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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2679/84**of 21 September 1984****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2221/84⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient

provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 974/71, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 20 September 1984;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2221/84 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 22 September 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 September 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 205, 1. 8. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 21 September 1984 fixing the import levies on cereals
and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	61,19
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	103,85 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
10.02	Rye	73,15 ⁽³⁾
10.03	Barley	63,61
10.04	Oats	34,28
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	34,48 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	0 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	78,00 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D I	Triticale	⁽⁷⁾
10.07 D II	Canary seed; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	98,95
11.01 B	Rye flour	115,70
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	174,14
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	106,55

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within subheading 10.07 D I (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2680/84**of 21 September 1984****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2222/84⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient

provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC)
No 974/71, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 855/84,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent and the aforesaid coeffi-
cient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
20 September 1984;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be
as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 22
September 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 21 September 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 205, 1. 8. 1984, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 21 September 1984 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)			
		Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	5,67	5,67	1,67
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	14,01	14,01	16,88
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)				
		Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12	4th period 1
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2681/84

of 18 September 1984

imposing a provisional anti-dumping duty on imports of pentaerythritol originating in Canada and accepting an undertaking given in connection with the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of pentaerythritol originating in Sweden and terminating that proceeding

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84 of 23 July 1984 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, and in particular Articles 10 and 11 thereof,

After consultation within the Advisory Committee as provided for under the above Regulation,

Whereas :

A. Procedure

(1) In February 1984 the Commission received a supplementary complaint from the European Council of Chemical Manufacturers' Federations (CEFIC) on behalf of the producers representing all Community production of pentaerythritol in which it was requested to extend the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of pentaerythritol originating in Spain to include imports of this product originating in Canada and Sweden.

(2) The complaint contained evidence of dumping and material injury therefrom, which was considered sufficient to justify the extension of the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of pentaerythritol originating in Spain.

The Commission accordingly announced by a notice published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽²⁾ the extension of the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports into the Community of pentaerythritol falling within subheading ex 29.04 C I of the Common Customs Tariff, corresponding to NIMEXE code 29.04-66, to include works originating in Canada and Sweden.

(3) The Commission officially advised the exporters and importers known to be concerned, the repre-

sentatives of the exporting countries and the complainants and gave the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to request a hearing.

(4) All of the known exporters made their views known in writing and have been granted a hearing. With regard to the importers the Commission received information from the following companies :

- Ernst Jäger, Fabrik Chemischer Rohstoffe GmbH, Düsseldorf, Federal Republic of Germany,
- Usvico SpA, Milan, Italy.

(5) Furthermore, submissions were made on behalf of two users of the product concerned in the Community.

(6) The Commission sought and verified all information it deemed to be necessary for the purposes of a preliminary determination and carried out investigations at the premises of the following companies :

- *EEC producers* :
 - Degussa AG, Frankfurt, Federal Republic of Germany,
 - Montedison-Resem, Castellanza, Italy ;
- *non-EEC exporters* :
 - Celanese Canada Inc., Canada and its subsidiary Celanese AG, Baar, Switzerland,
 - Perstorp Chemicals, Perstorp, Sweden ;
- *EEC importers* :
 - KWR Chemicals, London, United Kingdom,
 - Chimilux, Paris, France.

(7) The Commission also requested and received information from ICI Ltd, United Kingdom, who had stopped manufacturing the product concerned in the course of 1983.

(8) The investigation of dumping covered the following periods :

- with regard to imports originating in Canada :
1 January 1983 to 31 January 1984,
- with regard to imports originating in Sweden :
1 March 1983 to 29 February 1984.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 201, 30. 7. 1984, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 72, 13. 3. 1984, p. 2.

B. Normal value

- (9) Normal value was provisionally determined on the basis of the domestic prices of the Canadian and Swedish producers, who exported to the Community and who provided sufficient evidence concerning their sales to unrelated customers on their domestic market.

C. Export prices**(a) Canada**

- (10) Since all exports to the Community were made through Celanese AG, Switzerland, who purchased the product concerned from Celanese Canada Inc., its parent company, and who resold it to customers in the Community, the export prices were constructed on the basis of the prices at which the imported product was sold by Celanese AG to independent buyers in the Community.

(b) Sweden

- (11) Export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid for the product sold for export to the Community.

D. Comparison**(a) Canada**

- (12) In comparing normal value with export prices the Commission took account, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability resulting from differences in conditions and terms of sale, such as delivery and handling costs in the Community, customs duty, discounts and commissions, insurance, freight, warehousing, palletizing and payment terms.

Account was also taken of a reasonable margin for overheads and profit at Celanese AG.

- (13) All comparisons were made at ex-works level.

(b) Sweden

- (14) In comparing the normal value with export prices the Commission took account, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability resulting from differences in conditions and terms of sale, such as discounts and commissions, insurance, freight, customs clearance costs and payment terms.

- (15) All comparisons were made at ex-works level.

E. Margin

- (16) The above preliminary determination of the facts shows the existence of dumping in respect of the

Canadian and Swedish exporters, the margin of dumping being equal to the amount by which the normal value as established exceeds the price for export to the Community. The weighted average margins amount to 71,9 and 3,6 % respectively.

F. Injury

- (17) With regard to the injury caused by the dumped imports the evidence available to the Commission shows that imports of pentaerythritol into the Community from Spain, Canada and Sweden increased from 13 071 tonnes in 1980 to 15 166 tonnes in 1982 which represents an increase of 16,0 % and to 16 785 tonnes in 1983 which represents a further increase of 10,7 %.

- (18) The market share held by the product concerned originating in Spain, Canada and Sweden increased from 26,9 % in 1980 to 31,7 % in 1982 and remained almost stable in 1983.

- (19) The consequent impact on the Community industry has been a reduction of their sales in the EEC, which decreased from 31 442 tonnes in 1980 to 29 877 tonnes in 1982 representing a decrease of 5 %. In 1983 the total Community sales of the product concerned increased to 33 575 tonnes. Despite this increase in 1983, the market share of the Community producers shows a decrease from 64,6 % in 1980 to 62,8 % in 1983, as opposed to the increased market share held by the dumped imports (see recital 18). Furthermore, production by Community producers, which may also have been affected by the development of consumption in the Community, dropped from 50 931 tonnes in 1980 to 45 247 tonnes in 1983, representing a decrease of 11,2 %. With regard to the capacity utilization of the Community producers, it decreased from 82 % in 1980 to 73 % in 1982; the increase of their capacity utilization to 85 % in 1983 is mainly due to the plant closure of a former Community producer in the same year.

- (20) With regard to the development of the sales' prices of the Community producers it has been established that a significant price depression has taken place on their main markets in the Community, particularly in the period 1982 to 1983.

- (21) With regard to the development of the profitability of the Community producers, it has been established that the profits realized in 1980 and 1981 by the main Community producer turned into significant losses in 1982 and 1983 and that the profits realized by the other Community producer dropped significantly between 1980 and 1983.

(22) The Commission has considered whether injury has been caused by other facts such as the development of consumption in the Community. It has been established that the consumption showed an irregular development, but that the share of the market held by the Community producers dropped, whereas the share of the market held by dumped imports increased (see recitals 18 and 20). Furthermore, one of the exporters concerned disputed strongly that the plant closure of one of the main producers of pentaerythritol in the Community in April 1983 was caused by the dumped imports, but argued that it was due to its outdated technology. Although it may be true that this producer may not have had the most efficient technology, it considered building a new plant, but decided not to do so, because of the depressed market prices of the product concerned. Therefore, the Commission determined that the effect of all the dumped imports of pentaerythritol originating in Spain, Canada and Sweden taken in isolation, have to be considered as constituting material injury to the Community industry concerned.

G. Community interest

- (23) In view of the particularly serious difficulties facing the Community industry, the Commission has come to the conclusion that it is in the Community's interests that action be taken.
- (24) In order to prevent further injury being caused during the remainder of the proceeding and in view of the high level of the dumping margin with regard to imports of the product concerned originating in Canada (see recital 16), the action should take the form of a provisional anti-dumping duty with regard to imports from Canada.
- (25) Since the dumping margin with regard to imports of pentaerythritol originating in Sweden is lower than the dumping margin established with regard to imports originating in Spain in respect of which an undertaking has been accepted⁽¹⁾, it was considered reasonable and appropriate to give the Swedish exporter concerned the opportunity to offer a price undertaking.

H. Undertaking

- (26) The Swedish exporter was informed of the main findings of the preliminary investigation and

commented on them. Subsequently, he offered a satisfactory price undertaking of which the effect is that the import prices to the Community of pentaerythritol originating in Sweden have been increased.

- (27) In these circumstances, the undertaking offered is considered acceptable and the proceeding with regard to imports of pentaerythritol originating in Sweden, therefore, be terminated without the imposition of an anti-dumping duty.
- (28) No objection to this course was raised in the Advisory Committee.

I. Rate of duty

- (29) Having regard to the extent of injury caused, the rate of the provisional anti-dumping duty with regard to imports of pentaerythritol originating in Canada should be less than the dumping margin provisionally established but adequate to remove the injury caused.
- (30) Having taken into account, on the one hand, the selling price necessary to provide an adequate profit to Community producers and, on the other hand, the purchase price of Community importers, the Commission determined the amount of duty necessary to eliminate the injury to be 15 %.
- (31) The Canadian exporter was informed of the main findings of the preliminary investigation and commented on them. Furthermore, he was informed of the Commission's intention to impose a provisional anti-dumping duty of 15 %.
- (32) A period should be fixed within which the parties concerned may make their views known and request an oral hearing.
- (33) No objection to this course was raised in the Advisory Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. A provisional anti-dumping duty is hereby imposed on imports of pentaerythritol originating in Canada and falling within subheading ex 29.04 C I of the Common Customs Tariff, corresponding to NIMEXE code 29.04-66.

2. The duty shall be equal to 15 % on the price per tonne net, free-at-Community-frontier, before duty.

⁽¹⁾ Commission Decision 84/187/EEC (OJ No L 88, 31. 3. 1984, p. 74).

3. The free-at-Community-frontier prices shall be net if the conditions of sale provide for payment within 30 days from the date of shipment. They shall be increased or reduced by 1 % for each increase or decrease of one month in the period for payment.

4. The provisions in force concerning customs duties shall apply.

5. The release for free circulation in the Community of the product referred to in paragraph 1 shall be subject to the provisions of a security, equivalent to the amount of the provisional duty.

Article 2

Without prejudice to Article 7 (4) (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84, the parties concerned by the provisional anti-dumping duty imposed by Article 1 may make known their views and apply to be heard orally by the Commission within one month of the entry into force of this Regulation.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 September 1984.

Article 3

The undertaking given by Perstorp AB, Perstorp, Sweden, in connection with the anti-dumping proceeding concerning pentaerythritol originating in Sweden and falling within subheading ex 29.04 C I of the Common Customs Tariff, corresponding to NIMEXE code 29.04-66, is hereby accepted.

Article 4

The anti-dumping proceeding referred to in Article 3 is hereby terminated.

Article 5

1. This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

2. Subject to Articles 11, 12 and 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84, Articles 1 and 2 of this Regulation shall apply for a period of four months, unless the Council adopts definitive measures before the expiry of that period.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HA FERKAMP

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2682/84

of 21 September 1984

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1443/82 laying down detailed rules for the application of the quota system in the sugar sector and Regulation (EEC) No 787/83 on communications in the sugar sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 28 (7) and 39 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1443/82⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 434/84⁽⁴⁾, lays down specific time limits for establishing and paying advances on production levies and the balance of levies for each marketing year; whereas, to achieve a closer correspondence between the collection of this revenue in connection with a given budget year on the one hand and expenditure for the related marketing year on the other, provision should be made to bring forward by four weeks the payment by producers of the balances due on their levies; whereas the date for payment of advance instalments on levies by the same producers should also be altered; whereas bringing forward the time limit for payment of the balance requires an amendment to Regulation (EEC) No 787/83⁽⁵⁾ on communications;

Whereas the Management Committee for Sugar has not delivered an opinion with the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1443/82 is hereby amended as follows:

1. In Article 5 (3), '1 May' is replaced by '1 June'.
2. In Article 5 (4), '1 May' is replaced by '1 June'.
3. In Article 7 (1), '1 November' is replaced by '15 October'.
4. In the first subparagraph of Article 7 (2), '15 December' is replaced by '1 November'.
5. In the second subparagraph of Article 7 (2), '15 January' is replaced by '15 December'.

Article 2

In Article 9 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 787/83, '10 October' is replaced by '5 October'.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 September 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 158, 9. 6. 1982, p. 17.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 51, 22. 2. 1984, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 88, 6. 4. 1983, p. 6.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2683/84**of 21 September 1984****concerning the stopping of fishing for cod by vessels flying the flag of the Netherlands**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2057/82 of 29 June 1982 establishing certain control measures for fishing activities by vessels of the Member States ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1729/83 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 320/84 of 31 January 1984 fixing, for certain fish stocks and groups of fish stocks occurring in the Community's fishing zone, provisional total allowable catches for 1984, the provisional share of these catches available to the Community, the allocation of that share between the Member States and the conditions under which the total allowable catches may be fished ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2305/84 ⁽⁴⁾, provides for cod quotas for 1984;

Whereas, in order to ensure compliance with the provisions relating to the quantitative limitations on catches of stocks subject to quotas, it is necessary for the Commission to fix the date by which catches made by vessels flying the flag of a Member State are deemed to have exhausted the quota allocated;

Whereas, according to the information communicated to the Commission, catches of cod in waters of ICES

division III a (Skagerrak) by vessels flying the flag of the Netherlands or registered in the Netherlands, have reached the quota allocated for 1984; whereas the Netherlands have prohibited fishing for this stock as from 23 September 1984; whereas it is therefore necessary to abide by that date,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Catches of cod in the waters of ICES division III a (Skagerrak) by vessels flying the flag of the Netherlands or registered in the Netherlands are deemed to have exhausted the quota allocated to the Netherlands for 1984.

Fishing for cod in the waters of ICES division III a (Skagerrak) by vessels flying the flag of the Netherlands or registered in the Netherlands is prohibited, as well as the retention on board, the transshipment and the landing of such fish by the abovementioned vessels after the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the 23 September 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 September 1984.

For the Commission

Giorgios CONTOGEORGIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 220, 29. 7. 1982, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1983, p. 14.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 37, 8. 2. 1984, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 213, 9. 8. 1984, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2684/84**of 21 September 1984****altering the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the
fourth sentence of the second subparagraph of Article
16 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules
for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for
fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the corrective amount applicable to the
refund on cereals was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2676/84 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward
delivery prices, taking foreseeable developments on the

market into account, the corrective amount at present
applicable to the refund on cereals should be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of
Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, fixed in the Annex to
Regulation (EEC) No 2676/84, which is applicable to
the export refunds fixed in advance in respect of
cereals, is hereby altered to the amounts set out in the
Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 22
September 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 21 September 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 253, 21. 9. 1984, p. 29.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 21 September 1984 altering the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

(ECU / tonne)								
CCT heading No	Description	Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12	4th period 1	5th period 2	6th period 3
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin : Other, for exports to :							
	— China	0	+ 4,57	+ 1,14	— 1,71	— 4,28	— 6,85	— 9,42
	— other third countries	0	— 2,57	— 5,14	— 7,71	— 10,28	— 12,85	— 15,42
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.05 B	Maize other than hybrid maize for sowing	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11.01 A	Common wheat flour	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.01 B	Rye flour	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	0	0	0	0	0	—	—

N. B. The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3634/83 (OJ No L 360, 23. 12. 1983).

