

Official Journal

of the European Communities

ISSN 0378-6978

L 122

Volume 22

18 May 1979

English edition

Legislation

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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 966/79**of 17 May 1979****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2724/78⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁴⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU ;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2724/78 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 18 May 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 11. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 17 May 1979 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	94.95
10.01 B	Durum wheat	150.11 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	101.51 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	100.28
10.04	Oats	100.81
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	89.69 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0.76
10.07 B	Millet	95.67 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	99.83 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	147.53
11.01 B	Rye flour	156.70
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	246.18
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	157.40

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments the levy is reduced by 7.25 ECU/tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 967/79**of 17 May 1979****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15(6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2725/78⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979⁽⁴⁾ laid down the coefficient for
expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in
ECU ;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall
be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 18 May
1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 11. 1978, p. 4.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 17 May 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	1.13	1.13	1.13
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0.38	0.38	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	1.58	1.58	1.58

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8	4th period 9
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 968/79**of 17 May 1979****fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2749/78 of 23 November 1978 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁸⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2766/78⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽¹⁰⁾,

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 of 28 December 1978⁽¹¹⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil ;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹²⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world or Greek markets and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers ;

Whereas in the collection of the levy account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries ; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries ;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 14 and 15 May 1979 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation ;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽¹³⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU ;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products ; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate ; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 332, 29. 11. 1978, p. 13.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 332, 29. 11. 1977, p. 26.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

⁽¹³⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 18 May 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	6.00 ⁽¹⁾	36.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	3.00 ⁽¹⁾	31.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	12.00 ⁽¹⁾	41.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	4.00	38.00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	20.00	68.00 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by:

(a) Greece, Spain and Lebanon: 0.60 ECU/100 kg;

(b) Turkey: 22.36 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force;

(c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia: 24.78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.86 ECU/100 kg;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7.25 ECU/100 kg;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5.80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	0.66	6.82
07.03 A II	0.66	6.82
15.17 B I a)	1.50	15.50
15.17 B I b)	2.40	24.80
23.04 A II	0.96	3.28

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 969/79

of 17 May 1979

fixing the export refunds on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the
fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75
provides that the difference between quotations or
prices on the world market for the products listed in
Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those
products within the Community may be covered by
an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No
2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general
rules for granting export refunds on cereals and
criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾,
provides that when refunds are being fixed account
must be taken of the existing situation and the future
trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals
on the Community market on the one hand and
prices for cereals and cereal products on the world
market on the other; whereas the same Article
provides that it is also important to ensure equi-
librium and the natural development of prices and
trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into
account the economic aspect of the proposed exports,
and the need to avoid disturbances on the Commu-
nity market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29
October 1975 on the import and export system for
products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾,
defines the specific criteria to be taken into account
when the refund on these products is being calcu-
lated;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules
to the present situation on the market in products

processed from cereals and rice that the export refund
should be fixed at an amount which will cover the
difference between Community prices and world
market prices;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific
requirements of certain markets may make it neces-
sary to vary the refund for certain products according
to destination;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally,
refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each
of these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for
expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in
ECU;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month;
whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on malt listed in Article 1 (d) of
Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 subject to Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75 shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 18 May
1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 17 May 1979 fixing the export refunds on malt

<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>	
CCT heading No	Refund
11.07 A I b)	86.45
11.07 A II b)	114.45
11.07 B	133.38

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 970/79
of 17 May 1979
fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1260/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 of 21 June 1976 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on rice and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of rice and broken rice on the Community market on the one hand and prices for rice and broken rice on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the rice market and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances of the Community market;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1361/76 ⁽⁴⁾ lays down the maximum percentage of broken rice allowed in rice for which an export refund is fixed and specifies the percentage by which that refund is to be reduced where the proportion of broken rice in the rice exported exceeds that maximum;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the export refund on rice and broken rice is being calculated;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it neces-

sary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas the refund must be fixed at least once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979 ⁽⁵⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas it follows from applying these rules and criteria to the present situation on the market in rice and in particular to quotations or prices for rice and broken rice within the Community and on the world market, that the refund should be fixed as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 with the exception of those listed in paragraph 1 (c) of that Article, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 18 May 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 11.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 36.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 154, 15. 6. 1976, p. 11.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 17 May 1979 fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of refund (ECU/tonne)
10.06	Rice : A. Paddy rice ; husked rice : II. Husked rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain for export to : — Austria, Liechtenstein and Switzerland — Other third countries B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice : I. Semi-milled rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain II. Wholly milled rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain for export to : — Austria, Liechtenstein and Switzerland as well as destinations mentioned in Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 ⁽¹⁾ — Other third countries C. Broken rice	— 109.00 — — — — 136.00 — —

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 25, 17. 1. 1975, p. 1.

NB: The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 971/79

of 17 May 1979

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 1260/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the
second subparagraph of Article 17 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the first subparagraph of Article 17 (4) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the
export refund applicable to rice and broken rice on
the day on which application for an export licence is
made, adjusted for the threshold price which will be
in force during the month of exportation, must be
applied on request to exports to be effected during the
period of validity of the licence;

Whereas Regulation No 474/67/EEC ⁽³⁾, as amended
by Regulation (EEC) No 1397/68 ⁽⁴⁾, lays down
detailed rules for the advance fixing of the export
refund on rice and broken rice;

Whereas that Regulation provides that the refund
applicable on the day on which application for an
export licence is made must, when it is fixed in
advance, be reduced by an amount no greater than the
difference between the cif forward delivery price and
the cif price, where the former exceeds the latter by
more than 0.25 unit of account per tonne; whereas,
on the other hand, the refund must be increased by
an amount no greater than the difference between the
cif price and the cif forward delivery price, where the
former exceeds the latter by more than 0.25 unit of
account per tonne;

Whereas the cif price is that determined in accor-
dance with Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76; whereas the cif forward delivery price is that
determined in accordance with Article 3 (2) of Regula-

tion (EEC) No 1428/76 ⁽⁵⁾, based, in respect of each
month for which the export licence is valid, on the cif
price calculated on the basis of offers for shipment
during the month of exportation;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally,
refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each
of these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set
out above that the corrective amount applicable on 18
May 1979 must be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979 ⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for
expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in
ECU;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 17 (4) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 which is applicable to
the export refunds fixed in advance in respect of rice
and broken rice shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 18 May
1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 11.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 204, 24. 8. 1967, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 222, 10. 9. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 30.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 17 May 1979 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8	4th period 9	5th period 10
10.06	Rice :						
	A. Paddy rice ; husked rice :						
	I. Paddy rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	II. Husked rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	0	0	0
	B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :						
	I. Semi-milled rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	II. Wholly milled rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	0	0	0
	C. Broken rice	—	—	—	—	—	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 972/79

of 17 May 1979

fixing the export refunds on poultrymeat

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in poultrymeat⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 369/76⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fifth subparagraph of Article 9 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 provides that the difference between prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 (1) of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2779/75 of 29 October 1975⁽³⁾, lays down general rules for granting export refunds and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds;

Whereas it follows from applying these rules and criteria to the present situation on the market in poultrymeat that the refund should be as set out below;

Whereas, for the other products listed in the Annex to this Regulation, the refund should be limited to an amount which would permit Community participation in world trade and would also take account of the nature of these exports and their importance at the present time;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas, since economically important quantities of other poultrymeat products are not being exported, there is no need to fix a refund for these at present;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁴⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Poultrymeat and Eggs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The list of products on which the export refund referred to in Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 is granted, and the amount of that refund, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.
2. No refund is fixed for any of the products referred to in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 not included in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 77.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 45, 21. 2. 1976, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 90.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 17 May 1979 fixing the export refunds on poultrymeat

CCT heading No	Description	Refund
02.02		ECU/100 kg
	Dead poultry (that is to say fowls, ducks, geese, turkeys and guinea fowls) and edible offals thereof (except liver), fresh, chilled or frozen : For export to European third countries (including the Canary Islands) ⁽¹⁾, to Jordan, to third countries of Africa and to other third countries on the Mediterranean or on the Persian Gulf, to third countries of the Arabian Peninsula ⁽²⁾ and Cuba : A. Whole poultry : I. Fowls : a) Plucked and gutted, with heads and feet, known as '83 % chickens' 27.00 b) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet but with hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '70 % chickens' 27.00 c) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet and without hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '65 % chickens' 27.00 B. Poultry cuts (excluding offals) : II. Unboned (bone-in) : a) Halves or quarters : 1. Of fowls 20.00 b) Whole wings, with or without tips 15.00 d) Breasts and cuts of breasts : 3. Of other poultry (other than geese or turkeys) 28.00 e) Legs and cuts of legs : 3. Of other poultry (other than geese or turkeys) 26.00	

⁽¹⁾ As European third countries are to be understood in the sense of this Regulation also the destinations mentioned in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 192/75.

⁽²⁾ As 'countries of the Arabian Peninsula' are to be understood in the sense of this Regulation the following countries situated in the Peninsula and the territories connected : Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Qatar, Kuwait, Sultanate of Oman, Union of Arab Emirates (Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Sharjah, Ajman, Umm al Qawain, Fujairah, Ras al Khaimah), Republic of Yemen (Yemen North) and Democratic Popular Republic of Yemen (Yemen South).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 973/79

of 16 May 1979

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on dioctyl phthalates, falling within subheading 29.15 C ex III and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 of 29 December 1978 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 (3) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in European units of account, which will be equal, with the exception of certain products the value of the ceilings for which is given in Annex A thereto, to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1974 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1976 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements; whereas, however, the ceiling resulting from the sum of this addition may in no case exceed 150 % of that fixed for 1978;

Whereas Article 2 (1) and (3) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may be re-established at any time on imports of the products in question coming from any country or territory, with the exception of those listed in Annex C thereto, once the Community ceiling has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of dioctyl phthalates, falling within subheading 29.15 C ex III, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 113 000 European

units of account; whereas on 7 May 1979 the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in countries and territories covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that ceiling; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 which provides that the ceiling should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 21 May 1979, customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community, coming from any beneficiary country or territory, with the exception of those listed in Annex C to Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78:

CCT heading No	Description
29.15	Polycarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrated derivatives: C. Aromatic polycarboxylic acids: ex III. Dioctyl phthalates

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 375, 30. 12. 1978, p. 26.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 974/79

of 16 May 1979

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on other sheep and lamb skin leather, other, falling within subheading 41.03 B II and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 of 29 December 1978 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 (3) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in European units of account, which will be equal, with the exception of certain products the value of the ceilings for which is given in Annex A thereto, to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1974 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1976 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements; whereas, however, the ceiling resulting from the sum of this addition may in no case exceed 150 % of that fixed for 1978;

Whereas Article 2 (1) and (3) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may be re-established at any time on imports of the products in question coming from any country or territory, with the exception of those listed in Annex C thereto, once the Community ceiling has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of other sheep and lamb skin leather, other, falling within subheading 41.03 B II, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be

3 095 000 European units of account; whereas on 2 May 1979 the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in countries and territories covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that ceiling; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 which provides that the ceiling should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 21 May 1979, customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community, coming from any beneficiary country or territory, with the exception of those listed in Annex C to Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78:

CCT heading No	Description
41.03	Sheep and lamb skin leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 or 41.08: B. Other: II. Other

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 375, 30. 12. 1978, p. 26.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 975/79

of 16 May 1979

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair, falling within heading No 53.11 and originating in Uruguay, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 of 29 December 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 (1) and (3) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products listed in Annex C to that Regulation, be suspended up to a Community ceiling equal to 91.5 % of the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question, in tonnes, imported into the Community in 1968 and coming from countries listed in Annex D thereto, but not including products coming from countries already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the 1970 tonnage of such imports coming from other countries and from countries already covered by such arrangements; whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries listed in Annex D should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex C to the abovementioned Regulation; whereas, for those products, this reduced percentage will be 20 %;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries and territories, with exception of countries listed in Annex E thereto, once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1979.

Whereas, in respect of woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair, falling within heading No 53.11, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 375 tonnes, and therefore the maximum amount is 75 tonnes; whereas on 4 May 1979 the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in Uruguay, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to Uruguay,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 21 May 1979, customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Uruguay:

CCT heading No	Description
53.11	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 375, 30. 12. 1978, p. 71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 976/79
of 16 May 1979

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on carpets, whether tufted or not, other than of jute or other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03 or coir, falling within subheading 58.02 ex A and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 of 29 December 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 (1) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products listed in Annex C thereto, be suspended up to a Community ceiling equal to 91.5 % of the sum arrived at by adding together the tonnage of the products in question, imported into the Community in 1968 and coming from countries listed in Annex D thereto, but not including products coming from countries already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the 1970 tonnage of such imports coming from other countries and from countries already covered by such arrangements ;

Whereas Article 3 (1) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may be re-established at any time once the Community ceiling has been reached ;

Whereas, in respect of carpets, whether tufted or not, other than of jute or other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03 or coir, falling within subheading 58.02 ex A, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 597 tonnes ; whereas on 4 May 1979 the amounts of imports into the Community of the

products in question, originating in countries covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that ceiling ; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 which provides that the ceiling should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

As from 21 May 1979, customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community :

CCT heading No	Description
58.02	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not): ex A. Carpets, whether tufted or not, other than of jute or other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03 or coir

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 375, 30. 12. 1978, p. 71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 977/79
of 16 May 1979

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on sewing machines, etc., falling within subheading 84.41 A I b) and originating in South Korea, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 of 29 December 1978 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in European units of account, which will be equal, with the exception of certain products the value of the ceilings for which is given in Annex A thereto, to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1974 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1976 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements; whereas, however, the ceiling resulting from the sum of this addition may in no case exceed 150 % of that fixed for 1978;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A thereto; whereas, for these products, this reduced percentage will be 15 %;

Whereas Article 2 (2) and (3) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries or territories, with the exception of those listed in Annex C thereto, once the relevant Community amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of sewing machines, etc., falling within subheading 84.41 A I b), the ceiling, calculated

as indicated above, should be 3 983 000 European units of account, and therefore the maximum amount is 597 450 European units of account; whereas on 4 May 1979 the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in South Korea, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to South Korea,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

As from 21 May 1979, customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in South Korea :

CCT heading No	Description
84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines: I. Sewing machines (lock-stitch only), with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor; sewing machine heads (lock-stitch only), of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor: b) Other

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 375, 30. 12. 1978, p. 26.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 978/79

of 15 May 1979

temporarily suspending intervention buying in of certain qualities of meat in certain Member States

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 425/77 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (4) (b) thereof,

Whereas Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 995/78 of 12 May 1978 fixing the guide price and the intervention price for adult bovine animals for the 1978/79 marketing year ⁽³⁾ provides the possibility of suspending, in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 27 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68, the buying in by intervention agencies of one or more qualities of fresh or chilled meat in Member States or regions of Member States when the market price of the quality or qualities in question remains during a period of three consecutive weeks between 100 and 102 % of the maximum buying in price fixed for that or those qualities ;

Whereas in the United Kingdom and in France the market price for certain qualities is between 100 and

102 % of the maximum buying in price ; whereas therefore, intervention buying in should be temporarily suspended for the qualities in question ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Beef and Veal,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

In application of Article 3 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 995/78, intervention buying in shall be suspended from 21 May 1979 in the following Member States for the qualities specified :

- United Kingdom : 'Steers H' ;
- France : 'Boeufs R'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 21 May 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 61, 5. 3. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 130, 18. 5. 1978, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 979/79

of 16 May 1979

on the sale at prices fixed at a standard rate in advance of certain boned beef
held by the intervention agencies

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization
of the market in beef and veal⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 425/77⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 7 (3) thereof,

Whereas certain quantities of meat, boned in accor-
dance with Commission Regulation (EEC) No
2630/75⁽³⁾, should be put up for sale;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 79/75⁽⁴⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2746/78⁽⁵⁾,
provides for the sale by monthly tender of boned beef
held by the intervention agencies; whereas not all the
meat offered for tender has been allocated;

Whereas further quantities of boned beef should be
put up for sale at prices fixed in advance in accor-
dance with Articles 2 to 5 of Commission Regulation
(EEC) No 216/69⁽⁶⁾, and at the same time certain
necessary derogations should be provided for, particu-
larly as regards payment for the goods;

Whereas removal from storage may be interrupted by
force majeure; whereas the intervention agencies
should therefore be permitted to take the necessary
action in such cases;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1055/77⁽⁷⁾
provides that, in the case of products stored by an
intervention agency outside the territory of the
Member State within whose jurisdiction it falls, a
different selling price from that for products stored on
that territory may be fixed; whereas Commission
Regulation (EEC) No 1805/77⁽⁸⁾, fixed the method
for calculating the selling prices for such products;
whereas to avoid all confusion it should be expressly
stated that the prices fixed by this Regulation are
subject to adjustment in the case of those products;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979⁽⁹⁾ laid down the coefficient for

expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in
ECU;

Whereas it is appropriate to provide for an equal divi-
sion of the meat concerned in cases where the applica-
tions made on the first day of the sale are greater than
the quantities available;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Beef and Veal,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. During the period 21 May to 1 June 1979, the
German intervention agency shall offer for sale up to
1 000 tonnes, the Danish intervention agency up to
1 000 tonnes, the Irish intervention agency up to
2 000 tonnes and the United Kingdom intervention
agency up to 1 000 tonnes of beef boned in accor-
dance with Regulation (EEC) No 2630/75.

2. The intervention agencies referred to in para-
graph 1 shall sell first the meat which has been stored
the longest.

They may in no case sell meat which they took over
after 30 September 1978.

3. The cuts and prices of such meat shall be as set
out in Annex I hereto.

4. The sales shall be conducted in accordance with
Articles 2 to 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 216/69 and
with the provisions of this Regulation.

5. Information concerning the quantities available
and the place where the products are stored may be
obtained by prospective purchasers from the addresses
listed in Annex II hereto.

Article 2

By way of derogation from Article 5 (1) of Regulation
(EEC) No 216/69, the prices shall be paid as and

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 61, 5. 3. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 268, 17. 10. 1975, p. 16.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 10, 15. 1. 1975, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 330, 25. 11. 1978, p. 23.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 28, 5. 2. 1969, p. 10.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 128, 24. 5. 1977, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 198, 5. 8. 1977, p. 19.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

when the goods are removed from store, in proportion to the quantities removed and not later than the day preceding each removal.

Article 3

If the quantities available from an intervention agency are less than those for which offers are received on the first day of the period referred to in Article 1 (1), all such offers shall be considered to have been lodged at the same time.

Article 4

If by reason of *force majeure* the purchaser is unable to comply with the time limit set for delivery, the intervention agency shall take such action as it considers necessary having regard to the circumstances invoked.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 21 May 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEXE I — ANHANG I — ALLEGATO I — BIJLAGE I — ANNEX I — BILAG I

Prix de vente exprimés en Écus par tonne⁽¹⁾ — Verkaufspreise, ausgedrückt in ECU/Tonne⁽¹⁾ — Prezzi di vendita espressi in ECU per tonnellata⁽¹⁾ — Verkoopprijzen, uitgedrukt in Ecu per ton⁽¹⁾ — Selling prices, expressed in ECU per tonne⁽¹⁾ — Salgspriser udtrykt i ECU/ton⁽¹⁾

1. BUNDESREPUBLIK DEUTSCHLAND	<i>Bullen A</i>	<i>Ochsen A</i>
Filet	8 850	8 560
Roastbeef	5 405	5 085
Oberschalen	3 460	3 450
Unterschalen	3 415	3 305
Kugeln	3 410	3 350
Hüften	2 935	2 853
Kniekehlfleisch	2 420	2 240
Hessen	2 080	2 030
Dünnungen	1 760	1 575
2. DANMARK	<i>Ungtyre 1. kvalitet</i>	<i>Tyre prima</i> <i>Stude og kvier 1. kvalitet</i>
Mørbrad	7 616	6 746
Fileter	4 703	3 566
Kød af bagfjerdinger (med undtagelse af fileter og mørbrad)	2 944	2 726
Udbenede forfjerdinger	2 218	2 158
Slag og bryst	1 700	1 608
3. IRELAND	<i>Steers 1, 2 and Heifers 2</i>	
Fillets		8 330
Striploins		4 865
Insides		3 450
Outsides		3 390
Knuckles		3 260
Rumps		3 560
Cube rolls		4 965
Forequarters (excluding cube rolls)		2 130
Plates and flanks		1 575
Briskets		1 870
Shins and shanks		2 000
4. UNITED KINGDOM	<i>Steers and Heifers</i>	
Fillets		8 000
Striploins		4 715
Topsides		3 650
Silversides		3 470
Thick flanks		3 190
Rumps		3 650
Clod and sticking		1 840
Forerib		2 800
Pony		2 130
Shins and shanks		1 820
Thin flanks		1 315
Flanks (plate)		1 315
Briskets		1 540

⁽¹⁾ Au cas où les produits sont stockés en dehors de l'État membre dont relève l'organisme d'intervention détenteur, ces prix sont ajustés conformément aux dispositions du règlement (CEE) n° 1805/77.

⁽¹⁾ Falls die Lagerung der Erzeugnisse außerhalb des für die betreffende Interventionsstelle zuständigen Mitgliedstaats erfolgt, werden diese Preise gemäß den Vorschriften der Verordnung (EWG) Nr. 1805/77 angepaßt.

⁽¹⁾ Qualora i prodotti siano immagazzinati fuori dello Stato membro da cui dipende l'organismo detentore, detti prezzi vengono ritoccati in conformità del disposto del regolamento (CEE) n. 1805/77.

⁽¹⁾ In geval dat de produkten zijn opgeslagen buiten de Lid-Staat waaronder het interventiebureau dat deze produkten onder zich heeft ressorteert, worden deze prijzen aangepast overeenkomstig de bepalingen van Verordening (EEG) nr. 1805/77.

⁽¹⁾ In the case of products stored outside the Member State where the intervention agency responsible for them is situated, these prices shall be adjusted in accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1805/77.

⁽¹⁾ I tilfælde, hvor varer er oplagrede uden for den medlemsstat, hvor interventionsorganet er hjemmehørende, tilpasses disse priser i overensstemmelse med bestemmelserne i forordning (EØF) nr. 1805/77.

ANNEXE II — ANHANG II — ALLEGATO II — BIJLAGE II — ANNEX II — BILAG II

Adresses des organismes — Anschriften der Interventionsstellen — Indirizzi degli organismi d'intervento — Adressen van de interventiebureaus — Addresses of the intervention agencies — Interventionsorganernes adresser

BUNDESREPUBLIK DEUTSCHLAND :	Bundesanstalt für landwirtschaftliche Marktordnung (BALM) Geschäftsbereich 3 (Fleisch und Fleischerzeugnisse) Postfach 180 107 — Adickesallee 40 D 6000 Frankfurt am Main 18 Tel. (06 11) 55 04 61/55 05 41, Telex : 04 11 156
DANMARK :	Direktoratet for markedsordningerne EF-Direktoratet Frederiksborggade 18 1360 København K, tfl. (01) 15 41 30, telex 15 137 DK.
IRELAND :	Department of Agriculture, Agriculture House, Kildare Street, Dublin 2, Tel. (01) 78 90 11, ext. 2324, Telex 4280 and 5118.
UNITED KINGDOM :	Intervention Board for Agricultural Produce, Fountain House, 2 West Mall, Reading RG1 7QW, Berks. Telex 848 302. Tel. (0734) 58 36 26.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 980/79**of 17 May 1979****fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 3048/78⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 919/79⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas in the absence of the indicative price for the 1979/80 marketing year and in the absence of the amount for the monthly increase for September and October 1979 for colza and rape seed in case of pre-fixation for July, August, September and October 1979 the amount of subsidy on these products has been obtainable only on the basis of the indicative price for July, August, September and October 1978 and on the basis of the monthly increase for September and October 1978, this amount may, therefore, be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced when the indicative price for the 1979/80 marketing year is known;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁵⁾ laid down the coefficient for

expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 3048/78 to the information known to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered to the amount set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

2. The amount of the subsidy for July, August, September and October 1979 will, however, as for colza and rape seeds, be confirmed or replaced as from 18 May 1979 to take into account the indicative price which is fixed for these products for the 1979/80 marketing year and the amount of the monthly increase for September and October 1979.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 18 May 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 361, 23. 12. 1978, p. 18.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 116, 11. 5. 1979, p. 15.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 17 May 1979 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

(ECU / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Subsidy
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	15·646
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	14·529

(ECU / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Subsidy in the case of advance fixing for the month of					
		May 1979	June 1979	July 1979	August 1979	September 1979	October 1979
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	15·646	15·646	13·172 (1)	12·946 (1)	13·321 (1)	13·696 (1)
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	14·529	14·529	14·453	14·302	—	—

(1) Subject to confirmation.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 981/79
of 17 May 1979
fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the markets in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 852/78⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973 laying down detailed rules for applying differential amounts for colza and rape seed and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1464/73⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/77⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 9(4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73, the Commission must determine the world market price for colza and rape seed;

Whereas the world market price should be determined in accordance with the rules and the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3048/78 of 22 December 1978 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 980/79⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas, if the price system is to operate normally, the world market price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁹⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas it follows from applying these provisions that the world market price for colza and rape seed should be as set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The world market price referred to in Article 9(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 18 May 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 361, 23. 12. 1978, p. 18.

⁽⁸⁾ See page 27 of this Official Journal.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 17 May 1979 fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

(ECU/100 kg)⁽¹⁾

CCT heading No	Description	World market price
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	22.849

(ECU/100 kg)⁽¹⁾

CCT heading No	Description	World market price where the subsidy is fixed in advance for the month of					
		May 1979	June 1979	July 1979	August 1979	September 1979	October 1979
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	22.849	22.849	22.698	22.924	22.924	22.924

(1) The conversion rates from ECU into national currency as foreseen by Article 9 (5) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 are the following :

- 1 ECU = DM 2.51064
- 1 ECU = Fl 2.72077
- 1 ECU = Bfr/Lfr 39.4582
- 1 ECU = FF 5.79831
- 1 ECU = Dkr 7.08592
- 1 ECU = I £ 0.662638
- 1 ECU = £ 0.637515
- 1 ECU = Lit 1 118.21

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 982/79

of 8 May 1979

amending Regulation (EEC) No 2753/78 laying down general rules in respect of production aid for olive oil for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (6) and Article 19 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 4 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2753/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules in respect of production aid for olive oil for the 1978/79 marketing year⁽³⁾, provides that a producer organization shall submit a single aid application each month for those of its members who completed their production of oil in the course of the previous month; whereas experience has shown that, owing to the large number of members of each organization and on account of the complexity of the controls to be carried out, some organizations are unable to put forward the aid application in question each month;

whereas, in order to avoid these difficulties, Article 4 of the Regulation cited above should therefore be adapted,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The first sentence of the third subparagraph of Article 4 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2753/78 is hereby replaced by the following:

'Where growers are members of a producer organization, that organization shall, each month, submit a single aid application for all members who have completed their production of oil, provided that the checks referred to in Article 5 have been completed.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 May 1979.

For the Council

The President

P. MEHAIGNERIE

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 10.