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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2663/83**of 23 September 1983****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1451/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2157/83⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within

a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 22 September 1983;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2157/83 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 47.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 September 1983 fixing the import levies on cereals
and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	85,90
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	105,89 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
10.02	Rye	57,76 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	50,92
10.04	Oats	64,97
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	41,19 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	11,29 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	52,90 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	133,54
11.01 B	Rye flour	94,11
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	176,18
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	143,90

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2664/83

of 23 September 1983

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1451/82 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2158/83 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 % a rate of exchange based on their
central rate,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies in relation to the Community
currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
22 September 1983;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be
as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24
September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 50.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 September 1983 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)			
		Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0,75	0,75	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	3,67	3,67	4,61
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	5,90	5,90	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)				
		Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12	4th period 1
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	1,34	1,34	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	1,00	1,00	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	1,16	1,16	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2665/83

of 22 September 1983

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1245/83 fixing the monetary compensatory amounts with regard to the coefficients applicable to skimmed-milk powder sold under Regulations (EEC) No 368/77, (EEC) No 443/77 and (EEC) No 1844/77

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Article 1

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 of 12 May 1971 on certain measures of conjunctural policy to be taken in agriculture following the temporary widening of the margins of fluctuation for the currencies of certain Member States ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2025/83 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas the monetary compensatory amounts introduced by Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1245/83 of 20 May 1983 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2417/83 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas the monetary compensatory amounts for skimmed-milk powder purchased under the terms of Commission Regulations (EEC) No 368/77 ⁽⁵⁾, (EEC) No 443/77 ⁽⁶⁾ and (EEC) No 1844/77 ⁽⁷⁾ are worked out in the light of the minimum selling prices fixed by means of the tendering procedures or else resulting from the aid amounts fixed by means of these procedures;

Whereas over the last few weeks the prices of skimmed-milk powder purchased under the above-mentioned Regulations have increased; whereas the relevant coefficients should therefore be revised;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

The following changes are made to part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1245/83:

1. The second subparagraph of note ⁽¹⁾ shall read as follows:

'In intra-Community trade in skimmed-milk powder in the unaltered state sold under Regulations (EEC) No 368/77 (OJ No L 52, 24. 2. 1977) and (EEC) No 443/77 (OJ No L 58, 3. 3. 1977) the amount indicated shall be multiplied by the coefficient 0,18.'

2. The fourth subparagraph of note ⁽⁶⁾ shall read as follows:

'In intra-Community trade and trade with non-member countries the supplementary amounts specified above shall, if the products contain skimmed-milk powder purchased under the terms of Regulations (EEC) No 368/77 (OJ No L 52, 24. 2. 1977), (EEC) No 443/77 (OJ No L 58, 3. 3. 1977) and (EEC) No 1844/77 (OJ No L 205, 11. 8. 1977) and more than 9,0 grams of iron and/or 1,2 grams of copper per 100 kilograms, be multiplied by the coefficient 0,31.'

This provision shall apply to trade in products containing fish meal up to 31 December 1983.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 3 October 1983.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 199, 22. 7. 1983, p. 11.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 135, 23. 5. 1983, p. 3.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 239, 29. 8. 1983, p. 1.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 52, 24. 2. 1977, p. 19.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 58, 3. 3. 1977, p. 16.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 205, 11. 8. 1977, p. 11.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2666/83

of 22 September 1983

on the supply of various consignments of cereals and rice to the International Committee of the Red Cross as food aid

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1451/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1566/83⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 of 29 October 1975 fixing criteria for the mobilization of cereals intended as food aid⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 of 23 October 1962 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁸⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, on 29 July 1983, the Commission of the European Communities expressed its intention to

grant, under a Community measure, 5 343 tonnes of cereals for the International Committee of the Red Cross under its food-aid programme for 1983;

Whereas it is necessary to provide for the carrying out of this measure in accordance with the rules laid down by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1974/80 of 22 July 1980 laying down general implementing rules in respect of certain food-aid operations involving cereals and rice⁽⁹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3323/81⁽¹⁰⁾; whereas it is necessary to specify, for the purposes of the Community measures envisaged, the characteristics of the products to be supplied and the supply conditions which are set out in the Annexes to this Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The intervention agencies specified in the Annexes hereto shall implement the mobilization and supply procedures in accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1974/80 and with the conditions laid down in the Annexes hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 5.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 352, 14. 12. 1982, p. 1.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.
⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 192, 26. 7. 1980, p. 11.
⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 334, 21. 11. 1981, p. 27.

ANNEX Ia

1. **Programme :** 1983
2. **Recipient :** International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)
3. **Place or country of destination :** Gaza and Cis Jordan
4. **Product to be mobilized :** common wheat flour
5. **Total quantity :** 1 000 tonnes (1 370 tonnes of cereals)
6. **Number of lots :** one (in two parts : 500 tonnes — Gaza and 500 tonnes — Cis Jordan)
7. **Intervention agency responsible for conducting the procedure :**
VIB, Kouvenderstraat 229, NL-6430 AZ Hoensbroek (telex 56 396)
8. **Method of mobilizing the product :** intervention
9. **Characteristics of the goods :**
 - flour of fair and sound merchantable quality, free from abnormal smell and pests
 - moisture : 14 % maximum
 - protein content : 10,5 % minimum (N × 6,25 on dry matter)
 - ash content : 0,62 % maximum referred to dry matter
10. **Packaging :**
 - in new bags⁽¹⁾ (in 20-foot containers):
 - jute sacks lined with cotton sacks, of a minimum weight of 600 g, or
 - composite sacks jute/polypropylene of a minimum weight of 335 g
 - net weight of the bags : 50 kg
 - marking on the bags :
 - a red cross 15 × 15 cm followed by (in letters at least 5 cm high):
 - 500 tonnes — Gaza :
'ISR-22/G / WHEAT FLOUR / GIFT OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY / ACTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE RED CROSS / FOR FREE DISTRIBUTION'
 - 500 tonnes — Cis Jordan :
'ISR-22/WB / WHEAT FLOUR / GIFT OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY / ACTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE RED CROSS / FOR FREE DISTRIBUTION'
11. **Port of shipment :** a Community port
12. **Delivery stage :** cif
13. **Port of landing :** Ashdod
14. **Procedure to be applied in order to determine supply costs :** tendering
15. **Deadline for the submission of tenders :** 12 noon on 11 October 1983
16. **Shipment period :** 1 to 30 November 1983
17. **Security :** 12 ECU per tonne

⁽¹⁾ Since the goods may be rebagged, the successful tenderer must provide 2 % of empty bags of the same quality as those containing the goods, with the marking followed by a capital 'R'.

BILAG Ib — ANHANG Ib — ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ Ib — ANNEX Ib — ANNEXE Ib — ALLEGATO Ib — BIJLAGE Ib

Partiets nummer Nummer der Partie Αριθμός παρτίδων Number of lot Numéro du lot Numero della partita Nummer van de partij	Mængde (t) Menge (t) Τόνοι Tonnage Tonnage Tonnellaggio Hoeveelheid (t)	Lagerindehaverens navn og adresse Name und Adresse des Lagerhalters Όνομα και διεύθυνση εναποθηκευτού Address of store Nom et adresse du stockeur Nome e indirizzo del detentore Naam en adres van de depothouder	Lagerplads Ort der Lagerhaltung Τόπος αποθηκεύσεως Town at which stored Lieu de stockage Luogo di accantonamento Adres van de opslagplaats
1	1 370	Pand Latenstein BV Rotterdam	Rotterdam

ANNEX II

1. **Programme :** 1983
2. **Recipient :** International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)
3. **Place or country of destination :** Gaza and Cis Jordan
4. **Product to be mobilized :** milled long grain rice
5. **Total quantity :** 220 tonnes (638 tonnes of cereals)
6. **Number of lots :** one (in two parts: 110 tonnes — Gaza and 110 tonnes — Cis Jordan)
7. **Intervention agency responsible for conducting the procedure :**
Ente Nazionale Risi, piazza Pio XI, 1, I-Milano (telex 334 032)
8. **Method of mobilizing the product :** the Community market
9. **Characteristics of the goods :**
 - rice of fair and sound merchantable quality, free from abnormal smell and pests
 - moisture : 15 %
 - broken rice : 5 % maximum
 - chalky grains : 5 % maximum
 - grains striated with red : 3 % maximum
 - spotted grains : 1,5 % maximum
 - stained grains : 1 % maximum
 - yellow grains : 0,050 % maximum
 - amber grains : 0,20 % maximum
10. **Packaging :**
 - in bags⁽¹⁾ (in 20-foot containers)
 - quality of the bags : new jute bags ; minimum weight 600 g
 - net weight of the bags : 50 kg
 - marking on the bags :
 - a red cross 15 × 15 cm followed by (in letters at least 5 cm high):
 - 110 tonnes — Gaza :
'ISR-19/G / MILLED RICE / GIFT OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY / ACTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE RED CROSS / FOR FREE DISTRIBUTION'
 - 110 tonnes — Cis Jordan :
'ISR-19/WB / MILLED RICE / GIFT OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY / ACTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE RED CROSS / FOR FREE DISTRIBUTION'
11. **Port of shipment :** a Community port
12. **Delivery stage :** cif
13. **Port of landing :** Ashdod
14. **Procedure to be applied in order to determine supply costs :** tendering
15. **Deadline for the submission of tenders :** 12 noon on 10 October 1983
16. **Shipment period :** 1 to 30 November 1983
17. **Security :** 12 ECU per tonne

⁽¹⁾ Since the goods may be rebagged, the successful tenderer must provide 2 % of empty bags of the same quality as those containing the goods, with the marking followed by a capital 'R'.

ANNEX III

1. **Programme :** 1983
2. **Recipient :** International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)
3. **Place or country of destination :** the Philippines
4. **Product to be mobilized :** milled long grain rice
5. **Total quantity :** 650 tonnes (1 885 tonnes of cereals)
6. **Number of lots :** one
7. **Intervention agency responsible for conducting the procedure :**
Ente nazionale risi, piazza Pio XI, 1, I-Milano (telex 334 032)
8. **Method of mobilizing the product :** the Community market
9. **Characteristics of the goods :**
 - rice of fair and sound merchantable quality, free from abnormal smell and pests
 - moisture : 15 %
 - broken rice : 5 % maximum
 - chalky grains : 5 % maximum
 - grains striated with red : 3 % maximum
 - spotted grains : 1,5 % maximum
 - stained grains : 1 % maximum
 - yellow grains : 0,050 % maximum
 - amber grains : 0,20 % maximum
10. **Packaging :**
 - in bags⁽¹⁾ :
 - jute sacks lined with cotton sacks, of a minimum weight of 600 g, or
 - composite sacks jute/polypropylene of a minimum weight of 335 g
 - net weight of the bags : 50 kg
 - marking on the bags :
a red cross 15 × 15 cm followed by (in letters at least 5 cm high):
'PHL-20 / MILLED RICE / GIFT OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY /
ACTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE RED CROSS / FOR FREE
DISTRIBUTION'
11. **Port of shipment :** a Community port
12. **Delivery stage :** cif
13. **Port of landing :** Manila
14. **Procedure to be applied in order to determine supply costs :** tendering
15. **Deadline for the submission of tenders :** 12 noon on 10 October 1983
16. **Shipment period :** 1 to 30 November 1983
17. **Security :** 12 ECU per tonne
18. **At the request of the ICRC, the successful tenderer shall supply to the beneficiary on delivery, the following documents :**
 - certificate of origin
 - phytosanitary certificate
 - fumigation certificate
 - *pro forma* invoices

⁽¹⁾ Since the goods may be rebagged, the successful tenderer must provide 2 % of empty bags of the same quality as those containing the goods, with the marking followed by a capital 'R'.

ANNEX IV

1. **Programme :** 1983
2. **Recipient :** International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)
3. **Place or country of destination :** El Salvador
4. **Product to be mobilized :** milled long grain rice
5. **Total quantity :** 500 tonnes (1 450 tonnes of cereals)
6. **Number of lots :** one
7. **Intervention agency responsible for conducting the procedure :**
Ente nazionale Risi, piazza Pio XI, 1, I-Milano (telex 334 032)
8. **Method of mobilizing the product :** the Community market
9. **Characteristics of the goods :**
 - rice of fair and sound merchantable quality, free from abnormal smell and pests
 - moisture : 15 %
 - broken rice : 5 % maximum
 - chalky grains : 5 % maximum
 - grains striated with red : 3 % maximum
 - spotted grains : 1,5 % maximum
 - stained grains : 1 % maximum
 - yellow grains : 0,050 % maximum
 - amber grains : 0,20 % maximum
10. **Packaging :**
 - in bags ⁽¹⁾ :
 - quality of the bags : woven synthetic
 - net weight of the bags : 50 kg
 - marking on the bags :
a red cross 15 × 15 cm followed by (in letters at least 5 cm high) :
'ELS-29 / ARROZ / DONACIÓN DE LA COMUNIDAD ECONÓMICA EUROPEA /
ACCIÓN DEL COMITÉ INTERNACIONAL DE LA CRUZ ROJA / DESTINADO A LA
DISTRIBUCIÓN GRATUITA / ACAJUTLA'
11. **Port of shipment :** a Community port
12. **Delivery stage :** cif
13. **Port of landing :** Acajutla
14. **Procedure to be applied in order to determine supply costs :** tendering
15. **Deadline for the submission of tenders :** 12 noon on 10 October 1983
16. **Shipment period :** 1 to 30 November 1983
17. **Security :** 12 ECU per tonne
18. **At the request of the ICRC, the successful tenderer shall supply to the beneficiary on delivery, the following documents :**
 - certificate of origin
 - phytosanitary certificate
 - fumigation certificate (fumigation of rice using methyl bromide)
 - *pro forma* invoices, with the words :
'Los productos mencionados llegan a El Salvador como donativo al pueblo de este país. Según el acuerdo de sede firmado el 12 de septiembre de 1980 (Art. nº 11) el Gobierno autoriza su introducción libre de todo tipo de impuestos.'

⁽¹⁾ Since the goods may be rebagged, the successful tenderer must provide 2 % of empty bags of the same quality as those containing the goods, with the marking followed by a capital 'R'.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2667/83

of 23 September 1983

on the stopping of fishing for herring by vessels flying the flag of the United Kingdom

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2057/82 of 29 June 1982 establishing certain control measures for fishing activities by vessels of the Member States⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1729/83⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 198/83 of 25 January 1983 on fishing activities in waters under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of the Member States, adopted provisionally pending the fixing of TACs and quotas for 1983⁽³⁾, provides that until the Council takes a decision concerning TACs and quotas for 1983, vessels shall provisionally engage in fishing activities in keeping with the normal seasonal cycles and in accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 172/83⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, in order to ensure compliance with the provisions relating to the quantitative limitations on catches of stocks subject to quotas, it is necessary for the Commission to fix by Regulation the date by which catches made by vessels flying the flag of a Member State are deemed to have exhausted the quota allocated;

Whereas catches of herring in waters of ICES division VII a) (Mourne stock) by vessels flying the flag of the

United Kingdom have reached the quota provisionally allocated for 1983,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Catches of herring in ICES division VII a) (Mourne stock) by vessels flying the flag of the United Kingdom or registered in the United Kingdom are deemed to have exhausted the quota provisionally allocated to the United Kingdom for 1983.

Fishing for herring in ICES division VII a) (Mourne stock) by vessels flying the flag of the United Kingdom or registered in the United Kingdom is prohibited, as well as the retention on board, the transshipment and the landing of herring fished in this division by the abovementioned vessels after the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 September 1983.

For the Commission

Giorgios CONTOGEORGIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 220, 29. 7. 1982, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1983, p. 14.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 25, 27. 1. 1983, p. 32.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 24, 27. 1. 1983, p. 30.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2668/83**of 23 September 1983****fixing the import levies on live cattle and on beef and veal other than frozen**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68
of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the
market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by the Act
of Accession of Greece ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12
(8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on live cattle and on beef
and veal other than frozen were fixed by Regulation
(EEC) No 1714/83 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 2414/83 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1714/83 to the

quotations and other information known to the
Commission that the levies at present in force should
be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies on live cattle and on beef and veal
other than frozen shall be as specified in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 October
1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 291, 19. 11. 1979, p. 17.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1983, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 236, 26. 8. 1983, p. 38.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 September 1983 fixing the import levies on live cattle and on beef and veal other than frozen⁽¹⁾ for the period beginning 3 October 1983

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Yugoslavia ⁽²⁾	Austria/Sweden/ Switzerland	Other third countries
01.02 A II (a)	— Live weight —		
	50,185	18,613	114,422
	— Net weight —		
02.01 A II a) 1	95,352	35,364	217,401
02.01 A II a) 2	76,281	28,291	173,921
02.01 A II a) 3	114,422	42,438	260,882
02.01 A II a) 4 aa)	—	53,046	326,103
02.01 A II a) 4 bb)	—	60,678	373,015
02.06 C I a) 1	—	53,046	326,103
02.06 C I a) 2	—	60,678	373,015
16.02 B III b) 1 aa)	—	60,678	373,015

(¹) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80, levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories.

(²) This levy is applicable only to products complying with the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1725/80 (OJ No L 170, 3. 7. 1980, p. 4).

(a) The levy which is to be applied to young male bovine animals, intended for fattening, of a live weight of 300 kg or less, imported under the conditions set out in Article 13 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968, and in the provisions adopted for its application, is totally or partially suspended in accordance with those provisions.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2669/83
of 23 September 1983
fixing the import levies on frozen beef and veal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68
of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the
market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by the Act
of Accession of Greece ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12
(8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on frozen beef and veal
were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1715/83 ⁽³⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2415/83 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1715/83 to the

quotations and other information known to the
Commission that the levies should be altered to the
amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies on frozen beef and veal shall be as
set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 October
1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 291, 19. 11. 1979, p. 17.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1983, p. 28.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 236, 26. 8. 1983, p. 40.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 September 1983 fixing the import levies on frozen beef and veal ⁽¹⁾ for the period beginning 3 October 1983

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Levy
	— Net weight —
02.01 A II b) 1	199,878
02.01 A II b) 2	159,903 (a)
02.01 A II b) 3	249,848
02.01 A II b) 4 aa)	299,818
02.01 A II b) 4 bb) 11	249,848 (a)
02.01 A II b) 4 bb) 22 (b)	249,848 (a)
02.01 A II b) 4 bb) 33	343,791 (a)

(¹) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80, levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories.

(a) Where products are imported under the conditions set out in Article 14 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 and in provisions adopted for its application, the levy is totally or partially suspended in accordance with those provisions.

(b) Entry under this subheading is subject to the production of a certificate issued on conditions laid down by the competent authorities of the European Communities.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2670/83**of 23 September 1983****fixing the import levies on live sheep and goats and on sheepmeat and goatmeat
other than frozen meat**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1837/80 of 27 June 1980 on the common organization
of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat ⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1195/82 ⁽²⁾, and in
particular the first paragraph of Article 11 thereof,

Whereas the import levies on live sheep and goats and
on sheepmeat and goatmeat other than frozen meat
were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1252/83 ⁽³⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2393/83 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1252/83 to the

quotations and other information known to the
Commission that the levies at present in force should
be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies on live sheep and goats and on
sheepmeat and goatmeat other than frozen meat shall
be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 October
1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 183, 16. 7. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 140, 20. 5. 1982, p. 22.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1983, p. 23.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 234, 25. 8. 1983, p. 12.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 September 1983 fixing the import levies on live sheep and goats and on sheepmeat and goatmeat other than frozen meat

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Week No 27 from 3 to 9 October 1983	Week No 28 from 10 to 16 October 1983	Week No 29 from 17 to 23 October 1983	Week No 30 from 24 to 30 October 1983	Week No 31 from 31 October to 6 November 1983
01.04 B	67,036 ⁽¹⁾	67,036 ⁽¹⁾	67,036 ⁽¹⁾	67,036 ⁽¹⁾	68,235 ⁽¹⁾
02.01 A IV a) 1	142,630 ⁽²⁾	142,630 ⁽²⁾	142,630 ⁽²⁾	142,630 ⁽²⁾	145,180 ⁽²⁾
2	99,841 ⁽²⁾	99,841 ⁽²⁾	99,841 ⁽²⁾	99,841 ⁽²⁾	101,626 ⁽²⁾
3	156,893 ⁽²⁾	156,893 ⁽²⁾	156,893 ⁽²⁾	156,893 ⁽²⁾	159,698 ⁽²⁾
4	185,419 ⁽²⁾	185,419 ⁽²⁾	185,419 ⁽²⁾	185,419 ⁽²⁾	188,734 ⁽²⁾
5 aa)	185,419 ⁽²⁾	185,419 ⁽²⁾	185,419 ⁽²⁾	185,419 ⁽²⁾	188,734 ⁽²⁾
bb)	259,587 ⁽²⁾	259,587 ⁽²⁾	259,587 ⁽²⁾	259,587 ⁽²⁾	264,228 ⁽²⁾
02.06 C II a) 1	185,419	185,419	185,419	185,419	188,734
2	259,587	259,587	259,587	259,587	264,228

⁽¹⁾ The levy applicable is limited in the conditions laid down in Council Regulations (EEC) No 3019/81 and (EEC) No 3459/82 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 19/82.

⁽²⁾ The levy applicable is limited to the amount bound under GATT or in the conditions laid down in Council Regulations (EEC) No 3019/81, (EEC) No 1985/82 and (EEC) No 3459/82 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 19/82.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2671/83
of 23 September 1983
fixing the import levies on frozen sheepmeat and goatmeat

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1837/80 of 27 June 1980 on the common organization
of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1195/82⁽²⁾, and in
particular the first paragraph of Article 11 thereof,

Whereas the import levies on frozen sheepmeat and
goatmeat were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
1253/83⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
2394/83⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1253/83 to the

quotations and other information known to the
Commission that the levies should be altered to the
amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies on frozen sheepmeat and goatmeat
shall be set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 October
1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 183, 16. 7. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 140, 20. 5. 1982, p. 22.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1983, p. 26.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 234, 25. 8. 1983, p. 14.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 September 1983 fixing the import levies on frozen
sheepmeat and goatmeat

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Week No 27 from 3 to 9 October 1983 ⁽¹⁾	Week No 28 from 10 to 16 October 1983 ⁽¹⁾	Week No 29 from 17 to 23 October 1983 ⁽¹⁾	Week No 30 from 24 to 30 October 1983 ⁽¹⁾	Week No 31 from 31 October to 6 November 1983 ⁽¹⁾
02.01 A IV b) 1	106,973	106,973	106,973	106,973	108,885
2	74,881	74,881	74,881	74,881	76,220
3	117,670	117,670	117,670	117,670	119,774
4	139,065	139,065	139,065	139,065	141,551
5 aa)	139,065	139,065	139,065	139,065	141,551
bb)	194,691	194,691	194,691	194,691	198,171

⁽¹⁾ The levy applicable is limited to the amount bound under GATT or in the conditions laid down in Council Regulations (EEC) No 3019/81, (EEC) No 1985/82 and (EEC) No 3459/82 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 19/82.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2672/83**of 23 September 1983****altering the basic amount of the import levies on syrups and certain other products in the sugar sector**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on syrups and certain other sugar products were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2458/83⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2641/83⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2458/83 to the information known to the Commission that the basic

amount of the levy on syrups and certain other sugar products at present in force should be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The basic amounts of the import levy on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81, as fixed in the Annex to amended Regulation (EEC) No 2458/83, are hereby altered to the amounts shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 243, 1. 9. 1983, p. 19.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 261, 22. 9. 1983, p. 20.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 September 1983 altering the basic amount of the import levies on syrups and certain other products in the sugar sector

CCT heading No	Description	Basic amount per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question	Amount of levy per 100 kg of dry matter
17.02	Other sugars in solid form ; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter ; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey ; caramel : C. Maple sugar and other syrup D. Other sugars and syrups (other than lactose, glucose and malto-dextrine) : I. Isoglucose ex II. Other E. Artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey F. I. Caramelized sugar and molasses containing, in the dry state, 50 % or more by weight of sucrose	 0,3531 — 0,3531 0,3531 0,3531	 — 43,04 — — —
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included : F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups : III. Isoglucose IV. Other	 — 0,3531	 43,04 —

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2673/83
of 23 September 1983
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1789/83⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2656/83⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1789/83 to the information known to the Commission that the levies

at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

- ⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1983, p. 48.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 262, 23. 9. 1983, p. 19.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 23 September 1983 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form:	
	A. White sugar: flavoured or coloured sugar	35,31
	B. Raw sugar	30,81 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 %; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE

of 19 September 1983

on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to asbestos at work (second individual Directive within the meaning of Article 8 of Directive 80/1107/EEC)

(83/477/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 100 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the Council resolution of 29 June 1978 on an action programme of the European Communities on safety and health at work ⁽⁴⁾ provides for the establishment of specific harmonized procedures regarding the protection of workers with respect to asbestos;

Whereas Council Directive 80/1107/EEC of 27 November 1980 on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical, physical and biological agents at work ⁽⁵⁾ laid down certain provisions which have to be taken into account for this

protection; whereas that Directive provides for the laying down in individual Directives of limit values and specific requirements for those agents listed in Annex I, which include asbestos;

Whereas asbestos is a harmful agent found in a large number of circumstances at work; whereas many workers are therefore exposed to a potential health risk; whereas crocidolite is considered to be a particularly dangerous type of asbestos;

Whereas, although current scientific knowledge is not such that a level can be established below which risks to health cease to exist, a reduction in exposure to asbestos will nonetheless reduce the risk of developing asbestos-related disease; whereas this Directive includes minimum requirements which will be reviewed on the basis of experience acquired and of developments in technology in this area;

Whereas optical microscopy, although it does not allow a counting of the smallest fibres detrimental to health, is the most currently used method for the regular measuring of asbestos;

Whereas, therefore, preventive measures for the protection of the health of workers exposed to asbestos and the commitment envisaged for Member States with regard to the surveillance of their health are important,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 262, 9. 10. 1980, p. 7 and OJ No C 301, 18. 11. 1982, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 310, 30. 11. 1981, p. 43.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 125, 17. 5. 1982, p. 155.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 165, 11. 7. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 327, 3. 12. 1980, p. 8.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE :

Article 1

1. This Directive, which is the second individual Directive within the meaning of Article 8 of Directive 80/1107/EEC, has as its aim the protection of workers against risks to their health, including the prevention of such risks, arising or likely to arise from exposure to asbestos at work. It lays down limit values and other specific requirements.

2. This Decision shall not apply to :

- sea transport,
- air transport.

3. This Directive shall not prejudice the right of Member States to apply or introduce laws, regulations or administrative provisions ensuring greater protection for workers, in particular as regards the replacement of asbestos by less-dangerous substitutes.

Article 2

For the purposes of this Directive, 'asbestos' means the following fibrous silicates :

- Actinolite, CAS No 77536-66-4 (*)⁽¹⁾,
- Asbestos grünerite (amosite) CAS No 12172-73-5 (*)⁽¹⁾,
- Anthophyllite, CAS No 77536-67-5 (*)⁽¹⁾,
- Chrysotile, CAS No 12001-29-5⁽¹⁾,
- Crocidolite, CAS No 12001-28-4⁽¹⁾,
- Tremolite, CAS No 77536-68-6 (*)⁽¹⁾.

Article 3

1. This Directive shall apply to activities in which workers are or may be exposed in the course of their work to dust arising from asbestos or materials containing asbestos.

2. In the case of any activity likely to involve a risk of exposure to dust arising from asbestos or materials containing asbestos, this risk must be assessed in such a way as to determine the nature and degree of the workers' exposure to dust arising from asbestos or materials containing asbestos.

3. If the assessment referred to in paragraph 2 shows that the concentration of asbestos fibres in the air at the place of work in the absence of any individual protective equipment is, at the option of the Member States, at a level as measured or calculated in relation to an eight-hour reference period,

- lower than 0,25 fibre per cm³ and/or
- lower than a cumulative dose of 15,00 fibre-days per cm³ over three months,

Articles 4, 7, 13, 14 (2), 15 and 16 shall not apply.

4. The assessment provided for in paragraph 2 shall be the subject of consultation with the workers and/or their representatives within the undertaking or establishment and shall be revised where there is reason to believe that it is incorrect or there is a material change in the work.

Article 4

Subject to Article 3 (3), the following measures shall be taken :

1. The activities referred to in Article 3 (1) must be covered by a notification system administered by the responsible authority of the Member State.
2. The notification must be submitted by the employer to the responsible authority of the Member State, in accordance with national laws, regulations and administrative provisions. This notification must include at least a brief description of :
 - the types and quantities of asbestos used,
 - the activities and processes involved,
 - the products manufactured.
3. Workers and/or their representatives in undertakings or establishments shall have access to the documents which are the subject of notification concerning their own undertaking or establishment in accordance with national laws.
4. Each time an important change occurs in the use of asbestos or of materials containing asbestos, a new notification must be submitted.

Article 5

The application of asbestos by means of the spraying process must be prohibited.

Article 6

For all activities referred to in Article 3 (1), the exposure of workers to dust arising from asbestos or materials containing asbestos at the place of work must be reduced to as low a level as is reasonably practicable and in any case below the limit values laid down in Article 8, in particular through the following measures if appropriate :

1. The quantity of asbestos used in each case must be limited to the minimum quantity which is reasonably practicable.
2. The number of workers exposed or likely to be exposed to dust arising from asbestos or materials containing asbestos must be limited to the lowest possible figure.

⁽¹⁾ Number in the register of the Chemical Abstract Service (CAS).

3. Work processes must, in principle, be so designed as to avoid the release of asbestos dust into the air.

If this is not reasonably practicable, the dust should be eliminated as near as possible to the point where it is released.

4. All buildings and/or plant and equipment involved in the processing or treatment of asbestos must be capable of being regularly and effectively cleaned and maintained.
5. Asbestos as a raw material must be stored and transported in suitable sealed packing.
6. Waste must be collected and removed from the place of work as soon as possible in suitable sealed packing with labels indicating that it contains asbestos. This measure shall not apply to mining activities.

The waste referred to in the preceding paragraph shall then be dealt with in accordance with Council Directive 78/319/EEC of 20 March 1978 on toxic and dangerous waste ⁽¹⁾.

Article 7

Subject to Article 3 (3), the following measures shall be taken :

1. In order to ensure compliance with the limit values laid down in Article 8, the measurement of asbestos in the air at the place of work shall be carried out in accordance with the reference method described in Annex I or any other method giving equivalent results. Such measurement must be planned and carried out regularly, with sampling being representative of the personal exposure of the worker to dust arising from asbestos or materials containing asbestos.

For the purposes of measuring asbestos in the air, as referred to in the preceding paragraph, only fibres with a length of more than five micrometres and a length/breadth ratio greater than 3 : 1 shall be taken into consideration.

The Council, acting on a proposal from the Commission, and taking account in particular of progress made in scientific knowledge and technology and of experience gained in the application of this Directive, shall re-examine the provisions of the first sentence of paragraph 1 within five years following the adoption of this Directive, with a view to establishing a single method for measure-

ment of asbestos-in-air concentrations at Community level.

2. Sampling shall be carried out after consulting the workers and/or their representatives in undertakings or establishments.
3. Sampling shall be carried out by suitably qualified personnel. The samples taken shall be subsequently analyzed in laboratories equipped to analyze them and qualified to apply the necessary identification techniques.
4. The amount of asbestos in the air shall be measured as a general rule at least every three months and, in any case, whenever a technical change is introduced. The frequency of measurements may, however, be reduced in the circumstances specified in paragraph 5.
5. The frequency of measurements may be reduced to once a year where :
 - there is no substantial change in conditions at the place of work, and
 - the results of the two preceding measurements have not exceeded half the limit values fixed in Article 8.

Where groups of workers are performing identical or similar tasks at the same place and are thus being exposed to the same health risk, sampling may be carried out on a group basis.

6. The duration of sampling must be such that representative exposure can be established for an eight-hour reference period (one shift) by means of measurements or time-weighted calculations. The duration of the various sampling processes shall be determined also on the basis of point 6 of Annex I.

Article 8

The following limit values shall be applied :

- (a) concentration of asbestos fibres other than crocidolite in the air at the place of work :
1,00 fibres per cm³ measured or calculated in relation to an eight-hour reference period ;
- (b) concentration of crocidolite fibres in the air at the place of work :
0,50 fibres per cm³ measured or calculated in relation to an eight-hour reference period ;
- (c) concentration of asbestos fibres in the air at the place of work in the case of mixtures of crocidolite and other asbestos fibres :
the limit value is at a level calculated on the basis of the limit values laid down in (a) and (b), taking into account the proportions of crocidolite and other asbestos types in the mixture.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 84, 31. 3. 1978, p. 43.

Article 9

The Council, acting on a proposal from the Commission, shall, taking into account, in particular, progress made in scientific knowledge and technology and in the light of experience gained in applying this Directive, review the provisions laid down in Article 3 (3) and in Article 8 before 1 January 1990.

Article 10

1. Where the limit values laid down in Article 8 are exceeded, the reasons for the limits being exceeded must be identified and appropriate measures to remedy the situation must be taken as soon as possible.

Work may not be continued in the affected area until adequate measures have been taken for the protection of the workers concerned.

2. In order to check the effectiveness of the measures mentioned in the first subparagraph of paragraph 1, a further determination of the asbestos-in-air concentrations shall be carried out immediately.

3. Where exposure cannot reasonably be reduced by other means and where the wearing of individual respiratory protective equipment proves necessary, this may not be permanent and shall be kept to the strict minimum necessary for each worker.

Article 11

1. In the case of certain activities in respect of which it is foreseeable that the limit values laid down in Article 8 will be exceeded and in respect of which technical preventive measures for limiting asbestos-in-air concentrations are not reasonably practicable, the employer shall determine the measures intended to ensure protection of the workers while they are engaged in such activities, in particular the following:

- (a) workers shall be issued with suitable respiratory equipment and other personal protective equipment, which must be worn; and
- (b) warning signs shall be put up indicating that it is foreseeable that the limit values laid down in Article 8 will be exceeded.

2. The workers and/or their representatives in the undertaking or establishment shall be consulted on these measures before the activities concerned are carried out.

Article 12

1. A plan of work shall be drawn up before demolition work or work on removing asbestos and/or asbestos-containing products from buildings, structures, plant or installations or from ships is started.

2. The plan referred to in paragraph 1 must prescribe the measures necessary to ensure the safety and health of workers at the place of work.

The plan must in particular specify that:

- as far as is reasonably practicable, asbestos and/or asbestos-containing products are removed before demolition techniques are applied,
- the personal protective equipment referred to in Article 11 (1) (a) is provided, where necessary.

Article 13

1. In the case of all activities referred to in Article 3 (1), and subject to Article 3 (3), appropriate measures shall be taken to ensure that:

- (a) the places in which the above activities take place shall:
 - (i) be clearly demarcated and indicated by warning signs;
 - (ii) not be accessible to workers other than those who by reason of their work or duties are required to enter them;
 - (iii) constitute areas where there should be no smoking;
- (b) areas are set aside where workers can eat and drink without risking contamination by asbestos dust;
- (c)
 - (i) workers are provided with appropriate working or protective clothing;
 - (ii) this working or protective clothing remains within the undertaking. It may, however, be laundered in establishments outside the undertaking which are equipped for this sort of work if the undertaking does not carry out the cleaning itself; in that event the clothing shall be transported in closed containers;
 - (iii) separate storage places are provided for working or protective clothing and for street clothes;
 - (iv) workers are provided with appropriate and adequate washing and toilet facilities, including showers in the case of dusty operations;
 - (v) protective equipment shall be placed in a well-defined place and shall be checked and cleaned after each use; appropriate measures shall be taken to repair or replace defective equipment before further use.

2. Workers may not be charged with the cost of measures taken pursuant to paragraph 1.

Article 14

1. In the case of all activities referred to in Article 3 (1), appropriate measures shall be taken to ensure that workers and their representatives in the undertaking or establishment receive adequate information concerning :

- the potential risks to health from exposure to dust arising from asbestos or materials containing asbestos,
- the existence of statutory limit values and the need for the atmosphere to be monitored,
- hygiene requirements, including the need to refrain from smoking,
- the precautions to be taken as regards the wearing and use of protective equipment and clothing,
- special precautions designed to minimize exposure to asbestos.

2. In addition to the measures referred to in paragraph 1, and subject to Article 3 (3), appropriate measures shall be taken to ensure that :

- (a) workers and/or their representatives in the undertaking or establishment have access to the results of asbestos-in-air concentration measurements and can be given explanations of the significance of those results ;
- (b) if the results exceed the limit values laid down in Article 8 the workers concerned and their representatives in the undertaking or establishment are informed as quickly as possible of the fact and the reason for it and the workers and/or their representatives in the undertaking or establishment are consulted on the measures to be taken or, in an emergency, are informed of the measures which have been taken.

Article 15

Subject to Article 3 (3) the following measures shall be taken :

1. An assessment of each worker's state of health must be available prior to the beginning of exposure to dust arising from asbestos or materials containing asbestos at the place of work.

This assessment must include a specific examination of the chest. Annex II gives practical recommendations to which the Member States may refer for the clinical surveillance of workers ; these recommendations shall be adapted to technical progress in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 10 of Directive 80/1107/EEC.

A new assessment must be available at least once every three years for as long as exposure continues.

An individual health record shall be established in accordance with national laws and practices for each worker referred to in the first subparagraph.

2. Following the clinical surveillance referred to in point 1, the doctor or authority responsible for the medical surveillance of the workers should, in accordance with national laws, advise on or determine any individual protective or preventive measures to be taken ; these may include, where appropriate, the withdrawal of the worker concerned from all exposure to asbestos.
3. Information and advice must be given to workers regarding any assessment of their health which they may undergo following the end of exposure.
4. The worker concerned or the employer may request a review of the assessments referred to in point 2, in accordance with national laws.

Article 16

Subject to Article 3 (3) the following measures shall be taken :

1. The employer must enter the workers responsible for carrying out the activities referred to in Article 3 (1) in a register, indicating the nature and duration of the activity and the exposure to which they have been subjected. The doctor and/or the authority responsible for medical surveillance shall have access to this register. Each worker shall have access to the results in the register which relate to him personally. The workers and/or their representatives shall have access to anonymous, collective information in the register.
2. The register referred to in point 1 and the medical records referred to in point 1 of Article 15 shall be kept for at least 30 years following the end of exposure, in accordance with national laws.

Article 17

Member States shall keep a register of recognized cases of asbestosis and mesothelioma.

Article 18

1. Member States shall adopt the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive before 1 January 1987. They shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof. The date 1 January 1987 is, however, postponed until 1 January 1990 in the case of asbestos-mining activities.

2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

Done at Brussels, 19 September 1983.

Article 19

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

For the Council

The President

G. VARFIS

*ANNEX I***Reference method referred to in Article 7 (1) for the measurement of asbestos in air at the place of work**

1. Samples shall be taken within the individual worker's breathing zone : i.e. within a hemisphere of 300 mm radius extending in front of the face and measured from the mid-point of a line joining the ears.
2. Membrane filters (mixed esters of cellulose or cellulose nitrate) of pore size 0,8 to 1,2 micrometres with printed squares and a diameter of 25 mm shall be used.
3. An open-faced filter holder fitted with a cylindrical cowl extending between 33 and 44 mm in front of the filter exposing a circular area of at least 20 mm in diameter shall be used. In use, the cowl shall point downwards.
4. A portable battery-operated pump carried on the worker's belt or in a pocket shall be used. The flow shall be smooth and the rate initially set at 1,0 litres per minute $\pm 5\%$. The flow rate shall be maintained within $\pm 10\%$ of the initial rate during the sampling period.
5. The sampling time shall be measured to within a tolerance of 2 %.
6. The optimal fibre-loading on filters shall be within the range 100 to 400 fibres/mm².
7. In order of preference, the whole filter, or a section of the filter, shall be placed on a microscope slide, made transparent using the acetone-triacetin method, and covered with a glass coverslip.
8. A binocular microscope shall be used for counting and shall have the following features :
 - Koehler illumination,
 - its substage assembly shall incorporate an Abbe or achromatic phase-contrast condenser in a centring focusing mount. The phase-contrast centring adjustment shall be independent of the condenser centring mechanism,
 - a 40 times bar-focal positive phase-contrast achromatic objective with a numerical aperture of 0,65 to 0,70 and phase ring absorption within the range 65 to 85 %,
 - 12,5 times compensating eyepieces ; at least one eyepiece must permit the insertion of a graticule and be of the focusing type,
 - a Walton-Beckett circular eyepiece graticule with an apparent diameter in the object plane of 100 micrometres ± 2 micrometres, when using the specified objective and eyepiece, checked against a stage micrometer.
9. The microscope shall be set up according to the manufacturer's instructions, and the detection limit checked using a 'phase-contrast test slide'. Up to code 5 on the AIA test slides or up to block 5 on the HSE/NPL mark 2 test slide must be visible when used in the way specified by the manufacturer. This procedure shall be carried out at the beginning of the day of use.
10. Samples shall be counted in accordance with the following rules :
 - a countable fibre is any fibre referred to in the second subparagraph of point 1 of Article 7 which does not touch a particle with a maximum diameter greater than three micrometers,
 - any countable fibre with both ends within the graticule area shall be counted as one fibre ; any fibre with only one end within the area shall count as half,
 - graticule areas for counting shall be chosen at random within the exposed area of the filter,
 - an agglomerate of fibres which at one or more points on its length appears solid and undivided but at other points is divided into separate strands (a split fibre) is counted as a single fibre if it conforms with the description in the second subparagraph of point 1 of Article 7 and indent 1 of this paragraph, the diameter measured being that of the undivided part, not that of the split part,

- in any other agglomerate of fibres in which individual fibres touch or cross each other (a bundle), the fibres shall be counted individually if they can be distinguished sufficiently to determine that they conform with the description in the second subparagraph of point 1 of Article 7 and indent 1 of this paragraph. If no individual fibres meeting the definition can be distinguished, the bundle is considered to be a countable fibre if, taken as a whole, it conforms with the description in the second subparagraph of point 1 of Article 7 and indent 1 of this paragraph,
 - if more than one-eighth of a graticule area is covered by an agglomerate of fibres and/or particles, the graticule area must be rejected and another counted,
 - 100 fibres shall be counted, which will enable a minimum of 20 graticule areas to be examined, or 100 graticule areas shall be examined.
11. The mean number of fibres per graticule is calculated by dividing the number of fibres counted by the number of graticule areas examined. The effect on the count of marks on the filter and contamination shall be kept below three fibres/100 graticule areas and shall be assessed using blank filters.

Concentration in air = (number per graticule area × exposed area of filter) / (graticule area × volume of air collected).

ANNEX II

Practical recommendations for the clinical assessment of workers, as referred to in Article 15 (1).

1. Current knowledge indicates that exposure to free asbestos fibres can give rise to the following diseases :
 - asbestosis,
 - mesothelioma,
 - bronchial carcinoma,
 - gastro-intestinal carcinoma.
2. The doctor and/or authority responsible for the medical surveillance of workers exposed to asbestos must be familiar with the exposure conditions or circumstances of each worker.
3. Clinical surveillance of workers should be carried out in accordance with the principles and practices of occupational medicine ; it should include at least the following measures :
 - keeping records of a worker's medical and occupational history,
 - a personal interview,
 - a clinical examination of the chest,
 - a respiratory function examination.

Further examinations, including a standard format radiograph of the chest and laboratory tests such as a sputum cytology test, are desirable. These examinations should be decided upon for each worker when he is the subject of medical surveillance, in the light of the most recent knowledge available to occupational medicine.

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE

of 19 September 1983

amending for the fifth time (asbestos) Directive 76/769/EEC on the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations

(83/478/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 100 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the use of asbestos and certain products containing it can release, to the detriment of human health, fibres and dusts which can cause asbestosis and cancer;

Whereas prevention is the best way of protecting human health;

Whereas a very effective way of protecting human health and the environment is to prohibit the use of certain fibres, such as crocidolite (blue asbestos), which according to some scientific sources are particularly dangerous;

Whereas, however, there is at present no possibility of a total ban on crocidolite; whereas it would be unreasonable to suggest that all products containing it should be withdrawn from the market in view of the fact that the handling of these products for the purpose of withdrawing or destroying them would be a source of danger to human health, because fibres would be released in the process;

Whereas certain products containing crocidolite such as seals and asbestos-cement pipes or torque converters

cannot wholly be replaced in the near future at Community level by substitutes with at least equivalent properties;

Whereas it is necessary to provide for special labelling indicating the risks involved in using products containing asbestos fibres;

Whereas the labelling of these products is subject in some Member States to regulations which differ as to the conditions for marketing;

Whereas this Directive restricts the placing on the market and use of crocidolite and products containing crocidolite fibres;

Whereas restrictions on the placing on the market and use of other asbestos fibres and of products containing those fibres may further increase protection of human health; whereas, pending Community provisions on such restrictions, harmonization measures relating to those fibres or products are confined to provisions relating to labelling;

Whereas it is necessary to review periodically the exemption system laid down in this Directive in the light of technical and scientific progress and taking into account the possibility of substituting less-dangerous substances for crocidolite, with a view to making appropriate amendments where necessary;

Whereas prohibitions on certain asbestos fibres and the various provisions on labelling imposed by certain Member States affect the functioning of the common market; whereas it is therefore necessary to approximate the relevant laws, regulations and administrative provisions in the Member States and to amend accordingly the Annex to Directive 76/769/EEC ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Directive 83/264/EEC ⁽⁵⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

The Annex to Directive 76/769/EEC shall become Annex I.

Article 2

The following point 5 is hereby added to Annex I to Directive 76/769/EEC:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 78, 28. 3. 1980, p. 10.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 125, 17. 5. 1982, p. 159.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 331, 17. 12. 1980, p. 5.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 262, 27. 9. 1976, p. 201.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 147, 6. 6. 1983, p. 9.

'5. Asbestos fibres

- 5.1. Crocidolite
CAS No 12001-28-4 (*)

- 5.1. The placing on the market and use of this fibre and of products containing it shall be prohibited.

Each Member State may, however, allow products containing this fibre to be placed on the market until 30 June 1988, provided that they have been manufactured before 1 January 1986.

Each Member State may also be exempt from the prohibition on use of products containing this fibre provided that they have been manufactured, placed on the market or used before 1 January 1986.

Without prejudice to the provisions contained in other Community Directives, Member States may also exclude from this prohibition the products below, including fibres and semi-finished products essential to their manufacture :

- (a) asbestos-cement pipes ;
- (b) acid and temperature-resisting seals, gaskets, gland packings and flexible compensators ;
- (c) torque converters.

- 5.2. All asbestos fibres :
Crocidolite, CAS No 12001-28-4
Chrysotile, CAS No 12001-29-5
Amosite, CAS No 12172-73-5
Anthophyllite, CAS No 77536-67-5
Actinolite, CAS No 77536-66-4
Tremolite, CAS No 77536-68-6

- 5.2. Without prejudice to point 5.1, the placing on the market and the use of products containing these fibres may be permitted only if the products bear a label in accordance with the provisions of Annex II.

(*) Number in the register of the Chemical Abstract Service.'

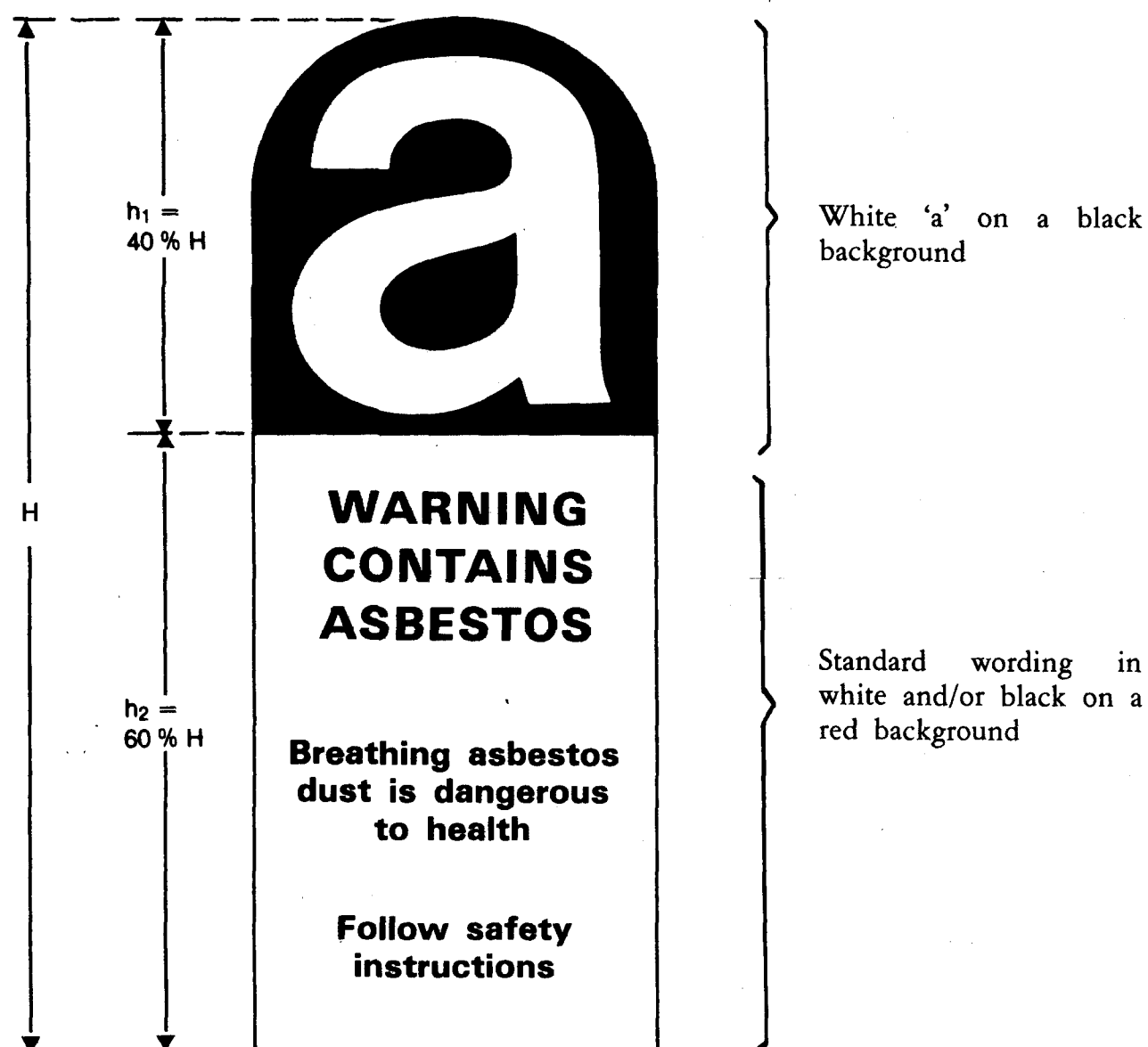
Article 3

The following Annex II is hereby added to Directive 76/769/EEC :

*'ANNEX II***Special provisions on the labelling of products containing asbestos**

1. All products containing asbestos or the packaging thereof shall bear the label defined as follows :
 - (a) the label conforming to the specimen below shall be at least 5 cm high (H) and 2,5 cm wide ;
 - (b) it shall consist of two parts :
 - the top part ($h_1 = 40 \% H$) shall include the letter 'a' in white, on a black background,
 - the bottom part ($h_2 = 60 \% H$) shall include the standard wording in white and/or black, on a red background, and shall be clearly legible ;
 - (c) if the product contains crocidolite, the words 'contains asbestos' used in the standard wording shall be replaced by 'contains crocidolite/blue asbestos'.

Member States may exclude from the provision of the first subparagraph hereof products intended to be placed on the market in their territory. The labelling of these products must however bear the wording 'contains asbestos' ;



(d) if labelling takes the form of direct printing on the products, a single colour contrasting with the background colour is sufficient.

2. The label mentioned in this Annex shall be affixed in accordance with the following rules :

- (a) on each of the smallest units supplied ;
- (b) if a product has asbestos-based components, it is sufficient for these components only to bear the label. The labelling may be dispensed with if smallness of size or unsuitability of packaging make it impossible for a label to be affixed to the component.

3. *Labelling of packaged products containing asbestos*

3.1. The following particulars shall appear on clearly legible and indelible labelling on the packaging of packaged products containing asbestos :

- (a) the symbol and relevant indications of danger in accordance with this Annex ;
- (b) safety instructions which must be selected in accordance with the particulars in this Annex, inasmuch as they are relevant for the particular product.

Where additional safety information is provided on the packaging, this shall not weaken or contradict the particulars given in accordance with (a) and (b).

3.2. Labelling in accordance with 3.1 shall be effected by means of :

- a label firmly affixed to the packaging, or
- a (tie-on) label securely attached to the package, or
- direct printing of the packaging.

- 3.3. Products containing asbestos and which are packaged only in loose plastic wrapping or the like shall be regarded as packaged products and shall be labelled in accordance with 3.2. If products are separated from such packages and placed on the market unpackaged, each of the smallest units supplied shall be accompanied by labelling particulars in accordance with 3.1.
4. *Labelling of unpackaged products containing asbestos*
- For unpackaged products containing asbestos, labelling in accordance with 3.1 shall be effected by means of:
- a label firmly affixed to the product containing asbestos,
 - a (tie-on) label securely attached to such product,
 - direct printing on the products,
- or, if the abovementioned is not reasonably practicable as in the case of, for example, smallness of size of the product, the unsuitable nature of the product's properties or certain technical difficulties by means of a hand-out with labelling in accordance with 3.1.
5. Without prejudice to Community provisions on safety and hygiene at work, the label affixed to the product which may, in the context of its use, be processed or finished, should be accompanied by any safety instructions which may be appropriate for the product concerned, and in particular by the following:
- operate if possible out of doors or in a well-ventilated place,
 - preferably use hand tools or low-speed tools equipped, if necessary, with an appropriate dust-extraction facility. If high-speed tools are used, they should always be equipped with such a facility,
 - if possible, dampen before cutting or drilling,
 - dampen dust and place it in a properly closed receptacle and dispose of it safely.
6. The labelling of any product intended for domestic use which is not covered by 5 and which is likely, during use, to release asbestos fibres should, if necessary, contain the following safety instruction: 'replace when worn'.
7. Member States may make the placing on the market in their territory of products containing asbestos subject to the use of their official language or languages on the labelling.

Article 4

1. Member States shall bring into force the provisions necessary to comply with this Directive within 30 months of its notification⁽¹⁾. They shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof.
2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

Article 5

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 September 1983.

For the Council

The President

G. VARFIS

⁽¹⁾ This Directive was notified to the Member States on 21 September 1983.

