

Official Journal

of the European Communities

ISSN 0378-6978

L 243

Volume 26

1 September 1983

English edition

Legislation

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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2452/83**of 31 August 1983****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1451/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2157/83⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within

a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 30 August 1983;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2157/83 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 47.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	77,89
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	108,38 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
10.02	Rye	64,97 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	54,53
10.04	Oats	69,91
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	44,74 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	0 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	57,24 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	122,33
11.01 B	Rye flour	104,20
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	181,15
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	131,80

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2453/83**of 31 August 1983****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1451/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2158/83⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 % a rate of exchange based on their central rate,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 30 August 1983;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 50.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)					
CCT heading No	Description	Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	3,21	3,21	3,69
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)						
CCT heading No	Description	Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12	4th period 1
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2454/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES;

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1566/83 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 11 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides for charging an import levy on paddy rice, husked rice, semi-milled rice, wholly milled rice and broken rice; whereas in the case of husked rice, wholly milled rice and broken rice, the levy is equal to the difference between the threshold price and the cif price; whereas, in the case of paddy rice and semi-milled rice, the levy should be derived from the levies applicable to the corresponding husked rice and wholly milled rice;

Whereas the threshold prices for husked rice, wholly milled rice and broken rice were fixed for the 1983/84 marketing year by Regulation (EEC) No 1999/83 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas, for the purpose of calculating cif prices, the Commission must take account of the factors indicated in Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 and in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71 of 26 July 1971 laying down detailed rules for fixing cif prices and levies on rice and broken rice and the corrective amounts relating thereto ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2117/80 ⁽⁵⁾, and in particular the most favourable purchasing opportunities on the world market which are sufficiently representative of the real trend of the market, account being taken in particular of the need to prevent sudden variations likely to cause abnormal disturbances on the Community market; whereas the quality of the goods offered must also be taken into account, whether this quality as fixed in Regulation (EEC) No 1423/76 ⁽⁶⁾, or whether adjustments need to be made by applying the corrective amounts provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71;

Whereas, furthermore, in the case of round grain and long grain husked rice and round grain and long grain

wholly milled rice, the cif price is calculated on the basis of quotations or prices on the world market relating, for each type of rice, to the products specified in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71; whereas, for this calculation, the conversion rates resulting from Commission Regulation No 467/67/EEC of 21 August 1967 fixing the conversion rates, the processing costs and the value of the by-products for the various stages of rice processing ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1998/83 ⁽⁸⁾, should be used where appropriate;

Whereas, when these conversions are being effected, the Commission must take account of the fact that certain offers are for rice containing a higher percentage of broken rice than that allowed for in the standard quality fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1423/76 and, in that case, must adjust the offers so as to conform with the value of one kilogram of broken rice fixed by Regulation No 467/67/EEC, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1808/74; whereas no adjustment is made, however, if the prices for husked rice and semi-milled or wholly milled rice taken into consideration are lower than those provided for in the last subparagraph of Article 4 of Regulation No 467/67/EEC;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71 requires the Commission to take account of the fact that certain offers are for delivery cost and freight or relate to a product put up in bags and, if this is the case, to adjust such offers by applying the rates or amounts fixed by the abovementioned Regulation to make the offers comparable to offers for delivery cif or relating to a product presented in bulk;

Whereas the cif price is calculated for Rotterdam on the basis of the abovementioned factors, offers made for other ports being adjusted, account being taken of the corrections necessitated by the difference in transport charges in relation to Rotterdam;

Whereas, if the conditions provided for in Article 1 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71 obtain, the cif price may be calculated on the basis of offers for delivery during the following month or may be retained unaltered for a limited period;

Whereas, in order that account may be taken of the interests of the African, Caribbean and Pacific States and of the overseas countries and territories, the levy relating to them must, pursuant to Regulation (EEC)

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 196, 20. 7. 1983, p. 17.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 28.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 206, 8. 8. 1980, p. 15.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 20.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 204, 24. 8. 1967, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 196, 20. 7. 1983, p. 16.

No 706/76 ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 279/80 ⁽²⁾, be reduced by a fixed amount and by an amount corresponding to 50 % of the levy relating to third countries; whereas the levy must be further reduced in the case of semi-milled and wholly milled rice; whereas the charging of this levy is subject to conditions, some of which are set out in Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 706/76;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1423/76 ⁽³⁾ determined the standard qualities for rice and broken rice;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 20 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76, the nomenclature provided for in this Regulation is incorporated in the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas levies are fixed once a week and are altered in the intervening period to take account of variations in threshold prices or in the factors used to determine cif prices; whereas, in the case of husked rice, wholly milled rice and broken rice, the levies are altered only if variations in the factors used to calculate the levy entail an increase or a reduction of at least 1,21 ECU per tonne in the amount of the levy in force;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within

a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas it follows from applying all the abovementioned provisions that the levies should be fixed as set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 85, 31. 3. 1976, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 31, 8. 2. 1980, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 20.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

(ECU / tonne)			
CCT heading No	Description	Third countries ⁽³⁾	ACP or OCT ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 10.06	Rice :		
	B. Other :		
	I. Paddy rice ; husked rice :		
	a) Paddy rice :		
	1. Round grain	170,39	81,59
	2. Long grain	144,31	68,55
	b) Husked rice :		
	1. Round grain	212,99	102,89
	2. Long grain	180,39	86,59
	II. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :		
	a) Semi-milled rice :		
	1. Round grain	354,13	165,14
	2. Long grain	388,30	182,26
	b) Wholly milled rice :		
	1. Round grain	377,15	176,22
	2. Long grain	416,26	195,78
	III. Broken rice	57,72	25,86

⁽¹⁾ Subject to the application of the provisions of Article 10 of Regulation (EEC) No 435/80.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Réunion is specified in Article 11a of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2455/83**of 31 August 1983****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization
of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 1566/83 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (6)
thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the import
levies fixed in advance for rice and broken rice must
include a premium for the current month and a
premium for each of the following months until the
expiry of the period of validity of the import licence;
whereas this period of validity was laid down in Article
8 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2042/75 of 25
July 1975 on special detailed rules for the application
of the system of import and export licences for cereals
and rice ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1816/83 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1428/76 of 21
June 1976 ⁽⁵⁾ lays down rules for the advance fixing of
levies on rice and broken rice;

Whereas under the terms of Regulation (EEC) No
1428/76, where the cif price for husked rice, for milled
rice or for broken rice determined on the day on
which the premiums are fixed is higher than the cif
forward delivery price for the same product, the
premium should as a general rule be equal to the
difference between these two prices; whereas the cif
price is that determined in accordance with Article 16
of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 on the day on which
the premiums are fixed; whereas the detailed rules for
determining cif prices were laid down in Commission
Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71 of 26 July 1971 laying
down detailed rules for fixing cif prices and levies on
rice and broken rice and the corrective amounts

relating thereto ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 2117/80 ⁽⁷⁾; whereas the cif forward delivery
price is also determined in accordance with Article 16
of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 but on the basis of
offers at North Sea ports; whereas this price must be
the cif price for shipment during the month in which
the import licence is issued in the case of imports to
be effected during that month; whereas in the case of
imports to be effected during the month following the
month in which the import licence is issued, this price
must be the cif price for shipment during the month
in which importation is expected to take place;
whereas in the case of imports to be effected during
the remaining months for which the import licence is
valid, this price must be the cif price for shipment
during the month preceding the month in which
importation is expected to take place; whereas, if no
offer for forward delivery is made for shipment during
a given month, this price should be the price ruling
for shipment during the last month in which an offer
for forward delivery was made;

Whereas the premium shall be 0 ECU if the cif
forward delivery price is equal to the cif price or lower
by an amount not exceeding 0,30 ECU per tonne;

Whereas by virtue of Articles 6 and 7 of Regulation
(EEC) No 1428/76 the premium may, however, be
fixed at a higher level in exceptional circumstances
and within certain specified limits;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent;

Whereas it follows from applying all these provisions
that the premiums should be as set out in the Annex
hereto; whereas the amount of the premiums should
be altered only if application of the abovementioned
provisions entails a change of more than 0,30 ECU,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 213, 11. 8. 1975, p. 5.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 178, 2. 7. 1983, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 30.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 28.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 206, 8. 8. 1980, p. 15.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 2

Article 1

The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU / tonne)			
		Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12
ex 10.06	Rice :				
	B. Other				
	I. Paddy rice ; husked rice :				
	a) Paddy rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Husked rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	II. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :				
	a) Semi-milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Wholly milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	III. Broken rice	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2456/83

of 29 August 1983

fixing the export refunds on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1451/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1566/83⁽⁴⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provide that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975⁽⁵⁾, and Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 of 21 June 1976⁽⁶⁾ laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and rice respectively and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds, provide that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals, rice and broken rice on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals, rice, broken rice and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Articles provide that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the markets in cereals and rice and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports, and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Article 6 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 414/83⁽⁸⁾, defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on these products is being calculated;

Whereas, on the basis of the criteria laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75, particular account should be taken of the prices and quantities of basic products used to calculate the variable component of the levy; whereas Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 and Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1077/68⁽⁹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2764/71⁽¹⁰⁾, provide that the amount of the export refund should, for certain products, be reduced by an amount equal to the production refund granted in respect of the basic products;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in products processed from cereals and rice that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas when the refund is being calculated account should be taken of the quantities of raw materials used to determine the variable component of the levy; whereas the quantities of raw materials used for certain processed products may vary according to the end use of the product; whereas, depending on the manufacturing process used, products other than the main product are obtained, the quantity and value of which may vary with the nature and quality of the main products being manufactured; whereas cumulation of the refunds on the various products manufactured by a single process from the same basic product may make it possible, in certain cases, to export to third countries at prices which are lower than world market prices; whereas the refund on certain products should therefore be limited to an amount which, while allowing access to the world market, will ensure that the aims of the common organization of the markets are respected;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 5.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 36.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 51, 24. 2. 1983, p. 1.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 181, 27. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 283, 24. 12. 1971, p. 30.

Whereas the refund to be granted in respect of certain processed products should be graduated on the basis of the ash, crude fibre, tegument, protein, fat and starch content of the individual product concerned, this content being a particularly good indicator of the quantity of basic product actually incorporated in the processed product ;

Whereas there is no need at present to fix an export refund for manioc, other tropical roots and tubers or flours obtained therefrom, given the economic aspect of potential exports and in particular the nature and origin of these products ; whereas, for certain products processed from cereals, the insignificance of Community participation in world trade makes it unnecessary to fix an export refund at the present time ;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination ;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 2806/71 ⁽¹⁾ lays down additional rules for granting export refunds for certain products processed from cereals and rice ;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month ; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and in Article 1 (1) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 and subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 284, 28. 12. 1971, p. 9.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 29 August 1983 fixing the export refunds on products processed from cereals and rice

(ECU/tonne)

Number in nomenclature used for refunds	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Refund
11.01 C (I)	Barley flour, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight	59,06
11.01 C (II)	Barley flour not included under No 11.01 C (I)	—
11.01 D (I)	Oat flour, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1,8 % by weight, of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	86,49
11.01 D (II)	Oat flour not included under No 11.01 D (I)	—
11.01 E (I)	Maize flour, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1,3 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,8 % by weight	53,87
11.01 E (II)	Maize flour, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, exceeding 1,3 % but not exceeding 1,7 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight	—
11.01 E (III)	Maize flour not included under No 11.01 E (I) and (II)	—
11.01 F	Rice flour	—
11.02 A III (a)	Barley groats and meal, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight	61,02
11.02 A III (b)	Barley groats and meal not included under No 11.02 A III (a)	—
11.02 A IV (a)	Oat groats and meal, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of a tegument content not exceeding 0,1 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	86,49
11.02 A IV (b)	Oat groats and meal not included under No 11.02 A IV (a)	—
11.02 A V (a)	Maize groats and meal, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight and a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,6 % by weight ⁽¹⁾	69,26
11.02 A V (b)	Maize groats and meal, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1,3 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,8 % by weight ⁽¹⁾	53,87
11.02 A V (c)	Maize groats and meal, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, exceeding 1,3 % by weight but not exceeding 1,7 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight ⁽¹⁾	46,18
11.02 A VI	Rice groats and meal	—
11.02 B I a) 1 (aa)	Hulled (shelled or husked) barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight ⁽²⁾	59,06
11.02 B I a) 1 (bb)	Hulled (shelled or husked) barley not included under No 11.02 B I a) 1 (aa) ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B I a) 2 (aa)	Clipped oats	—

Number in nomenclature used for refunds	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Refund (ECU/tonne)
11.02 B I a) 2 bb) (11)	Hulled (shelled or husked) oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of tegument content not exceeding 0,5 % of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated ⁽²⁾	76,88
11.02 B I a) 2 bb) (22)	Hulled (shelled or husked) oats, not included under No 11.02 B I a) 2 bb) (11) ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B I b) 1 (aa)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	59,06
11.02 B I b) 1 (bb)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled barley, not included under No 11.02 B I b) 1 (aa) ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B I b) 2 (aa)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of a tegument content not exceeding 0,1 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	81,69
11.02 B I b) 2 (bb)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled oats not included under No 11.02 B I b) 2 (aa) ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B II a) (1)	Hulled (shelled or husked) wheat, not sliced or kibbled ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B II c) (1)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled maize of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,6 % by weight ('gruetze' or 'grutten') ⁽²⁾	57,72
11.02 C III (a)	Pearled barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight (without talc) — 1st category ⁽³⁾	78,74
11.02 C III (b)	Pearled barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight (without talc) — 2nd category ⁽³⁾	62,99
11.02 C IV	Pearled oats ⁽³⁾	—
11.02 D I	Wheat not otherwise worked than kibbled	28,00
11.02 D II	Rye not otherwise worked than kibbled	28,00
11.02 E I b) 1 (aa)	Flaked barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight	59,06
11.02 E I b) 1 (bb)	Flaked barley not included under 11.02 E I b) 1 (aa)	—
11.02 E I b) 2 (aa)	Flaked oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of a tegument content not exceeding 0,1 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 12 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	96,10
11.02 E I b) 2 (bb)	Flaked oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of a tegument content exceeding 0,1 % but not exceeding 1,5 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 12 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	76,88
11.02 E I b) 2 (cc)	Flaked oats not included under Nos 11.02 E I b) 2 (aa) and 11.02 E I b) 2 (bb)	—
ex 11.02 E II c) (1)	Flaked maize, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,7 % by weight	61,57

(ECU/tonne)

Number in nomenclature used for refunds	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Refund
ex 11.02 E II c) (2)	Flaked maize, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1,3 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,8 % by weight	50,02
ex ¹ 11.02 E II c) (3)	Flaked maize, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, exceeding 1,3 % but not exceeding 1,7 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight	—
11.02 E II d) 1	Flaked rice	—
11.02 F III	Barley pellets	—
11.02 F IV	Oat pellets	—
11.02 F V	Maize pellets	—
11.02 G I	Wheat germ, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	11,35
11.02 G II	Germ of cereals other than wheat, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	9,62
11.07 A I a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	80,81
11.07 A II a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	70,08
11.08 A I	Maize starch (⁵)	30,70
11.08 A II	Rice starch (⁵)	65,07
11.08 A III	Wheat starch (⁵)	38,74
11.08 A IV	Potato starch (⁶)	30,70
11.08 A V	Starches other than maize, rice, wheat, or potato starch (⁵)	—
11.09 A	Dried wheat gluten, of a protein content, referred to dry matter, of 82 % or more by weight ($N \times 6,25$)	47,19
17.02 B II a)	Glucose and malto-dextrine, other than glucose containing, in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product, in the form of white crystalline powder, whether or not agglomerated (⁴)	40,05
17.02 B II b)	Malto-dextrine and malto-dextrine syrup; glucose and glucose syrup not containing, in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product, other than glucose in the form of white crystalline powder, whether or not agglomerated (⁴)	30,70
17.02 F II a)	Caramel, other than caramel containing 50 % or more by weight of sucrose in the dry matter, in the form of powder, whether or not agglomerated	41,95
17.02 F II b)	Caramel, other than caramel containing 50 % or more by weight of sucrose in the dry matter, other than in the form of powder	29,18
21.07 F II	Flavoured or coloured glucose syrup, and malto-dextrine syrup	30,70
23.02 A I a)	Brans sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of maize or rice of a starch content not exceeding 35 % by weight	9,86
23.02 A I b) 2	Brans, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of maize or rice, of a starch content exceeding 35 % by weight, and not having undergone a denaturing process, or of a starch content exceeding 45 % by weight and having undergone denaturing process	9,86
23.02 A II a)	Brans, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of cereals other than maize or rice, of a starch content not exceeding 28 % by weight and of which the percentage which passes through a sieve with an aperture of 0,2 mm does not exceed 10 % by weight or of which the sifted product has an ash content, calculated on dry matter, not exceeding 1,5 % by weight	9,86
23.02 A II b)	Brans, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of cereals other than maize or rice, not included under No 23.02 A II a)	9,86
23.03 A I	Residues from the manufacture of starch from maize (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on dry matter, of 63 % or more by weight ($N \times 6,25$)	15,26

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- (¹) The export refund is paid in respect of maize, groats and meal :
- of which a percentage not exceeding 30 % passes through a sieve with an aperture of 315 microns,
 - of which a percentage not exceeding 5 % passes through a sieve with an aperture of 150 microns.
- (²) 'Hulled grains' are grains corresponding to the definition given in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 821/68 (OJ No L 149, 29. 6. 1968, p. 46).
- (³) 'Pearled grains' are grains corresponding to the definition given in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 821/68 (OJ No L 149, 29. 6. 1968, p. 46).
- (⁴) Pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2730/75 the product falling within subheading 17.02 B I enjoys the same export refund as the product falling within subheading 17.02 B II.
- (⁵) The export refund is granted on products falling within this subheading which have a starch content of not less than 85 % by weight.
- (⁶) The export refund is granted on products falling within this subheading which have a starch content of not less than 78 % by weight.
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COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2457/83

of 29 August 1983

fixing the export refunds on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1451/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the cereal markets;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in cereal-based compound feedingstuffs that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas Article 7 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75 of 29 October 1975 on the system to be applied to cereal-based compound feedingstuffs⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽⁵⁾, provides that, when export refunds on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs are being fixed, only the products normally used in the manufacture of compound feedingstuffs for which a refund may be fixed should be taken into account;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1913/69 of 29 September 1969 on the granting and the advance

fixing of the export refund on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 537/83⁽⁷⁾, provides that calculation of the export refund must be based on the average of the refunds granted on the most commonly used basic cereals, adjusted on the basis of the threshold price in force during the month of exportation and on the levy applicable to maize; whereas this calculation must also take account of the cereal products content; whereas, therefore, in the interest of simplification, compound feedingstuffs should be placed in categories and the refund for each category should be fixed on the basis of a quantity of maize which is representative of the usual cereal products content for the category concerned; whereas, furthermore, the amount of the refund must also take into account the possibilities and conditions for the sale of those products on the world market, the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market and the economic aspect of the export;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for compound feedingstuffs according to composition and destination; whereas, for purposes of varying the refund, the destination zones laid down in Annex II to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 of 27 May 1977 redefining the destination zones for export refunds or levies and for certain export licences for cereals and rice⁽⁸⁾ should be used;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 60.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 246, 30. 9. 1969, p. 11.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 63, 9. 3. 1983, p. 10.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 53.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

to Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 1

The export refunds on the compound feedingstuffs covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and subject

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 29 August 1983 fixing the export refunds on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs

<i>(ECU / tonne)</i>			
CCT heading No	Special specification for refund	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Refund
23.07 B I		Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding, covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75, containing starch, glucose or glucose syrup falling within subheadings 17.02 B and 21.07 F II or milk products (falling within heading Nos 04.01, 04.02, 04.03 and 04.04 and subheadings 17.02 A and 21.07 F I):	
		Of a milk powder content of less than 50 % by weight and of a cereal products ⁽¹⁾ content by weight:	
	0510	— Exceeding 5 % but not exceeding 10 %	1,73 ⁽²⁾ 2,12 ^{(2) (3)} — ⁽⁴⁾
	1010	— Exceeding 10 % but not exceeding 20 %	3,47 ⁽²⁾ 4,23 ^{(2) (3)} — ⁽⁴⁾
	2010	— Exceeding 20 % but not exceeding 30 %	6,93 ⁽²⁾ 8,47 ^{(2) (3)} — ⁽⁴⁾
	3010	— Exceeding 30 % but not exceeding 40 %	10,40 ⁽²⁾ 12,70 ^{(2) (3)} — ⁽⁴⁾
	4010	— Exceeding 40 % but not exceeding 50 %	13,86 ⁽²⁾ 16,93 ^{(2) (3)} — ⁽⁴⁾
	5010	— Exceeding 50 % but not exceeding 60 %	17,33 ⁽²⁾ 21,16 ^{(2) (3)} — ⁽⁴⁾
	6010	— Exceeding 60 % but not exceeding 70 %	20,79 ⁽²⁾ 25,40 ^{(2) (3)} — ⁽⁴⁾
	7010	— Exceeding 70 %	22,68 ⁽²⁾ 27,71 ^{(2) (3)} — ⁽⁴⁾

⁽¹⁾ 'Cereal products' means the products falling within Chapter 10 and heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 (excluding subheading 11.02 G) of the Common Customs Tariff.

⁽²⁾ For exports to Zones A, B, C, D and E specified in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77.

⁽³⁾ Minimum content of maize and/or sorgho exceeding: 0510: 5 %; 1010: 10 %; 2010: 20 %; 3010: 30 %; 4010: 40 %; 5010: 50 %; 6010: 60 %; 7010: 60 %.

In so far as this minimum is observed, these refunds shall, at the request of the party concerned, also apply where the cereal products' content exceeds the maximum specified on the same line.

⁽⁴⁾ For export to other third countries.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2458/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the import levies on syrups and certain other products in the sugar sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 provides for charging a levy on imports of the products listed in Article 1 (1) of that Regulation;

Whereas the levy on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 must be calculated, where appropriate, at a standard rate on the basis of the sucrose content (including other sugars expressed as sucrose) of the product concerned and of the levy on white sugar; whereas, however, the levies on maple sugar and maple syrup are limited to the amount resulting from application of the rate of duty bound within GATT;

Whereas Article 7 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 837/68 of 28 June 1968 on detailed rules for the application of levies on sugar⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1428/78⁽⁴⁾, provides that the basic amount of the levy for 100 kilograms of product must be fixed per percentage point of sucrose content;

Whereas the basic amount of the levy must be equal to one-hundredth of the average of the levies applicable to 100 kilograms of white sugar during the first 20 days of the month preceding the month for which the basic amount of the levy is fixed; whereas, however, the levy applicable to white sugar on the day of the fixing of the basic amount must be substituted for the average of the levies, where that levy differs by at least 0,73 ECU from that average;

Whereas the basic amount must be fixed each month; whereas it must, however, be altered during the period between the day on which it is fixed and the first day of the month following the month for which the basic amount is applicable, if the levy on white sugar differs by at least 0,73 ECU from the average referred to above or from the levy on white sugar used to fix the basic amount; whereas, in this case, the basic amount must be equal to one-hundredth of the levy on white sugar used to calculate the alteration;

Whereas the basic amount thus fixed must be adjusted on the basis of variations in the threshold price for white sugar occurring between the month in which the basic amount is fixed and the period of application; whereas this adjustment, equal to one-hundredth of the difference between these two threshold prices, must be deducted from or added to the basic amount in the circumstances provided for in Article 7 (6) of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68;

Whereas the levy on the products referred to in Article 1 (1) (f) and (g) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 comprises, under Article 16 (6) of that Regulation, a variable element and a fixed element, with the latter, per 100 kilograms of dry matter, being equal to one-tenth of the fixed element established pursuant to point B of Article 14 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75⁽⁵⁾ for the fixing of the import levy on the products falling within subheading 17.02 B II of the Common Customs Tariff, and the variable element, per 100 kilograms of dry matter, being equal to one hundred times the basic import levy applicable as from the first of each month in the case of the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81; whereas the levy must be fixed each month;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 151, 30. 6. 1968, p. 42.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 171, 28. 6. 1978, p. 34.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas it follows from the application of these provisions that the import levies on the products concerned should be as indicated in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d), (f) and (g) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the import levies on syrups and certain other products in the sugar sector

(ECU)			
CCT heading No	Description	Basic amount per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question	Amount of levy per 100 kg of dry matter
17.02	Other sugars in solid form; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel:		
	C. Maple sugar and other syrup	0,3337	—
	D. Other sugars and syrups (other than lactose, glucose and malto-dextrine):		
	I. Isoglucose	—	43,04
	ex II. Other	0,3337	—
	E. Artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey	0,3337	—
	F. I. Caramelized sugar and molasses containing, in the dry state, 50 % or more by weight of sucrose	0,3337	—
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included:		
	F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups:		
	III. Isoglucose	—	43,04
	IV. Other	0,3337	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2459/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the export refunds on syrups and certain other sugar products exported in the natural state

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 19 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund ;

Whereas Article 8 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 766/68 of 18 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1489/76⁽⁴⁾, provides that the export refund on 100 kilograms of the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 is equal to the basic amount multiplied by the sucrose content, including, where appropriate, other sugars expressed as sucrose ; whereas the sucrose content of the product in question is determined in accordance with Article 13 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 394/70 of 2 March 1970 on detailed rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1467/77⁽⁶⁾ ;

Whereas Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68 provides that the basic amount of the refund on sorbose exported in the natural state must be equal to the basic amount of the refund less one-hundredth of the production refund applicable, pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1400/78 of 20 June 1978 laying

down general rules for the production refund on sugar used in the chemical industry⁽⁷⁾, to the products listed in Annex I to the last mentioned Regulation ;

Whereas the basic amount of the refund on the other products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 exported in the natural state must be equal to one-hundredth of an amount which takes account, on the one hand, of the difference between the intervention price for white sugar for the Community areas without deficit for the month for which the basic amount is fixed and quotations or prices for white sugar on the world market and, on the other, of the need to establish a balance between the use of Community basic products in the manufacture of processed goods for export to third countries and the use of third country products brought in under inward processing arrangements ;

Whereas the application of the basic amount may be limited to some of the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 ;

Whereas Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 makes provision for setting refunds for export in the natural state of products referred to in Article 1 (1) (f) and (g) of that Regulation ; whereas the refund must be fixed per 100 kilograms of dry matter, taking account of the export refund for products within subheading 17.02 B II a) of the Common Customs Tariff and for products referred to in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 and of the economic aspects of the intended exports ; whereas the refund is to be granted only for products complying with the conditions in Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1469/77 of 30 June 1977 laying down rules for applying the levy and the refund in respect of isoglucose and amending Regulation (EEC) No 192/75⁽⁸⁾ ;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 143, 25. 6. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1976, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 50, 4. 3. 1970, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 6.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 9.

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas the refunds referred to above must be fixed every month; whereas they may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas application of these quotas results in fixing refunds for the products in question at the levels given in the Annex to this Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d), (f) and (g) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the export refunds on syrups and certain other sugar products exported in the natural state

(ECU)

CCT heading No	Description	Basic amount per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question ⁽¹⁾	Amount of refund per 100 kg of dry matter ⁽²⁾
17.02	Other sugars in solid form ; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter ; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey ; caramel : D. Other sugars and syrups (other than lactose, glucose and malto-dextrine) : I. Isoglucose ex II. Other, excluding sorbose E. Artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey F. I. Caramelized sugar and molasses containing, in the dry state, 50 % or more by weight of sucrose	 — 0,2706 0,2706 0,2706	 27,06 — — —
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included : F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups : III. Isoglucose IV. Other (other than lactose, glucose and malto-dextrine syrups)	 — 0,2706	 27,06 —

⁽¹⁾ The basic amount is not applicable to syrups which are less than 85 % pure (Regulation (EEC) No 394/70). Sucrose content is determined in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 394/70.

⁽²⁾ Applicable only to products referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1469/77.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2460/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the export refunds on olive oil

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1413/82 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 171/67/EEC of 27 June 1967 on export refunds and levies on olive oil ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2429/72 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular the first sentence of Article 7 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 20 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that, where prices within the Community are higher than world market prices, the difference between these prices may be covered by a refund when olive oil is exported to third countries;

Whereas the detailed rules for fixing and granting export refunds on olive oil are contained in Regulations No 171/67/EEC and (EEC) No 616/72 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2962/77 ⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation No 171/67/EEC provides that the refund must be the same for the whole Community;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 171/67/EEC provides that when the refund on olive oil is being fixed account must be taken of:

- the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of olive oil on the Community market and prices for olive oil on the world market,
- the aims of the common organization of the market in olive oil which are to ensure equilibrium

and the natural development of prices and trade on this market,

- the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market, and
- the economic aspect of the proposed exports;

Whereas, furthermore, Article 4 of Regulation No 171/67/EEC provides that the said refund must be fixed in accordance with the following criteria:

- the olive oil prices in the main producing areas of the Community,
- the most favourable quotations recorded on the various markets of importing third countries, and
- the marketing costs and the most favourable transport charges from Community markets in the main producing areas to ports or other points of export in the Community, as well as costs incurred in placing the goods on the world market;

Whereas Article 5 of Regulation No 171/67/EEC provides that the refund on olive oil may be varied according to destination where the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets make this necessary;

Whereas Article 7 of Regulation No 171/67/EEC provides that the refund must be fixed at least once every month; whereas it may, if necessary, be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in olive oil and in particular to olive oil prices within the Community and on the markets of third countries that the refund should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 130, 28. 6. 1967, p. 2600/67.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 264, 23. 11. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 78, 31. 3. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 348, 30. 12. 1977, p. 53.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

*Article 2**Article 1*

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (2) (c) of Regulation No 136/66/EEC shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the export refunds on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Refund
15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified :	
A	Olive oil :	
I	Untreated :	
(a)	Virgin olive oil	
	and	
II	Other :	
(a)	Obtained by processing oils falling within subheading 15.07 A I a) or 15.07 A I b), whether or not blended with virgin olive oil :	
	In immediate packings of a net capacity of 5 kg or less, for destinations mentioned in Article 5 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2730/79 ⁽¹⁾ , as well as on export to third countries	32,50

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 317, 12. 12. 1979, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2461/83**of 31 August 1983****fixing the export refunds on oil seeds**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC
of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a
common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1413/82 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 142/67/EEC
of 21 June 1967 on export refunds on colza, rape and
sunflower seeds ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 2429/72 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular the first
sentence of Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas Article 28 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC
provides that a refund may be granted on exports to
third countries of oil seeds harvested within the
Community; whereas the amount of this refund may
not exceed the difference between prices within the
Community and prices on the world market where the
former are higher than the latter; whereas Article 21
of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that, at
present, Article 28 of that Regulation applies only to
colza, rape and sunflower seeds;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 142/67/EEC
provides that when the refund is being calculated
account must be taken of prices ruling on the various
Community markets which are representative from the
point of view of processing and exportation; the most
favourable quotations recorded on the various markets
of importing third countries and costs incurred in
placing the goods on the world market; whereas,
when the amount of the refund is being fixed, account
must also be taken of the level of market prices within
the Community for the oil seeds referred to in Article
21 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC and the future trend
of these prices; whereas, furthermore, account should
be taken of the economic aspect of the proposed

exports and the situation in the Community regarding
the supply of and demand for these seeds;

Whereas Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EEC)
No 651/71 of 29 March 1971 on certain detailed rules
for the application of export refunds on oil seeds ⁽⁵⁾, as
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1480/79 ⁽⁶⁾, provides
that the amount of the refund must be calculated on
the basis of the weight of exported seeds; whereas this
weight must be adjusted to take account of any differ-
ences between the percentages of moisture and impur-
ities found to exist and those used to define the stan-
dard quality for which the target price is fixed;
whereas, when this adjustment is being made, the
weight of the exported seeds must be increased by the
amount of the difference between the actual moisture
and impurities content and that used to define the
standard quality if the former is lower than the latter;
whereas, if the opposite applies, the weight of the
exported seeds must be reduced by the same amount;

Whereas the standard quality referred to above was
defined in Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No
1591/83 of 14 June 1983 fixing the target prices and
intervention prices for colza and rape seed and
sunflower seed for the 1983/84 marketing year ⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation No 142/67/EEC
provides that the refund may be varied according to
destination where the world market situation or the
specific requirements of certain markets make this
necessary;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally,
refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 125, 26. 6. 1967, p. 2461/67.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 264, 23. 11. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 75, 30. 3. 1971, p. 16.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 180, 17. 7. 1979, p. 13.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 40.

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in oil seeds, and in particular to quotations or prices for these products within the Community and on the markets of third countries that the refund should be as set out in the Annex hereto for those products for which the marketing year has already begun ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The refund on the products referred to in Article 21 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission
Poul DALSAGER
Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the export refunds on oil seeds

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Refund
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed, other than for sowing	9,00
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed, other than for sowing	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2462/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 September 1983 to certain milk products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1600/83⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 17 (5) thereof,

Whereas Article 17 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 provides that the difference between prices in international trade for the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b), (c) and (e) of that Regulation and prices within the Community may be covered by an export refund; whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80 of 11 November 1980 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on certain agricultural products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty, and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1028/83⁽⁴⁾, specifies the products for which a rate of refund should be fixed, to be applied where these products are exported in the form of goods listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 804/68;

Whereas, in accordance with the first subparagraph of Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80, the rate of the refund per 100 kilograms for each of the basic products in question must be fixed for each month;

Whereas, in accordance with paragraph 2 of that Article, that rate must be determined with particular reference to:

- (a) the average costs incurred by processing industries in obtaining supplies of the basic products in question on the Community market and the prices ruling on the world markets;
- (b) the level of the refunds on exports of processed agricultural products covered by Annex II to the

Treaty which are manufactured under similar conditions;

- (c) the need to ensure equality of competition for the industries which use Community products and those which use third-country products under inward-processing arrangements;

Whereas Article 4 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80 provides that, when the rate of the refund is being fixed, account should be taken, where necessary, of production refunds, aids or other measures having equivalent effect applicable in all Member States in accordance with the Regulation on the common organization of the market in the product in question to the basic products listed in Annex A to that Regulation or to assimilated products;

Whereas Article 11 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 provides for the payment of aid for Community-produced skimmed milk processed into casein if such milk and the casein manufactured from it fulfil certain conditions set out in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 987/68 of 15 July 1968 laying down general rules for granting aid for skimmed milk processed into casein or caseinates⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by the Act of Accession⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 262/79 of 12 February 1979 on the sale of butter at reduced prices for use in the manufacture of pastry products, ice-cream and other foodstuffs⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1014/83⁽⁸⁾, and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1932/81 of 13 July 1981 on the granting of aid for butter and concentrated butter for use in the manufacture of pastry products, ice-cream and other foodstuffs⁽⁹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 48/82⁽¹⁰⁾, lay down that butter at reduced prices should be made available to industries which manufacture certain goods;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 56.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 27.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 116, 30. 4. 1983, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 18. 7. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 41, 16. 2. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 114, 29. 4. 1983, p. 8.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 191, 14. 7. 1981, p. 6.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 7, 12. 1. 1982, p. 5.

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. The rates of the refunds applicable from 1 September 1983 to the basic products appearing in Annex A to Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80 and listed

in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68, exported in the form of goods listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 804/68, are hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

2. No rates of refund are fixed for any of the products referred to in the preceding paragraph which are not listed in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 September 1983 to certain milk products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Rate of refund
ex 04.02 A II	Powdered milk, obtained by the spray process, with a fat content of less than 1,5 % by weight and with a water content of less than 5 % by weight (PG 2): a) On exportation of goods of CCT heading No 35.01 b) On exportation of other goods	— 59,41
ex 04.02 A II	Powdered milk, obtained by the spray process, with a fat content of 26 % by weight and a water content of less than 5 % by weight (PG 3)	96,82
ex 04.02 A III	Concentrated milk, with a fat content by weight of 7,5 % and a content by weight in dry matter equal to 25 % (PG 4)	24,60
ex 04.03	Butter, with a fat content by weight of 82 % (PG 6): a) On exportation of the following goods manufactured under the conditions laid down in Regulations (EEC) No 262/79 and (EEC) No 1932/81: — goods falling within CCT heading No 19.08 or subheadings 18.06 B and 21.07 C, — preparations for making ice-cream and similar edible products called 'ice-mix' falling within CCT subheading 18.06 D and heading No 21.07, — raw doughs and powdered preparations falling within CCT subheading 19.02 B II b) b) On exportation of goods of CCT subheadings 18.06 D II c) and 21.07 G VII to IX c) On exportation of other goods	— — — 170,16 ⁽¹⁾ 157,16

⁽¹⁾ Rate applicable only in the cases indicated in Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 1760/83.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2463/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 September 1983 to certain cereal and rice products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1451/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1566/83⁽⁴⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and Article 17 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the difference between quotations of prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of each of those Regulations and the prices within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80 of 11 November 1980 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on certain agricultural products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty, and the criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1028/83⁽⁶⁾, specifies the products for which a rate of refund should be fixed, to be applied where these products are exported in the form of goods listed in Annex B to Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 or in Annex B to Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 as appropriate;

Whereas, in accordance with the first subparagraph of Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80, the rate

of the refund per 100 kilograms for each of the basic products in question must be fixed for each month;

Whereas, in accordance with paragraph 2 of that Article, that rate must be determined with particular reference to:

- (a) the average costs incurred by processing industries in obtaining supplies of the basic products in question on the Community market and the prices ruling on the world markets;
- (b) the level of the refunds on exports of processed agricultural products covered by Annex II to the Treaty which are manufactured under similar conditions;
- (c) the need to ensure equality of competition for the industries which use Community products and those which use third-country products under inward processing arrangements;

Whereas Article 4 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80 provides that, when the rate of the refund is being fixed, account should be taken, where appropriate, of production refunds, aids or other measures having equivalent effect applicable in all Member States in accordance with the Regulation on the common organization of the market in the product in question to the basic products listed in Annex A to that Regulation or to assimilated products; whereas a production refund is granted in respect of common wheat, maize and broken rice under the conditions laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2742/75 of 29 October 1975 on production refunds in the cereals and rice sectors⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1460/82⁽⁸⁾; whereas, for the purposes of applying the provisions of Article 4 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80, the amount of the production refund applicable during the month of exportation should be taken into account;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 5.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 27.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 116, 30. 4. 1983, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 57.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 25.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The rates of the refunds applicable from 1 September 1983 to the basic products appearing in Annex A to Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80 and listed either in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 or in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76,

exported in the form of goods listed in Annex B to Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 or in Annex B to Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 respectively, are hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing, from 1 September 1983, the rate of refunds applicable for certain products of the cereals and rice sectors, exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of refund (ECU/100 kg)
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin (mixed wheat and rye): — For the manufacture of starch — Other than for the manufacture of starch	3,722 6,223
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	10,148
10.02	Rye	7,844
10.03	Barley	5,512
10.04	Oats	5,933
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing: — For the manufacture of starch — Other than for the manufacture of starch	1,935 3,682
10.06 B I b) 1	Round grain husked rice	21,142
10.06 B I b) 2	Long grain husked rice	19,137
10.06 B II b) 1	Round grain wholly milled rice	27,280
10.06 B II b) 2	Long grain wholly milled rice	27,735
10.06 B III	Broken rice: — For the manufacture of starch — Other than for the manufacture of starch	4,281 6,672
10.07 C	Sorghum	6,789
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	7,565
11.01 B	Rye flour	12,173
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	15,729
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	7,565

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2464/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 September 1983 to certain products in the sugar sector exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 19 (1) and (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 19 (1) and (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 provides that for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a), (c), (d), (g) and (h) of that Regulation an export refund may be granted when these goods are exported in the form of goods listed in Annex I of that same Regulation; whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80 of 11 November 1980 laying down general rules for granting export refunds for certain agricultural products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty, and the criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1028/83⁽⁴⁾, specifies the products for which a rate of refund should be fixed, to be applied where these products are exported in the form of goods listed in Annex I of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81;

Whereas, in accordance with the first subparagraph of Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80, the rate of the refund per 100 kilograms for each of the basic products in question must be fixed for each month;

Whereas, in accordance with paragraph 2 of that Article, that rate must be determined with particular reference to:

- (a) the average costs incurred by processing industries in obtaining supplies of the basic products on the Community market and the prices ruling on the world market;
- (b) the level of the refunds on exports of processed agricultural products covered by Annex II to the Treaty which are manufactured under similar conditions;

- (c) the need to ensure equality of competition for the industries which use Community products and those which use third country products under inward processing arrangements;

Whereas Article 4 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80 provides that, when the rate of the refund is being fixed, account should be taken, where appropriate, of refunds, aids or other measures having equivalent effect applicable in all Member States in accordance with the Regulation on the common organization of the market in the product in question to the basic products listed in Annex A to that Regulation or to assimilated products;

Whereas a production refund is granted in respect of white sugar or raw sugar under the conditions laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1400/78 of 20 June laying down general rules for the production refund on sugar used in the chemical industry⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The rates of the refunds applicable from 1 September 1983 to the basic products appearing in Annex A to Regulation (EEC) No 3035/80 and listed in Article 1 (1) and (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81, exported in the form of goods listed in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81, are fixed as shown:

- (a) in Table A of the Annex hereto for those same goods in so far as they have not benefited from the granting of a production refund provided for by Regulation (EEC) No 1400/78;
- (b) in Table B of the Annex hereto for goods other than those mentioned under (a).

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 27.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 116, 30. 4. 1983, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 9.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 September 1983 to certain products in the sugar sector exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

Table A

<i>Rate of refund in ECU/100 kg:</i>	White sugar:	27,06
	Raw sugar:	24,90
	Syrups of beet sugar or cane sugar containing, in the dry state, 98 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	$27,06 \times \frac{S^{(1)}}{100}$
	Molasses:	—
	Isoglucose or flavoured or coloured isoglucose syrups:	27,06 ⁽²⁾

Table B

<i>Rate of refund in ECU/100 kg:</i>	White sugar:	23,18
	Raw sugar:	21,33
	Syrups of beet sugar or cane sugar containing, in the dry state, 98 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	$23,18 \times \frac{S^{(1)}}{100}$
	Molasses:	—

⁽¹⁾ 'S' represents the weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) in 100 kilograms of syrup.

⁽²⁾ Amount of refund for 100 kilograms of dry matter.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2465/83**of 31 August 1983****fixing the rate of the aid for peas and field beans used in the feeding of animals**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1431/82 of 18 May 1982 laying down special measures
for peas and field beans ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1577/83 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3
(6) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the aid referred to in Article 3
of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 was fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2152/83 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other
provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2152/83
and in Article 105 of the Act of Accession of Greece
to the information at present available to the Commis-

sion that the amount of the subsidy at present in force
should be altered as shown in Article 1 of this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The aid referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC)
No 1431/82 is fixed at 7,375 ECU per 100 kilograms
for peas and field beans used in the feeding of
animals, processed in the Member States other than
Greece where the price for the same products
processed therein is fixed at 6,897 ECU per 100 kilo-
grams.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September
1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 18.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 34.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2466/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the rate of the additional aid for dried fodder

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 of 22 May 1978 on the common organization of the market in dried fodder⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1220/83⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, under Article 5 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78, when the guide price is higher than the average world market price a supplementary aid is given for dried fodder as described under Article 1 (b) and (c) of that Regulation obtained from fodder plants harvested in the Community; whereas this aid is equal to a percentage of the difference between these two prices;

Whereas this percentage and the guide price were fixed by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1221/83 of 17 May 1983 fixing the flat-rate production aid and the guide price for dried fodder for the 1983/84 marketing year⁽³⁾;

Whereas the average world market price is determined for a bulk pelleted product delivered to Rotterdam of the standard quality for which the guide price has been fixed;

Whereas, under Council Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78 of 19 June 1978 on the aid system for dried fodder⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2026/82⁽⁵⁾, the average world market price for the products described in the first indent of Article 1 (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 is to be determined on the basis of the most favourable actual purchase possibilities excepting those which cannot be considered representative of the real market trend; whereas offers and quotations recorded during the first 25 days of the month in question for quantities that can be delivered during the following calendar month are to be used; whereas the average world market price thus determined is used to fix the supplementary aid rate applicable on the following month;

Whereas the necessary adjustments must be made in the case of offers and quotations not of the type referred to above; whereas these adjustments were defined in Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC)

No 1528/78 of 30 June 1978 laying down detailed rules for the application of the system of aid for dried fodder⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2013/83⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas when no offer or quotation for the products described in the first indent of Article 1 (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 can be used to determine the average world market price it is to be determined from offers on the world market of and quotations on the exchanges important for international trade for the products described in the second indent of Article 1 (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78;

Whereas, under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78, when no offer or quotation can be used to determine the average world market price this price is determined on the basis of the sum of the value of competing products; whereas those products are defined in Article 3 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1528/78;

Whereas, under Article 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78, when forward prices differ from that applying in the month when the application is lodged, the supplementary aid rate is adjusted by a correcting amount calculated from the trend of forward prices;

Whereas the correcting amount is equal to the difference between the average world market price and the average forward world market price multiplied by the percentage fixed in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1221/83; whereas when for one of the months following that of the introduction of supplementary aid the average forward world market price cannot be determined by applying the criteria specified in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78, the price determined for the previous month is used to calculate the difference; whereas, when for two or more consecutive months following that of the introduction of supplementary aid, the average forward world market prices cannot be determined by applying the criteria set out in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78, the prices for the months in question are determined by applying the criteria laid down in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78;

Whereas, where the average world market price is determined in accordance with Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78, the corrective amount must be equal to the difference between the average world market price and the average forward world market price determined by applying the criteria laid down in Article 3 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1528/78 and valid for delivery during a month other than that in which

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1983, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1983, p. 30.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 171, 28. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 218, 27. 7. 1982, p. 2.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 179, 1. 7. 1978, p. 10.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 198, 21. 7. 1983, p. 17.

the supplementary aid is introduced, adjusted by the percentage fixed under Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 for the product concerned ; whereas where the average forward world market price for one or more months cannot be determined by applying the criteria laid down in Article 3 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1528/78, the corrective amount must be fixed for the month or months in question at a level such that the supplementary aid is equal to zero ;

Whereas, if the aid system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas the rate of the additional aid must be fixed once per month so as to ensure application of the aid

from the first day of the month following the date of its fixing ;

Whereas, as the result of the applications of all these provisions to the offers and quotations which the Commission has recorded, the rate of the additional aid for dried fodder must be fixed as indicated in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The rate of the aid referred to in Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 is fixed in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the rate of the additional aid for dried fodder

Additional aid applicable from 1 September 1983 to dried fodder

<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>		
CCT heading No	Dehydrated fodder ex 12.10 B Protein concentrates ex 23.06 B	Fodder otherwise dried ex 12.10 B
Additional aid	0	0

Additional aid in case of advance fixing for the month of:

<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>		
October 1983	0	0
November 1983	0	0
December 1983	0	0
January 1984	0	0
February 1984	0	0
March 1984	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2467/83**of 31 August 1983****fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC
of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a
common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1413/82 ⁽²⁾,
and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in
Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by
Regulation (EEC) No 2154/83 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 2412/83 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2154/83 to the

information known to the Commission that the
amount of the subsidy at present in force should be
altered to the amount set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of
Regulation No 136/66/EEC shall be as set out in the
Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September
1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 39.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 236, 26. 8. 1983, p. 34.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the amount of the subsidy
on oil seeds

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Subsidy
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	9,025
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	14,566

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Subsidy in the case of advance fixing for the month of					
		September 1983	October 1983	November 1983	December 1983	January 1984	February 1984
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	9,025	9,404	9,559	9,729	9,695	9,516
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	14,566	14,789	14,772	15,037	15,098	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2468/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the world market price for colza, rape and sunflower seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the markets in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1413/82⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza, rape and sunflower seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1986/82⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973 laying down detailed rules for applying differential amounts for colza, rape and sunflower seed and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1464/73⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2136/82⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 9 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73, the Commission must determine the world market price for colza, rape and sunflower seed ;

Whereas the world market price should be determined in accordance with the rules and the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2154/83 of 29 July

1983 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2467/83⁽⁸⁾ ;

Whereas, if the price system is to operate normally, the world market price should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas it follows from applying these provisions that the world market price for colza, rape and sunflower seed should be as set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The world market price referred to in Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 215, 23. 7. 1982, p. 10.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 223, 31. 7. 1982, p. 88.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 39.

⁽⁸⁾ See page 40 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the world market price for colza,
rape and sunflower seed

(ECU/100 kg) ⁽¹⁾

CCT heading No	Description	World market price
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	39,715
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	43,144

(ECU/100 kg) ⁽¹⁾

CCT heading No	Description	World market price where the subsidy is fixed in advance for the month of					
		September 1983	October 1983	November 1983	December 1983	January 1984	February 1984
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	39,715	39,856	40,221	40,571	41,125	41,824
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	43,144	43,536	44,168	44,518	45,072	—

⁽¹⁾ The conversion rates from ECU into currency as foreseen by Article 9 (5) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 are the following :

1 ECU = DM	2,24184
1 ECU = Fl	2,52595
1 ECU = Bfr/Lfr	44,9008
1 ECU = FF	6,87456
1 ECU = Dkr	8,14104
1 ECU = £ Irl	0,725690
1 ECU = £	0,563434
1 ECU = Lit	1 349,27
1 ECU = Dr	77,1182

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2469/83
of 31 August 1983
fixing the aid for cotton

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Greece, and in particular paragraphs 3 and 10 of Protocol 4 thereto,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2169/81 of 27 July 1981 laying down the general rules for the system of aid for cotton ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1982/82 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5 (1) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the additional aid referred to in Article 5 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2169/81 was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2156/83 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2349/83 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2156/83

to the information at present available to the Commission that the amount of the aid at present in force should be altered as shown in Article 1 to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The aid for unginned cotton referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2169/81 shall be 23,806 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 211, 31. 7. 1981, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 215, 23. 7. 1982, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 45.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 225, 18. 8. 1983, p. 21.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2470/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 19 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 766/68 of 18 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1489/76⁽⁴⁾, provides that when refunds on white and raw sugar, undenatured and exported in the natural state, are being fixed account must be taken of the situation on the Community and world markets in sugar and in particular of the price and cost factors set out in Article 3 of that Regulation; whereas the same Article provides that the economic aspect of the proposed exports should also be taken into account;

Whereas the refund on raw sugar must be fixed in respect of the standard quality; whereas the latter is defined in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 431/68 of 9 April 1968 determining the standard quality for raw sugar and fixing the Community frontier crossing point for calculating cif prices for sugar⁽⁵⁾; whereas, furthermore, this refund should be fixed in accordance with Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68; whereas candy sugar is defined in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 394/70 of 2 March 1970 on detailed rules for granting export refunds on

sugar⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1467/77⁽⁷⁾; whereas the refund thus calculated for aromatized sugars or for sugars with colouring added must apply to their sucrose content and, accordingly, be fixed per 1 % of the said content;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for sugar according to destination;

Whereas, in special cases, the amount of the refund may be fixed by other legal instruments;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas the refund must be fixed every two weeks; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules set out above to the present situation on the market in sugar and in particular to quotations or prices for sugar within the Community and on the world market that the refund should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 undenatured and exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 143, 25. 6. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1976, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 89, 10. 4. 1968, p. 3.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 50, 4. 3. 1970, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 6.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state

(ECU)

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of refund	
		per 100 kg	per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, solid :		
	A. White sugar ; flavoured or coloured sugar :		
	(I) White sugar :		
	(a) Candy sugar	27,06	
	(b) Other	23,74	
	(II) Flavoured or coloured sugar		0,2706
	B. Raw sugar :		
	II. Other :		
	(a) Candy sugar	24,90 ⁽¹⁾	
	(b) Other raw sugar	21,84 ⁽¹⁾	

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the refund applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2471/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing the production refund for olive oil used in the manufacture of certain preserved fish and vegetables

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1413/82 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 591/79 of 26 March 1979 laying down general rules relating to the production refund for olive oil used in the manufacture of certain preserved foods ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 38/81 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 591/79 provides for the granting of a production refund for olive oil used in the manufacture of certain preserved fish and vegetables;

Whereas under Article 3 of the abovementioned Regulation, without prejudice to the second subparagraph of Article 7 of the said Regulation, the Commission shall fix this refund every two months;

Whereas, by virtue of Article 5 of the Regulation cited above, where the tender system is employed for fixing the levy, the production refund shall be fixed on the basis of the minimum levies determined under the said system for oils falling within subheading 15.07 A

II a) of the Common Customs Tariff; whereas, however, if the oil employed for manufacture of the preserves was produced within the Community, the amount referred to above shall be increased by a sum equal to the consumption aid in force on the day the said refund is applied;

Whereas application of the above criteria results in the refund being fixed as shown below,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For September and October 1983, the amount of the production refund referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 591/79 shall be:

- 113,80 ECU per 100 kilograms for olive oil produced in the Community and utilized in Member States other than Greece,
- 37,13 ECU per 100 kilograms for olive oil other than that referred to in the preceding indent, utilized in the Member States other than Greece,
- 84,47 ECU per 100 kilograms for olive oil utilized in Greece.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 2.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 3, 1. 1. 1981, p. 7.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2472/83

of 31 August 1983

fixing for Great Britain the level of the variable slaughter premium for sheep
and the amounts to be charged on products leaving that region

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1837/80 of 27 June 1980 on the common organization
of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1195/82⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No
2661/80 of 17 October 1980 laying down detailed
rules for applying the variable slaughter premium for
sheep⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1689/83⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Articles 3 (1) and 4 (1)
thereof,

Whereas the United Kingdom is the only country
paying the variable slaughter premium; whereas the
United Kingdom has decided to pay it only in Region
5 (Great Britain), within the meaning of Article 3 (1) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80; whereas it is necessary
therefore for the Commission to fix, for the period 8
to 14 August 1983, the level of the premium and the
amount to be charged on products leaving that region;

Whereas Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2661/80
stipulates that the level of the variable slaughter
premium is to be fixed each week by the Commission
for each Member State concerned or, in the case of the
United Kingdom, for Great Britain;

Whereas Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2661/80
lays down that the amount to be charged on products
leaving the Member States concerned or, in the case of
the United Kingdom, Great Britain shall be fixed
weekly by the Commission for each Member State
concerned and in the case of the United Kingdom for
Great Britain;

Whereas it follows from the application of the rules
laid down in Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No
1837/80 and in Article 4 (1) and (3) of Regulation
(EEC) No 2661/80 that the variable slaughter premium
for sheep certified as eligible in the United Kingdom,
and the amounts to be charged on products leaving
Great Britain during the period 8 to 14 August 1983,
shall be as set out in the Annexes hereto;

Whereas it should be recalled that Commission Regu-
lation (EEC) No 3191/80 of 9 December 1980⁽⁵⁾, as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1267/83⁽⁶⁾,
fixed transitional measures concerning non-recovery of
the variable slaughter premium for sheepmeat and
goatmeat products exported from the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For sheep or sheepmeat certified in Great Britain as
eligible for the variable slaughter premium during the
period 8 to 14 August 1983, the level of the premium
shall be as set out in Annex I hereto.

Article 2

Without prejudice to the provisions of Regulation
(EEC) No 3191/80, for products referred to in Article 1
(a) of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80 which left Great
Britain during the period 8 to 14 August 1983, the
amounts to be charged shall be as set out in Annex II
hereto.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its
publication in the *Official Journal of the European
Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 8 August 1983.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 183, 16. 7. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 140, 20. 5. 1982, p. 22.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 276, 20. 10. 1980, p. 19.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 165, 24. 6. 1983, p. 23.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 332, 10. 12. 1980, p. 14.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1983, p. 59.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

Level of variable slaughter premium for certified sheep in Great Britain for the week commencing 8 August 1983

Description	Premium
Certified sheep or sheepmeat	149,612 ECU per 100 kilograms of estimated or actual dressed carcase weight ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Within the weight limits laid down by Great Britain.

ANNEX II

Amount to be charged for products leaving Great Britain during the week commencing 8 August 1983

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Charge
01.04 B	Live sheep and goats other than pure-bred breeding animals	Live weight
		70,318
		Net weight
02.01 A IV a)	Meat of sheep or goats, fresh or chilled :	
	1. Carcases or half-carcases	149,612
	2. Short forequarters	104,728
	3. Chines and/or best ends	164,573
	4. Legs	194,496
	5. Other :	
	aa) Unboned (bone-in)	194,496
02.01 A IV b)	bb) Boned or boneless	272,294
	Meat of sheep or goats, frozen :	
	1. Carcases or half-carcases	112,209
	2. Short forequarters	78,546
	3. Chines and/or best ends	123,430
	4. Legs	145,872
	5. Other :	
02.06 C II a)	aa) Unboned (bone-in)	145,872
	bb) Boned or boneless	204,220
	Meat of sheep or goats, salted in brine, dried or smoked :	
	1. Unboned (bone-in)	194,496
	2. Boned or boneless	272,294

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2473/83**of 31 August 1983****abolishing the countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2004/83⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2335/83 of 16 August 1983⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2385/83⁽⁴⁾, introduced a countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia;

Whereas for this product originating in Yugoslavia there were no prices for six consecutive working days;

whereas the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these plums originating in Yugoslavia can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2335/83 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 198, 21. 7. 1983, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 224, 17. 8. 1983, p. 16.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 233, 24. 8. 1983, p. 15.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2474/83

of 31 August 1983

introducing a countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in Poland

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2004/83⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1336/83 of 27 May 1983 fixing the reference prices for plums for the 1983 marketing year⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for class I, group I, at 60,17 ECU per 100 kilograms net for the month of August 1983;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties, and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3011/81⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into

consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for Polish plums of group I, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these plums;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 26,86 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to plums (subheading 08.07 D of the Common Customs Tariff), of varieties other than Altesse simple (common quetsche, Hauszwetschge), Reine-Claude d'Oullins (Oullins Gage), Sveskeblommer, Ruth Gerstetter, Ontario, Wangenheim (early Wangenheim quetsche), Pershore (Yellow Egg), Mirabelle and Bosniche, originating in Poland.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 September 1983.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 198, 21. 7. 1983, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 139, 28. 5. 1983, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 301, 22. 10. 1981, p. 18.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2475/83**of 31 August 1983****fixing the maximum export refund for white sugar for the seventh partial invitation to tender issued within the framework of the principal standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1880/83**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 19 (4) (b) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1880/83 of 8 July 1983 on a principal standing invitation to tender in order to determine levies and/or refunds on exports of white sugar⁽³⁾ requires partial invitations to tender to be issued for the export of this sugar;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1880/83, a maximum export refund shall be fixed, as the case may be, account being taken in particular of the state and foreseeable development of the Community and world markets in sugar, for the partial invitation to tender in question;

Whereas, following an examination of the tenders submitted in response to the seventh partial invitation

to tender, the provisions set out in Article 1 should be adopted;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The maximum export refund for the seventh partial invitation to tender for white sugar issued under Regulation (EEC) No 1880/83 is hereby fixed at 26,837 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 187, 12. 7. 1983, p. 5.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2476/83**of 31 August 1983****fixing the maximum export refund for raw sugar for the seventh partial invitation to tender issued within the framework of the principal standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1882/83**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 19 (4) (b) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1882/83 of 8 July 1983 on a principal standing invitation to tender in order to determine levies and/or refunds on exports of raw sugar⁽³⁾ requires partial invitations to tender to be issued for the export of this sugar;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1882/83, a maximum export refund shall be fixed, as the case may be, account being taken in particular of the state and foreseeable development of the Community and world markets in sugar, for the partial invitation to tender in question;

Whereas, following an examination of the tenders submitted in response to the seventh partial invitation

to tender, the provisions set out in Article 1 should be adopted;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The maximum export refund for the seventh partial invitation to tender for raw sugar issued under Regulation (EEC) No 1882/83 is hereby fixed at 24,690 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 187, 12. 7. 1983, p. 15.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2477/83
of 31 August 1983
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1789/83⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2449/83⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1789/83 to the information known to the Commission that the levies

at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

- ⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1983, p. 48.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 241, 31. 8. 1983, p. 16.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

<i>(ECU/100 kg)</i>		
CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form :	
	A. White sugar : flavoured or coloured sugar	32,53
	B. Raw sugar	27,79 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2478/83

of 31 August 1983

altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1451/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Greece⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the advice of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2422/83⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 414/83 of 21 February 1983⁽⁸⁾ amended Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75⁽⁹⁾ as regards products falling within sub-heading 23.02 A of the Common Customs Tariff;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1983.

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 30 August 1983;

Whereas the levy on the basic product as last fixed differs from the average levy by more than 3,02 ECU per tonne of basic product; whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74⁽¹⁰⁾ the levies at present in force must therefore be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products processed from cereals and rice covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 414/83, as fixed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2422/83 are hereby altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 291, 19. 11. 1979, p. 17.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 238, 27. 8. 1983, p. 11.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 51, 24. 2. 1983, p. 1.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 August 1983 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Import levies	
	Third countries (other than ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT
11.01 E I ⁽²⁾	85,11	79,07
11.01 E II ⁽²⁾	47,83	44,81
11.02 A V a) 1 ⁽²⁾	50,18	44,14
11.02 A V a) 2 ⁽²⁾	85,11	79,07
11.02 A V b) ⁽²⁾	47,83	44,81
11.02 B II c) ⁽²⁾	73,31	70,29
11.02 C V ⁽²⁾	73,31	70,29
11.02 D V ⁽²⁾	47,83	44,81
11.02 E II c) ⁽²⁾	85,11	79,07
11.02 F V ⁽²⁾	85,11	79,07
11.02 G II	38,99	32,95
11.04 C II a)	60,03	35,85 ⁽³⁾
11.04 C II b)	91,28	67,10 ⁽³⁾
11.08 A I	60,03	39,48
11.08 A IV	60,03	39,48
11.08 A V	60,03	19,74 ⁽³⁾
17.02 B II a) ⁽³⁾	148,21	51,49
17.02 B II b) ⁽³⁾	105,97	39,48
17.02 F II a)	150,66	53,94
17.02 F II b)	104,01	37,52
21.07 F II	105,97	39,48
23.03 A I	230,38	49,04

⁽²⁾ For the purpose of distinguishing between products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 and those falling within subheading 23.02 A, products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 shall be those meeting the following specifications:

- a starch content (determined by the modified Ewers polarimetric method), referred to dry matter, exceeding 45 % by weight,
- an ash content, by weight, referred to dry matter (after deduction of any added minerals), not exceeding 1,6 % for rice, 2,5 % for wheat, 3 % for barley, 4 % for buckwheat, 5 % for oats and 2 % for other cereals.

Germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground, falls in all cases within heading No 11.02.

⁽³⁾ Pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2730/75 the product falling within subheading 17.02 B I is subject to the same levy as products falling within subheading 17.02 B II.

⁽³⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80 the levy shall not be charged on the following products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States and in the overseas countries and territories:

- arrowroot falling within subheading 07.06 A,
- flours and meal of arrowroot falling within subheading 11.04 C,
- arrowroot starch falling within subheading 11.08 A V.

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± 350 pages.

Publication No CB-32-81-253-EN-C

ISBN 92-825-2432-9

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