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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 574/85

of 6 March 1985

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/84⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient

provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 974/71⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84⁽⁷⁾,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 5 March 1985;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 3131/84 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 March 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 293, 10. 11. 1984, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 March 1985 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)
		Levies
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	64,83
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	100,50 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	74,60 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	69,58
10.04	Oats	49,01
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	59,26 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	62,22 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	64,13 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D I	Triticale	(7)
10.07 D II	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁷⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	105,74
11.01 B	Rye flour	119,42
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	169,44
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	112,02

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within subheading 10.07 D I (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 575/85

of 6 March 1985

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2222/84⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient

provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC)
No 974/71⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 855/84⁽⁷⁾,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coeffi-
cient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
5 March 1985;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be
as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 March
1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 205, 1. 8. 1984, p. 4.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 March 1985 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)					
CCT heading No	Description	Current 3	1st period 4	2nd period 5	3rd period 6
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	10,31	10,31	10,31
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0,74
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	3,68	3,68	3,68
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	7,26	7,26	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	23,27	23,27	23,27
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)						
CCT heading No	Description	Current 3	1st period 4	2nd period 5	3rd period 6	4th period 7
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 576/85

of 6 March 1985

fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1025/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 11 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides for charging an import levy on paddy rice, husked rice, semi-milled rice, wholly milled rice and broken rice; whereas in the case of husked rice, wholly milled rice and broken rice, the levy is equal to the difference between the threshold price and the cif price; whereas, in the case of paddy rice and semi-milled rice, the levy should be derived from the levies applicable to the corresponding husked rice and wholly milled rice;

Whereas the threshold prices for husked rice, wholly milled rice and broken rice were fixed for the 1984/85 marketing year by Regulation (EEC) No 1549/84 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas, for the purpose of calculating cif prices, the Commission must take account of the factors indicated in Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 and in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71 of 26 July 1971 laying down detailed rules for fixing cif prices and levies on rice and broken rice and the corrective amounts relating thereto ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2117/80 ⁽⁵⁾, and in particular the most favourable purchasing opportunities on the world market which are sufficiently representative of the real trend of the market, account being taken in particular of the need to prevent sudden variations likely to cause abnormal disturbances on the Community market; whereas the quality of the goods offered must also be taken into account, whether this quality as fixed in Regulation (EEC) No 1423/76 ⁽⁶⁾, or whether adjustments need to be made by applying the corrective amounts provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71;

Whereas, furthermore, in the case of round grain and long grain husked rice and round grain and long grain

wholly milled rice, the cif price is calculated on the basis of quotations or prices on the world market relating, for each type of rice, to the products specified in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71; whereas, for this calculation, the conversion rates resulting from Commission Regulation No 467/67/EEC of 21 August 1967 fixing the conversion rates, the processing costs and the value of the by-products for the various stages of rice processing ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1548/84 ⁽⁸⁾, should be used where appropriate;

Whereas, when these conversions are being effected, the Commission must take account of the fact that certain offers are for rice containing a higher percentage of broken rice than that allowed for in the standard quality fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1423/76 and, in that case, must adjust the offers so as to conform with the value of one kilogram of broken rice fixed by Regulation No 467/67/EEC; whereas no adjustment is made, however, if the prices for husked rice and semi-milled or wholly milled rice taken into consideration are lower than those provided for in the last subparagraph of Article 4 of Regulation No 467/67/EEC;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71 requires the Commission to take account of the fact that certain offers are for delivery cost and freight or relate to a product put up in bags and, if this is the case, to adjust such offers by applying the rates or amounts fixed by the abovementioned Regulation to make the offers comparable to offers for delivery cif or relating to a product presented in bulk;

Whereas the cif price is calculated for Rotterdam on the basis of the abovementioned factors, offers made for other ports being adjusted, account being taken of the corrections necessitated by the difference in transport charges in relation to Rotterdam;

Whereas, if the conditions provided for in Article 1 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1613/71 obtain, the cif price may be calculated on the basis of offers for delivery during the following month or may be retained unaltered for a limited period;

Whereas, in order that account may be taken of the interests of the African, Caribbean and Pacific States and of the overseas countries and territories, the levy relating to them must, pursuant to Regulation (EEC)

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 13.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 148, 5. 6. 1984, p. 17.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 28.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 206, 8. 8. 1980, p. 15.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 20.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 204, 24. 8. 1967, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 148, 5. 6. 1984, p. 16.

No 486/85 ⁽¹⁾, be reduced by a fixed amount and by an amount corresponding to 50 % of the levy relating to third countries; whereas the levy must be further reduced in the case of semi-milled and wholly milled rice; whereas the charging of this levy is subject to conditions, some of which are set out in Articles 10 and 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 and in Regulation (EEC) No 551/85 ⁽²⁾;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1423/76 ⁽³⁾ determined the standard qualities for rice and broken rice;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 20 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76, the nomenclature provided for in this Regulation is incorporated in the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas levies are fixed once a week and are altered in the intervening period to take account of variations in threshold prices or in the factors used to determine cif prices; whereas, in the case of husked rice, wholly milled rice and broken rice, the levies are altered only if variations in the factors used to calculate the levy entail an increase or a reduction of at least 1,21 ECU per tonne in the amount of the levy in force;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on

their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84 ⁽⁵⁾,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas it follows from applying all the abovementioned provisions that the levies should be fixed as set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 March 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 61, 1. 3. 1985, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 63, 2. 3. 1985, p. 10.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 March 1985 fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)	
		Third countries ⁽³⁾	ACP or OCT ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 10.06	Rice :		
	B. Other :		
	I. Paddy rice ; husked rice :		
	a) Paddy rice :		
	1. Round grain	232,35	112,57
	2. Long grain	221,13	106,96
	b) Husked rice :		
	1. Round grain	290,44	141,62
	2. Long grain	276,41	134,60
	II. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :		
	a) Semi-milled rice :		
	1. Round grain	301,57	138,86
	2. Long grain	501,03	238,63
	b) Wholly milled rice :		
	1. Round grain	321,17	148,23
	2. Long grain	537,11	256,20
	III. Broken rice	45,73	19,86

⁽¹⁾ Subject to the application of the provisions of Articles 10 and 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 and of Regulation No 551/85.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Réunion is specified in Article 11a of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 577/85

of 6 March 1985

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1025/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2505/84 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 518/85 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84 ⁽⁶⁾,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 March 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 13.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 234, 1. 9. 1984, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 62, 1. 3. 1985, p. 8.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 March 1985 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)			
		Current 3	1st period 4	2nd period 5	3rd period 6
ex 10.06	Rice :				
	B. Other				
	I. Paddy rice ; husked rice :				
	a) Paddy rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Husked rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	II. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :				
	a) Semi-milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Wholly milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	III. Broken rice	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 578/85**of 5 March 1985****establishing unit values for the determination of the customs value of certain perishable goods**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1577/81 of 12 June 1981 establishing a system of simplified procedures for the determination of the customs value of certain perishable goods ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1012/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

Whereas Article 1 of that Regulation provides that the Commission shall periodically establish unit values for the products referred to in the classification in the Annex ;

Whereas the result of applying the rules and criteria laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 1577/81 to the elements communicated to the Commission in accor-

dance with Article 1 (2) of that Regulation is that the unit values set out in the Annex to this Regulation should be established in regard to the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The unit values provided for in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1577/81 are hereby established as set out in the table in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 March 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 March 1985.

For the Commission

COCKFIELD

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 154, 13. 6. 1981, p. 26.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 101, 13. 4. 1984, p. 25.

ANNEX

Code	NIMEXE code	CCT heading No	Description	Amount of unit values per 100 kg net							
				Bfrs/Lfrs	Dkr	DM	FF	£ Irl	Lit	Fl	£
1.10	07.01-13 07.01-15	07.01 A II	New potatoes	1 873	332,18	92,97	283,86	29,85	57 602	105,04	25,79
1.12	ex 07.01-21 ex 07.01-22	ex 07.01 B I	Broccoli	7 349	1 303,17	364,75	1 113,61	117,11	225 976	412,10	101,19
1.14	07.01-23	07.01 B II	White cabbages and red cabbages	804	144,90	39,53	121,24	12,90	24 246	44,59	10,52
1.16	ex 07.01-27	ex 07.01 B III	Chinese cabbage	2 456	435,53	121,90	372,18	39,14	75 524	137,73	33,82
1.20	07.01-31 07.01-33	07.01 D I	Cabbage lettuce	5 497	974,65	272,80	832,88	87,58	169 010	308,21	75,68
1.22	ex 07.01-36	ex 07.01 D II	Endives	2 118	375,56	105,12	320,93	33,75	65 124	118,76	29,16
1.28	07.01-41 07.01-43	07.01 F I	Peas	4 511	799,84	223,87	683,50	71,87	138 697	252,93	62,11
1.30	07.01-45 07.01-47	07.01 F II	Beans (of the species Phaseolus)	11 015	1 953,15	546,68	1 669,05	175,52	338 686	617,64	151,66
1.32	ex 07.01-49	ex 07.01 F III	Broad beans	2 519	446,64	125,01	381,67	40,13	77 450	141,24	34,68
1.40	ex 07.01-54	ex 07.01 G II	Carrots	2 257	400,27	112,03	342,05	35,97	69 409	126,57	31,08
1.50	ex 07.01-59	ex 07.01 G IV	Radishes	5 323	943,94	264,21	806,64	84,82	163 685	298,50	73,30
1.60	07.01-63	ex 07.01 H	Onions (other than sets)	829	147,07	41,16	125,68	13,21	25 503	46,51	11,42
1.70	07.01-67	ex 07.01 H	Garlic	4 987	884,25	247,50	755,63	79,46	153 334	279,62	68,66
1.74	ex 07.01-68	ex 07.01 IJ	Leeks	1 178	209,81	58,49	179,09	18,79	36 143	66,24	16,21
1.80		07.01 K	Asparagus :								
1.80.1	ex 07.01-71		— green	40 284	7 142,72	1 999,25	6 103,78	641,88	1 238 584	2 258,75	554,66
1.80.2	ex 07.01-71		— other	16 094	2 853,54	798,70	2 438,48	256,43	494 819	902,38	221,58
1.90	07.01-73	07.01 L	Artichokes	3 598	637,99	178,57	545,19	57,33	110 632	201,75	49,54
1.100	07.01-75 07.01-77	07.01 M	Tomatoes	3 203	567,90	158,95	485,30	51,03	98 478	179,59	44,10
1.110	07.01-81 07.01-82	07.01 P I	Cucumbers	3 413	605,21	169,40	517,18	54,38	104 947	191,38	46,99
1.112	07.01-85	07.01 Q II	Chantarelles	39 816	7 113,98	1 966,27	6 023,74	633,12	1 211 715	2 215,74	516,49
1.118	07.01-91	07.01 R	Fennel	3 560	631,27	176,69	539,45	56,72	109 465	199,62	49,02
1.120	07.01-93	07.01 S	Sweet peppers	3 086	547,25	153,17	467,65	49,17	94 895	173,05	42,49
1.130	07.01-97	07.01 T II	Aubergines	3 530	626,03	175,22	534,97	56,25	108 558	197,97	48,61
1.140	07.01-96	07.01 T I	Vegetable marrows (including courgettes)	2 633	466,90	130,68	398,99	41,95	80 963	147,65	36,25
1.150	ex 07.01-99	ex 07.01 T III	Celery stalks and leaves	2 267	401,95	112,50	343,49	36,12	69 701	127,11	31,21
1.160	ex 07.06-90	ex 07.06 B	Sweet potatoes, fresh, whole	3 810	675,53	189,08	577,27	60,70	117 140	213,62	52,45
2.10	08.01-31	ex 08.01 B	Bananas, fresh	2 942	521,79	146,05	445,89	46,89	90 481	165,00	40,51
2.20	ex 08.01-50	ex 08.01 C	Pineapples, fresh	2 786	495,52	138,83	424,30	44,67	85 463	157,07	38,82
2.30	ex 08.01-60	ex 08.01 D	Avocados, fresh	5 595	992,09	277,68	847,78	89,15	172 033	313,73	77,03
2.40	ex 08.01-99	ex 08.01 H	Mangoes and guavas, fresh	12 650	2 242,98	627,81	1 916,73	201,56	388 945	709,30	174,17
2.50		08.02 A I	Sweet oranges, fresh :								
2.50.1	08.02-02 08.02-06 08.02-12 08.02-16		— Sanguines and semi-sanguines	2 718	482,07	134,93	411,95	43,32	83 594	152,44	37,43

Code	NIMEXE code	CCT heading No	Description	Amount of unit values per 100 kg net							
				Bfrs/Lfrs	Dkr	DM	FF	£ Irl	Lit	Fl	£
2.50.2	08.02-03 08.02-07 08.02-13 08.02-17		— Navels, Navelines, Navelates, Salustianas, Vernas, Valencia lates, Maltese, Shamoutis, Ovalis, Trovita and Hamlins	2 468	437,69	122,51	374,02	39,33	75 897	138,41	33,98
2.50.3	08.02-05 08.02-09 08.02-15 08.02-19		— others	1 237	220,26	61,41	188,01	19,72	37 944	69,53	17,02
2.60		ex 08.02 B	Mandarins including tangerines and satsumas, fresh, clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids, fresh :								
2.60.1	08.02-29	ex 08.02 B II	— Monreales and satsumas	872	155,28	43,29	132,55	13,90	26 750	49,02	11,99
2.60.2	08.02-31	ex 08.02 B II	— Mandarins and wilkings	773	137,48	38,51	117,72	12,39	23 711	43,58	10,77
2.60.3	08.02-28	08.02 B I	— Clementines	3 039	538,83	150,82	460,46	48,42	93 437	170,39	41,84
2.60.4	08.02-34 08.02-37	ex 08.02 B II	— Tangerines and others	3 773	669,09	187,28	571,77	60,12	116 025	211,59	51,95
2.70	ex 08.02-50	ex 08.02 C	Lemons, fresh	2 848	505,10	141,38	431,63	45,39	87 588	159,73	39,22
2.80		ex 08.02 D	Grapefruit, fresh :								
2.80.1	ex 08.02-70		— white	2 370	420,22	117,62	359,09	37,76	72 868	132,88	32,63
2.80.2	ex 08.02-70		— pink	4 587	813,46	227,68	695,14	73,10	141 058	257,24	63,16
2.81	ex 08.02-90	ex 08.02 E	Limes and limettes	9 966	1 767,07	494,60	1 510,04	158,80	306 419	558,80	137,22
2.90	08.04-11 08.04-19 08.04-23	08.04 A I	Table grapes	6 757	1 198,17	335,37	1 023,89	107,67	207 769	378,90	93,04
2.95	08.05-50	08.05 C	Chestnuts	4 573	813,35	227,87	696,44	73,32	140 278	257,81	63,72
2.100	08.06-13 08.06-15 08.06-17	08.06 A II	Apples	3 123	553,73	154,99	473,19	49,76	96 020	175,10	42,99
2.110	08.06-33 08.06-35 08.06-37 08.06-38	08.06 B II	Pears	3 786	671,38	187,92	573,72	60,33	116 421	212,31	52,13
2.120	08.07-10	08.07 A	Apricots	9 283	1 651,13	462,59	1 413,82	148,84	284 770	523,38	129,36
2.130	ex 08.07-32	ex 08.07 B	Peaches	6 823	1 209,80	338,62	1 033,83	108,72	209 786	382,58	93,94
2.140	ex 08.07-32	ex 08.07 B	Nectarines	12 828	2 274,51	636,63	1 943,68	204,40	394 413	719,27	176,62
2.150	08.07-51 08.07-55	08.07 C	Cherries	2 803	504,88	137,76	422,46	44,97	84 480	155,38	36,68
2.160	08.07-71 08.07-75	08.07 D	Plums	6 640	1 177,36	329,54	1 006,11	105,80	204 161	372,32	91,42
2.170	08.08-11 08.08-15	08.08 A	Strawberries	14 064	2 493,76	698,00	2 131,03	224,10	432 431	788,60	193,65
2.175	08.08-35	08.08 C	Fruit of the species Vaccinium myrtillus	3 329	591,82	163,87	502,64	52,82	101 773	184,63	43,45
2.180	08.09-11	ex 08.09	Water melons	540	96,52	26,68	81,73	8,59	16 441	30,06	7,00
2.190		ex 08.09	Melons (other than water melons :								
2.190.1	ex 08.09-19		— elongated	4 273	757,71	212,08	647,50	68,09	131 391	239,61	58,83
2.190.2	ex 08.09-19		— other	5 994	1 062,81	297,48	908,22	95,51	184 297	336,09	82,53
2.195	ex 08.09-90	ex 08.09	Pomegranates	6 647	1 178,59	329,89	1 007,16	105,91	204 375	372,71	91,52
2.200	ex 08.09-90	ex 08.09	Kiwis	15 038	2 666,39	746,32	2 278,55	239,61	462 366	843,19	207,05
2.202	ex 08.09-90	ex 08.09	Khakis	4 647	824,07	230,66	704,21	74,05	142 899	260,60	63,99
2.203	ex 08.09-90	ex 08.09	Lychees	12 078	2 141,49	599,40	1 830,00	192,44	371 346	677,21	166,29

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 579/85

of 5 March 1985

amending quantitative limits fixed for imports of certain textile products
(category 100) originating in Czechoslovakia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
3589/82 of 23 December 1982 on common rules for
imports of certain textile products originating in third
countries⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
3762/83⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9 (2) thereof,

Whereas, under Article 9 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No
3589/82, quantitative limits may be increased where it
appears that additional imports are required;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Textile
Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The quantitative limits for textile products originating
in Czechoslovakia, as fixed in Annex III to Regulation
(EEC) No 3589/82, are hereby amended as laid down
in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 5 March 1985.

For the Commission

Willy DE CLERCQ

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 374, 31. 12. 1982, p. 106.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1983, p. 1.

ANNEX

Cate- gory	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1985)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December 1985
100	59.08	59.08-10, 51, 61, 71, 79	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artifi- cial plastic materials	Czecho- slovakia	UK	Tonnes	69 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Of which 50 tonnes reserved exclusively for imports of 'phenol resin impregnated textile fabrics' (covered by NIMEXE code 59.08-10).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 580/85**of 6 March 1985****amending Regulation (EEC) No 354/85 opening a standing invitation to tender
for the sale of olive oil held by the Italian intervention agency**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC
of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a
common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 231/85 ⁽²⁾,
and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 354/85 ⁽³⁾
opened a standing invitation to tender for the sale on
the internal market of a certain quantity of olive oil
held by the Italian intervention agency;

Whereas the state of the market in olive oil is at
present favourable for the sale of an additional quan-
tity of certain quantities of olive oil already put up for
sale;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 354/85 the
following paragraph is hereby added:

'The following supplementary quantities are added
to the quantities mentioned above for the second
series of offers:

— approximately 6 000 tonnes of residue oil.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its
publication in the *Official Journal of the European
Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 26, 31. 1. 1985, p. 12.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 41, 12. 2. 1985, p. 6.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 581/85

of 6 March 1985

on payment of provisional financial compensation for dried grapes from the 1983 harvest and reduction of storage aid for such products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 516/77 of 14 March 1977 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 988/84⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2194/81 of 27 July 1981 laying down the general rules for the system of production aid for dried figs and dried grapes⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2057/84⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 14 thereof,

Whereas Article 10 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2194/81 provides for financial compensation for dried figs and dried grapes purchased by storage agencies; whereas Article 9 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2425/81 of 20 August 1981 laying down detailed rules for the application of the system of aid for dried grapes and dried figs⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3334/83⁽⁶⁾, provides for the payment of financial compensation for the quantity of products sold;

Whereas the quantity remaining in stock attracts a storage aid pursuant to Article 10 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2194/81; whereas the storage aid covers the technical storage costs and interest costs calculated on the purchase price; whereas the dried fruit from the 1983 harvest can not be sold for human consumption; whereas the selling price of the products is known to be lower than the purchase price; whereas payment of provisional financial compensation corresponding to that price difference would reduce the expenditure on storage aid; whereas the price difference can be estimated on the basis of past experience;

Whereas payment of provisional financial compensation must be calculated on the quantities of products

which are actually in stock; whereas stocktaking must be carried out; whereas for administrative reasons the quantities of products which are already sold but not taken over by the purchaser should not obtain provisional financial compensation;

Whereas stocktaking will make it possible to determine losses during storage; whereas financial compensation for natural losses as referred to in Article 2 (2) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1325/84 of 14 May 1984 laying down detailed rules for determining the financial compensation for dried figs and dried grapes for a given marketing year⁽⁷⁾ should become payable after stocktaking and an application for financial compensation for losses due to too long a period of storage should be examined;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Products Processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Storage agencies shall undertake a physical stocktaking of the quantities of dried grapes and dried figs bought in pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2194/81 during the marketing year 1983/84 which are in stock on 30 April 1985 at 12 midnight (local time).

2. In respect of dried grapes and dried figs bought in during the marketing year 1983/84, storage agencies shall communicate to the competent authorities not later than 15 May 1985:

- (a) the total quantities of dried fruit bought in;
- (b) the quantity referred to in paragraph 1 broken down into:
 - (i) dried grapes already sold but not taken over by the purchaser,
 - (ii) dried grapes which are not yet sold, and
 - (iii) dried figs;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 73, 21. 3. 1977, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 103, 16. 4. 1984, p. 11.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 214, 1. 8. 1981, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 191, 19. 7. 1984, p. 4.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 240, 24. 8. 1981, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 330, 26. 11. 1983, p. 18.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 129, 15. 5. 1984, p. 13.

- (c) any quantity covered by Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1325/84;
- (d) the quantity lost during storage broken down according to Article 2 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1325/84.

The particulars shall be broken down according to category.

Article 2

1. For the quantity of dried grapes referred to in Article 1 (2) (b) (ii), the competent authorities shall, after verification of the particulars referred to in Article 1 (2), pay a provisional financial compensation of 127 ECU per 100 kilograms net.

This amount shall be weighted by the coefficient applicable to the minimum price payable to the producer and, where applicable, adjusted in accordance with Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1325/84.

2. By way of derogation from Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1325/84 the storage agency may, in the communication referred to in Article 1 (2), apply for financial compensation pursuant to Article 2 (2) and (4) of that Regulation.

Article 3

For the quantity referred to in Article 1 (2) (b) (ii):

- (a) the storage aid provided for in Article 10 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2194/81 is, with effect from 1 May 1985, hereby fixed for each week of storage at 0,047 ECU per 100 kilograms for sultanas of category 4;
- (b) financial compensation to be paid in accordance with Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 2425/81 and Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1325/84 shall be reduced by the provisional amount paid pursuant to this Regulation.

Article 4

Member States shall communicate to the Commission, not later than 1 June 1985, the total quantity referred to in Article 1 (2) broken down as provided for in that paragraph.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 582/85

of 6 March 1985

amending for the seventh time Regulation (EEC) No 2108/83, and for the first time Regulation (EEC) No 3649/84 as regards the list of storage agencies holding dried grapes from the 1982 harvest

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1603/83 of 14 June 1983 laying down special measures for the disposal of dried grapes and dried figs held by storage agencies ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3489/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 1 (5) thereof,

Whereas dried grapes from the 1982 harvest are to be sold for specific uses pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3649/84 ⁽³⁾ and (EEC) No 2108/83 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3648/84 ⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the storage agencies where the dried grapes are stored are listed in Annex I of these Regulations; whereas these lists are not complete; whereas the missing storage agencies omitted should be added to the lists;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management

Committee for Products Processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Under 'A. Dried grapes' in Annex I of Regulation (EEC) No 3649/84 and (EEC) No 2108/83 the following shall be added:

- '11. ASO, Patras, Greece
12. Enosis Georgicon Sineterismon Zakynthos, Zakynthos, Greece
13. Enosis Georgicon Sineterismon Ilias — Olympias, Pyrgos, Greece.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 159, 17. 6. 1983, p. 5.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 327, 14. 12. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 335, 22. 12. 1984, p. 61.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 204, 28. 7. 1983, p. 41.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 335, 22. 12. 1984, p. 60.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 583/85**of 6 March 1985****amending Regulation (EEC) No 2793/77 on detailed rules of application for granting special aid for skimmed milk for use as feed for animals other than young calves**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2793/77 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3345/84 ⁽⁴⁾, fixes the level of special aid for skimmed milk and skimmed-milk powder for use as feed for animals other than young calves and the maximum selling price to be applied by dairies; whereas the situation on the market has developed in such a way that there is clear need to adapt the amounts of aid and the maximum selling price;

Whereas the implementation of a system to regulate production of milk and milk products by the application of the additional levy laid down in Article 5c of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 should contribute in the near future to a significant reduction of the imbalance observed in this sector; whereas, moreover, the budgetary costs of the special aid arrangements under Regulation (EEC) No 2793/77 are high; whereas, therefore, in respecting the obligation to publish an appropriate notice within the meaning of Article 1 (5), the maintenance of these arrangements should no longer be

guaranteed after the 1985/86 and 1986/87 marketing years;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2793/77 is hereby amended as follows:

1. In Article 1 (2):
 - '9,5 ECU per 100 kilograms' in the first indent is replaced by '10,6 ECU per 100 kilograms',
 - '95 ECU per 100 kilograms' in the second indent is replaced by '106 ECU per 100 kilograms'
2. Article 1 (5) is repealed as from the beginning of the 1987/88 marketing year.
3. In the first indent of Article 3 (1) (c), '3,38 ECU per 100 kilograms' is replaced by '2,28 ECU per 100 kilograms'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 March 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 321, 16. 12. 1977, p. 30.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 312, 30. 11. 1984, p. 15.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 584/85**of 6 March 1985****providing for the 1984/85 wine year, for the distillation of table wine referred to in Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 of 5 February 1979 on the common organization of the market in wine ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3685/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 6 (3), 15 (9) and 65 thereof,

Whereas Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 provides that in years during which the distillation referred to in Article 41 is decided on, support distillation must be introduced as soon as the said measure enters into force ;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 148/85 ⁽³⁾ provided, in respect of the 1984/85 wine year, that the distillation referred to in Article 41 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 should be introduced ; whereas the distillation provided for in Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must, therefore, be introduced ;

Whereas, if this measure is to make an effective contribution to the improvement of market conditions, it is necessary to introduce distillation for all table wines ; whereas, however, the minimum buying-in prices for the wines delivered for distillation are fixed at a percentage of the guide prices for the various types of table wine ; whereas it is therefore necessary also to define the table wines which have a close economic relationship with each type of table wine ;

Whereas, given the lack of a Commission definition of rosé wine and for the sake of clarity, it should be made clear that rosé table wines are treated as red table wines because of the close economic relationship between them ;

Whereas Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 lays down that only those producers who have complied with certain obligations for a reference period to be determined may qualify for intervention measures ; whereas, pursuant to Article 16 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2461/84 ⁽⁴⁾ and Article 13 of

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2462/84 ⁽⁵⁾, the reference period for intervention measures in the 1984/85 wine year is the period 1 September 1983 to 31 July 1984 ;

Whereas, in view of the improvement in market conditions which is expected to result from the application, during the marketing year in question, of the distillation measure provided for in Article 41 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79, the overall quantity of table wine which may be distilled under support distillation arrangements should be limited to 2,5 million hl and the total quantity of table wine for which each producer may submit one or more delivery contracts or declarations for approval by the intervention agency should be limited to an appropriate percentage of the quantity of table wine which he has produced during the 1984/85 wine year ; whereas the quantity of table wine produced to which the said percentage is applied should be that shown in the production declaration provided for in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2102/84 of 13 July 1984 on harvest, production and stock declarations relating to wine-sector products ⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2459/84 ⁽⁷⁾, and in the records provided for in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1153/75 of 30 April 1975 prescribing the form of accompanying documents for wine products and specifying the obligations of wine producers and traders other than retailers ⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3203/80 ⁽⁹⁾ ;

Whereas, in certain Member States where wine is produced directly from grapes by the growers, it is possible to determine the quantities eligible for distillation by reference to the area utilized ; whereas this approach makes for a fairer distribution of the benefits of the measure, whilst ensuring the same degree of economic effectiveness ;

Whereas support distillation must be carried out in accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83 of 25 July 1983 laying down general rules for distillation operations involving wine and the by-products of wine-making ⁽¹⁰⁾, as amended by

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 341, 28. 12. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 16, 19. 1. 1985, p. 25.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 231, 29. 8. 1984, p. 12.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 231, 29. 8. 1984, p. 18.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 194, 24. 7. 1984, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 231, 29. 8. 1984, p. 5.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 113, 1. 5. 1975, p. 1.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 333, 11. 12. 1980, p. 18.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 212, 3. 8. 1983, p. 1.

Regulation (EEC) No 2687/84⁽¹⁾; whereas, in the context of such distillation, a reminder should also be issued concerning the consequences of failing to submit or of providing incomplete or erroneous declarations;

Whereas it should be stipulated that delivery contracts and declarations must contain the particulars necessary for the identification of the wines to which they refer;

Whereas it is necessary to set certain time limits, applicable both to producers and to distillers, for the performance of the operation, in order to ensure that the measure is as effective as possible;

Whereas the price of wine for distillation is usually such that the products obtained by distillation cannot be offered for sale at market rates; whereas it is therefore necessary to provide for aid at a level based on the criteria laid down in Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83, account also being taken of the present uncertainty surrounding prices on the market for the products of distillation;

Whereas it is necessary to avoid the risk that the products of the distillation of certain wines may disturb the market in wine spirits with a designation of origin; whereas, to this end, provision should be made pursuant to Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83 so that the direct distillation of such wines cannot give rise to a product with an alcoholic strength of less than 92 % vol;

Whereas provision should be made so that the minimum price guaranteed to producers is, as a rule, paid in time for them to derive therefrom a benefit comparable to that which they would obtain from a commercial sale; whereas, this being the case, it is necessary that payment of the aids for the distillation in question should be made as early as possible, with proper performance of the operations being guaranteed by appropriate security arrangements;

Whereas certain wines delivered for the distillation provided for in this Regulation may be fortified for distillation; whereas, consequently, the provisions applicable to the distillation operations should be adjusted in accordance with the rules laid down in Articles 25 and 26 of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83;

Whereas, in order that all producers are treated in the same manner where a reduction in the quantities of wine for distillation covered by delivery contracts and declarations has to be decided on, provision must be made so that distillation operations do not commence until all contracts and declarations have been

submitted to the intervention agencies and until the total quantities offered are known;

Whereas the intervention agencies and the Commission must be informed of the performance of the distillation operations and must know in particular the quantities of wine distilled and the quantities of products obtained;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Wine,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. For the 1984/85 wine year, all table wines shall be eligible for distillation pursuant to Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79, subject to a maximum quantity of 2,5 million hectolitres.

Article 2

The contracts and declarations referred to in Articles 4 (1) and 5 (1) respectively of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83 shall be submitted for approval to the competent intervention agency not later than 30 March 1985.

Article 3

1. The total quantity of table wine in respect of which each producer may conclude one or more contracts must not exceed 6 % of the quantity of table wine which he produced in 1984/85.

However, Member States may provide that the total quantity in respect of which each producer may conclude one or more contracts must not exceed hectolitres per hectare of vineyard used for the production of table wine by the producer in question. Such provision may apply to the entire territory of the Member State or to an entire wine-growing zone or to the part of a wine-growing zone located within the territory of the Member State.

The minimum quantity of table wine which may be delivered by a producer shall be 5 hectolitres.

2. The quantity of table wine to which the percentage specified in the first subparagraph of paragraph 1 is applied shall be, in the case of each producer, the sum of the quantities stated in his production declaration and the quantities produced by him after the date on which the production declaration provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2102/84 was submitted which are entered in the records referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 1153/75.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 255, 25. 9. 1984, p. 1.

3. Producers who were subject in the 1983/84 wine year to the obligations laid down in Articles 39 and 40 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 shall not be permitted to take advantage of the distillation operations provided for in this Regulation unless they furnish proof that they have fulfilled their obligations during the reference period specified in Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2461/84 and Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2462/84.

Article 4

1. The contracts and declarations referred to in Article 2 shall include at least the following particulars:

- (a) the quantity, colour and actual alcoholic strength by volume of the table wines to be distilled;
- (b) the name and address of the producer;
- (c) the place where the wine is stored;
- (d) the name of the distiller or distillery;
- (e) the address of the distillery.

Article 5

1. Member States shall communicate to the Commission, not later than 15 April 1985, the data relating to the quantities of table wine covered by the contracts submitted to the intervention agency.

2. Where the communications referred to in paragraph 1 show that the total quantity of table wines covered by contracts submitted to intervention agencies exceeds 2,5 million hectolitres, the contracts can be approved only in respect of a certain percentage of the quantity proposed. The said percentage shall be set by the Commission not later than 30 April 1985 in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 67 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79.

3. The intervention agency shall inform the producer of the outcome of the approval procedure not later than 20 May 1985.

4. Approval shall be conditional on compliance with the conditions referred to in Article 10a of Regulation (EEC) No 2102/84.

Article 6

Without prejudice to the second subparagraph of Article 4 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83, distillation operations may not commence before 10 May 1985 nor be carried out after 31 August 1985.

Article 7

Only products with an alcoholic strength of at least 92 % vol may be obtained by the direct distillation of wines made from grapes of varieties which are classified, simultaneously for the same administrative unit,

both as wine grape varieties and as varieties intended for the manufacture of wine spirits.

Article 8

1. Without prejudice to the provisions adopted pursuant to Article 14b of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79, the minimum buying-in price referred to in Article 15 (5) of the said Regulation shall be:

- 2,80 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre for table wines of types R I and R II and for table wines having a close economic relationship with those types of table wine,
- 4,17 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre for table wines of type R III,
- 2,60 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre for table wines of type A I and for table wines having a close economic relationship with that type of table wine,
- 5,82 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre for table wines of type A II,
- 6,65 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre for table wines of type A III.

2. The minimum buying-in price referred to in paragraph 1 shall be paid by the distiller to the producer within three months of the day on which each consignment of wine enters the distillery.

Article 9

1. The amount of the aid referred to in Article 15 (7) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 shall be as follows:

- (a) where the product obtained by distillation meets the definition of neutral spirits given in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83:
 - 2,31 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from red table wines of types R I or R II,
 - 3,70 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from red table wines of type R III,
 - 2,11 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from white table wines of type A I,
 - 5,38 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from white table wines of type A II,
 - 6,22 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from white table wines of type A III;
- (b) where the product obtained by distillation is a wine spirit with the quality characteristics laid down by the relevant national provisions:
 - 2,20 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from red table wines of types R I or R II,

- 3,59 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from red table wines of type R III,
 - 2,00 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from white table wines of type A I,
 - 5,27 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from white table wines of type A II,
 - 6,11 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from white table wines of type A III;
- (c) where the product obtained by distillation is a distillate or raw alcohol with an alcoholic strength of a least 52 % vol :
- 2,20 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from red table wines of types R I or R II,
 - 3,59 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from red table wines of type R III,
 - 2,00 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from white table wines of type A I,
 - 5,27 ECU per % vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from white table wines of type A II,
 - 6,11 ECU per % per vol and per hectolitre if it has been obtained from white table wines of type A III.

2. Without prejudice to the third subparagraph of Article 3 (1), the aid shall be calculated on the basis of the amount corresponding to the wine actually delivered, account being taken of the tolerances referred to in Article 6 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83.

Article 10

1. The provisions of this Regulation relating to red wines shall apply also to rosé wines.
2. The provisions of this Regulation relating to a given type of table wine shall apply also to table wines which have a close economic relationship with that type of table wine.

For the purposes of this Regulation and without prejudice to Article 6 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79, the following shall be considered as having a close economic relationship with table wine of type :

- A I : white table wines which are not of types A I, A II or A III;

- R I : red table wines which have an actual alcoholic strength of not more than 12,5 % vol and which are not of types R I or R III;
- R II : red table wines which have an actual alcoholic strength of more than 12,5 % vol and which are not of type R III.

Article 11

The distiller must, within four months of the date on which evidence is furnished that the entire quantity of wine specified in the contract has been distilled, provide the intervention agency with evidence that he has paid the minimum buying-in price laid down in Article 8 (1) within the time limit set in Article 8 (2).

If such evidence is not provided within the set time limit, the intervention agency shall recover the aid paid. However, if the evidence is provided after the expiry of the time limit but not later than 28 February 1986, the intervention agency shall recover only 20 % of the aid paid.

If it is found that the distiller has not paid the producer the minimum buying-in price, the intervention agency shall, before 1 May 1986, pay the producer an amount equal to the aid, if necessary through the intervention agency of his Member State.

Article 12

1. The advance referred to in Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83 shall be paid within three months of the submission of evidence that the security has been lodged.

2. To obtain the release of the security referred to in paragraph 1, evidence that the entire quantity of wine has been distilled and, where necessary, evidence that the buying-in price has been paid for the wine within the time limit must be provided not later than 31 October 1985.

However, if the evidence referred to in the first subparagraph is provided after the expiry of the time limit but before 1 February 1986, an amount equal to 80 % of the security shall be released and the remainder shall be forfeit. If these proofs are not provided before 1 February 1986, the entire security shall be forfeit.

Article 13

1. In cases as referred to in Article 26 of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83, contracts or declarations concerning the delivery of wine to be fortified for distillation shall be submitted for approval to the competent intervention agency not later than 30 March 1985.

The intervention agency shall notify the producer of the outcome of the approval procedure not later than 20 May 1985.

2. Wine may not be fortified for distillation until the contract or declaration has been approved and must be fortified not later than 31 July 1985.

3. The fortified wine may not be distilled after 31 August 1985.

4. The fortifier shall send the intervention agency, by the 10th of each month at the latest, a statement of the quantities of wine delivered to him during the previous month.

5. Fortifiers of wine for distillation shall qualify for aid, calculated per hectolitre and per % vol of actual alcohol before conversion into wine fortified for distillation, which shall be as follows:

- 2,16 ECU for red table wines of types R I and R II,
- 3,53 ECU for red table wines of type R III,
- 1,96 ECU for white table wines of type A I,
- 5,18 ECU for white table wines of type A II,
- 6,01 ECU for white table wines of type A III.

In order to receive the aid the fortifier shall submit an application to the competent intervention agency not later than 28 June 1985, attaching copies of the accompanying documents for the transport of the wine for which aid is requested or a summary statement of their contents.

Member States may require that the copies or statement referred to in the second subparagraph be stamped by a control authority.

The aid shall be paid not later than three months after the date on which evidence is provided that the security referred to in Article 26 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83 has been lodged, but in all cases after the date on which the contract or declaration is approved.

6. Subject to Article 23 of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83, the security shall be released only if, not later than 28 November 1985, evidence is provided:

- that all the wine covered by the contract, or declaration has been fortified for distillation and distilled, and
- that the buying-in price for the wine has been paid to the producer within the time limit specified in Article 4 (2).

If the evidence referred to in the first subparagraph is not provided by 29 November 1985, the intervention agency shall recover the aid from the fortifier.

However, if the said evidence is provided after the expiry of the time limit but before 1 March 1986, the intervention agency shall recover only 20 % of the amount paid.

If it is found that the fortifier has not paid the producer the buying-in price, the intervention agency shall, before 1 April 1986, pay the producer an amount equal to the aid, if necessary through the intervention agency of this Member State.

Article 14

1. Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 31 May 1985, of the quantities of wine which are covered by approved delivery contracts.

2. Distillers shall send the intervention agency, not later than the 10th of each month, a statement of the quantities of wine distilled during the previous month, broken down by the categories specified in the first subparagraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83.

3. Member States shall send the Commission by telex, not later than the 20th of each month for the previous month, a statement of the quantities of wine and fortified wine which have been distilled and the quantities of products obtained, expressed in terms of pure alcohol and broken down as provided for in paragraph 2.

4. Member States shall notify the Commission not later than 30 September 1985, of cases where distillers or fortifiers have not fulfilled their obligations and of the action taken in consequence.

Article 15

The amounts specified in this Regulation shall be conserved into national currencies at the representative rates applicable to the wine sector on 1 September 1984.

Article 16

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 585/85

of 6 March 1985

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on antimony oxides, falling within subheading 28.28 ex N, originating in China to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3562/84 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3562/84 of 18 December 1984 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1985 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 13 thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Articles 1 and 10 of that Regulation, suspension of customs duties shall be accorded to each of the countries or territories listed in Annex III other than those listed in column 4 of Annex I, within the framework of the preferential tariff ceiling fixed in column 9 of Annex I;

Whereas, as provided for in Article 11 of that Regulation, as soon as the individual ceilings in question are reached at Community level, the levying of customs duties on imports of the products in question originating in each of the countries and territories concerned may at any time be re-established;

Whereas, in the case of antimony oxides falling within subheading 28.28 ex N, the individual ceiling was fixed at 334 000 ECU; whereas, on 4 March 1985, imports of these products into the Community originating in China reached the ceiling in question after

being charged thereagainst; whereas, it is appropriate to re-establish the levying of customs duties in respect of the products in question against China,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 10 March 1985, the levying of customs duties, suspended pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3562/84 shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products originating in China:

CCT heading No	Description
28.28 ex N (NIMEXE code 28.28-91)	Antimony oxides

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

COCKFIELD

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 338, 27. 12. 1984, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 586/85**of 6 March 1985****abolishing the countervailing charge on cucumbers originating in Spain**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1332/84⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 480/85 of 26 February 1985⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on cucumbers originating in Spain;

Whereas the present trend of prices for these products on the representative markets referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3110/83⁽⁵⁾, recorded or calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 of that Regula-

tion, indicates that the application of the first subparagraph of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 would result in the countervailing charge being fixed at zero; whereas the conditions specified in the second indent of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these products originating in Spain can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 480/85 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 March 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 130, 16. 5. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 59, 27. 2. 1985, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 303, 5. 11. 1983, p. 5.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 587/85
of 6 March 1985
fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 231/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4),

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1223/83 of 20 May 1983 on the exchange rates to be applied in agriculture ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84 ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza, rape and sunflower seed ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1474/84 ⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 3589/84 ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 529/85 ⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas, in the absence of the indicative price for the 1985/86 marketing year for colza and rape seed, in case of advance fixing for July and August 1985, the amount of the subsidy on these products has been obtainable only on the basis of the indicative price proposed by the Commission to the Council for the marketing year 1985/86; whereas this amount may, therefore, be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced when the indicative price of the 1985/86 marketing year is known;

Whereas, for the period 27 February to 5 March 1985, for certain currencies:

- for the current month, the difference referred to in Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 differs by more than one point from the percentage adopted for the previous fixing,
- for certain following months the difference referred to in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 exceeds 0,5 %; whereas this difference in the case of certain forward differential amounts differs by more than one point from the percentage adopted for the previous fixing;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 3589/84 to the information known to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered to the amount set out in the Annexes hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The amounts of the subsidy and the exchange rates referred to in Article 33 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2681/83 shall be as set out in the Annexes hereto.
2. The amount of the subsidy in the case of advance fixing for July and August 1985 will, however, for colza and rape seed, be confirmed or replaced as from 7 March 1985 to take into account the indicative price which is fixed for these products for the 1985/86 marketing year.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 March 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 26, 31. 1. 1985, p. 12.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1983, p. 33.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 143, 30. 5. 1984, p. 4.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 332, 20. 12. 1984, p. 63.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 62, 1. 3. 1985, p. 30.

ANNEX I

Aids to colza and rape seed

(amounts per 100 kilograms)

	Current month	1st month	2nd month	3rd month	4th month	5th month
1. Gross aids (ECU)	10,534	11,393	9,593	9,599	3,749 (1)	3,749 (1)
2. Final aids						
Seeds harvested and processed in :						
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	27,87	29,89	25,76	26,03	12,08 (1)	12,89 (1)
— Netherlands (Fl)	31,40	33,68	28,98	29,28	13,56 (1)	14,37 (1)
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	488,90	528,77	445,23	443,87	172,36 (1)	160,11 (1)
— France (FF)	62,78	68,76	55,34	54,21	14,03 (1)	14,05 (1)
— Denmark (Dkr)	88,64	95,87	80,72	80,78	31,55 (1)	30,68 (1)
— Ireland (£ Irl)	7,902	8,546	7,189	7,118	2,730 (1)	2,178 (1)
— United Kingdom (£)	5,450	5,990	4,829	4,833	1,214 (1)	0,932 (1)
— Italy (Lit)	15 085	16 310	13 416	13 121	4 743 (1)	3 782 (1)
— Greece (Dr)	704,54	784,40	610,34	610,92	81,33 (1)	81,33 (1)

(1) On the basis of the Commission's proposal concerning the indicative price and subject to confirmation by the Council's decision.

ANNEX II

Aids to sunflower seed

(amounts per 100 kilograms)

	Current month	1st month	2nd month	3rd month	4th month
1. Gross aids (ECU)	18,149	18,645	18,201	18,639	18,639
2. Final aids					
Seeds harvested and processed in :					
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	46,26	47,41	46,42	47,70	47,70
— Netherlands (Fl)	52,12	53,42	52,26	53,69	53,69
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	842,33	865,35	844,74	863,38	863,38
— France (FF)	114,28	117,80	113,99	115,90	115,90
— Denmark (Dkr)	152,72	156,90	153,16	156,85	156,85
— Ireland (£ Irl)	13,614	13,986	13,646	13,896	13,896
— United Kingdom (£)	10,071	10,391	10,105	10,388	10,388
— Italy (Lit)	25 791	26 499	25 530	25 848	25 848
— Greece (Dr)	1 372,97	1 420,93	1 377,99	1 420,35	1 420,35

ANNEX III

Exchange rate of the ECU to be used for converting final aids into the currency of the processing country when the latter is a country other than the country of production

(value of 1 ECU)

	Current month	1st month	2nd month	3rd month	4th month	5th month
DM	2,226000	2,218740	2,212140	2,205440	2,205440	2,187450
Fl	2,518250	2,512310	2,507130	2,501650	2,501650	2,485060
Bfrs/Lfrs	44,774300	44,808400	44,835400	44,866500	44,866500	44,974300
FF	6,787810	6,794820	6,802970	6,813370	6,813370	6,846970
Dkr	7,968930	7,969970	7,977020	7,978850	7,978850	7,989610
£ Irl	0,713786	0,716838	0,719422	0,721561	0,721561	0,728304
£	0,614619	0,616990	0,618811	0,620375	0,620375	0,623450
Lit	1 380,90	1 386,74	1 392,34	1 398,63	1 398,63	1 417,70
Dr	92,427100	92,433700	92,451000	92,483700	92,483700	92,651700

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 588/85

of 6 March 1985

fixing the maximum export refund for white sugar for the 28th partial invitation to tender issued within the framework of the principal standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2382/84

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 19 (4) (b) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2382/84 of 14 August 1984 on a principal standing invitation to tender in order to determine levies and/or refunds on exports of white sugar⁽³⁾ requires partial invitations to tender to be issued for the export of this sugar;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2382/84, a maximum export refund shall be fixed, as the case may be, account being taken in particular of the state and foreseeable development of the Community and world markets in sugar, for the partial invitation to tender in question;

Whereas, following an examination of the tenders submitted in response to the 28th partial invitation to tender, the provisions set out in Article 1 should be adopted;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The maximum export refund for the 28th partial invitation to tender for white sugar issued under Regulation (EEC) No 2382/84 is hereby fixed at 42,381 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 March 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 221, 18. 8. 1984, p. 5.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 589/85**of 6 March 1985****altering the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 last on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 19 (4) thereof,

Whereas the refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 495/85⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 544/85⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 495/85 to the information known to the Commission that the export

refunds at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81, undenatured and exported in the natural state, as fixed in the Annex to amended Regulation (EEC) No 495/85, are hereby altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 March 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 March 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 60, 28. 2. 1985, p. 12.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 62, 1. 3. 1985, p. 62.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 March 1985 altering the export refunds on white sugar
and raw sugar exported in the natural state

(ECU)

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of refund	
		per 100 kg	per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, solid :		
	A. White sugar ; flavoured or coloured sugar :		
	(I) White sugar :		
	(a) Candy sugar	39,49	
	(b) Other	40,34	
	(II) Flavoured or coloured sugar		0,3949
	B. Raw sugar :		
	II. Other :		
	(a) Candy sugar	36,33 ⁽¹⁾	
	(b) Other raw sugar	37,11 ⁽¹⁾	

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the refund applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68.

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 18 February 1985

fixing the minimum selling prices for butter for the 94th individual invitation to tender issued under the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 262/79

(85/174/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (7) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 985/68 of 15 July 1968 laying down general rules for intervention on the market in butter and cream ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3521/83 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 7a thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 262/79 of 12 February 1979 on the sale of butter at reduced prices for use in the manufacture of pastry products, ice-cream and other foodstuffs ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2927/84 ⁽⁶⁾, intervention agencies have put up for sale by standing invitation to tender certain quantities of butter held by them ;

Whereas Article 16 of that Regulation provides that, in the light of the tenders received, a minimum selling price must be fixed which may vary according to the use to which the butter is to be put and according to the fat content of the butter ; whereas, alternatively, a decision may be taken not to proceed with the invitation to tender ; whereas the amounts of the processing security must be fixed in the light of the difference between the minimum selling prices and the market prices of the butter ;

Whereas, in the light of the tenders received in response to the 94th individual invitation to tender, the minimum selling prices should be fixed at the level specified below and the processing securities determined accordingly ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

For the 94th individual invitation to tender issued under Regulation (EEC) No 262/79, in respect of which the time limit for the submission of tenders expired on 12 February 1985, the minimum selling prices and processing securities shall be fixed as follows :

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 18. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 352, 15. 12. 1983, p. 4.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 41, 16. 2. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 276, 19. 10. 1984, p. 14.

<i>(ECU/100 kg butter)</i>			
Use to which the butter is to be put (Article 4 (1), (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 262/79)	Fat content of the butter	Minimum selling price	Processing security
Formula A and/or C, and/or D	82 % or more	115,00	230,00
	Less than 82 %	112,00	230,00
Formula B	82 % or more	200,00	137,00
	Less than 82 %	195,10	137,00

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 February 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION DECISION

of 18 February 1985

fixing the maximum aid levels for butter and concentrated butter for the 75th individual invitation to tender issued under the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1932/81

(85/175/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12 (3) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1932/81 of 13 July 1981 on the granting of aid for butter and concentrated butter for use in the manufacture of pastry products, ice-cream and other food-stuffs ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2927/84 ⁽⁴⁾, intervention agencies are to undertake a standing invitation to tender for aid for butter and concentrated butter;

Whereas Article 7 of the said Regulation lays down that a maximum aid level is to be fixed for the butter and for the concentrated butter and that this is to be differentiated according to the intended use and the fat content of the butter, or that a decision may be

taken not to accept any tender; whereas, in the case of concentrated butter, the amount of the processing security must be fixed taking account of the maximum aid level;

Whereas, in the light of the tenders received in response to the 75th individual invitation to tender, the maximum aid should be fixed at the level specified below and the processing security for concentrated butter determined accordingly;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

For the 75th individual invitation to tender issued under Regulation (EEC) No 1932/81, in respect of which the time limit for the submission of tenders expired on 12 February 1985, the maximum aid and processing securities are hereby fixed as follows:

(a) *for butter:*

(ECU/100 kg butter)		
Use to which the butter is to be put (Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 262/79)	Fat content of the butter	Maximum aid level
Formula A and/or C, and/or D	82 % or more	190,00
	80 % or more, but not exceeding 82 %	185,00
Formula B	82 % or more	105,00
	80 % or more, but not exceeding 82 %	—

(b) *for concentrated butter:*

(ECU/100 kg pure concentrated butter)		
Use to which the concentrated butter is to be put (Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 262/79)	Maximum aid level	Processing security
Formula A and/or C, and/or D	249,00	275,00
Formula B	145,00	160,00

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 14. 7. 1981, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 276, 19. 10. 1984, p. 14.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 February 1985.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESSEN
Vice-President

COMMISSION DECISION

of 18 February 1985

fixing the minimum selling price for skimmed-milk powder for the 64th individual invitation to tender issued under the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 368/77

(85/176/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7 (5) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 368/77 of 23 February 1977 on the sale by tender of skimmed-milk powder for use in feed for animals other than young calves ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 298/85 ⁽⁴⁾, intervention agencies have put up for sale by standing invitation to tender certain quantities of skimmed-milk powder held by them;

Whereas, according to Article 11 of the said Regulation, in the light of the tenders received in response to each individual invitation to tender a minimum selling price shall be fixed or a decision shall be taken to make no award; whereas the amount of the processing security shall also be fixed taking account of the difference between the market price of skimmed-milk powder and the minimum price fixed;

Whereas, in the light of the tenders received in response to the 64th individual invitation to tender, the minimum selling price should be fixed at the level specified below and the processing security determined accordingly;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

For the 64th individual invitation to tender issued under Regulation (EEC) No 368/77, in respect of which the time limit for the submission of tenders expired on 11 February 1985:

- the minimum selling price shall be fixed at 25,75 ECU per 100 kilograms;
- the processing security shall be fixed at 154 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 February 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 52, 24. 2. 1977, p. 19.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 33, 6. 2. 1985, p. 5.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 20 February 1985

concerning the 47th individual invitation to tender issued pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 1844/77 and concerning the special aid for skimmed-milk powder

(85/177/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1844/77 of 10 August 1977 on the granting by tender of special aid for skimmed-milk powder intended as feed for animals other than young calves ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3511/83 ⁽⁴⁾, the intervention agencies have opened a standing invitation to tender for the amount of this special aid;

Whereas, according to Article 6 of the said Regulation, for each individual invitation to tender a maximum amount of aid shall be fixed or a decision shall be taken not to proceed with the tender;

Whereas, account being taken of the development of the situation on the skimmed-milk markets and after examination of the offers received, no award should be made in respect of the 47th individual invitation to tender;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

For the 47th individual invitation to tender pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 1844/77, in respect of which the time limit for the submission of tenders expired on 11 February 1985, no award shall be made.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 February 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 205, 11. 8. 1977, p. 11.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 351, 14. 12. 1983, p. 10.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 21 February 1985

approving the first amendment to the plan for the accelerated eradication of classical swine fever, submitted by the Federal Republic of Germany

(Only the German text is authentic)

(85/178/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 80/1095/EEC of 11 November 1980 laying down conditions designed to render and keep the territory of the Community free from classical swine fever⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 6 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Decision 80/1096/EEC of 11 November 1980 introducing Community financial measures for the eradication of classical swine fever⁽²⁾, as last amended by Decision 83/254/EEC⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas, by Decision 82/112/EEC⁽⁴⁾, the Commission approved the plan for the accelerated eradication of classical swine fever submitted by the Federal Republic of Germany;

Whereas, by letter dated 17 December 1984, the German authorities informed the Commission of amendments to the initial plan to take account of the evolution of classical swine fever in the Federal Republic of Germany;

Whereas the amended plan has been examined and found to comply with Council Directive 80/217/EEC of 22 January 1980 introducing Community measures for the control of classical swine fever⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Directive 84/645/EEC⁽⁶⁾ and with Direc-

tive 80/1095/EEC; whereas the conditions for financial participation by the Community continue therefore to be met;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The amendment to the plan for the accelerated eradication of classical swine fever, submitted by the Federal Republic of Germany, is hereby approved.

Article 2

The amendment of the plan referred to in Article 1 shall take effect on 1 June 1984.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Federal Republic of Germany.

Done at Brussels, 21 February 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 325, 1. 12. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 325, 1. 12. 1980, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 143, 2. 6. 1983, p. 37.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 45, 17. 2. 1982, p. 27.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 47, 21. 2. 1980, p. 11.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 339, 27. 12. 1984, p. 33.

COMMISSION DECISION**of 21 February 1985****approving the first amendment to the plan for the accelerated eradication of classical swine fever, submitted by Greece****(Only the Greek text is authentic)****(85/179/EEC)**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 80/1095/EEC of 11 November 1980 laying down conditions designed to render and keep the territory of the Community free from classical swine fever⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 6 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Decision 80/1096/EEC of 11 November 1980 introducing Community financial measures for the eradication of classical swine fever⁽²⁾, as last amended by Decision 83/254/EEC⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas, by Decision 83/484/EEC⁽⁴⁾, the Commission approved the plan for the accelerated eradication of classical swine fever submitted by Greece;

Whereas, by letter dated 19 December 1984, the Greek authorities informed the Commission of amendments to the initial plan to take account of the evolution of classical swine fever in Greece;

Whereas the amended plan has been examined and found to comply with Council Directive 80/217/EEC of 22 January 1980 introducing Community measures for the control of classical swine fever⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Directive 84/645/EEC⁽⁶⁾ and with Directive 80/1095/EEC; whereas the conditions for

financial participation by the Community continue therefore to be met;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The amendment to the plan for the accelerated eradication of classical swine fever, submitted by Greece, is hereby approved.

Article 2

The amendment of the plan referred to in Article 1 shall take effect on 1 January 1985.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Hellenic Republic.

Done at Brussels, 21 February 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 325, 1. 12. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 325, 1. 12. 1980, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 143, 2. 6. 1983, p. 37.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 264, 27. 9. 1983, p. 23.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 47, 21. 2. 1980, p. 11.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 339, 27. 12. 1984, p. 33.

COMMISSION DECISION**of 21 February 1985****on the sale of olive oil residues held by the Italian intervention agency****(Only the Italian text is authentic)****(85/180/EEC)**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC
of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a
common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2260/84 ⁽²⁾,
and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Whereas, during the marketing years from 1975/76 to
1983/84, approximately 340 000 tonnes of olive oil of
all qualities held by the Italian intervention agency
were sold; whereas the intervention agency still holds
in stock a quantity of vat bottom residues; whereas a
part of these residues contain a considerable percent-
age of oil; whereas correct management of the inter-
vention agency's purchases of olive oil requires that
these residues should therefore be sold;

Whereas, for commercial reasons based chiefly on the
fact that there is no well-defined market or price
system for the product in question, it is not advisable
to use the sale by tender procedure previously adopted
for the olive oil; whereas the intervention agency
should therefore sell the product for the best price it
can obtain;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision
are in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. The Italian intervention agency (Azienda di Stato
per gli interventi nel mercato agricolo), hereinafter
called 'AIMA', shall sell for the best price it can obtain
all vat bottom residues which it is holding as a result
of its purchases on the olive oil market until the
1983/84 marketing year.

2. The notice of sale shall be displayed by AIMA at
its head office at Via Palestro 81, Rome, Italy, for at
least 10 days before the date set for the sale.

3. Sale of the product referred to in paragraph 1
shall be effected before 31 May 1985. Delivery of the
product sold must take place before 30 June 1985.

AIMA shall inform the Commission as soon as
possible of the outcome of the sale.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Italian Republic.

Done at Brussels, 21 February 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 208, 3. 8. 1984, p. 1.

COMMISSION DECISION**of 21 February 1985****on the sale of olive oil residues held by the Greek intervention agency****(Only the Greek text is authentic)****(85/181/EEC)**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC
of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a
common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2260/84 ⁽²⁾,
and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Whereas, during the marketing years from 1980/81 to
1983/84, approximately 180 000 tonnes of olive oil of
all quantities held by the Greek intervention agency
were sold by tender; whereas following these sales the
intervention agency still holds in stock a quantity of
vat bottom residues; whereas these residues contain a
considerable percentage of oil; whereas correct
management of the intervention agency's purchases of
olive oil requires that these residues should therefore
be sold;

Whereas, for commercial reasons based chiefly on the
fact that there is no well-defined market or price
system for the product in question, it is not advisable
to use the sale by tender procedure previously adopted
for the olive oil; whereas the intervention agency
should therefore sell the product for the best price it
can obtain;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision
are in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. The Greek intervention agency, Ypiresia Diachiriseos Agoron Georgikon Proionton, hereinafter called YDAGEP shall sell for the best price it can obtain all vat bottom residues which it is holding as a result of its purchases on the olive oil market until the 1983/84 marketing year.

2. The notice of sale shall be displayed by YDAGEP at its head office at Acharnon 2, Athens, Greece, for at least 10 days before the date set for the sale.

3. Sale of the product referred to in paragraph 1 shall be effected before 31 May 1985. Delivery of the product sold must take place before 30 June 1985.

YDAGEP shall inform the Commission as soon as possible of the outcome of the sale.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Hellenic Republic.

Done at Brussels, 21 February 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 208, 3. 8. 1984, p. 1.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 21 February 1985

prolonging the temporary suspension of the status of certain parts of the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany with regard to classical swine fever

(85/182/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 64/432/EEC of 26 June 1964 on animal health problems affecting intra-Community trade in bovine animals and swine⁽¹⁾ as last amended by Directive 84/644/EEC⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4c (1) (c) thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 72/461/EEC of 12 December 1972 on health problems affecting intra-Community trade in fresh meat⁽³⁾, as last amended by Directive 84/643/EEC⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 13a, thereof,

Whereas Council Decision 82/838/EEC⁽⁵⁾ recognizes certain parts of the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany as being either officially swine-fever free or swine-fever free ;

Whereas outbreaks of classical swine fever have been recorded in some of the parts of the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany referred to in the Annex to Decision 82/838/EEC ;

Whereas by Commission Decision 85/162/EEC⁽⁶⁾ the Commission has suspended for a period of 15 days the status of official freedom from swine fever or freedom from swine fever of affected parts of German territory ;

Whereas, taking account of the epidemiological evolution of the disease, it is necessary to prolong this period of suspension for certain regions beyond the 15 days provided for initially in order to clarify the situation ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

The status of those parts of the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany constituted by the regions set out in Annex I, as areas recognized to be officially swine-fever free within the meaning of Article 4c (1) (c) of Directive 64/432/EEC, is temporarily suspended for the regions listed in the Annex to this Directive.

Article 2

The Commission will follow developments in the situation with a view to taking appropriate decisions in respect of such developments.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 February 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 121, 29. 7. 1964, p. 1977/64.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 339, 27. 12. 1984, p. 30.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 302, 31. 12. 1972, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 339, 27. 12. 1984, p. 27.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 352, 14. 12. 1982, p. 27.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 63, 2. 3. 1985, p. 21.

*ANNEX***Regions of the Federal Republic of Germany for which the official swine-fever free status is
suspended**

The administrative districts of Detmold, of Hanover and of Lüneburg.

CORRIGENDA

Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 336/85 of 7 February 1985 altering the monetary compensatory amounts

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 40 of 11 February 1985)

Page 4, Annex I, Part 1, subheading 11.02 D I, column 'United Kingdom':

for: '5,688',

read: '4,688'.
