

Official Journal

of the European Communities

ISSN 0378-6978

L 189

Volume 22

27 July 1979

English edition

Legislation

Contents

1 Acts whose publication is obligatory

- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1579/79 of 24 July 1979 amending, as regards the mechanism of market management, Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco 1
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1580/79 of 24 July 1979 amending the percentages and quantities of tobacco taken over by the intervention agencies as fixed in Regulation (EEC) No 1469/70 4
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1581/79 of 24 July 1979 fixing the norm and intervention prices and the premiums granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco, and the derived intervention prices for baled tobacco for the 1979 harvest 6
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1582/79 of 24 July 1979 fixing the amounts of aid granted for seeds for the 1980/81 and 1981/82 marketing years 14
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1583/79 of 24 July 1979 fixing the guide price for linseed for the 1979/80 marketing year 16
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1584/79 of 24 July 1979 fixing the amount of aid for cotton seed for the 1979/80 marketing year 17
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1585/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal 18
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1586/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt 20
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1587/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products 22
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1588/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the export refunds on malt 25

Contents (continued)

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1589/79 of 26 July 1979 altering the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed	27
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1590/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies on pigmeat	30
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1591/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for eggs	35
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1592/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for poultrymeat	38
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1593/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the sluice-gate prices and import duties for ovalbumin and lactalbumin	42
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1594/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing for the 1979/80 marketing year the threshold prices for cereals and for certain classes of flour, groats and meal	44
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1595/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed	45
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1596/79 of 26 July 1979 on preventive withdrawals of apples and pears	47
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1597/79 of 26 July 1979 abolishing the countervailing charge on lemons originating in Uruguay	49
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1598/79 of 26 July 1979 amending Regulation No 184/66/EEC as regards the procedures and time limits for forwarding farm returns and the standard fee per farm return	50
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1599/79 of 26 July 1979 derogating in respect of the 1979/80 marketing year from the common quality standards for brussels sprouts	52
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1600/79 of 26 July 1979 derogating in respect of the 1979/80 marketing year from the quality standards for dessert apples and pears	53
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1601/79 of 26 July 1979 amending Regulation (EEC) No 918/79 opening a standing invitation to tender for the putting up for sale of olive oil held by the Italian intervention agency	54
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1602/79 of 26 July 1979 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2102/75 determining the quantity of potatoes required for the manufacture of one tonne of starch	55
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1603/79 of 26 July 1979 laying down rules for the payment of a premium to producers of potato starch and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1809/78	58
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1604/79 of 26 July 1979 introducing a countervailing charge on peaches originating in Greece	61
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1605/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal	63
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1606/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals	66

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1579/79
of 24 July 1979**

**amending, as regards the mechanism of market management, Regulation (EEC)
No 727/70 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community, and in particular Article 43
thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parlia-
ment ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and
Social Committee ⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 13 of Council Regulation (EEC) No
727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization
of the market in raw tobacco ⁽³⁾, as last amended by
the Act of Accession, provides for arrangements
intended to ensure a balanced development of produc-
tion in accordance with Community requirements;

Whereas experience gained since the implementation
of the market organization has shown on several occa-
sions that these arrangements were inappropriate for a
market where sales to intervention have taken place
solely in the form of baled tobacco and did not allow
sufficient time for effective measures to be adopted;

Whereas the dates and time limits laid down do not
take sufficient account of the characteristics of the
product, which necessitate a long period between the
harvesting of the leaf tobacco and the marketing of
the baled tobacco or its taking over by the interven-
tion agencies; whereas these dates and time limits
should therefore be altered;

Whereas, in order to be significant, the figures
recording a situation of imbalance on the market

should relate to more than one crop; whereas,
however, for effective market management, appro-
priate measures should be triggered off not only as
soon as such a situation has been established but also
as soon as the likelihood of such a situation arising
has been established, and particularly where it is
apparent, as from the first harvest, that an extension of
cultivated areas is the cause of surplus quantities being
taken over by the intervention agencies;

Whereas the measures initially provided for, namely
use of the price and premium arrangements, are
normal market management measures implemented
each year for production guidance; whereas they are
not appropriate to cope with an exceptional situation;
whereas specific measures should accordingly be
provided for at the outset in order to deal with a situa-
tion which is exceptional or is likely to become so
and these measures should be better defined;

Whereas the procedures provided for at present are
not sufficiently detailed and should be expanded,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 is replaced
by the following:

'Article 13

1. Where, for a variety or a group of varieties,
the quantities taken over by the intervention agen-
cies exceed, or seem likely to exceed, a stated
percentage of the production for two successive
crops, and in any case a stated quantity, the
Commission shall submit to the Council:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 93, 9. 4. 1979, p. 49.

⁽²⁾ Opinion delivered on 4 and 5 April 1979 (not yet
published in the Official Journal).

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

- a report on the situation with special reference to trends in area and in marketing and to stock levels,
- a proposal for measures to bring about a better balance between production and demand and to reduce stocks and, if necessary, for measures to enable a reasonable standard of living to be maintained for producers.

2. The measures provided for in paragraph 1 shall also be implemented when it is apparent that for a given single crop the extension of cultivated areas is the main cause of the percentages and quantities referred to in paragraph 1 being exceeded.

3. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall fix the quantities and percentages referred to in paragraph 1.

4. The measures referred to in paragraph 1 may include, for one or more crops :

- the lowering of the intervention price level for varieties in respect of which the difficulty of disposal is the basic cause of the situation referred to in paragraph 1 ;
- limitation of the quantities taken into intervention, by means of :
 - (a) the exclusion of a percentage to be determined of all qualities of the variety or varieties in question from intervention buying, or
 - (b) the limitation of intervention buying, per producer or undertaking, to a percentage to be determined of the production of the variety or varieties in question.

5. If Community production of all the varieties of tobacco for which it has been decided to grant a premium exceeds, for a given crop, a stated percentage of the average production of the same varieties during three previous crop years, the Commission shall submit to the Council a report analyzing the ascertained causes and the foreseeable consequences of this development. It shall propose to the Council suitable measures which may include a reduction of the norm prices involving a reduction in the amount of the corresponding premium for the varieties which are most

heavily supported and the volume of whose production has increased most, in particular in conjunction with an increase in the area cultivated.

6. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall fix the percentages referred to in paragraph 5.

7. In connection with the reports specified in paragraphs 1 and 5, the Commission shall submit to the Council an assessment of the foreseeable consequences on employment and the standard of living of the producers concerned of each of the measures which it proposes to take. In view of the special nature of the problems which may arise in the tobacco sector, the Commission shall propose to the Council, where circumstances so require, a programme of aid to producers which may in particular include measures to encourage varietal conversion or conversion to other crops and compensation for loss of revenue during the conversion period.

8. The Commission shall place the reports and proposals provided for in paragraphs 1 and 7 before the Council not later than 31 December of the calendar year following that of the last reference crop referred to in paragraph 1.

The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall adopt the appropriate measures not later than 60 days after the Commission has put forward proposals.

9. The Commission shall place the reports and proposals provided for in paragraphs 5 and 7 before the Council not later than 31 December of the calendar year following that of the reference crop referred to in paragraph 5.

The Council, under the procedure laid down in Article 2 for fixing the prices valid for the crop of the calendar year following the submission of proposals by the Commission, shall act on these proposals in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 43 (2) of the Treaty.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 July 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. GIBBONS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1580/79

of 24 July 1979

amending the percentages and quantities of tobacco taken over by the intervention agencies as fixed in Regulation (EEC) No 1469/70

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (2) and (5) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1469/70⁽³⁾ fixed the percentages and quantities of tobacco taken over by the intervention agencies which activate the mechanism for management of the market in tobacco;

Whereas these percentages and quantities were fixed on the basis of the 1967, 1968 and 1969 crops; whereas production of Community varieties has changed since then; whereas the production of certain varieties has increased considerably while the cultivation of certain other varieties has been reduced or even abandoned;

Whereas, on the basis of the data for the last three representative crops, it appears that the maximum percentage of 20 % of the production of a variety or a group of varieties which had been adopted hitherto was always significant; whereas, however, taking into account the size of the total volume of Community production, the absolute quantities referred to in Article 13 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 should be fixed in accordance with a slightly lower percentage so that the measures to enable the market to be managed effectively are triggered before excessively large intervention stocks are formed;

Whereas in Regulation (EEC) No 339/77⁽⁴⁾ the Council laid down special market management measures in respect of the Beneventano variety; whereas these measures include an operation to change over to other varieties for the 1977, 1978 and 1979 crops; whereas the anticipated impact on production and areas should be considered when fixing the abovementioned percentages and quantities in respect of the said variety; whereas, moreover, they should be made to apply only from the end of the period for which the measures in question are undertaken,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 1469/70 shall be replaced by the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

The text of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1469/70 shall be replaced by the following:

Article 2

The percentage referred to in Article 13 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 shall be fixed at 120 %.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 July 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. GIBBONS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 1 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 27. 7. 1970, p. 35.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 48, 19. 2. 1977, p. 4.

ANNEX

Percentages and quantities referred to in Article 13 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70

Serial No	Variety	Percentage	Quantity (in tonnes)
1	a) Badischer Geudertheimer b) Forchheimer Havanna II c)	20 %	1 000
2	Badischer Burley E	20 %	700
3	Virgin D	20 %	100
4	a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof b) Dragron vert and hybrids thereof, Philippin, Petit Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appelterre,	20 %	8 500
5	Nijkerk		
6	a) Misionero and hybrids thereof b) Rio Grande and hybrids thereof		
7	Bright	20 %	2 300
8	Burley I	20 %	6 600
9	Maryland	20 %	400
10	a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof b) Moro di Cori c) Salento	20 %	1 400
11	a) Nostrano del Brenta b) Resistente 142 c) Gojano	20 %	200
12	a) Beneventano b) Brasile Selvaggio and similar varieties	20 %	400 ⁽¹⁾
13	Xanti-Yakà	20 %	1 200
14	Perustitza	20 %	1 200
15	Erzegovina and similar varieties	20 %	1 600
16	a) Round Tip b) Scafati c) Sumatra I	20 %	100

⁽¹⁾ As from the 1980 harvest.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1581/79
of 24 July 1979

fixing the norm and intervention prices and the premiums granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco, and the derived intervention prices for baled tobacco for the 1979 harvest

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 2 (5), 4 (4) and 6 (8) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, when fixing the prices for raw tobacco, account should be taken both of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community intends to make to the harmonious growth of world trade; whereas the aims of the common agricultural policy are, in particular, to provide the agricultural population with a reasonable standard of living, guarantee security of supplies and ensure fair prices for consumers;

Whereas the norm and intervention prices for leaf tobacco must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 in order in particular to encourage producers to convert to the cultivation of those varieties which are most competitive and most in demand;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 339/77 of 14 February 1977 laying down special measures in the tobacco sector in respect of the Beneventano variety of tobacco⁽⁵⁾, and Council Regulation (EEC) No

1557/79 of 24 July 1979 laying down special measures in the raw tobacco sector in respect of the Perustitza and Erzegovina varieties⁽⁶⁾, have provided for a reduction of the intervention price of these tobaccos;

Whereas it is desirable to fix, in respect of the 1979 harvest, derived intervention prices both for the varieties which, before the common organization of the market came into force, were subject to a price guarantee at the baled tobacco stage, and for the varieties which are mainly grown in Germany, in order to take account of marketing practices in that country; whereas, to this end, both increased costs and increased productivity should be taken into consideration;

Whereas the premium granted to purchasers of Community tobacco is intended to enable them to pay producers of leaf tobacco a price which is at the level of the norm price, account being taken of the trend in world market prices and the level of prices established by supply and demand on the Community market;

Whereas the abovementioned prices and the amount of the premium must be fixed for each variety in relation to a reference quality defined in such a way that as objective as possible an assessment can be made of the quality of the tobacco;

Whereas since the entry into force of the common organization of the market in tobacco Community production has undergone profound changes as regards the varieties grown; whereas certain varieties have developed while others have been abandoned; whereas it is necessary to revise accordingly the list of Community varieties;

Whereas certain varieties of tobacco, previously differentiated in the list of Community varieties, present similar characteristics and are intended for the same use; whereas, in consequence, the reference qualities should be determined in a uniform manner in respect of these varieties, and single prices and premiums fixed;

Whereas certain alterations have also occurred with regard to the handling and presentation of leaf tobacco; whereas the definition of the reference qualities should therefore be altered;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 1 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 93, 9. 4. 1979, p. 49.

⁽⁴⁾ Opinion delivered on 4 and 5 April 1979 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 48, 19. 2. 1977, p. 4.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 14.

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1265/79⁽¹⁾ provides that for the tobacco sector from 2 July 1979 a new representative rate shall be applied to the currencies of certain Member States; whereas this provision should lead, from that date, to a reduction in national currency terms, of the premium fixed in units of account for a substantial part of the harvest in those Member States whose representative rate is revalued; whereas it seems more appropriate to the nature of this sector that the same conditions should apply to the entire harvest in a given year; whereas this objective can be achieved if the former rate of exchange for the Member States concerned were to remain applicable to premiums paid for the 1978 harvest,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1979 harvest, the reference qualities for each of the varieties of leaf tobacco of Community production, referred to in Article 2 (3) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, shall be as laid down in Annex I.

Article 2

For the 1979 harvest, the reference qualities referred to in Article 6 (3) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70,

for each of the varieties of baled tobacco of Community production in respect of which a derived intervention price is fixed, shall be as laid down in Annex II.

Article 3

For the 1979 harvest, the norm and intervention prices and the amounts of the premium granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, and the derived intervention prices for baled tobacco referred to in Article 6 of the said Regulation, shall be as laid down in Annex III.

Article 4

The exchange rate to be applied in the Federal Republic of Germany and the Benelux countries for the purposes of the premiums for the 1978 harvest shall, until 31 March 1980, be the representative rate applicable to the currencies in question prior to 2 July 1979.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 July 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. GIBBONS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 161, 29. 6. 1979, p. 2.

ANNEX I

Leaf tobacco : varieties and their reference qualities for the 1979 harvest

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
1	a) Badischer Geudertheimer b) Forchheimer Havanna II c)	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1 : leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, dark brown to mottled brown, of uniform length Packaging : tobacco graded, tied in hands or in temporary bales with non-tobacco material Moisture : 26 %
2	Badischer Burley E	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1 : leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, fleshy, reddish brown to light brown, of uniform length Packaging : tobacco graded, tied in hands or in temporary bales with non-tobacco material Moisture : 25 %
3	Virgin D	Class 1 Leaf Class 1 : leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, yellow to reddish yellow ; variations in colour such as brownish to greenish yellow are allowed up to a third of the leaf's surface Packaging : tobacco graded, tied in hands or in temporary bales with non-tobacco material Moisture : 19 %
4	a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof b) Dragon vert and hybrids thereof, Philippin, Petit Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appel terre	Class 2 Middle leaf Class 2 : leaf with minor defects as regards combustibility, colour, texture or ripeness (over or under ripe) Packaging : tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf) Moisture : 27 %
5	Nijkerk	Class 2 Tips Class 2 : — either leaf of second length (not exceeding 45 cm) with very gummy texture, fleshy, still undamaged ; strong and elastic, without prominent veins, well ripened producing a lively brown to dark brown colour ; — or leaf of first length (exceeding 45 cm) with a texture still gummy, fleshy and still undamaged, strong, with relatively prominent veins, of all colours except bottle green Packaging : tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf) Moisture : 27 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
6	a) Misionero and hybrids thereof b) Rio Grande and hybrids thereof	2nd quality leaf 2nd quality : leaf fully developed over 45 cm, not coarse grained, lively to fairly lively light somewhat yellowish colour, reasonably firm and undamaged ; reasonably good combustibility Packaging : tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf) Moisture : 27 %
7	Bright	Leaf in Category A Category A : leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of various shades of yellow Packaging : in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg Moisture : 16 %
8	Burley I	Leaf in Category A Category A : leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, of open possibly firm texture, stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a more or less lively nut-brown colour Packaging : in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg or tied in hands of 25 to 30 leaves with non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture : 19 %
9	Maryland	Leaf in Category A Category A : leaf sufficiently ripe, with slight curing defects and only slightly mottled, of average texture with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a rather lively reddish brown colour Packaging : in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg or tied in hands of 25 to 30 leaves with non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture : 19 %
10	a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof b) Moro di Cori c) Salento	Leaf in Category B Category B : leaf fully ripe, of firm texture, without curing defects and in good condition, brown in colour, with some damage Packaging : in hands of 25 to 30 leaves tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture : 23 %
11	a) Nostrano del Brenta b) Resistente 142 c) Gojano	Leaf in Category B Category B : leaf of firm, or light texture, sound, well cured, or properly fermented according to the traditional method, brown or dark brown in colour, with minor damage Packaging : in hands of 25 to 30 leaves tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture : 22 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
12	a) Beneventano b) Brasile Selvaggio and similar varieties	Leaf in Category B Category B : leaf sufficiently ripe, firm texture or possibly coarse or thin, with minor defects as regards curing and fermentation and damage Packaging : in hands of 25 to 30 leaves tied with non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture : 24 %
13 14 15	Xanti-Yakà Perustitza Erzegovina and similar varieties	Leaf in Category B Category B : leaf reasonably sound and ripe, with some slight curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, may also include lugs Packaging : in temporary bales of 15 to 20 kg or 'stringed' in cases of 30 to 40 kg Moisture : 17 %
16	a) Round Tip b) Scafati c) Sumatra I	Leaf in Category B Category B : lower middle leaf, sorted by length in the following proportions : 1st length (38 cm and over) 60 % 2nd length (from 32 to under 38 cm) 35 % 3rd length (from 25 to under 32 cm) 5 % leaf of convenient size, fully ripe and of uniform colour, sound, without damage, fine texture, tensile and elastic, stems and veins not prominent, well fermented and in good condition, good combustibility, of typical flavour and aroma, suitable for wrapping cigars, including about 25 % broken leaf Packaging : in hands tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture : 22 %

ANNEX II

Baled tobacco : varieties and their reference qualities for the 1979 harvest

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
1	a) Badischer Geudertheimer b) Forchheimer Havanna II c)	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1 : leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, dark brown to mottled brown, of uniform length, fermented normally Packaging : in bales or cases of approximately 75 to 175 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg Moisture : 16 %
2	Badischer Burley E	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1 : leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, fleshy light brown to reddish or dark brown, of uniform length, fermented normally Packaging : in bales or cases of approximately 75 to 175 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg Moisture : 15 %
3	Virgin D	Class 1 leaf Class 1 : leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, yellow to reddish or brownish yellow, fermented normally Packaging : in bales or cases of approximately 75 to 175 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg Moisture : 13 %
7	Bright	Leaf in Category A Category A : leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of various shades of yellow Packaging : in barrels of approximately 330 to 350 kg Moisture : 13 %
8	Burley I	Leaf in Category A Category A : leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, of open possibly firm texture, stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a more or less lively nut-brown colour Packaging : in barrels of approximately 330 to 350 kg Moisture : 13 %
9	Maryland	Leaf in category A Category A : leaf sufficiently ripe, with slight curing defects and only slightly mottled, of average texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a rather lively reddish brown colour Packaging : in barrels of approximately 330 to 350 kg Moisture : 13 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
10	a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof b) Moro di Cori c) Salento	Leaf in Category B Category B : leaf fully ripe, of firm texture, without curing defects and in good condition, brown in colour, with some damage Packaging : in barrels of approximately 350 kg Moisture : 16 %
11	a) Nostrano del Brenta b) Resistente 142 c) Gojano	Leaf in Category B Category B : leaf of firm or light texture, sound, well cured, or properly fermented according to the traditional method, brown or dark brown in colour, with minor damage Packaging : in bales of approximately 170 to 180 kg Moisture : 18 %
12	a) Beneventano b) Brasile Selvaggio and similar varieties	Leaf in Category B Category B : leaf sufficiently ripe, firm texture or possibly coarse or thin, with minor defects as regards curing and fermentation and damage Packaging : in bales of approximately 120 kg or barrels of approximately 330 kg Moisture : 16 %
13 14 15	Xanti-Yakà Perustitza Erzegovina and similar varieties	Leaf in Category B Category B : leaf reasonably sound and ripe, with some slight curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, may also include lugs Packaging : in small bales of approximately 18 to 21 kg Moisture : 13 %
16	a) Round Tip b) Scafati c) Sumatra I	Leaf in Category B Category B : Lower middle leaf, sorted by length in the following proportions : 1st length (38 cm and over) 60 % 2nd length (from 32 to under 38 cm) 35 % 3rd length (from 25 to under 32 cm) 5 % leaf of convenient size, fully ripe and of uniform colour, sound, without damage, fine texture, tensile and elastic, stems and veins not prominent, well fermented and in good condition, good combustibility, of typical flavour and aroma, suitable for wrapping cigars, including about 25 % broken leaf Packaging : in bales of approximately 80 to 90 kg Moisture : 16 %

ANNEX III

Norm prices, intervention prices and premiums for leaf tobacco of the 1979 crop

Derived intervention prices for baled tobaccos of the 1979 harvest

(ECU/kg)

Serial No	Variety	Norm price	Intervention price	Amount of premium	Derived intervention price
1	a) Badischer Geudertheimer b) Forchheimer Havanna II, c)	2.898	2.608	1.984	3.944
2	Badischer Burley E	3.464	3.118	2.065	4.439
3	Virgin D	3.363	3.027	2.001	4.040
4	a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof b) Dragon vert and hybrids thereof, Philippin, Petit Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appel terre	2.579	2.321	1.621	—
5	Nijkerk	2.512	2.261	1.559	—
6	a) Misionero and hybrids thereof b) Rio Grande and hybrids thereof	2.330	2.096	1.608	—
7	Bright	2.825	2.542	1.628	3.580
8	Burley I	2.066	1.859	1.058	2.780
9	Maryland	2.423	2.181	1.316	3.150
10	a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof b) Moro di Cori c) Salento	2.152	1.937	1.055	2.751
11	a) Nostrano del Brenta b) Resistente 142 c) Gojano	2.056	1.851	1.514	2.764
12	a) Beneventano b) Brasile Selvaggio and similar varieties	1.588	1.271	1.110	1.934
13	Xanti-Yakà	2.987	2.689	1.867	4.250
14	Perustitza	2.829	2.263	1.776	3.402
15	Erzegovina and similar varieties	2.540	2.031	1.576	3.065
16	a) Round Tip b) Scafati c) Sumatra I	13.321	11.990	6.891	18.091

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1582/79

of 24 July 1979

fixing the amounts of aid granted for seeds for the 1980/81 and 1981/82 marketing years

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 of 26 October 1971 on the common organization of the market in seeds⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 234/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee⁽⁴⁾,

Whereas the market situation within the Community and the foreseeable market trends with regard to the seeds which are listed in the Annex to Regulation

(EEC) No 2358/71 and which will be marketed during the 1980/81 and 1981/82 marketing years do not give an assurance of fair returns for the producer; whereas part of the production costs should be offset by aid;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 provides that, when the aid is being fixed, account must be taken of, on the one hand, the need to ensure a balance between the volume of production required in the Community and the possible outlets for that production and, on the other hand, the price of the products concerned on external markets,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1980/81 and 1981/82 marketing years, the aid granted for seeds provided for in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 shall be as shown in the Annex hereto.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 July 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. GIBBONS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 246, 5. 11. 1971, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 34, 9. 2. 1979, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 93, 9. 4. 1979, p. 49.

⁽⁴⁾ Opinion delivered on 4 and 5 April 1979 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

ANNEX

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/100 kg) Amount of aid
ex 12.01 A	1. OLEAGINEAE Linum usitatissimum L. partim (textile flax) Linum usitatissimum L. partim (Linseed) Cannabis sativa (L. monoica)	17.8 14.1 12.9
ex 12.03 C	2. GRAMINEAE Arrhenatherum elatius (L.) J. and C. Presl. Dactylis glomerata L. Festuca arundinacea Schreb. Festuca ovina L. Festuca pratensis Huds. Festuca rubra L. Lolium multiflorum Lam. Lolium perenne L.: — Of high persistence, late or medium late — New varieties and others — Of low persistence, medium late, medium early or early Lolium × hybridum Hausskn. Phleum pratense L. Poa nemoralis L. Poa pratensis L. Poa trivialis L.	40.5 34.4 35.6 25.8 27.0 23.3 13.5 22.1 17.2 12.3 13.5 50.3 24.5 24.5 24.5
ex 07.05 A I ex 07.05 A III	3. LEGUMINOSAE Pisum arvense L. Vicia faba L. ssp. faba var. equina Pers. Vicia faba L. var. minor (Peterm.) bull.	4.9 6.1 6.1
ex 12.03 C	Medicago sativa L. (ecotypes) Medicago sativa L. (varieties) Trifolium pratense L. Trifolium repens L. Trifolium repens L. var. giganteum Vicia sativa L.	12.3 22.1 31.9 36.8 36.8 19.6

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1583/79

of 24 July 1979

fixing the guide price for linseed for the 1979/80 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community, and in particular Article 43
thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
569/76 of 15 March 1976 laying down special
measures for linseed⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 (1)
and (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parlia-
ment⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and
Social Committee⁽³⁾,

Whereas, when the guide price for linseed is fixed on
an annual basis, account should be taken of the objec-
tives of the common agricultural policy and of the
contribution which the Community desires to make
to the harmonious development of world trade;
whereas the objectives of the common agricultural
policy are, in particular, to ensure a fair standard of
living for the agricultural community and to ensure
that supplies are available and reach consumers at
reasonable prices;

Whereas the first subparagraph of Article 1 (1) of
Regulation (EEC) No 569/76 provides more specifi-
cally that this price shall be fixed at a level which is
fair to producers, account being taken of the supply
requirements of the Community; whereas, to this
end, a balanced relationship should be maintained
between this price and the price of other oil seeds;

Whereas in accordance with these criteria the guide
price should be fixed at a higher level than that
adopted for the preceding marketing year;

Whereas the guide price must be fixed for a standard
quality to be determined by reference to the average
quality of seeds harvested in the Community; whereas
the quality laid down for the 1978/79 marketing year
meets this requirement and can accordingly be used
for the following marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1979/80 marketing year, the guide price for
linseed shall be 39.79 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

The price referred to in Article 1 relates to seed:

- in bulk, of sound, genuine and merchantable
quality, and
- with an impurity content of 2 % and, for the seed
as such, humidity and oil contents of 9 and 38 %
respectively.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of
the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 24 July 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. GIBBONS

(1) OJ No L 67, 15. 3. 1976, p. 29.

(2) OJ No C 93, 9. 4. 1979, p. 49.

(3) OJ No C 171, 9. 7. 1979, p. 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1584/79**of 24 July 1979****fixing the amount of aid for cotton seed for the 1979/80 marketing year**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71 of 12 July 1971 introducing a system of subsidies for cotton seed ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71 provides that the amount of aid be fixed annually for cotton seed produced within the Community so as to

ensure a fair income for the producer, taking account of the market situation and foreseeable market trends;

Whereas application of these criteria entails fixing the amount of aid at a level higher than that adopted for the 1978/79 marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1979/80 marketing year, the amount of the aid for cotton seed as provided for in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71 shall be 133.38 ECU per hectare.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 July 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. GIBBONS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 160, 17. 7. 1971, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 93, 9. 4. 1979, p. 49.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 171, 9. 7. 1979, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1585/79**of 26 July 1979****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2724/78⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations ;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979⁽⁴⁾ laid down the coefficient for
expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in
ECU ;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2724/78 to today's
offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 July
1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 11. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 July 1979 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	82.60
10.01 B	Durum wheat	119.88 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	63.73 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	72.93
10.04	Oats	89.42
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	83.47 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	2.41
10.07 B	Millet	41.23 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	80.26 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	130.42
11.01 B	Rye flour	103.00
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	200.15
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	138.71

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments the levy is reduced by 7.25 ECU/tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1586/79**of 26 July 1979****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2725/78 ⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979 ⁽⁴⁾ laid down the coefficient for
expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in
ECU ;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall
be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 July
1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 11. 1978, p. 4.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 July 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	3.45
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10	4th period 11
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1587/79**of 26 July 1979****fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2749/78 of 23 November 1978 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁸⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2766/78⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽¹⁰⁾,

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 of 28 December 1978⁽¹¹⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil ;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹²⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world or Greek markets and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers ;

Whereas in the collection of the levy account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries ; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries ;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 23 and 24 July 1979 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation ;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽¹³⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU ;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products ; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate ; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

(1) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

(2) OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 1.

(4) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

(5) OJ No L 332, 29. 11. 1978, p. 13.

(6) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

(7) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

(8) OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

(9) OJ No L 332, 29. 11. 1978, p. 26.

(10) OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

(11) OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

(12) OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

(13) OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 July 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	6.00 ⁽¹⁾	36.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	3.00 ⁽¹⁾	30.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	12.00 ⁽¹⁾	41.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	5.00	38.00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	20.00	68.00 ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by:

(a) Greece, Spain and Lebanon: 0.60 ECU/100 kg;

(b) Turkey: 22.36 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force;

(c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia: 24.78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.86 ECU/100 kg;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7.25 ECU/100 kg;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5.80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	0.66	6.60
07.03 A II	0.66	6.60
15.17 B I a)	1.50	15.00
15.17 B I b)	2.40	24.00
23.04 A II	0.96	3.28

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1588/79
of 26 July 1979
fixing the export refunds on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports, and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on these products is being calculated;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in products

processed from cereals and rice that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on malt listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 July 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 July 1979 fixing the export refunds on malt

<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>	
CCT heading No	Refund
11.07 A I b)	53.20
11.07 A II b)	63.42
11.07 B	73.90

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1589/79

of 26 July 1979

altering the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 852/78⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/77⁽⁶⁾, laid down detailed rules of application for Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72; whereas the components used to calculate the differential amounts were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1324/79⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No

1458/79⁽⁸⁾; whereas, in the case of the pound sterling the difference referred to in Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 for the period 18 to 24 July 1979 has changed, by reference to the representative rate valid on 30 July 1979, by at least one point from the percentage used for the previous fixing; whereas this fact should be taken into account when fixing the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed where those components are already applied in respect of the Member States concerned,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 1324/79 as amended is hereby replaced by the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 30 July 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

(1) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

(2) OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

(4) OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978, p. 6.

(5) OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

(6) OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 9.

(7) OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 76.

(8) OJ No L 177, 14. 7. 1979, p. 5.

ANNEX

	Target price corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Subsidy or refund corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Differential component (coefficient to be applied to the target price)	
1. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Germany or ex- ported from that country :	+ 0.0980	— 0.0980	+	—
— harvested in Germany			—	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			—	0.0720
— harvested in France			—	0.1429
— harvested in Denmark			—	0.0980
— harvested in Ireland			—	0.1113
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.1250
— harvested in Italy			—	0.1553
2. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in the BLEU and in the Netherlands or re-exported from that country :	+ 0.0280	— 0.0280	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.0776	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			—	—
— harvested in France			—	0.0764
— harvested in Denmark			—	0.0280
— harvested in Ireland			—	0.0424
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.0571
— harvested in Italy			—	0.0897
3. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Denmark or exported from that country :	Nil	Nil	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.1086	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.0288	—
— harvested in France			—	0.0498
— harvested in Denmark			—	—
— harvested in Ireland			—	0.0148
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.0300
— harvested in Italy			—	0.0635
4. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in France or exported from that country :	— 0.0524	+ 0.0524	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.1667	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.0827	—
— harvested in France			—	—
— harvested in Denmark			0.0524	—
— harvested in Ireland			0.0368	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			0.0208	—
— harvested in Italy			—	0.0144

	Target price corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Subsidy or refund corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Differential component (coefficient to be applied to the target price)	
5. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in the United Kingdom or exported from that country :	— 0.0309	+ 0.0309	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.1429	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.0606	—
— harvested in France			—	0.0204
— harvested in Denmark			0.0309	—
— harvested in Ireland			0.0157	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	—
— harvested in Italy			—	0.0345
6. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Ireland or exported from that country :	— 0.0150	+ 0.0150	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.1253	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.0442	—
— harvested in France			—	0.0355
— harvested in Denmark			0.0150	—
— harvested in Ireland			—	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.0154
— harvested in Italy			—	0.0494
7. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Italy or exported from that country :	— 0.0678	+ 0.0678	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.1838	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.0985	—
— harvested in France			0.0146	—
— harvested in Denmark			0.0678	—
— harvested in Ireland			0.0520	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			0.0358	—
— harvested in Italy			—	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1590/79

of 26 July 1979

fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies on pigmeat

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2759/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in pigmeat⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1423/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Articles 8 and 12 (1) thereof,

Whereas a levy fixed quarterly in advance must be
charged on imports into the Community for the
products specified in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC)
No 2759/75; whereas levies were last fixed by
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 829/79 of 25 April
1979⁽³⁾ for the period 1 May to 31 July 1979 and
levies must therefore be fixed anew for the period 1
August to 31 October 1979;

Whereas the levy on pig carcasses is made up of two
components;

Whereas the first component must be equal to the
difference between prices within the Community and
on the world market for the quantity of feed grain
specified in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No
2764/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down the rules for
calculating a component of the levy on pig
carcasses⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No
370/76⁽⁵⁾, the composition whereof is indicated
therein;

Whereas the value within the Community for that
quantity of feed grain must be determined in accor-
dance with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No
2764/75; whereas the value for the like quantity on
the world market must be determined in accordance
with Article 3 thereof;

Whereas the said Article 3 provides that the prices for
each type of feed grain on the world market shall be
equal to the average of the cif prices of such cereal;
whereas the cif prices shall be determined for the

period of five months ending one month before the
quarter in respect of which the said component is
calculated; whereas that period is 1 February to 30
June 1979;

Whereas the second component must be equal to
7 % of the average of the sluice-gate prices applicable
for the four quarters to 1 May in each year;

Whereas the levies on the products specified in
Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation (EEC) No
2759/75 other than pig carcasses must be derived from
the levy on pig carcasses on the basis of the coeffi-
cients fixed for such products pursuant to Article
10 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 in Annex I to
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 747/79 of 11 April
1979 fixing coefficients for calculating levies on
pigmeat products other than pig carcasses⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas the levies on the products specified in
Article 1 (1) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 are
made up of two components;

Whereas the first component must be derived from
the levy on pig carcasses on the basis of the coeffi-
cients fixed in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No
747/79;

Whereas the second component must be equal to
7 %, and for products falling within heading No ex
16.02 of the Common Customs Tariff, to 10 %, of the
average offer prices for imports during the 12 months
to 1 May; whereas these averages should be deter-
mined bearing in mind all the information available
relating to imports into the Community from third
countries, taking into account the representative
character of prices;

Whereas, in the case of products falling within
subheadings 02.01 B II c) 1 to 7, 15.01 A I, 16.01 A
and 16.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, in
respect of which the rate of duty has been bound with
GATT, the levies must not exceed the amount
resulting from that binding;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 171, 28. 6. 1978, p. 19.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 105, 27. 4. 1979, p. 23.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 21.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 45, 21. 2. 1976, p. 4.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 95, 16. 4. 1979, p. 5.

Whereas, for pig carcasses and other products referred to in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2766/75 of 29 October 1975 establishing the list of products for which sluice-gate prices are to be fixed and laying down the rules for fixing the sluice-gate price for pig carcasses⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 772/79⁽²⁾, the sluice-gate prices must be fixed in advance for each quarter; whereas sluice-gate prices were last fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 829/79 for the period 1 May to 31 July 1979 and prices must therefore be fixed anew for the period 1 August to 31 October 1979;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for pig carcasses is made up of three components;

Whereas the first component must be equal to the value on the world market of the quantity of feed grain equivalent to the quantity of feedingstuffs required for the production in third countries of one kilogram of pigmeat, such quantity being composed as provided in Article 2(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2766/75;

Whereas the value of that quantity of grain must be determined in accordance with Article 2(2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2766/75;

Whereas the said Article 2 provides that the price for each cereal on the world market shall be equal to the average of the cif prices of such cereal; whereas the cif prices shall be determined for the period of five months ending one month before the quarter in respect of which the said amount is calculated; whereas that period is 1 February to 30 June 1979;

Whereas the second component, which represents the extra cost, in relation to feed grain of feedingstuffs other than grain required for the production of one kilogram of pigmeat, shall, in accordance with Article 3(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2766/75, be 15 % of the value of the quantity of feed grain;

Whereas the third amount, which represents overhead costs of production and marketing, shall, in accor-

dance with Article 3(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2766/75, be 38.69 ECU per 100 kilograms of pig carcasses;

Whereas the sluice-gate prices of products referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2766/75, other than pig carcasses, must be derived from the sluice-gate price for pig carcasses on the basis of the coefficients laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 747/79;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽³⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Pigmeat,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. For the period 1 August to 31 October 1979 the levies provided for in Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 for the products referred to in Article 1(1) thereof and the sluice-gate prices provided for in Article 12 thereof for the products referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2766/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

2. Nevertheless, in the case of products falling within subheadings 02.01 B II c) 1 to 7, 15.01 A I, 16.01 A and 16.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, in respect of which the rate of duty has been bound within GATT, the levy shall not exceed the amount resulting from that binding.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 25.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 99, 21. 4. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

CCT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price ECU/100 kg	Amount of levies ECU/100 kg	Conventional rate of duty bound within GATT (%)
01.03	Live swine :			
	A. Domestic species :			
	II. Other :			
	a) Sows having farrowed at least once, of a weight of not less than 160 kg	63.41	31.51	—
	b) Other	74.56	37.05	—
02.01	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04, fresh, chilled or frozen :			
	A. Meat :			
	III. Of swine :			
	a) Of domestic swine :			
	1. Carcases or half-carcases, with or without heads, feet or flare fat	96.95	48.18	—
	2. Hams and cuts of hams, unboned (bone-in)	140.58	69.87	—
	3. Shoulders (fores) and cuts of shoulders, unboned (bone-in)	108.59	53.97	—
	4. Loins and cuts of loins, unboned (bone-in)	157.06	78.06	—
	5. Bellies (streaky) and cuts of bellies	84.35	41.92	—
	6. Other :			
	aa) Boned or boneless and frozen	157.06	78.06	—
	bb) Other	—	78.06	—
	B. Offals :			
	II. Other :			
	c) Of domestic swine :			
	1. Heads and cuts of heads ; necks	—	15.42	9
	2. Feet; tails	—	4.34	9
	3. Kidneys	—	50.59	9
	4. Livers	—	58.30	11
	5. Hearts ; tongues ; lungs	—	28.91	9
	6. Livers, hearts, tongues and lungs attached to the trachea and gullet	—	42.40	9
	7. Other	—	42.40	9
02.05	Pig fat free of lean meat and poultry fat (not rendered or solvent-extracted), fresh, chilled, frozen, salted, in brine, dried or smoked :			
	A. Back-fat :			
	I. Fresh, chilled, frozen, salted or in brine	38.78	19.27	—
	II. Dried or smoked	—	21.20	—
	B. Pig fat, other than that falling within subheading A	—	11.56	—

CCT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price ECU/100 kg	Amount of levies ECU/100 kg	Conventional rate of duty bound within GATT (%)
02.06	Meat and edible meat offals (except poultry liver), salted, in brine, dried or smoked :			
	B. Meat and edible meat offals of domestic swine :			
	I. Meat :			
	a) Salted or in brine :			
	1. Carcases or half-carcases, with or without heads, feet or flare fat	96.95	48.18	—
	2. Bacon sides, spencers, 3/4 sides and middles :			
	aa) Bacon sides	124.10	61.68	—
	bb) Spencers	—	61.68	—
	cc) 3/4 sides and middles	—	67.46	—
	3. Hams and cuts of hams, unboned (bone-in)	140.58	69.87	—
	4. Shoulders (fores) and cuts of shoulders, unboned (bone-in)	108.59	53.97	—
	5. Loins and cuts of loins, unboned (bone-in)	157.06	78.06	—
	6. Bellies (streaky) and cuts of bellies	84.35	41.92	—
	7. Other	—	78.06	—
	b) Dried or smoked :			
	1. Carcases or half-carcases, with or without heads, feet or flare fat	—	67.46	—
	2. Bacon sides, spencers, 3/4 sides and middles :			
	aa) Bacon sides	—	67.46	—
	bb) Spencers	—	67.46	—
	cc) 3/4 sides and middles	—	72.28	—
	3. Hams and cuts of hams, unboned (bone-in) :			
	aa) Slightly dried or slightly smoked	—	81.91	—
	bb) Other	—	135.88	—
	4. Shoulders (fores) and cuts of shoulders, unboned (bone-in) :			
	aa) Slightly dried or slightly smoked	—	60.23	—
	bb) Other	—	106.97	—
	5. Loins and cuts of loins, unboned (bone-in) :			
	aa) Slightly dried or slightly smoked	—	91.55	—
	bb) Other	—	134.44	—
	6. Bellies (streaky) and cuts of bellies :			
	aa) Slightly dried or slightly smoked	—	48.18	—
	bb) Other	—	69.87	—
	7. Other :			
	aa) Slightly dried or slightly smoked	—	91.55	—
	bb) Other	—	135.88	—
	II. Edible meat offals :			
	a) Heads and cuts of heads ; necks	—	15.42	—
	b) Feet ; tails	—	4.34	—
	c) Kidneys	—	50.59	—
	d) Livers	—	58.30	—
	e) Hearts ; tongues ; lungs	—	28.91	—
	f) Livers, hearts, tongues and lungs attached to the trachea and gullet	—	42.40	—
	g) Other	—	42.40	—

CCT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price ECU/100 kg	Amount of levies ECU/100 kg	Conventional rate of duty bound within GATT (%)
15.01	Lard, other pig fat and poultry fat, rendered or solvent extracted :			
	A. Lard and other pig fat :			
	I. For industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption (a)	—	15.42	3
	II. Other	31.02	15.42	—
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood :			
	A. Liver sausages	—	83.96	24
	B. Other (b) :			
	I. Sausages, dry or for spreading, uncooked	—	138.73	—
	II. Other	—	92.50	—
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal :			
	A. Liver :			
	II. Other	—	88.64	25
	B. Other :			
	III. Other :			
	a) Containing meat or offal of domestic swine :			
	1. Containing bovine meat, uncooked	—	209.14	—
	2. Other, containing, by weight :			
	aa) 80 % or more of meat or offal, of any kind, including fats of any kind or origin :			
	11. Hams, fillets and loins ; pieces thereof	—	145.25	—
	22. Shoulders and pieces thereof	—	119.18	—
	33. Other	—	80.85	—
	bb) 40 % or more but less than 80 % of meat or offals, of any kind, including fats of any kind or origin	—	69.57	—
	cc) Less than 40 % of meat or offal, of any kind, including fats of any kind or origin	—	49.18	—

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

(b) The levy on sausages imported in containers which also contain preserving liquid shall be charged on the net weight, i.e. minus the weight of the liquid.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1591/79

of 26 July 1979

fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for eggs

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in eggs⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 368/76⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 3 and 7 (1) thereof,

Whereas a levy fixed quarterly in advance must be charged on imports into the Community for the products specified in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75; whereas levies were last fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 811/79⁽³⁾ for the period ending 31 July 1979 and levies must therefore be fixed anew for the period 1 August to 31 October 1979;

Whereas the levy on eggs in shell is made up of two components;

Whereas the first component must be equal to the difference between prices within the Community and on the world market for the quantity of feed grain specified in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down rules for calculating the levy and the sluice-gate price for eggs⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2300/77⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the price within the Community for that quantity of feed grain must be determined in accordance with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75; whereas the price for the like quantity on the world market must be determined in accordance with Article 3 thereof;

Whereas the said Article 3 provides that the prices for each type of feed grain on the world market shall be equal to the average of the cif prices determined for that cereal for the period of five months ending one month before the quarter in respect of which the said component is calculated; whereas that period is 1 February to 30 June 1979;

Whereas the second component must be equal to 7 % of the average of the sluice-gate prices applicable for the four quarters to 1 May in each year;

Whereas the levy on eggs for hatching must be calculated in the same way as the levy on eggs in shell; whereas, however, the quantity of feed grain used in the calculation must be that shown in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75; whereas the second component must be equal to 7 % of the average of the sluice-gate prices applicable to eggs for hatching;

Whereas the levy on the products specified in Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 must be derived from the levy on eggs in shell on the basis of the coefficients set out in the Annex to Commission Regulation No 164/67/EEC of 26 June 1967 fixing the factors for calculating levies and sluice-gate prices for derived egg products⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1775/74⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas sluice-gate prices for the products specified in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 must be fixed in advance for each quarter; whereas sluice-gate prices were last fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 811/79 for the period ending 31 July 1979, and prices must therefore be fixed anew for the period 1 August to 31 October 1979;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for eggs in shell is made up of two components;

Whereas the first component must be equal to the price on the world market for the quantity of feed grain specified in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75;

Whereas the price for that quantity of grain must be determined in accordance with Article 4 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75;

Whereas the said Article 4 provides that the price for each cereal on the world market shall be equal to the average of the cif prices determined for that cereal for the period of five months ending one month before the quarter in respect of which the said component is calculated; whereas that period is 1 February to 30 June 1979;

(1) OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 49.

(2) OJ No L 45, 21. 2. 1976, p. 2.

(3) OJ No L 104, 26. 4. 1979, p. 14.

(4) OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 64.

(5) OJ No L 271, 22. 10. 1977, p. 6.

(6) OJ No 129, 28. 6. 1967, p. 2578/67.

(7) OJ No L 186, 10. 7. 1974, p. 14.

Whereas the second amount, which represents other feeding costs and overhead costs of production and marketing, is fixed in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for eggs for hatching must be calculated in the same way as the sluice-gate price for eggs in shell; whereas, however, the quantity of feed grain used in the calculation must be that specified in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75; whereas the standard amount must be that fixed in the same Annex;

Whereas the sluice-gate prices for the products specified in Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 must be derived from the sluice-gate prices for eggs in shell, taking into account the value of the basic product, the coefficients for those products fixed in accordance with Article 5 (2) of that Regulation and the standard amount fixed in the Annex to Regulation No 164/67/EEC;

Whereas, as regards the lower value to be allowed for in the calculation of the sluice-gate for whole products, account must be taken of the absence of certain marketing costs specific to eggs in shell, and of a percentage reflecting the lower prices generally obtained for eggs intended for processing; whereas these marketing costs — to be deducted from the sluice-gate price for eggs in shell — may be assessed at 0.0967 ECU per kilogram; whereas the percentage to be deducted from that reduced sluice-gate price may be assessed at 20 %;

Whereas, as regards the lower value to be allowed for in the calculation of the sluice-gate prices for separated products, the same reduction in marketing costs as for whole products should be allowed for; whereas, however, the percentage to be deducted should be lower than that taken for whole products, as the production of separated products requires the use of fresh eggs; whereas this percentage may be assessed at 7 %;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽¹⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Poultrymeat and Eggs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The levies provided for in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 and the sluice-gate prices provided for in Article 7 thereof, in respect of the products specified in Article 1 (1) thereof, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 July 1979 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for eggs

CCT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price	Levy
1	2	3	4
04.05	Birds' eggs and egg yolks, fresh, dried or otherwise preserved, sweetened or not :	ECU/100 units	ECU/100 units
	A. Eggs in shell, fresh or preserved :		
	I. Poultry eggs :		
	a) Eggs for hatching (a) :		
	1. Of turkeys or geese	40.77	8.56
	2. Other	10.29	3.09
		ECU/100 kg	ECU/100 kg
	b) Other	79.58	30.35
	B. Eggs, not in shell ; egg yolks :		
	I. Suitable for human consumption :		
a) Eggs, not in shell :			
1. Dried	326.55	137.18	
2. Other	86.64	35.21	
b) Egg yolks :			
1. Liquid	176.16	61.91	
2. Frozen	187.68	66.16	
3. Dried	388.92	142.04	

(a) Only poultry eggs which fulfil the conditions stipulated by the competent authorities of the European Communities are eligible for entry under this subheading.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1592/79

of 26 July 1979

fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for poultrymeat

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in poultrymeat⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 369/76⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 3 and 7 (1) thereof,

Whereas a levy fixed quarterly in advance must be charged on imports into the Community for the products specified in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75; whereas levies were last fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 813/79⁽³⁾ for the period ending 31 July 1979, and levies must therefore be fixed anew for the period 1 August to 31 October 1979;

Whereas the levy on slaughtered poultry is made up of two components;

Whereas the first component must be equal to the difference between prices within the Community and on the world market for the quantity of feed grain specified in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down rules for calculating the levy and the sluice-gate price for poultrymeat⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2299/77⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the price within the Community for that quantity of feed grain must be determined in accordance with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75; whereas the price for the like quantity on the world market must be determined in accordance with Article 3 thereof;

Whereas the said Article 3 provides that the price for each type of feed grain on the world market shall be equal to the average of the cif prices determined for that cereal for the period of five months ending one month before the quarter in respect of which the said component is calculated; whereas that period is 1 February to 30 June 1979;

Whereas the second component must be equal to 7 % of the average of the sluice-gate prices applicable for the four quarters to 1 May in each year;

Whereas the levy on chicks must be calculated in the same way as the levy on slaughtered poultry; whereas, however, the quantity of feed grain used in the calculation must be that shown in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75; whereas the second component must be equal to 7 % of the average of the sluice-gate prices applicable to chicks;

Whereas the levy on the products specified in Article 1 (2) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 must be derived from the levy on slaughtered poultry on the basis of the coefficients set out in the Annex to Commission Regulation No 199/67/EEC of 28 June 1967 fixing the coefficients for calculating levies on derived poultrymeat products⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1776/74⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas, in the case of products falling within heading No 02.03, or within subheadings 15.01 B or 16.02 B I of the Common Customs Tariff, in respect of which the rate of duty has been bound within GATT, the levies must not exceed the amount resulting from that binding;

Whereas sluice-gate prices for the products specified in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 must be fixed in advance for each quarter; whereas sluice-gate prices were last fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 813/79 for the period ending 31 July 1979, and prices must therefore be fixed anew for the period 1 August to 31 October 1979;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for slaughtered poultry is made up of two components;

Whereas the first component must be equal to the price on the world market for the quantity of feed grain shown in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 77.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 45, 21. 2. 1976, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 104, 26. 4. 1979, p. 16.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 84.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 271, 22. 10. 1977, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No 134, 30. 6. 1967, p. 2831/67.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 186, 10. 7. 1974, p. 16.

Whereas the price for that quantity of cereals must be determined in accordance with Article 4 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75;

Whereas the said Article 4 provides that the price for each cereal on the world market shall be equal to the average of the cif prices determined for that cereal for the period of five months ending one month before the quarter in respect of which the said component is calculated; whereas that period is 1 February to 30 June 1979;

Whereas the second amount, which represents other feeding costs and overhead costs of production and marketing, is fixed in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for chicks must be calculated in the same way as the sluice-gate price for slaughtered poultry; whereas, however, the quantity of feed grain used in the calculation must be that shown in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75; whereas the standard amount must be that fixed in the same Annex;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for the products specified in Article 1 (2) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 must be derived from the sluice-gate prices for slaughtered poultry on the basis of the coefficients fixed for these products in accordance with Article 5 (3) of that Regulation;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽¹⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Poultrymeat and Eggs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The levies provided for in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 and the sluice-gate prices provided for in Article 7 thereof, in respect of the products specified in Article 1 (1), shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

2. Nevertheless, in the case of products falling within heading No 02.03 and within subheadings 15.01 B or 16.02 B I of the Common Customs Tariff, in respect of which the rate of duty has been bound within GATT, the levy shall not exceed the amount resulting from that binding.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 July 1979 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for poultrymeat

CCT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price	Levy
1	2	3	4
01.05	Live poultry, that is to say, fowls, ducks, geese, turkeys and guinea fowls :	ECU/100 units	ECU/100 units
	A. Of a weight not exceeding 185 g, known as 'chicks' :		
	I. Turkeys and geese	80.57	13.67
	II. Other	21.30	5.28
		ECU/100 kg	ECU/100 kg
	B. Other :		
	I. Fowls	71.77	19.47
	II. Ducks	86.25	29.49
	III. Geese	105.01	28.48
	IV. Turkeys	90.97	22.20
V. Guinea fowls	119.20	34.13	
02.02	Dead poultry (that is to say, fowls, ducks, geese, turkeys and guinea fowls) and edible offals thereof (except liver), fresh, chilled, or frozen :		
	A. Whole poultry :		
	I. Fowls :		
	a) Plucked and gutted, with heads and feet, known as '83 % chickens'	90.17	24.45
	b) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet, but with hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '70 % chickens'	102.53	27.81
	c) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet and without hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '65 % chickens'	111.72	30.29
	II. Ducks :		
	a) Plucked, bled, not drawn or gutted, with heads and feet, known as '85 % ducks'	101.47	34.69
	b) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet, with hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '70 % ducks'	123.21	42.13
	c) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet, without hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '63 % ducks'	136.90	46.81
	III. Geese :		
	a) Plucked, bled, not drawn, with heads and feet, known as '82 % geese'	150.01	40.69
	b) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet, with or without hearts and gizzards, known as '75 % geese'	139.84	42.80
	IV. Turkeys	129.96	31.71
	V. Guinea fowls	170.28	48.75

CLT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price	Levy
1	2	3	4
02.02 (cont'd)	B. Poultry cuts (excluding offals) :	ECU/100 kg	ECU/100 kg
	I. Boned or boneless	266.32	77.28
	II. Unboned (bone-in) :		
	a) Halves or quarters :		
	1. Of fowls	122.89	33.32
	2. Of ducks	150.59	51.49
	3. Of geese	153.82	47.08
	4. Of turkeys	142.96	34.88
	5. Of guinea fowls	187.31	53.63
	b) Whole wings, with or without tips	86.55	25.12
	c) Backs, necks, backs with necks attached, rumps and wing tips	59.92	17.39
	d) Breasts and cuts of breasts :		
	1. Of geese	209.76	64.20
	2. Of turkeys	214.43	52.32
	3. Of other poultry	169.17	45.89
	e) Legs and cuts of legs :		
	1. Of geese	202.77	62.06
	2. Of turkeys :		
	aa) Drumsticks and cuts of drumsticks	116.96	28.54
	bb) Other	201.44	49.15
	3. Of other poultry	158.92	43.11
	f) Other	266.32	77.28
	C. Offals	59.92	17.39
02.03	Poultry liver, fresh, chilled, frozen, salted or in brine :		
	A. Fatty liver of goose or duck	1 500.10	406.90
	B. Other	153.13	44.44
02.05	Pig fat, free of lean meat and poultry fat (not rendered or solvent-extracted), fresh, chilled, frozen, salted, in brine, dried or smoked :		
	C. Poultry fat	133.16	38.64
15.01	Lard, other pig fat and poultry fat, rendered or solvent-extracted :		
	B. Poultry fat	159.79	46.37
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal :		
	B. Other :		
	I. Poultrymeat or offal :		
	a) Containing 57 % or more by weight of poultrymeat (a)	292.95	85.01
	b) Containing 25 % or more but less than 57 % by weight of poultrymeat (a)	159.79	46.37
	c) Other	93.21	27.05

(a) For the purpose of determining the percentage of poultrymeat, weight of any bones shall be disregarded.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1593/79

of 26 July 1979

fixing the sluice-gate prices and import duties for ovalbumin and lactalbumin

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2783/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common system of trade for ovalbumin and lactalbumin⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 (2) and the second subparagraph of Article 5 (5) thereof,

Whereas the sluice-gate prices and import duties for the products specified in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2783/75 must be fixed quarterly in advance;

Whereas since the sluice-gate prices and import duties for ovalbumin and lactalbumin were last fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 812/79⁽²⁾ for the period ending 31 July 1979 they must be fixed anew for the period 1 August to 31 October 1979; whereas they must be fixed by reference to the sluice-gate price and levy applicable to eggs in shell during the same period;

Whereas these have been fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1591/79 of 26 July 1979 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for eggs⁽³⁾;

Whereas the methods for calculating sluice-gate prices and import duties are laid down in Regulation No

200/67/EEC⁽⁴⁾; whereas these methods should be used to calculate the sluice-gate prices and import duties for the coming quarter;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁵⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Poultrymeat and Eggs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import duties provided for in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2783/75 and the sluice-gate prices provided for in Article 5 thereof, in respect of the products specified in Article 1 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 104.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 104, 26. 4. 1979, p. 15.

⁽³⁾ See page 35 of this Official Journal.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 134, 30. 6. 1967, p. 2834/67.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 July 1979 fixing the sluice-gate prices and import duties for ovalbumin and lactalbumin

CCT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price	Import duty
1	2	3	4
		ECU/100 kg	ECU/100 kg
35.02	Albumins, albuminates and other albumin derivatives : A. Albumins : II. Other (than unfit or rendered unfit for human consumption) : a) Ovalbumin and lactalbumin : 1. Dried (for example, in sheets, scales, flakes, powder) 2. Other		
		375.20	123.22
		50.27	16.69

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1594/79

of 26 July 1979

fixing for the 1979/80 marketing year the threshold prices for cereals and for certain classes of flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5 (5) and (6) thereof,

Whereas Article 5 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the threshold price for the principal cereals must be fixed in such a way that the selling price for the imported product on the Duisburg market is the same as the target price; whereas this is achieved by deducting from the target price the most advantageous transport costs between Rotterdam and Duisburg, transshipment charges at Rotterdam and a trading margin; whereas the target prices have been fixed for the 1979/80 marketing year by Regulation (EEC) No 1548/79⁽³⁾;

Whereas the threshold prices for other cereals for which no target price is fixed must, in accordance with Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, be so determined that the target price for the principal cereals in competition with these products may be reached on the Duisburg market;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 5 (5) of the abovementioned Regulation, the threshold prices for wheat flour, meslin flour and rye flour, and for wheat groats and meal, must be fixed according to the rules and for the standard qualities laid down in Articles 6, 7, 8 and 9 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2734/75 of 29 October 1975⁽⁴⁾; whereas the calculations made in

accordance with those rules give the prices shown below;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1979/80 marketing year, the threshold prices for the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as follows:

	<i>ECU/tonne</i>
common wheat and meslin	197.45
rye	188.50
barley	178.90
maize	178.90
durum wheat	273.40
oats	172.10
buckwheat	176.10
sorghum	176.10
millet	176.10
canary seed	176.10
wheat and meslin flour	303.20
rye flour	292.90
common wheat groats and meal	327.45
durum wheat groats and meal	432.55

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 2.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 34.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1595/79

of 26 July 1979

fixing the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 852/78⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 2 (2) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 878/77 of 26 April 1977 on the exchange rates to be applied in agriculture⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1266/79⁽⁶⁾, new representative rates are applicable with effect from 1 July 1979 for oil seeds;

Whereas, on 22 June 1979, the Council published its decision to adapt the representative rates; whereas the technical operation of the differential amounts system could cause unjustified prejudice to operators who fix the aid or export refunds in advance in a country with a depreciated currency; whereas measures should

accordingly be taken for aid and refund certificates fixed in advance during the period 22 to 30 June 1979 for interested parties who so request;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the purpose of calculating the corrective amounts to be applied between 22 and 30 June 1979 to the target price, the subsidy and the refund, the coefficients given in the Annex hereto shall, at the request of the party concerned, be applied during the said period in place of those figures shown in the Regulations fixing or amending the components to be used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed applicable for the period in question, provided that the seeds are placed under control at the oil mills or exported after 30 June 1979.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 106, 29. 4. 1977, p. 27.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 161, 29. 6. 1979, p. 4.

ANNEX

Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in, or exported from	Target price corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Subsidy or refund corrective (coefficient to be applied)
Period 22 to 30 June 1979 :		
— France	— 0.0524	+ 0.0524
— United Kingdom	— 0.0798	+ 0.0798

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1596/79

of 26 July 1979

on preventive withdrawals of apples and pears

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15a (2) thereof,

Whereas pursuant to Article 15a of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 it may be decided that Member States may authorize producers' organizations to withdraw, during the first months of the marketing year, a proportion of the apples and pears of minimum quality standard if the prices referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 remain between the buying in price and 80 % of the basic price for a period to be determined and if the market situation and particularly the size of the crop threatens a collapse of prices and subsequent heavy withdrawals of one or both of the products concerned;

Whereas preventive withdrawals should not be authorized unless the crop is expected to exceed a size to be fixed in the light of what the market can absorb;

Whereas the period referred to above must be such that preventive withdrawals are not set off by casual price falls and that withdrawals are not authorized too late;

Whereas preventive withdrawals must not exceed what is necessary to normalize supply;

Whereas such withdrawals should be applied primarily to produce of which there is most often a surplus and which by its nature is least likely to find a normal outlet;

Whereas, so that arrangements may be made for produce thus withdrawn to be put to one of the uses referred to in Article 21 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, producers' organizations should inform the Member States in advance of the quantities and kinds of produce with are to be the subject of preventive withdrawals;

Whereas a uniform withdrawal price should be fixed and applied irrespective of the time when the produce withdrawn from the market is actually dispatched for alternative use;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Preventive withdrawals may be authorized only if the crop is expected to exceed by 5 % or more a basic production of:

- 6 200 000 tonnes for apples,
- 2 250 000 tonnes for pears.

Article 2

Preventive withdrawals may be authorized only when the prices communicated pursuant to the first subparagraph of Article 17 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 remain for eight successive market days on the same representative market between the buying in price and 80 % of the basic price.

Article 3

1. Preventive withdrawals of apples may not exceed 30 % of an expected surplus of up to 620 000 tonnes; they may not exceed 40 % of an expected surplus of between 620 000 and 1 000 000 tonnes and not exceed 50 % of an expected surplus of over 1 000 000 tonnes, the expected surplus being the difference between the expected crop and the basic production of 6 200 000 tonnes.

Preventive withdrawals of pears may not exceed 30 % of an expected surplus of up to 225 000 tonnes; they may not exceed 40 % of an expected surplus of between 225 000 and 400 000 tonnes and not exceed 50 % of an expected surplus of over 400 000 tonnes, the expected surplus being the difference between the expected crop and the basic production of 2 250 000 tonnes.

2. If the expected surplus amounts to between 5 and 10 % of the basic production referred to in Article 1, preventive withdrawals may be undertaken only in respect of fruit of which the size does not exceed by more than 10 mm the minimum size admitted for marketing.

If the expected surplus amounts to 10 % or more of the basic production referred to in Article 1, preven-

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

tive withdrawals may be undertaken in respect of fruit of all sizes admitted for marketing.

3. The maximum quantities which may be the subject of preventive withdrawals in each Member State shall be determined in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 33 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72.

Article 4

Preventive withdrawals may be undertaken only in respect of class II produce and

- as regards apples, in respect of the Golden Delicious, Imperatore and American red varieties,
- as regards pears, in respect of the Passe Crassane, Conference, Doyenné du Comice, Emperor Alexander and Alexander Lucas varieties.

The list of American red varieties shall be laid down, as necessary, under the procedure provided for in Article 33 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72.

Article 5

Where a Member State authorizes producers' organizations to undertake preventive withdrawals, the organizations which intend to make such withdrawals must inform the Member State concerned accordingly before 15 November, stating the quantities to be withdrawn, broken down where appropriate by variety, and

the periods during which the withdrawals will be made. The said periods must be so established as to enable the produce withdrawn from the market to be put to one or other of the uses referred to in Article 21 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72.

The periods may be altered by the Member State concerned. Produce which is the subject of a preventive withdrawal must have been allocated for alternative use not later than 31 December.

Article 6

Where the total quantities which the producers' organizations in a Member State intend to withdraw exceed the quota allotted to that Member State, it shall reduce the quantities to be withdrawn by each organization concerned in line with its quota.

Article 7

The withdrawal price of produce preventively withdrawn shall be calculated by reference to the average of the prices for October, November and December as they result from the application of Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72.

Article 8

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1597/79

of 26 July 1979

abolishing the countervailing charge on lemons originating in Uruguay

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1545/79 of 25 July 1979⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on lemons originating in Uruguay;

Whereas the present trend of prices for Uruguyan products on the representative markets referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 668/78⁽⁵⁾, recorded or calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 of that Regulation indicates that entry prices have been

at least equal to the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas the conditions specified in the second indent of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these products originating in Uruguay can be abolished;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1545/79 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 July 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 187, 25. 7. 1979, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 90, 5. 4. 1978, p. 5.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1598/79

of 26 July 1979

amending Regulation No 184/66/EEC as regards the procedures and time limits
for forwarding farm returns and the standard fee per farm return

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 79/65/EEC
of 15 June 1965 setting up a network for the collec-
tion of accountancy data on the incomes and business
operation of agricultural holdings in the European
Economic Community⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2910/73⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 6
and 9 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation No 118/66/EEC of
29 July 1966 on the form of farm return to be used
for the purpose of determining incomes of agricultural
holdings was repealed and replaced by Commission
Regulation (EEC) No 2237/77 of 23 September 1977;
whereas references to the former Regulation must now
be amended accordingly;

Whereas Article 5 of Commission Regulation No
184/66/EEC of 21 November 1966 concerning the
collection, verification and forwarding of accountancy
data obtained for the purpose of determining incomes
of agricultural holdings⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1651/77⁽⁴⁾, provides for a standard fee
of 50 units of account per duly completed farm return
for the 1978 accounting year;

Whereas, as a result of the general rise in costs and its
effects on the cost of completing the farm return, the
fee should be revised;

Whereas the Community Committee for the Farm
Accountancy Data Network has not delivered an
opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

Regulation No 184/66/EEC is hereby amended as
follows:

1. The text of Article 2 shall be replaced by the
following:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 109, 23. 6. 1965, p. 1859/65.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 299, 27. 10. 1973, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 213, 23. 11. 1966, p. 3637/66.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 184, 23. 7. 1977, p. 25.

'All the farm returns shall, after verification of their
contents by the liaison agency, be forwarded confi-
dentially by the latter to the Commission at the
latest nine months after the end of the accounting
year to which they refer.

Where this time limit of nine months allows the
liaison agency to forward all the farm returns for
which it is responsible later than 31 December
following the end of the accounting year, the
liaison agency in question shall forward to the
Commission between 15 and 31 December all the
duly completed farm returns which it has; the rest
of the farm returns shall be sent to the Commis-
sion subsequently, within the time limit.'

2. The second indent of Article 4 shall be replaced by
the following:

'— the data contained therein have been recorded
and are presented in accordance with the provi-
sions of Regulation (EEC) No 2237/77.'

3. Article 5 (1) shall be replaced by the following:

'The Commission shall pay to the Member State
concerned, in respect of each duly completed farm
return forwarded to it within the time limit pres-
cribed in Article 2, the sum of:

- 50 EUA for the 1978 accounting year,
- 54 EUA for the 1979 accounting year,
- 58 EUA for the 1980 accounting year.'

4. Article 5 (2) shall be replaced by the following:

'Payment of this sum shall be made not later than
six months after the Commission has received the
farm returns.'

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1599/79

of 26 July 1979

derogating in respect of the 1979/80 marketing year from the common quality standards for brussels sprouts

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 2 (3) thereof,

Whereas common quality standards for brussels sprouts were laid down in Council Regulation No 41/66/EEC of 29 March 1966⁽³⁾;

Whereas there have been considerable advances in brussels sprouts growing techniques; whereas the common quality standards should take account of these developments;

Whereas the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

By way of derogation from the provisions of Section III of the common quality standards for brussels sprouts, the minimum diameter shall be 15 millimetres for untrimmed brussels sprouts.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply for the duration of the 1979/80 marketing year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 69, 19. 4. 1966, p. 1013/66.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1600/79**of 26 July 1979****derogating in respect of the 1979/80 marketing year from the quality standards
for dessert apples and pears**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization
of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79⁽²⁾, and in
particular Article 2 (2) thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1641/71 laying down
quality standards for dessert apples and pears⁽³⁾, as
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1833/73⁽⁴⁾, deter-
mined criteria for uniform size, valid for all varieties;
whereas if such criteria were to be applied to Bram-
ley's Seedling apples, those apples, owing to their
morphological characteristics, could not be placed
under class I, whatever might be their quality charac-
teristics; whereas a derogation from the standards
governing sizing should therefore be laid down for
this variety;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

By way of derogation from the provisions of Section
III of the quality standards for dessert apples and
pears, the difference in diameter for apples of the
Bramley's Seedling variety (Bramley, Triomphe de
Kiel) may amount to 10 mm for class I and II fruit
packed in rows and layers and 20 mm for class I fruit
packed in bulk.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August
1979.

It shall apply for the duration of the 1979/80
marketing year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 172, 31. 7. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 185, 7. 7. 1973, p. 17.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1601/79

of 26 July 1979

amending Regulation (EEC) No 918/79 opening a standing invitation to tender
for the putting up for sale of olive oil held by the Italian intervention agency

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC
of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a
common organization of the market in oils and
fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 918/79⁽³⁾
provides that tenders shall be made for an oil of 5°
acidity with regard to lampante virgin olive oil and for
an oil of 15° acidity with regard to olive residue oil;

Whereas, in order to make a tender for a specific lot,
it is desirable that operators have a knowledge of the
amount of the increases or reductions applied in
respect of oils with a different degree of acidity than
that for which tenders are made; whereas the table of
increases and reductions for the oils in question
should be set out;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The following Article 3a is hereby added to Regula-
tion (EEC) No 918/79:

Article 3a

With respect to lampante virgin olive oil and olive
residue oil, when the oil awarded has a different
degree of acidity from that for which the tender
was made, the price to be paid shall be equal to
the price tendered, increased or reduced in accor-
dance with the following scale:

1. lampante virgin olive oil

- exceeding 1° but not exceeding 8° acidity:
reduction or increase of Lit 1 154 for each
degree of acidity below or above 5°,
- exceeding 8° and not exceeding 12°
acidity:
reduction of Lit 1 615 for each degree of
acidity above 5°,
- exceeding 12° acidity:
reduction of Lit 2 077 for each degree of
acidity above 5°;

2. olive residue oil

Reduction or increase of Lit 2 077 for each
degree of acidity below or above 15°.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of
the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 116, 11. 5. 1979, p. 13.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1602/79**of 26 July 1979****amending Regulation (EEC) No 2102/75 determining the quantity of potatoes required for the manufacture of one tonne of starch**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2742/75 of 29 October 1975 on production refunds in the cereals and rice sectors⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/79⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 8 thereof,

Whereas the amounts referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2742/75 are altered with effect from 1 August 1979;

Whereas the alteration of these amounts necessitates a change in the amounts listed in columns 4, 5 and 6 of

the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2102/75⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1623/78⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2102/75 is hereby replaced by the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 57.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 12.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 214, 12. 8. 1975, p. 9.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 190, 13. 7. 1978, p. 11.

ANNEXE — ANLAGE — ALLEGATO — BIJLAGE — ANNEX — BILAG

Poids sous l'eau de 5 050 g de pommes de terre (en grammes)	Teneur en fécule de la pomme de terre (en pourcentage)	Quantité de pommes de terre nécessaire à la fabrication de 1 000 kg de fécule (en kilogrammes)	Prix minimal franco usine à payer par le féculier pour 1 000 kg de pommes de terre (en Écus)	Restitution à la production par 1 000 kg de pommes de terre (en Écus)	Prix minimal à percevoir par le producteur pour 1 000 kg de pommes de terre (en Écus)
Unterwassergewicht von 5 050 g Kartoffeln (in Gramm)	Stärkegehalt, in Prozenten, der Kartoffeln	Zur Erzeugung von 1 000 kg Kartoffelstärke nötige Kartoffelmenge (in kg)	Vom Stärkehersteller zu zahlender Mindestpreis frei Fabrik für 1 000 kg Kartoffeln (in ECU)	Erstattung bei der Erzeugung für 1 000 kg Kartoffeln (in ECU)	Dem Erzeuger für 1 000 kg Kartoffeln zu zahlender Mindestpreis (in ECU)
Peso sotto l'acqua di 5 050 gr di patate (in grammi)	Tenore in fecola delle patate (in %)	Quantità di patate necessaria alla fabbricazione di 1 000 kg di fecola (in kg)	Prezzo minimo franco fabbrica da pagare dal fabbricante di fecola per 1 000 kg di patate (in UC)	Restituzione alla produzione per 1 000 kg di patate (in UC)	Prezzo minimo da percepire dal produttore per 1 000 kg di patate (in UC)
Onderwatergewicht van 5 050 g aardappelen (in grammen)	Zetmeelgehalte van de aardappelen (in percenten)	Hoeveelheid aardappelen benodigd voor de vervaardiging van 1 000 kg zetmeel (in kg)	Minimum te betalen prijs door de zetmeelfabrikant, franco fabriek, voor 1 000 kg aardappelen (in Ecu)	Restitutie bij de produktie per 1 000 kg aardappelen (in Ecu)	Minimum te ontvangen prijs door de producent per 1 000 kg aardappelen (in Ecu)
Underwater weight of 5 050 g of potatoes (grams)	Starch content of potatoes (%)	Quantity of potatoes required for the manufacture of 1 000 kg of starch (kg)	Minimum free-at-factory price to be paid by the starch manufacturer for 1 000 kg of potatoes (ECU)	Production refund per 1 000 kg of potatoes (ECU)	Minimum price to be paid to the potato producer per 1 000 kg of potatoes (ECU)
Vægt under vand af 5 050 g kartofler (g)	Kartoflernes stivelsesindhold (i vægtprocent)	Kartoffelmængde, der medgår til fremstilling af 1 000 kg stivelse (kg)	Mindstepris frit fabrik, som stivelsesproducenten skal betale pr. 1 000 kg kartofler (i ECU)	Produktionsrestitution pr. 1 000 kg kartofler (i ECU)	Producentens mindstepris pr. 1 000 kg kartofler (i ECU)
1	2	3	4	5	6
352	13	6 990	31,34	4,73	36,07
354	13,1	6 940	31,56	4,77	36,33
356	13,2	6 890	31,79	4,80	36,59
358	13,3	6 840	32,02	4,84	36,86
360	13,4	6 790	32,26	4,87	37,13
362	13,5	6 740	32,50	4,91	37,41
364	13,6	6 690	32,74	4,95	37,69
366	13,7	6 640	32,99	4,98	37,97
368	13,8	6 590	33,24	5,02	38,26
370	13,9	6 540	33,49	5,06	38,55
372	14	6 490	33,75	5,10	38,85
374	14,1	6 450	33,96	5,13	39,09
376	14,2	6 400	34,23	5,17	39,40
378	14,3	6 360	34,44	5,20	39,64
380	14,4	6 310	34,71	5,24	39,95
382	14,5	6 270	34,93	5,28	40,21
384	14,6	6 230	35,16	5,31	40,47
386	14,7	6 180	35,44	5,35	40,79
388	14,8	6 140	35,67	5,39	41,06
390	14,9	6 100	35,91	5,42	41,33
392	15	6 060	36,15	5,46	41,61
393	15,1	6 020	36,39	5,50	41,89
395	15,2	5 980	36,63	5,53	42,16
397	15,3	5 940	37,88	5,57	42,45
400	15,4	5 910	37,06	5,60	42,66
401	15,5	5 870	37,32	5,64	42,96
403	15,6	5 830	37,57	5,68	43,25
405	15,7	5 790	37,83	5,71	43,54
407	15,8	5 750	38,09	5,75	43,84
410	15,9	5 720	38,29	5,78	44,07
412	16	5 680	38,56	5,82	44,38
413	16,1	5 650	38,77	5,86	44,63
415	16,2	5 620	38,98	5,89	44,87
417	16,3	5 580	39,25	5,93	45,18
420	16,4	5 550	39,47	5,96	45,43

1	2	3	4	5	6
421	16,5	5 510	39,75	6,00	45,75
423	16,6	5 480	39,97	6,04	46,01
425	16,7	5 450	40,19	6,07	46,26
427	16,8	5 410	40,49	6,12	46,61
429	16,9	5 380	40,71	6,15	46,86
430	17	5 350	40,94	6,18	47,12
432	17,1	5 320	41,17	6,22	47,39
435	17,2	5 290	41,41	6,25	47,66
437	17,3	5 260	41,64	6,29	47,93
439	17,4	5 230	41,88	6,33	48,21
441	17,5	5 200	42,12	6,36	48,48
443	17,6	5 170	42,37	6,40	48,77
445	17,7	5 140	42,61	6,44	49,05
447	17,8	5 110	42,86	6,47	49,33
449	17,9	5 080	43,12	6,51	49,63
450	18	5 050	43,37	6,55	49,92
452	18,1	5 020	43,63	6,59	50,22
455	18,2	5 000	43,81	6,62	50,43
456	18,3	4 970	44,07	6,66	50,73
458	18,4	4 940	44,34	6,70	51,04
460	18,5	4 920	44,52	6,72	51,24
462	18,6	4 890	44,79	6,77	51,56
465	18,7	4 860	45,07	6,81	51,88
466	18,8	4 840	45,26	6,84	52,10
468	18,9	4 810	45,54	6,88	52,42
470	19	4 780	45,82	6,92	52,74
472	19,1	4 760	46,02	6,95	52,97
474	19,2	4 735	46,26	6,99	53,25
476	19,3	4 710	46,51	7,02	53,53
478	19,4	4 685	46,75	7,06	53,81
480	19,5	4 660	47,00	7,10	54,10
481,6	19,6	4 640	47,21	7,13	54,34
483,2	19,7	4 635	47,26	7,14	54,40
484,8	19,8	4 620	47,41	7,16	54,57
486,4	19,9	4 610	47,51	7,18	54,69
488	20	4 600	47,62	7,19	54,81
490	20,1	4 590	47,72	7,21	54,93
492	20,2	4 585	47,77	7,22	54,99
494	20,3	4 580	47,83	7,22	55,05
496	20,4	4 575	47,88	7,23	55,11
498	20,5	4 570	47,93	7,24	55,17
500	20,6	4 560	48,04	7,26	55,30
502	20,7	4 555	48,09	7,26	55,35
504	20,8	4 550	48,14	7,27	55,41
506	20,9	4 540	48,25	7,29	55,54
508	21	4 530	48,35	7,30	55,65
509,9	21,1	4 520	48,46	7,32	55,78
511,8	21,2	4 510	48,57	7,34	55,91
513,7	21,3	4 500	48,68	7,35	56,03
515,6	21,4	4 490	48,78	7,37	56,15
517,5	21,5	4 480	48,89	7,39	56,28
519,4	21,6	4 470	49,00	7,40	56,40
521,3	21,7	4 460	49,11	7,42	56,53
523,2	21,8	4 450	49,22	7,43	56,65
525,1	21,9	4 440	49,33	7,45	56,78
527	22	4 430	49,44	7,47	56,91
528,8	22,1	4 420	49,56	7,49	57,05
530,6	22,2	4 410	49,67	7,50	57,17
532,4	22,3	4 400	49,78	7,52	57,30
534,2	22,4	4 395	49,84	7,53	57,37
536	22,5	4 385	49,95	7,55	57,50
537,8	22,6	4 375	50,07	7,56	57,63
539,6	22,7	4 365	50,18	7,58	57,76
541,4	22,8	4 360	50,24	7,59	57,83
543,2	22,9	4 350	50,35	7,61	57,96
545	23	4 340	50,47	7,62	58,09

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1603/79

of 26 July 1979

laying down rules for the payment of a premium to producers of potato starch
and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1809/78

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2742/75 of 29 October 1975 on production refunds in
the cereals and rice sectors ⁽³⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1555/79 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular
Article 8 thereof,

Whereas the amount referred to in Article 3 (1) and
the premium referred to in Article 3a of Regulation
(EEC) No 2742/75 are changed with effect from 1
August 1979; whereas it is necessary to specify the
conditions and other rules for the payment of the
abovementioned premium;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No
1809/78 ⁽⁵⁾ should be repealed;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premium provided for in Article 3a of Regulation
(EEC) No 2742/75 shall be paid to producers of

potato starch in the Community provided that they
furnish proof:

- (a) that the potato starch for which the premium is
claimed has been produced within the Commu-
nity during the marketing season concerned
starting on 1 August and finishing on 31 July of
the following year;
- (b) that an amount not less than that referred to in
Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2742/75 has
been paid to the potato producer at the delivered-
to-factory stage for the quantity of potatoes
required to manufacture each tonne of potato
starch for which the premium is claimed.

Article 2

The premium shall be paid by the Member State on
whose territory the potato starch is produced. The
competent agency of the Member State in question
shall stipulate within what period the premium shall
be paid.

Article 3

The premium shall be paid on the basis of the quan-
tity and the starch content of the potatoes used in
accordance with the rates fixed in the Annex hereto.

Article 4

Regulation (EEC) No 1809/78 is hereby repealed.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August
1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 57.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 12.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 205, 29. 7. 1978, p. 69.

ANNEXE — ANLAGE — ALLEGATO — BIJLAGE — ANNEX — BILAG

Poids sous l'eau de 5 050 g de pommes de terre (en grammes)	Teneur en fécule de la pomme de terre (en pourcentage)	Quantité de pommes de terre nécessaire à la fabrication de 1 000 kg de fécule (en kilogrammes)	Prime à percevoir par le féculier pour 1 000 kg de pommes de terre (en Écus)
Unterwassergewicht von 5 050 g Kartoffeln (in Gramm)	Stärkegehalt in Prozenten der Kartoffeln	Zur Erzeugung von 1 000 kg Kartoffelstärke nötige Kartoffelmenge (in kg)	Dem Stärkeerzeuger für 1 000 kg Kartoffeln zu zahlende Prämie (in ECU)
Peso sotto l'acqua di 5 050 g di patate (in grammi)	Tenore in fecola delle patate (in %)	Quantità di patate necessaria alla fabbricazione di 1 000 kg di fecola (in kg)	Premio da percepire dal fabbricante di fecola per 1 000 kg di patate (in ECU)
Onderwatergewicht van 5 050 g aardappelen (in grammes)	Zetmeelgehalte van de aardappelen (in percenten)	Hoeveelheid aardappelen benodigd voor de vervaardiging van 1 000 kg zetmeel (in kg)	Te ontvangen premie door de zetmeelproducent per 1 000 kg aardappelen (in Ecu)
Underwater weight of 5 050 g of potatoes (grams)	Starch content of potatoes (%)	Quantity of potatoes required for the manufacture of 1 000 kg of starch (kg)	Premium to be paid to the starch producer per 1 000 kg of potatoes (ECU)
Vægt under vand af 5 050 g kartofler (g)	Kartoffernes stivelsesindhold (i vægtprocent)	Kartoffelmængde der medgår til fremstilling af 1 000 kg stivelse (kg)	Præmie at betale kartoffelstivelsesfabrikanten pr. 1 000 kg kartofler (i ECU)
1	2	3	4
352	13	6 990	2,42
354	13,1	6 940	2,44
356	13,2	6 890	2,46
358	13,3	6 840	2,48
360	13,4	6 790	2,49
362	13,5	6 740	2,51
364	13,6	6 690	2,53
366	13,7	6 640	2,55
368	13,8	6 590	2,57
370	13,9	6 540	2,59
372	14	6 490	2,61
374	14,1	6 450	2,62
376	14,2	6 400	2,65
378	14,3	6 360	2,66
380	14,4	6 310	2,68
382	14,5	6 270	2,70
384	14,6	6 230	2,72
386	14,7	6 180	2,74
388	14,8	6 140	2,76
390	14,9	6 100	2,78
392	15	6 060	2,79
393	15,1	6 020	2,81
395	15,2	5 980	2,83
397	15,3	5 940	2,85
400	15,4	5 910	2,86
401	15,5	5 870	2,88
403	15,6	5 830	2,90
405	15,7	5 790	2,92
407	15,8	5 750	2,94
410	15,9	5 720	2,96
412	16	5 680	2,98
413	16,1	5 650	3,00
415	16,2	5 620	3,01
417	16,3	5 580	3,03
420	16,4	5 550	3,05
421	16,5	5 510	3,07
423	16,6	5 480	3,09
425	16,7	5 450	3,11
427	16,8	5 410	3,13

1	2	3	4
429	16,9	5 380	3,15
430	17	5 350	3,16
432	17,1	5 320	3,18
435	17,2	5 290	3,20
437	17,3	5 260	3,22
439	17,4	5 230	3,24
441	17,5	5 200	3,26
443	17,6	5 170	3,27
445	17,7	5 140	3,29
447	17,8	5 110	3,31
449	17,9	5 080	3,33
450	18	5 050	3,35
452	18,1	5 020	3,37
455	18,2	5 000	3,39
456	18,3	4 970	3,41
458	18,4	4 940	3,43
460	18,5	4 920	3,44
462	18,6	4 890	3,46
465	18,7	4 860	3,48
466	18,8	4 840	3,50
468	18,9	4 810	3,52
470	19	4 780	3,54
472	19,1	4 760	3,56
474	19,2	4 735	3,58
476	19,3	4 710	3,59
478	19,4	4 685	3,61
480	19,5	4 660	3,63
481,6	19,6	4 640	3,65
483,2	19,7	4 635	3,65
484,8	19,8	4 620	3,66
486,4	19,9	4 610	3,67
488	20	4 600	3,68
490	20,1	4 590	3,69
492	20,2	4 585	3,69
494	20,3	4 580	3,70
496	20,4	4 575	3,70
498	20,5	4 570	3,70
500	20,6	4 560	3,71
502	20,7	4 555	3,72
504	20,8	4 550	3,72
506	20,9	4 540	3,73
508	21	4 530	3,74
509,9	21,1	4 520	3,75
511,8	21,2	4 510	3,75
513,7	21,3	4 500	3,76
515,6	21,4	4 490	3,77
517,5	21,5	4 480	3,78
519,4	21,6	4 470	3,79
521,3	21,7	4 460	3,80
523,2	21,8	4 450	3,80
525,1	21,9	4 440	3,81
527	22	4 430	3,82
528,8	22,1	4 420	3,83
530,6	22,2	4 410	3,84
532,4	22,3	4 400	3,85
534,2	22,4	4 395	3,85
536	22,5	4 385	3,86
537,8	22,6	4 375	3,87
539,6	22,7	4 365	3,88
541,4	22,8	4 360	3,88
543,2	22,9	4 350	3,89
545	23	4 340	3,90

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1604/79

of 26 July 1979

introducing a countervailing charge on peaches originating in Greece

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1103/79 of 5 June 1979 fixing the reference prices for peaches for the 1979 marketing year⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for July 1979 at 47.74 units of account per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/71⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regula-

tion (EEC) No 668/78⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for Greek peaches, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these peaches;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 2.29 units of account per 100 kilograms net is applied to peaches (subheading 08.07 B of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Greece.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 July 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 138, 6. 6. 1979, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 90, 5. 4. 1978, p. 5.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1605/79

of 26 July 1979

fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products in the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation No (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on cereals is being calculated;

Whereas these specific criteria are defined, as far as wheat and rye flour, groats and meal are concerned, in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75; whereas, furthermore, when the refund on these products is being calculated, account must be taken of the quantities of cereals required for their manufacture; whereas these quantities were fixed in Regulation No 162/67/EEC⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1607/71⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules set out above to the present situation on the market in cereals, and in particular to quotations or prices for these products within the Community and on the world market, that the refunds should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 128, 27. 6. 1967, p. 2574/67.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 16.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 July 1979 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

CCT heading No	Description	Refund (ECU/tonne)
10.01 A	Common wheat and meslin : — for exports to : — Benin, Cameroon, Central African Empire, Congo, Ivory Coast, Gabon, Upper Volta, Mali, Niger, Senegal, Chad and Togo — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — the Iberian peninsula — other third countries	52.09 27.09 40.00 —
10.01 B	Durum wheat	—
10.02	Rye	41.91
10.03	Barley : — for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	31.86 —
10.04	Oats — for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	26.71 —
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—
ex 11.01 A	Wheat flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 520 — of an ash content of 521 to 600 — of an ash content of 601 to 900 — of an ash content of 901 to 1 100 — of an ash content of 1 101 to 1 650 — of an ash content of 1 651 to 1 900	83.00 83.00 73.00 73.00 63.00 63.00
ex 11.01 B	Rye flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 700 — of an ash content of 701 to 1 150 — of an ash content of 1 151 to 1 600 — of an ash content of 1 601 to 2 000	59.90 59.90 59.90 59.90
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 950 — of an ash content of 951 to 1 300 — of an ash content of 1 301 to 1 500	— — —
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 520	83.00

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1606/79

of 26 July 1979

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the third sentence of the second subparagraph of Article 16 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the export refund applicable to cereals on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the export licence; whereas, in this case, a corrective amount must be applied to the refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, made possible the fixing of a corrective amount for certain products listed in Article 1 (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75⁽⁶⁾ laid down detailed rules for the advance fixing of export refunds for cereals and certain products processed from cereals;

Whereas, pursuant to that Regulation, when the corrective amount is being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and possibilities and conditions for the sale of cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same

Regulation provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas for the products listed in Article 1 (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 account should be taken of the specific criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the corrective amount according to destination;

Whereas the corrective amount must be fixed at the same time as the refund and according to the same procedure; whereas it may be altered in the period between fixings;

Whereas it may be altered in the period between fixings;

Whereas, if the system of corrective amounts is to operate normally, corrective amounts should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁷⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

(¹) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
(²) OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.
(³) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.
(⁴) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.
(⁵) OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.
(⁶) OJ No L 131, 22. 5. 1975, p. 15.

(⁷) OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

export refunds fixed in advance in respect of cereals shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 1

Article 2

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 which is applicable to

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 July 1979 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 8	1st period 9	2nd period 10	3rd period 11	4th period 12	5th period 1	6th period 2
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.05 B	Maize other than hybrid maize for sowing	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11.01 A	Common wheat flour	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.01 B	Rye flour	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	0	0	0	0	0	—	—