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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 743/80**of 26 March 1980**

**on the conclusion of the Transitional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association
between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas the Transitional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Transitional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic

Community and the Republic of Cyprus is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Protocol is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall give the notification provided for in Article 5 of the Protocol ⁽²⁾.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

⁽¹⁾ Opinion delivered on 14 March 1980 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽²⁾ The date of entry into force of the Protocol will be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* by the General Secretariat of the Council.

TRANSITIONAL PROTOCOL

**to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community
and the Republic of Cyprus**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part,

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS,

of the other part,

WHEREAS the Additional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus, signed on 15 September 1977, extended the first stage of the above Agreement until 31 December 1979;

Whereas the duration of the first stage of the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus, signed on 19 December 1972, should be extended until 31 December 1980;

HAVE DECIDED to conclude a Transitional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and to this end have designated as their Plenipotentiaries:

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES:

EUGENIO PLAJA,

Ambassador of Italy,

Chairman of the Permanent Representatives Committee;

PIERRE DUCHATEAU,

Director in the Directorate-General for External Relations of the Commission of the European Communities;

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS:

NICOS AGATHOCLEOUS,

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary,

Permanent Delegate to the European Economic Community,

Head of the Mission of the Republic of Cyprus;

WHO having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

1. The duration of the first stage of the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus is hereby extended until 31 December 1980.

2. Negotiations are provided for during the six months preceding the expiry of the first stage, with a view to defining the content of the second stage in accordance with the provisions of the Agreement.

The provisions governing the first stage of the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus, including those of the Additional Protocol signed on 15 September 1977 and those of the Supplementary Protocol signed on 11 May 1978, shall be supplemented by the following provisions.

1. The products listed below, originating in Cyprus and imported into the Community, shall be admitted at the rates of customs duties applicable under the Common Customs Tariff reduced by the percentage indicated for each of them:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction (%)
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled:	
	A. Potatoes:	
	II. New potatoes:	
	a) From 1 January to 15 May	60
	b) From 16 May to 30 June	55 (a)
	G. Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots:	
	ex II. Carrots and turnips:	
	— Carrots:	
	— From 1 January to 31 March	60
	— From 1 April to 15 May	60 (b)
	S. Sweet peppers	50 (c)
	ex T. Other:	
	— Aubergines, from 1 October to 30 November	60 (d)
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried:	
	A. Fresh:	
	I. Table grapes:	
	ex a) From 1 November to 14 July:	
	— From 8 June to 14 July	60 (e)
	ex b) From 15 July to 31 October:	
	— From 15 July to 31 July	60 (e)

- Within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 60 000 tonnes.
- Within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 2 300 tonnes.
- Within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 250 tonnes.
- Within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 250 tonnes.
- Within the limits of a global Community tariff quota of 7 000 tonnes.

2. Should paragraph 1 not be applied during a full calendar year or during a full calendar period as referred to in paragraph 1, the quota concerned shall be opened on a *pro rata* basis.

3. The rates of reduction specified in paragraph 1 shall apply to the customs duties actually applied at any given moment in respect of non-member countries.

Article 4

This Protocol shall form an integral part of the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus.

Article 5

1. This Protocol shall be subject to ratification, acceptance or approval, in accordance with the procedures of the Contracting Parties, who shall notify each other of the completion of the procedures necessary to that end.

2. This Protocol shall enter into force on the first day of the month following that in which the notifications referred to in paragraph 1 have been made.

Article 6

This Protocol is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German and Italian languages, each text being equally authentic.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne protocol.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Protokoll gesetzt.

In witness whereof the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have signed this Protocol.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent protocole.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente protocollo.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder dit Protocol hebben gesteld.

Udfærdiget i Bruxelles, den syvende februar nitten hundrede og firs.

Geschehen zu Brüssel am siebenten Februar neunzehnhundertachtzig.

Done at Brussels on the seventh day of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty.

Fait à Bruxelles, le sept février mil neuf cent quatre-vingts.

Fatto a Bruxelles, addì sette febbraio millenovecentoottanta.

Gedaan te Brussel, de zevende februari negentienhonderd tachtig.

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber,

Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften,

For the Council of the European Communities,

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes,

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee,

Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen,

Agustin Pajic

P. J. L.

For regeringen for republikken Cypern,

Für die Regierung der Republik Zypern,

For the Government of the Republic of Cyprus,

Pour le gouvernement de la république de Chypre,

Per il governo della Repubblica di Cipro,

Voor de Regering van de Republiek Cyprus,

W. Gallacher

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 744/80

of 26 March 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain dried grapes, falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 4 of the Supplementary Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ provides for the opening of an annual duty-free Community tariff quota of 500 tonnes of certain dried grapes, falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus; whereas the Community has by Regulation (EEC) No 720/80 ⁽²⁾ already opened a tariff quota of 125 tonnes for the period 1 January to 31 March 1980; whereas, therefore, a tariff quota of 375 tonnes should be opened for the period 1 April to 31 December 1980;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for the products in

question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota volumes should be allocated in initial shares, to take into account demand for these products on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 75 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 172, 28. 6. 1978, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 81, 27. 3. 1980, p. 34.

Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 April to 31 December 1980, the Common Customs Tariff duty for the following products, originating in Cyprus, shall be totally suspended within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 375 tonnes.

CCT heading No	Description
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: B. Dried: I. In immediate containers of a net capacity of 15 kilograms or less

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment amounting to 280 tonnes shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1980, shall be as follows:

Benelux	8 tonnes
Denmark	8 tonnes
Germany	16 tonnes
France	8 tonnes
Ireland	8 tonnes
Italy	2 tonnes
United Kingdom	230 tonnes

3. The second instalment of 95 tonnes shall constitute the reserve, to which any remainders existing on 31 March 1980 of the shares allotted to the Member States by Regulation (EEC) No 720/80 and of the reserve constituted under the same Regulation, shall be added.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1980.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1980, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1980, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1980, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1980 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1980, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 745/80

of 26 March 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for carrots, falling within subheading ex 07.01 G II of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 3 of the Transitional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ provides, for the period of 1 April to 15 May 1980, for the opening of a Community tariff quota of 2 300 tonnes of carrots, falling within subheading ex 07.01 G II of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, at a rate of customs duty equal to 40 % of the customs duty in the Common Customs Tariff; whereas the Community tariff quota should therefore be opened for this period;

Whereas it is necessary in particular to ensure to all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota, and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, however, since the tariff quota involved is of a relatively low volume and the period of application is very short, it seems possible to allocate the whole quota volume to the Community reserve and to provide for the possibility of those Member States in which needs might arise drawing appropriate quantities from that reserve; whereas the shares thus drawn from the reserve must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of management requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

⁽¹⁾ See page 2 of this Official Journal.

Article 1

1. From 1 April to 15 May 1980, the Common Customs Tariff duty for carrots, falling within subheading ex 07.01 G II of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, shall be suspended at 6.8 % within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 2 300 tonnes.
2. The volume of the tariff quota referred to in paragraph 1 shall constitute a reserve.
3. If the need should arise for the products in question in a Member State, the latter shall draw an appropriate share from the reserve, providing that the size of the reserve so permits.
4. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 3 shall be valid until 15 May 1980.

Article 2

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 1 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.
2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.
3. The Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their shares as and when the goods are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.
4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with the conditions set out in paragraph 3.

Article 3

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 4

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure compliance with this Regulation.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 746/80

of 26 March 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for sweet peppers, falling within subheading 07.01 S of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 3 of the Transitional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ provides for the opening of an annual Community tariff quota of 250 tonnes of sweet peppers, falling within subheading 07.01 S of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, at a rate of customs duty equal to 50 % of the customs duty in the Common Customs Tariff; whereas the Community has by Regulation (EEC) No 715/80 ⁽²⁾ already opened a tariff quota of 65 tonnes for the period 1 January to 31 March 1980; whereas, therefore, a tariff quota of 185 tonnes should be opened for the period 1 April to 31 December 1980;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for the products in

question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota volumes should be allocated in initial shares, to take into account demand for these products on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 75 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up; and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volumes have been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the

⁽¹⁾ See page 2 of this Official Journal.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 81, 27. 3. 1980, p. 23.

Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 April to 31 December 1980, the Common Customs Tariff duty for sweet peppers, falling within subheading 07.01 S of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, shall be partially suspended at 4.5 % within the limits of the Community tariff quota of 185 tonnes.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment amounting to 140 tonnes shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1980, shall be as follows:

Benelux	5 tonnes
Denmark	5 tonnes
Germany	11 tonnes
France	1 tonne
Ireland	5 tonnes
Italy	1 tonne
United Kingdom	112 tonnes

3. The second instalment, amounting to 45 tonnes, shall constitute the reserve, to which any remainders existing on 31 March 1980 of the shares allotted to Member States by Regulation (EEC) No 715/80 and of the reserve constituted under the same Regulation shall be added.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1980.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1980, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1980, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1980, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1980 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1980, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 747/80

of 26 March 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for fresh table grapes, falling within subheading ex 08.04 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 3 of the Transitional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ provides for the opening of an annual Community tariff quota of 7 000 tonnes of fresh table grapes, falling within subheadings ex 08.04 A I a) and b) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, at rates of customs duty equal to 40 % of the customs duty in the Common Customs Tariff, for the period 8 June to 31 July 1980; whereas the Community tariff quota should be opened for the period in question;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for the products in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these

circumstances, the quota volumes should be allocated in initial shares, to take into account demand for these products on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 93 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas the method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volumes have been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity of the initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

⁽¹⁾ See page 2 of this Official Journal.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 8 June to 31 July 1980, the Common Customs Tariff duties for the products listed below, originating in Cyprus, shall be partially suspended at the levels shown below, within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 7 000 tonnes:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: A. Fresh: I. Table grapes: a) From 1 November to 14 July: ex 2. Other: — From 8 June to 14 July ex b) From 15 July to 31 October: — From 15 July to 31 July	7.2 % 8.8 %

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two tranches.

2. The first tranche, amounting to 6 504 tonnes, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 July 1980, shall be as follows:

Benelux	200 tonnes
Denmark	200 tonnes
Germany	200 tonnes
France	2 tonnes
Ireland	200 tonnes
Italy	2 tonnes
United Kingdom	5 700 tonnes

3. The second tranche, amounting to 496 tonnes, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the

Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 July 1980.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 15 July 1980, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 10 July 1980, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 15 July 1980, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 10 July 1980 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 20 July 1980, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to

Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 June 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President
G. MARCORA

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 748/80

of 26 March 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain textile fibres, falling within heading No 56.04 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, however, during the past three years no such products originating in Cyprus have been imported into the Community; whereas no forecast can be made for 1980; whereas to ensure fair distribution of the quota amount between the Member States each Member State should make a significant contribution to the quota amount; whereas such contributions may approximately correspond to the following percentages:

Whereas the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾, as amended by the Additional Protocol to that Agreement ⁽²⁾, provides for the opening of an annual duty-free Community tariff quota of 100 tonnes of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, falling within heading No 56.04 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus; whereas the Community has by Regulation (EEC) No 716/80 ⁽³⁾ already opened a tariff quota of 25 tonnes for the period 1 January to 31 March 1980; whereas, therefore, a tariff quota of 75 tonnes should be opened for the period 1 April to 31 December 1980;

Benelux	13 %
Denmark	10 %
Germany	20 %
France	20 %
Ireland	8 %
Italy	17 %
United Kingdom	12 %

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics of imports of the goods in question from Cyprus over a representative reference

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under the present circumstances, be fixed at 60 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 339, 28. 12. 1977, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 81, 27. 3. 1980, p. 25.

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 April to 31 December 1980, the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, falling within heading No 56.04 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, shall be entirely suspended within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 75 tonnes.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment amounting to 45 tonnes shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1980, shall be as follows:

Benelux	5.8 tonnes
Denmark	4.5 tonnes
Germany	9.0 tonnes
France	9.0 tonnes
Ireland	3.6 tonnes
Italy	7.7 tonnes
United Kingdom	5.4 tonnes

3. The second instalment of 30 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus

the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1 draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1980.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1980, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1980, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1980, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1980 and charged against the tariff quota, and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and

3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up as soon as it receives the notifications.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1980, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end, shall notify the amount of the balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated share of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge imports of the products in question against their share as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 749/80

of 26 March 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for men's and boys' outer garments, falling within heading No 61.01 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾, as amended by the Additional Protocol to that Agreement ⁽²⁾, provides for the opening of an annual duty-free Community tariff quota of 500 tonnes of men's and boys' outer garments, falling within heading No 61.01 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus; whereas the Community has by Regulation (EEC) No 717/80 ⁽³⁾ already opened a tariff quota of 125 tonnes for the period 1 January to 31 March 1980; whereas, therefore, a tariff quota of 375 tonnes should be opened for the period 1 April to 31 December 1980;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics of imports of the said goods from Cyprus over a representative reference period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, however, during the past three years only one Member State has imported, and in an insignificant quantity, the said goods; whereas no forecast can be made for 1980; whereas to ensure fair distribution of the quota amount between the Member States each Member State should make a significant contribution to the quota amount; whereas such contributions may approximately correspond to the following percentages:

Benelux	7 %
Denmark	7 %
Germany	15 %
France	10 %
Ireland	2 %
Italy	9 %
United Kingdom	50 %

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under present circumstances, be fixed at 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between Member States and the Commission and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 339, 28. 12. 1977, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 81, 27. 3. 1980, p. 27.

return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares granted to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 April to 31 December 1980, the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of men's and boys' outer garments falling within heading No 61.01 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, shall be entirely suspended within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 375 tonnes.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment amounting to 188 tonnes shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1980, shall be as follows:

Benelux	13 tonnes
Denmark	13 tonnes
Germany	28 tonnes
France	20 tonnes
Ireland	4 tonnes
Italy	16 tonnes
United Kingdom	94 tonnes

3. The second instalment of 187 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member

State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1980.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1980, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1980 is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1980, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1980 and charged against the tariff quota, and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up as soon as it receives the notifications.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1980, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end, shall notify the amount of the balance to the Member State making the last drawing

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated share of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the share allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge imports of the products in question against their share as and when the

goods are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 750/80

of 26 March 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for wines of fresh grapes, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 5 of the Supplementary Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ provides for the opening of an annual Community tariff quota of 10 000 hectolitres of certain wines of fresh grapes, in containers holding two litres or less, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, at rates of customs duty equal to 25 % of the customs duty in the Common Customs Tariff; whereas the Community has by Regulation (EEC) No 718/80 ⁽²⁾ already opened a tariff quota of 2 500 hectolitres for the period 1 January to 31 March 1980; whereas, therefore, a tariff quota of 7 500 hectolitres should be opened for the period 1 April to 31 December 1980;

Whereas the wines in question are subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas, in order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota, Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 ⁽³⁾ must be complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the

true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports of the products in question from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for each of the types of wine in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota should be allocated in initial shares on the basis of the likely demand for these wines on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under the present circumstances, be fixed at 86 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity of an initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 172, 28. 6. 1978, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 81, 27. 3. 1980, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 April to 31 December 1980, Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the following products originating in Cyprus shall be suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 7 500 hectolitres:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty (ECU/bl)
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other: I. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13 % vol, in containers holding: ex a) Two litres or less: — Wine of fresh grapes II. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol in containers holding: ex a) Two litres or less: — Wine of fresh grapes other than liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of 15 % vol	3.6 4.2

2. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price. In order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be complied with.

3. The second instalment, amounting to 1 050 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve, to which any remainders existing on 31 March 1980 of the shares allotted to the Member States by Regulation (EEC) No 718/80 and of the reserve constituted under the same Regulation shall be added.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. The first instalment, amounting to 6 450 hectolitres, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1980, shall be as follows:

Benelux	210 hectolitres
Denmark	210 hectolitres
Germany	210 hectolitres
France	60 hectolitres
Ireland	450 hectolitres
Italy	60 hectolitres
United Kingdom	5 250 hectolitres

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, then to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its

initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1980.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1980, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1980, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that such portion may not be used in full.

Each Member State shall, not later than 1 October 1980, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1980, and charged against the Community quota, and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1980, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available, and to this end shall indicate the amount thereof to the Member State which makes such last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of imports of the products in question entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 751/80

of 26 March 1980

**opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for
liqueur wines, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and
originating in Cyprus**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 6 of the Supplementary Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ provides for the opening of an annual Community tariff quota of 250 000 hectolitres of liqueur wines, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, at rates of customs duty equal to 30 % of the Common Customs Tariff; whereas the Community has by Regulation (EEC) No 719/80 ⁽²⁾ already opened a tariff quota of 62 500 hectolitres for the period 1 January to 31 March 1980; whereas, therefore, a tariff quota of 187 500 hectolitres should be opened for the period 1 April to 31 December 1980;

Whereas entry under the above Community tariff quota must be conditional on the wines being described as 'liqueur wines' in the V.I.1 document provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2115/76 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas the wines in question are subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas, in order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota, Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 ⁽⁴⁾ must be complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all

imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports of the products in question from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for the products in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota should be allocated in initial shares on the basis of the likely demand for these products on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under present circumstances, be fixed at 85 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member state which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

OJ No

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 172, 28. 6. 1978, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 81, 27. 3. 1980, p. 31.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 237, 28. 8. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to

1. From 1 April to 31 December 1980, Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the following products originating in Cyprus shall be suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 187 500 hectolitres:

(ECU/hl)

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other: II. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol, in containers holding: ex a) Two litres or less: — Liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of 15 % vol ex b) More than two litres: — Liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of 15 % vol III. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: ex 2. Other: — Liqueur wines b) More than two litres: ex 3. Other: — Liqueur wines IV. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: ex 2. Other: — Liqueur wines b) More than two litres: ex 3. Other: — Liqueur wines	5.0 3.9 6.1 5.0 6.9 6.9

2. The admission of these wines under the tariff quota shall be conditional on their being described in the V.I.1 document provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2115/76 as 'liqueur wines'.

such wines shall benefit from this tariff quota Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be complied with.

Article 2

3. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price. In order that

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. The first instalment, amounting to 159 800 hectolitres, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1980, shall be as follows:

Benelux	2 260 hectolitres
Denmark	2 260 hectolitres
Germany	2 250 hectolitres
France	15 hectolitres
Ireland	3 000 hectolitres
Italy	15 hectolitres
United Kingdom	150 000 hectolitres

3. The second instalment, amounting to 27 700 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve, to which any remainders existing on 31 March 1980 of the shares given to the Member States by Regulation (EEC) No 719/80 and of the reserve constituted under the same Regulation shall be added.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, then to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1980.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1980, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1980, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that such portion may not be used in full.

Each Member State shall, not later than 1 October 1980, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1980 and charged against the Community quota, and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1980, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available, and to this end shall indicate the amount thereof to the Member State which makes such last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of imports of the

products in question entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 752/80

of 26 March 1980

amending Regulations (EEC) No 3081/78, (EEC) No 3082/78 and (EEC) No 3083/78 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for certain wines, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Portugal (1979/80)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 9 of the Supplementary Protocol ⁽³⁾ annexed to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Portuguese Republic ⁽⁴⁾ provides for the opening of Community tariff quotas for certain port wines, Madeira wines and Setubal muscatel wines, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Portugal; whereas this tariff system is applicable from 1 January 1980; whereas, pursuant to the Additional Protocol to the said Agreement ⁽⁵⁾ the Community has already opened, by Regulations (EEC) No 3081/78, (EEC) No 3082/78 and (EEC) No 3083/78 ⁽⁶⁾, Community tariff quotas for the same products but for quota volumes which are lower than those provided for by the Supplementary Protocol; whereas those Regulations must therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 3081/78 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 1 (1) and (2) shall be replaced by the following:

'1. From 1 January 1979 to 30 June 1980, Community tariff quotas shall be opened for

products originating in Portugal, within the limits set out below:

(hl)

CCT heading No	Description	Quota amount
ex 22.05 C III a) 1 ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	} Port wines	75 000
ex 22.05 C III b) 1 ex 22.05 C IV b) 1		
	} Port wines	420 000

2. The Common Customs Tariff duties on wines imported within these tariff quotas shall be suspended at the rates set out below:

(ECU/hl)

CCT heading No	Rate of duty
ex 22.05 C III a) 1 ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	6.5 7.0
ex 22.05 C III b) 1 ex 22.05 C IV b) 1	6.6 7.2

2. Article 2 (2) shall be replaced by the following:

'2. The second part of each quota, namely 57 500 and 280 000 hectolitres respectively, shall be divided into two instalments:

(a) A first instalment of the second part of each quota shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid from 1 July 1979 to 30 June 1980, shall be as indicated below; however, Member States may not use these shares until they have used up the shares allocated to them under paragraph 1 above.

(hl)

Member States	Port wines falling within subheadings:	
	ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1
Benelux	8 590	36 790
Denmark	2 950	16 630
Germany	7 710	22 000
France	15 370	107 100
Ireland	415	500
Italy	9 625	100
United Kingdom	7 090	68 880
Total	51 750	252 000

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 31, 8. 2. 1980, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 59, 10. 3. 1980, p. 54.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 348, 31. 12. 1979, p. 49.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 301, 31. 12. 1972, p. 165.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 274, 29. 9. 1978, p. 8.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 368, 28. 12. 1978, pp. 17, 21, 25.

- (b) The second instalment of the second part of each quota, namely 5 750 and 28 000 hectolitres respectively, shall constitute the corresponding reserve.'

Article 2

Regulation (EEC) No 3082/78 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 1 (1) and (2) shall be replaced by the following:

'1. From 1 January 1979 to 30 June 1980, Community tariff quotas shall be opened for products originating in Portugal, and within the limits set out below:

(hl)

CCT heading No	Description	Quota amount
ex 22.05 C III a) 1 ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	} Madeira wines	3 500
ex 22.05 C III b) 1 ex 22.05 C IV b) 1	} Madeira wines	21 750

2. The Common Customs Tariff duties on wines imported within these tariff quotas shall be suspended at the rates set out below:

(ECU/hl)

CCT heading No	Rate of duty
ex 22.05 C III a) 1 ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	6.5
ex 22.05 C III b) 1 ex 22.05 C IV b) 1	7.0
	6.6
	7.2

2. Article 2 (2) and (3) shall be replaced by the following:

'2. A first instalment of each quota shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 30 June 1980, shall be as follows:

(hl)

Member States	Madeira wines falling within subheadings:	
	ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1
Benelux	580	2 740
Denmark	721	3 230
Germany	413	3 740
France	114	7 990
Ireland	35	20
Italy	812	20
United Kingdom	475	1 840
Total	3 150	19 580

3. The second instalment of each quota, namely 350 and 2 170 hectolitres respectively, shall constitute the reserve.'

Article 3

Regulation (EEC) No 3083/78 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 1 (1) and (2) shall be replaced by the following:

'1. From 1 January 1979 to 30 June 1980, Community tariff quotas shall be opened for products originating in Portugal, and within the limits set out below:

(hl)

CCT heading No	Description	Quota amount
ex 22.05 C III a) 1 ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	} Setubal muscatel wines	2 000
ex 22.05 C III b) 1 ex 22.05 C IV b) 1	} Setubal muscatel wines	3 000

2. The Common Customs Tariff duties on wines imported within these tariff quotas shall be suspended at the rates set out below:

(ECU/hl)

CCT heading No	Rate of duty
ex 22.05 C III a) 1 ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	6.6
ex 22.05 C III b) 1 ex 22.05 C IV b) 1	7.0
	6.6
	7.2

2. Article 2 (2) and (3) shall be replaced by the following:

'2. A first instalment of each quota shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 30 June 1980, shall be as follows:

(hl)

Member States	Setubal muscatel wines falling within subheadings:	
	ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1
Benelux	360	540
Denmark	90	135
Germany	360	540
France	360	540
Ireland	90	135
Italy	180	270
United Kingdom	360	540
Total	1 800	2 700

3. The second instalment of each quota, namely 200 and 300 hectolitres respectively, shall constitute the reserve.'

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 January 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 753/80

of 26 March 1980

laying down detailed rules for the recording and transmission of information concerning catches taken by fishing vessels of the Member States

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas for catches by fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State or registered in a Member State it is important to adopt rules for the verification of catches in order to ensure that the limits fixed elsewhere for permissible levels of fishing are observed;

Whereas the effective verification of landings of fish species for which a total allowable catch (TAC) has been fixed per stock or group of stocks requires that skippers of fishing vessels keep a record and submit statements of their fishing activities;

Whereas the effective verification of catches of the said species requires that landings made outside the territory of the Community be recorded;

Whereas Member States should record landings of fish species subject to TACs and communicate the results to the Commission;

Whereas it is necessary that, if the fishermen of a Member State have exhausted a quota allocated to that State, the obligation to cease fishing should be the subject of a decision of the Commission;

Whereas this Regulation should not affect national provisions on verification which fall within its scope and which go beyond its minimum requirements provided that they are in accordance with Community law;

Whereas, in order to implement these measures, detailed rules for applying this Regulation should be adopted as soon as possible,

Article 1

The skippers of fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State or registered in a Member State and fishing for species subject to total allowable catches (TACs) shall keep a record of their operations, indicating, as a minimum, the quantities of each species caught and kept on board, the date and location of such catches by reference to the smallest zone for which a TAC has been fixed and administered and the type of gear used.

Article 2

At the time of landing after every voyage, the skipper of every fishing vessel flying the flag of a Member State or registered in a Member State or his agent shall submit to the authorities of the Member State whose landing places he uses a statement, for the accuracy of which the skipper alone shall be held responsible, listing for each species subject to a TAC the quantities landed, caught and kept on board since his last statement and indicating the location of catches by reference to the smallest zone for which a TAC has been fixed and administered.

Member States shall take appropriate measures to verify the accuracy of this statement, in particular by comparing it with the records kept in accordance with Article 1.

Article 3

Without prejudice to Article 2, the skipper of a fishing vessel as referred to in Article 1 who:

- transfers to another vessel quantities of species subject to a TAC, irrespective of the place of landing, or
- who directly lands such quantities outside Community territory,

shall after each voyage inform the Member State whose flag his vessel is flying or in which his vessel is registered of the species and quantities involved.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 14, 18. 1. 1980, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 6, 9. 1. 1978, p. 120.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 181, 31. 7. 1978, p. 21.

Article 4

Where the landing is likely to take place more than 15 days after the catch, the information required in Articles 2 and 3 shall be submitted to the competent authorities not later than 15 days after the catch.

Article 5

1. Member States shall ensure that all landings of species subject to TACs are recorded. For this purpose, Member States may require that the first placing on the market be made by sale by public auction.

Where catches of species subject to TACs are not placed for the first time on the market by means of sale by public auction, Member States shall ensure that the quantities involved are notified to the centres for sales by public auction or to the bodies designated by such States.

2. Before the 15th of each month, each Member State shall notify the Commission of the quantities of species subject to TACs landed during the preceding month and shall provide it with any information received under Articles 3 and 4.

Notifications to the Commission shall indicate the location of the catches as laid down in Articles 1 and 2 and the nationality of the fishing vessels concerned.

3. The Commission shall on the 25th of each month inform all other Member States of the notifications received from the Member States.

Article 6

1. All catches of a stock or group of stocks subject to quota by fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State or registered in a Member State shall be debited against the quota applicable to that State for the stock or group of stocks in question, irrespective of the place of landing.

2. Each Member State shall determine the date from which the catches of a stock or group of stocks subject to quota made by fishing vessels flying its flag or registered in that Member State shall be deemed to have exhausted the quota applicable to it for that stock or group of stocks; as from that date, the Member State shall provisionally prohibit fishing for, retention on board and landing of fish from, that stock or group of stocks by such vessels. The Commission shall forthwith, be notified of this measure and shall then inform the other Member States.

3. Following notification under paragraph 2 or on its own initiative, the Commission shall fix on the basis of the information available the date on which, for a stock or group of stocks, the catches subject to quota made by

the fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State or registered in that Member State are deemed to have exhausted the quota allocated.

Fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State or registered in a Member State shall cease fishing, retention on board, landing or arranging for landing in respect of a species of a stock or of a group of stocks subject to quota on the date on which the quota allocated for the species of the stock or group of stocks in question to that Member State is deemed to have been exhausted.

Article 7

1. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall, before 1 July 1980, adopt derogations from the obligations laid down in Articles 1 and 2, any additional requirements, and the conditions for implementing Articles 1 to 4.

2. Until the adoption of the measures provided for in paragraph 1, Member States shall apply the national provisions in force at the time of the adoption of this Regulation in the fields covered by Articles 1 to 4.

3. After adoption of the measures referred to in paragraph 1, the detailed rules for implementation of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure provided for in Articles 31 (2) and 32 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 100/76 of 19 January 1976 on the common organization of the market in fishery products ⁽¹⁾.

Article 8

This Regulation shall apply without prejudice to any national supervisory measures which go beyond any of its minimum requirements, provided that they comply with Community law and are in conformity with the common fisheries policy.

The national measures referred to in the previous paragraph shall be communicated to the Commission in accordance with Article 2 (2) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 101/76 of 19 January 1976 laying down a common structural policy for the fishing industry ⁽²⁾.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 1980.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 20, 28. 1. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 20, 28. 1. 1976, p. 19.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and shall be directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 754/80

of 26 March 1980

concerning, for certain fish stocks occurring in the Community fishing zone, the fixing for 1980 of the total allowable catches, the share available for the Community and the means of making the catches

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas, in order to ensure the protection of the fishing grounds and stocks of fish and to ensure thereby a balanced exploitation of the resources of the sea in the interests of both fishermen and consumers, there should be fixed for each species requiring a limitation of catches, a total allowable catch (TAC) per stock or group of stocks the share available for the Community, taking into account commitments to third countries, and certain conditions of fishing operations,

Article 1

The total allowable catches (TACs) by stock or group of stocks in the waters falling under the sovereignty of jurisdiction of the Member States and subject to Community fishing rules, together with the share available for the Community and the conditions governing these possible catches, as determined for 1980, are set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

⁽¹⁾ Opinion delivered on 14 March 1980 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

ANNEX

TACs by stock and by zone envisaged for 1980 — shares available to the Community for 1980

(tonnes)

Species	ICES division or NAFO zone	TAC 1980	Shares available to the Community for 1980
Cod	III a) north: Skagerrak	17 000 (*)	13 000
Cod	III a) south: Kattegat	16 400 (*)	10 400
Cod	III b), c), d) (Community zone only)	83 200	79 700
Cod	IV	200 000 (1)	179 200
Cod	VI	15 000	15 000
Cod	VII except VII a)	9 000 (*)	9 000
Cod	VII a)	5 000	5 000
Cod	XIV	0	3 000 (a) (2)
Cod	NAFO 1	0	20 000 (b) (2)
Cod	NAFO 3 Ps	28 000	4 400
Haddock	III a) Skagerrak + Kattegat	6 600 (*)	4 500
Haddock	IV	69 000	63 500
Haddock	VI	11 500	11 500
Haddock	VII	9 000 (*)	9 000
Saithe	III a), IV	129 000 (1)	67 000
Saithe	VI	39 000	39 000
Saithe	VII	4 880 (*)	4 880
Whiting	III a) north: Skagerrak	4 650 (*)	3 850
Whiting	III a) south: Kattegat	17 350 (*)	16 150
Whiting	III b), c), d) (Community zone only)	3 850 (*)	3 850
Whiting	IV	105 000	98 450
Whiting	VI	10 500	10 500
Whiting	VII a)	10 000	10 000
Whiting	VII except VII a)	18 000 (*)	18 000
Plaice	III a) north: Skagerrak	14 000 (*)	13 400
Plaice	III a) south: Kattegat	10 800 (*)	9 600
Plaice	III b), c), d) (Community zone only)	4 150 (*)	4 150
Plaice	IV	116 000	115 180
Plaice	VI	1 680 (*)	1 680
Plaice	VII a)	2 500	2 500
Plaice	VII b), c)	320 (*)	320
Plaice	VII d), e)	2 000	2 000
Plaice	VII f), g)	700	700
Plaice	VIII	190 (*)	190
American plaice	NAFO 3 Ps	5 000	550
Witch	NAFO 3 Ps	3 000	410

(*) Precautionary TAC.

(a) Catch possibilities reserved exclusively for the coastal fishermen of Greenland.

(b) Catch possibilities reserved exclusively for the coastal fishermen of Greenland. Fishing within the base-lines by methods other than trawling is not included in this limitation.

(1) Provisional TAC.

(2) By-catches of cod from this zone shall not exceed 10 % by weight of catches of redfish by vessels which are trawling, 10 % by weight of catches of halibut and Greenland halibut by vessels which are long-lining and 3 % by weight of other fish for which a TAC has been fixed. The detailed rules of implementation to ensure compliance with the rates of by-catches will be adopted by the Council before 31 March 1980.

(tonnes)

Species	ICES division or NAFO zone	TAC 1980	Shares available to the Community for 1980
Sole	III a)	800 (*)	800
Sole	IV	15 000	15 000
Sole	VI a)	50 (*)	50
Sole	VII a)	1 300	1 300
Sole	VII b), c)	50 (*)	50
Sole	VII d)	1 460	1 460
Sole	VII e)	780	780
Sole	VII f), g)	1 200	1 200
Sole	VIII	3 070 (*)	3 070
Mackerel	III a), IV	55 500	6 400
Mackerel	VI, VII, VIII	350 000 (1)	307 000
Sprat	III a)	77 000 (*)	49 000
Sprat	III b), c), d) (Community zone only)	4 900	4 900
Sprat	IV	400 000 (*)	311 000
Horse-mackerel	IV, VI, VII, VIII	250 000 (*)	229 500
Hake	III a)	1 365 (*)	1 365
Hake	IV, VI, VII, VIII a), b)	40 000 (*)	28 130
Anchovies	VIII	32 000 (*)	3 000
Norway pout	III a), IV	540 000 (2)	500 000 (3)
Blue whiting	IV, VI, VII, XIV	580 000 (*)	426 000
Anglerfish	VI, VII, VIII	21 350 (*)	19 350
Megrim	VI, VII, VIII	11 800 (*)	10 300
Sandeel	III a), IV	571 000 (2)	526 000
Sandeel	XIV	0	0 (4)
Sandeel	NAFO 1	0	(4)
Squid, octopus, cuttlefish	VI, VII, VIII	12 100 (*)	12 100
Squid, octopus cuttlefish	NAFO 3-4	150 000	Not yet established

(*) Precautionary TAC.

(1) To protect the 'eastern' stock, fishing for mackerel is forbidden in ICES division VI a) north of latitude 56°00' N from 1 March 1980 to 30 April 1980.

(2) Catch possibilities.

(3) Of which a maximum 20 000 tonnes, blue whiting included, is interchangeable with the catch possibilities for sandeel in North Sea ICES zone IV.

(4) Apart from certain limited catch possibilities for experimental purposes.

(tonnes)

Species	ICES division or NAFO zone	TAC 1980	Shares available to the Community for 1980
Redfish	V, XIV	65 000	34 500
Redfish	NAFO 1	10 000 (e)	9 800 (1)
Redfish	NAFO 3 Ps	18 000	2 000
Greenland halibut	V, XIV	15 000 (*)	15 000
Greenland halibut	NAFO 0-1	25 000 (*)	19 650 (14)
Halibut	XIV	400 (*)	200 (a)
Halibut	NAFO 1	500 (*)	500 (a)
Roundnose grenadier	NAFO 0-1	8 000 (*)	7 200 (15)
Shrimp	XIV	0	0 (b)
Shrimp	NAFO 0-1: north of 68°00'N) south of 68°00'N)	29 500	22 620 (16)
Shrimp	French Guyana	3 000 (*)	(c)
Herring	III a) north: Skagerrak	11 900	3 800 (2) (3) (5)
Herring	III a) south: Kattegat	29 500	14 750 (4) (5)
Herring	III b), c), d) (Community zone only)	32 000	28 000 (2)
Herring	IV, VII d)	0 (d)	0 (6)
Herring	VI a), including Donegal Bay excluding Clyde	0 (d)	0 (6)
Herring	VI a) Clyde stock (7)	2 000 (*)	2 000 (2)
Herring	VII a) (8), Mourne stock (9)	0 (d)	0 (6)
Herring	VII a) (8), Manx stock (10)	10 000	10 000 (2) (11)
Herring	VII b), c) (Donegal Bay excepted)	7 000 (*)	7 000 (2)
Herring	VII e), f)	0 (d)	0 (6)
Herring	VII g)-k) (12) (Bantry Bay excepted)	0 (d)	0 (13)
Herring	VII j) (Bantry Bay only)	6 000 (*)	6 000 (2)
Catfish	NAFO 1	6 000	6 000
Capelin	XIV	0	0 (b)
Salmon	III b), c), d) (Community zone only)	1 253 (*)	1 233
Salmon	NAFO 1: west of 44° west	0	1 190 (17)

- (*) Precautionary TAC.
- (a) Special allocation exclusively reserved for coastal fisherman of Greenland, by-catch not included. By-catches of halibut from this zone shall not exceed 3 % by weight of catches of other species for which a TAC has been fixed. The detailed rules of implementation to ensure compliance with the rates of by-catches will be adopted by the Council before 31 March 1980.
- (b) Apart from certain limited catch possibilities for experimental purposes.
- (c) See Regulation (EEC) No 3023/79 of 20 December 1979.
- (d) Positive TACs will be laid down before 31 May 1980, provided that the opinions of ICES so permit and that control measures ensuring strict compliance with the TACs in question are able to be introduced.
- (e) Provisional TAC.
- (1) Subject to the introduction of a zone in which fishing for this stock would be prohibited, or of any other appropriate measure taking into account the experience acquired from applying the by-catch provisions mentioned in footnote 2 concerning cod in NAFO zone 1.
- (2) By-catches of herring landed at the end of each voyage shall not exceed 10 % by weight of the catches of sprats and 5 % by weight of the catches of other species. The by-catches landed will be deducted from the quantities to be allocated to each Member State.
- (3) Fishing for herring is forbidden in the Skagerrak from 1 January to 31 March 1980 and from 1 October to 31 December 1980.
- (4) By-catches of herring landed from the Kattegat at the end of each voyage shall not exceed 15 % by weight of the catches of sprats and 5 % by weight of the catches of other species. The by-catches landed will be deducted from the quantities allocated to each Member State.
- (5) Trawling and purse-seining is prohibited in the Skagerrak from Saturday midnight to Sunday midnight and in the Kattegat from Friday midnight to Sunday midnight.
- (6) By-catches of herring landed at the end of each voyage shall not exceed 10 % by weight of the catches of sprats and 5 % by weight of the catches of other species.
- (7) Maritime area situated to the north-east of a line drawn between the Mull of Kintyre and Corsewall Point.
- (8) ICES zone VII a) is reduced by the zone added to the Celtic Sea bounded:
- to the north by latitude 52°30' N,
 - to the south by latitude 52°00' N,
 - to the west by the coast of Ireland,
 - to the east by the coast of the United Kingdom.
- (9) Fishing prohibited within 12 miles zone from the base-line off the east coast of Ireland and Northern Ireland between 53°00' N and 55°00' N throughout the whole year.
- (10) Reference is to the herring stock in the Irish Sea (ICES zone VII a) excluding the zones referred to in footnotes 8 and 9.
- (11) Fishing for herring is forbidden in the Irish Sea (ICES division VII a) throughout the whole year within 12 miles of the coasts of England, Scotland and Wales between latitudes 53°20' N and 55°00' N and from 22 September to 16 November 1980 in that part of the Irish Sea (ICES VII a) north of latitude 53°30' N.
- (12) Increased by zone bounded:
- to the north by latitude 52°30' N,
 - to the south by latitude 52°00' N,
 - to the west by the coast of Ireland,
 - to the east by the coast of the United Kingdom.
- (13) By-catches of herring are forbidden in this zone when fishing directly for mackerel and for sprat. By-catches of herring landed from this zone at the end of each voyage shall not exceed 5 % by weight of fish of the catches of other species.
- (14) 7 500 tonnes exclusively reserved to coastal fishermen of Greenland.
- (15) 1 000 tonnes exclusively reserved to coastal fishermen of Greenland.
- (16) 22 000 tonnes exclusively reserved for coastal fishermen of Greenland, 7 500 tonnes available for the Member States (except for Greenland) and third countries.
- (17) Catch possibilities exclusively reserved to coastal fishermen of Greenland in accordance with the fisheries patterns for 1976 and 1977, i.e. fishing activities carried out having regard to the type of gear, the seasons and the sectors of operation within a zone of 30 miles from the coasts of Greenland.
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II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DECISION

of 26 March 1980

under the Treaties, concerning fishery activities in waters under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of Member States, taken on a temporary basis pending the adoption of permanent Community measures

(80/365/EEC)

The Council intends to reach an Agreement as early as possible in 1980 on further Community measures for the conservation and management of fishery resources and related matters. Pending its decision in the matter and in view both of Article 102 of the Act of Accession and of the need to protect the biological resources and to maintain suitable relations with third countries in fisheries matters, the Council has decided on the following interim measures which will apply from 1 April 1980 until the Council has reached a definitive agreement or until 30 June 1980, whichever is the earlier:

1. Member States shall conduct their fishing activities in such a way as to take into account the total allowable catches (TACs) and the part of the TACs made available to third countries under Agreements or arrangements made with them, as given in Regulation (EEC) No 753/80 ⁽¹⁾, and shall inform the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 754/80 ⁽²⁾. The catches taken in the interim period will be offset against the allocations eventually decided upon by the Council for 1980.
2. as regards technical measures for the conservation and surveillance of fishery resources, Member States shall apply the same measures as they applied on 3 November 1976, and other measures taken in accordance with the procedures and criteria of Annex VI to the Council resolution of 3 November 1976.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1980.

For the Council

The President

G. MARCORA

⁽¹⁾ See page 33 of this Official Journal.

⁽²⁾ See page 36 of this Official Journal.

EURONORMS

The Commission of the European Communities (ECSC) has published the following new EURONORMS in German, English, French, Italian and Dutch. The EURONORMS which are available up to the present in English are indicated by an asterisk (*). Sales prices valid from 1 July 1976.

			<i>Price in £</i>
(*) EURONORM	3-79	Brinell hardness test for steel — second edition	1.30
(*) EURONORM	4-79	Rockwell hardness test for steel (Scales A, C, B, F) — second edition	1.30
(*) EURONORM	5-79	Vickers hardness test for steel — second edition	1.40
(*) EURONORM	18-79	Selection and preparation of samples and test pieces for steel and iron and steel products — second edition	2.00
(*) EURONORM	82-79	Steel for the reinforcement of concrete with an improved bonding action — Dimensions, Mass, Tolerances — General requirements (Sheet 1 — Sheet 2)	1.80
(*) EURONORM	95-79	Heat resisting steels — Quality requirements	2.70
(*) EURONORM	96-79	Tool steels — Quality requirements	4.00
(*) EURONORM	132-79	Cold-rolled steel strip for springs — Quality requirements	1.80
(*) EURONORM	133-79	Round wire rod in non-alloy and alloy steel for the manufacture of wire for covered electrodes, for gas-shielded arc welding and for submerged arc welding — Quality standard	1.00
(*) EURONORM	138-79	Prestressing steels	3.75
(*) EURONORM	141-79	Austenitic stainless steel plate and strip for application at low temperature — Technical conditions of delivery	2.40
(*) EURONORM	142-79	Continuous hot-dip zinc coated unalloyed mild steel sheet and coil for cold forming — Quality standard	2.00
(*) EURONORM	143-79	Continuous hot-dip zinc coated unalloyed mild steel sheet and coil for cold forming — Tolerances on dimensions and shape	1.30
(*) EURONORM	144-79	Round wire rod in stainless and heat resisting steel intended for the production of welding consumables — Quality standard	0.80
(*) EURONORM	147-79	Continuous hot-dip zinc-coated unalloyed steel sheet and and coil with specified minimum yield strengths for structural purposes — Quality standard	1.80
(*) EURONORM	148-79	Continuous hot-dip zinc-coated unalloyed steel sheet and coil with specified minimum yield strengths for structural purposes — Tolerances on dimensions and shape	1.20

The following is a list all the EURONORMS so far published:

(*)	Information circular No 1	Standard samples for the chemical analysis of iron and steel products, second edition (1974)	1-85
	EURONORM 1-55	Fontes et ferro-alliages	1-35
	EURONORM 2-57	Essai de traction pour l'acier	0-85
	EURONORM 3-55	Essai de dureté Brinell pour l'acier	0-60
	EURONORM 4-55	Essai de dureté Rockwell, échelles B et C pour l'acier	0-60
	EURONORM 5-55	Essai de dureté Vickers pour l'acier	0-60
	EURONORM 6-55	Essai de pliage pour l'acier	0-60
	EURONORM 7-55	Essai de résilience Charpy pour l'acier	0-60
	EURONORM 8-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives de la durée et la résistance à la traction de l'acier	0-60
	EURONORM 9-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des allongements après rupture de l'acier	0-60
	EURONORM 11-55	Essai de traction sur tôles et feuillards en acier d'une épaisseur de 0,5 mm inclus à 3 mm exclus	0-75
	EURONORM 12-55	Essai de pliage des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0-60
	EURONORM 13-55	Essai de pliage alterné des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0-60
	EURONORM 14-67	Essai d'emboutissage à flans bloqués	0-60
	EURONORM 15-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Examen de la surface	0-60
	EURONORM 16-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Nuances et qualités	0-75
	EURONORM 17-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Dimensions et tolérances	1-60
	EURONORM 18-57	Prélèvements et préparation des échantillons et des éprouvettes	0-60
	EURONORM 19-57	Poutrelles IPE — Poutrelles à ailes parallèles	0-60
(*)	EURONORM 20-74	Definition and classification of grades of steel, second edition	1-20
(*)	EURONORM 21-78	General technical delivery requirements for steel and iron and steel products — second edition	1-80
	EURONORM 22-70	Détermination ou vérification de la limite d'élasticité de l'acier à température élevée	0-75
	EURONORM 23-71	Essai de trempabilité par trempe en bout de l'acier — Essai Jominy	1-35
	EURONORM 24-62	Poutrelles normales et profilés en U normaux — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
	EURONORM 25-72	Aciers de construction d'usage général	1-85
(*)	EURONORM 27-74	Designation of steels, third edition	1-80
	EURONORM 28-69	Tôles et bandes en aciers non alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1-20
	EURONORM 29-69	Tôles en acier laminées à chaud d'épaisseur égale ou supérieure à 3 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-85
	EURONORM 30-69	Demi-produits pour forges en aciers de construction d'usage général — Nuances et qualités	1-00
	EURONORM 31-69	Demi-produits pour forges — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
	EURONORM 33-70	Tôles et larges bandes d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm, en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Tolérances sur les dimensions et sur la forme	0-75
	EURONORM 34-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
	EURONORM 36-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
	EURONORM 37-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gazométrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-75
	EURONORM 38-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone de trempe et du graphite dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique et volumétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
	EURONORM 40-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60
	EURONORM 41-65	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du phosphore dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode alcalimétrique	0-60
	EURONORM 42-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du soufre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
	EURONORM 43-72	Tôles et bandes en aciers alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1-10
	EURONORM 44-63	Poutrelles IPE laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
	EURONORM 45-63	Essai de choc sur éprouvette bi-appuyée à entaille en V	0-60
	EURONORM 46-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers doux non alliés — Norme de qualité, prescriptions générales	1-10
	EURONORM 48-65	Feuillards laminés à chaud en aciers non alliés — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
	EURONORM 49-72	Mesure de la rugosité des produits minces en acier laminés à froid et non revêtus	0-60
	EURONORM 50-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'azote dans les aciers — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-85
	EURONORM 51-70	Bandes laminées à chaud de largeur égale ou supérieure à 600 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
	EURONORM 52-67	Vocabulaire du traitement thermique	8-15
	EURONORM 53-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles	0-60
	EURONORM 54-63	Petits fers U laminés à chaud	0-60
	EURONORM 55-63	Fers T à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminés à chaud	0-60

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	EURONORM	113-72	Aciers de construction soudables de qualité spéciale — Fascicules 1 à 3	2.20
	EURONORM	114-72	Détermination de la résistance à la corrosion intergranulaire des aciers inoxydables austénitiques — Essai de corrosion en milieu acide sulfurique-sulfate cuivrique (essai dit de Monypenny-Strauß)	0.60
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(*)	EURONORM	117-75	Calibration of reference blocks for use with Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1.70
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(*)	EURONORM	122-75	Verification of Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1.70
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(*) EURONORM 145-78	Tinplate and blackplate in sheet form — Qualities, dimensions and tolerances —	2.65

These publications can be obtained from the national standards institutions, viz.

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in Belgium and Luxembourg:

Institut belge de normalisation — IBN —
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in Denmark:

Dansk Standardiseringsråd,
Aurehøjvej 12, DK-2900 Hellerup

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Association française de normalisation — AFNOR —
Tour Europe, Cedex 7, 92080 Paris

in Ireland:

Institute for Industrial Research and Standards,
Ballymun Road, Dublin 9

in Italy:

Ente Nazionale Italiano di unificazione — UNI —
Piazza A. Diaz, 2, Milan

in the Netherlands:

Nederlands, Normalisatie-Instituut — NNI —
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2 Park Street, London W1A 2BS

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