aluminium dans les aciers — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60
EURONORM 74-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du cuivre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 76-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-60
EURONORM 77-63	Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Normes de qualité	1-00
EURONORM 78-63	Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Tolérances sur dimensions	0-60
EURONORM 79-69	Définitions et classification des produits sidérurgiques par formes et dimensions	0-85
EURONORM 80-69	Aciers pour armatures passives du béton — Prescriptions de qualité	1-10
EURONORM 81-69	Ronds à béton lisses laminés à chaud — Dimension, poids, tolérances	0-60
EURONORM 83-70	Aciers pour trempe et revenu — Prescriptions de qualité	2-70
EURONORM 84-70	Aciers de cémentation — Prescriptions de qualité	2-20
EURONORM 85-70	Aciers de nitruration — Prescriptions de qualité	1-00
EURONORM 86-70	Aciers pour trempe par induction et au chalumeau — Prescriptions de qualité	1-70
EURONORM 87-70	Aciers de décolletage — Prescriptions de qualité (fascicules 1 à 4)	2-20
EURONORM 88-71	Aciers inoxydables — Prescriptions de qualité	1-85
EURONORM 89-71	Aciers alliés pour ressorts formés à chaud et traités — Prescriptions de qualité	1-10

EURONORM 90-71	Aciers pour soupapes d'échappement de moteurs à combustion interne — Prescriptions de qualité	0-85
EURONORM 91-70	Larges plats laminés à chaud — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids . .	0-60
(*) EURONORM 92-75	Hot-rolled flats for spring leaves	0-60
EURONORM 93-71	Barres rondes, carrées, plates et hexagonales laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 94-73	Aciers pour roulements — Prescriptions de qualité	0-60
EURONORM 98-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans le ferro-manganèse — Méthode électrométrique	0-60
EURONORM 100-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du chrome dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 103-71	Détermination micrographique de la grosseur du grain ferritique ou austénitique des aciers	3-15
EURONORM 104-70	Détermination de la profondeur de décarburation des aciers de construction non alliés et faiblement alliés	0-60
EURONORM 105-71	Détermination et vérification de la profondeur conventionnelle de cémentation	0-60
EURONORM 106-71	Bandes et tôles magnétiques à grains non orientés, laminées à froid et à chaud	1-70
(*) EURONORM 107-75	Grain oriented magnetic sheet and strip	2-20
EURONORM 108-72	Fil machine rond en acier pour articles de boulonnerie formés à froid — Dimensions et tolérances	0-60
EURONORM 109-72	Essais conventionnels de dureté Rockwell — Échelles Rockwell HRN et HRT — Échelles Rockwell HRB' et HR 30 T' pour produits minces	1-10
(*) EURONORM 111-77	Continuously hot-rolled non-coated mild unalloyed steel sheet and strip for cold-forming — Quality standard	0-80
EURONORM 113-72	Aciers de construction soudables de qualité spéciale — Fascicules 1 à 3	2-20
EURONORM 114-72	Détermination de la résistance à la corrosion intergranulaire des aciers inoxydables austénitiques — Essai de corrosion en milieu acide sulfurique-sulfate cuivrique (essai dit de Monypenny-Strauß)	0-60
EURONORM 116-72	Détermination de la profondeur conventionnelle de trempe après chauffage superficiel .	0-60
(*) EURONORM 117-75	Calibration of reference blocks for use with Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1-70
(*) EURONORM 118-75	Methods for determining the magnetic properties of magnetic steel sheet with the 25 cm Epstein square	1-70
EURONORM 119-74	Aciers pour frappe à froid et extrusion à froid — Prescriptions de qualité — fascicule 1 à fascicule 5	4-40
EURONORM 120-72	Tôles et bandes pour bouteilles à gaz soudées en acier	0-60
EURONORM 121-72	Détermination de la résistance à l'attaque intergranulaire des aciers inoxydables austénitiques — Essai de corrosion en milieu nitrique par mesure de perte de masse (Essai dit de Huey)	0-60
(*) EURONORM 122-75	Verification of Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1-70
(*) EURONORM 123-75	High temperature tests — Creep test for steel	1-10
(*) EURONORM 129-76	Nickel alloy steel plate and strip for application at low temperature — Quality requirements	1-70
(*) EURONORM 130-77	Cold-rolled non-coated mild unalloyed steel flat products for cold forming — Quality standard	0-60
(*) EURONORM 131-77	Cold-rolled non-coated mild unalloyed steel flat products for cold forming — Tolerances on dimensions and shape	0-60

These publications can be obtained from the national standards institutions, viz.

in the Federal Republic of Germany:

Beuth Verlag GmbH
Burggrafenstraße 4-10, 1 Berlin 30

in Belgium and Luxembourg:

Institut belge de normalisation — IBN —
avenue de la Brabançonne 29, 1040 Bruxelles

in Denmark:

Dansk Standardiseringsråd,
Aurehøjvej 12, DK 2 900 — Hellerup

in France:

Association française de normalisation — AFNOR —
Tour Europe, Cedex 7, 92 080 Paris

in Ireland:

Institute for Industrial Research and Standards,
Ballymun Road, Dublin 9

in Italy:

Ente nazionale italiano di unificazione — UNI —
Piazza A. Diaz, 2, Milan

in the Netherlands:

Nederlands, Normalisatie-Instituut — NNI —
Polakweg 5, Rijswijk (ZH)

in the United Kingdom:

British Standards Institution (BSI),
2 Park Street, London W1A 2 BS

Interested residents of third countries are asked to contact the Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, Boîte postale 1003, Luxembourg 1.