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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2526/85

of 5 August 1985

amending Regulation No 27 as regards the form to be used for applications and notifications under Council Regulation No 17

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 17, First Regulation implementing Articles 85 and 86 of the Treaty, of 6 February 1962⁽¹⁾, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Greece, and in particular Article 24 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation No 27 of 3 May 1962⁽²⁾, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Greece, lays down, in particular, in Article 4 (1) and (2) thereof that applications under Article 2 of Regulation No 17 relating to the applicability of Article 85 (1) of the Treaty and notifications under Article 4 or Article 5 (2) of Regulation No 17 shall be submitted on Form A/B;

Whereas it is desirable to adapt the design of Form A/B in the light of experience and, in particular, of the fact that the form used hitherto does not require applicants to give all the information necessary for a decision;

Whereas it is necessary to adapt Form A/B to the needs of the opposition procedure provided for by a number of Regulations on the application of Article 85 (3) of the Treaty to categories of agreements;

Whereas it is desirable to permit undertakings making applications under Article 2 of Regulation No 17 relating to the applicability of Article 86 of the Treaty to use Form A/B,

Article 1

Regulation No 27 is amended as follows:

1. In Article 2 (1) 'and of the supporting documents' is deleted.
2. Article 4 is replaced by the following:

Article 4

Content of applications and notifications

1. Applications under Article 2 of Regulation No 17 relating to the applicability of Article 85 (1) of the Treaty and notifications under Article 4 or Article 5 (2) of Regulation No 17 shall be submitted on Form A/B, in the manner prescribed on the Form and in the Complementary Note thereto, as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.
2. Applications and notifications shall contain the information asked for in Form A/B and the Complementary Note.
3. Several participating undertakings may submit an application or notification on a single form.
4. Applications under Article 2 of Regulation No 17 relating to the applicability of Article 86 of the Treaty shall contain a full statement of the facts, specifying, in particular, the practice concerned and the position of the undertaking or undertakings within the common market or a substantial part thereof in regard to products or services to which the practice relates. Form A/B may be used.
3. The Annex is replaced by the Form A/B and Complementary Note annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1986.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 13, 21. 2. 1962, p. 204/62.

⁽²⁾ OJ No 35, 10. 5. 1962, p. 1118/62.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 August 1985.

For the Commission

Peter SUTHERLAND

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

Note. This form must be accompanied by an Annex containing the information specified in the attached Complementary Note

The form and Annex must be supplied in 13 copies (one for the Commission and one for each Member State). Supply three copies of any relevant agreement and one copy of other supporting documents.

Please do not forget to complete the Acknowledgement of Receipt annexed.

If space is insufficient, please use extra pages, specifying to which item on the form they relate.

FORM A/B

TO THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

Directorate-General for Competition,
Rue de la Loi, 200,
B-1049 Brussels.

- A. Application for negative clearance pursuant to Article 2 of Council Regulation No 17 of 6 February 1962 relating to implementation of Article 85 (1) or of Article 86 of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community.
- B. Notification of an agreement, decision or concerted practice under Article 4 (or 5) of Council Regulation No 17 of 6 February 1962 with a view to obtaining exemption under Article 85 (3) of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, including notifications claiming benefit of an opposition procedure.

Identity of the parties

1. *Identity of applicant/notifier*

Full name and address, telephone, telex and facsimile numbers, and brief description ⁽¹⁾ of the undertaking(s) or association(s) of undertakings submitting the application or notification.

For partnerships, sole traders or any other unincorporated body trading under a business name, give, also, the name, forename(s) and address of the proprietor(s) or partner(s).

Where an application or notification is submitted on behalf of some other person (or is submitted by more than one person) the name, address and position of the representative (or joint representative) must be given, together with proof of his authority to act. Where an application or notification is submitted by or on behalf of more than one person they should appoint a joint representative (Article 1 (2) and (3) of Commission Regulation No 27).

⁽¹⁾ E.g. 'Motor vehicle manufacturer', 'Computer service bureau', 'Conglomerate'.

2. Identity of any other parties

Full name and address and brief description of any other parties to the agreement, decision or concerted practice (hereinafter referred to as 'the arrangements').

State what steps have been taken to inform these other parties of this application or notification.

(This information is not necessary in respect of standard contracts which an undertaking submitting the application or notification has concluded or intends to conclude with a number of parties (e.g. a contract appointing dealers).)

Purpose of this application/notification
(see Complementary Note)

Are you asking for negative clearance alone ? (See Complementary Note — Section IV, end of first paragraph — for the consequence of such a request.)

Are you applying for negative clearance, and also notifying the arrangements to obtain an exemption in case the Commission does not grant negative clearance ?

Are you only notifying the arrangements in order to obtain an exemption ?

Do you claim that this application may benefit from an opposition procedure ? (See Complementary Note — Sections III, IV, VI and VII and Annex 2). If you answer 'yes', please specify the Regulation and Article number on which you are relying.

Would you be satisfied with a comfort letter ? (See the end of Section VII of the Complementary Note).

(Please answer yes or no to the questions)

Write nothing in this margin

The undersigned declare that the information given above and in the ... pages annexed hereto is correct to the best of their knowledge and belief, that all estimates are identified as such and are their best estimates of the underlying facts and that all the opinions expressed are sincere.

They are aware of the provisions of Article 15 (1) (a) of Regulation No 17 (see attached Complementary Note).

Place and date :

Signatures :
.....
.....

COMMISSION
OF THE
EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

Brussels

Directorate-General for Competition

To

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RECEIPT

(This form will be returned to the address inserted above if the top half is completed in a single copy by the person lodging it)

Your application for negative clearance dated :

Your notification dated :

concerning :

Your reference :

Parties :

1.

2. and others

(There is no need to name the other undertakings party to the arrangement)

(To be completed by the Commission.)

was received on :

and registered under No IV/ :

Please quote the above number in all correspondence

Provisional address :

Rue de la Loi 200
B-1049 Brussels

Telephone :

Direct line : 235
Telephone exchange : 235 11 11

Telex :

COMEU B 21877

Telegraphic address :

COMEUR Brussels

COMPLEMENTARY NOTE

CONTENTS

- I. Purpose of Community rules on competition
- II. Negative clearance
- III. Exemption under Article 85 (3)
- IV. Purpose of the form
- V. Nature of the form
- VI. The need for complete and accurate information
- VII. Subsequent procedure
- VIII. Secrecy
- IX. Further information and headings to be used in Annex to Form A/B

Annex 1: Text of Articles 85 and 86 of the EEC Treaty

Annex 2: List of relevant Acts

Annex 3: List of Member States and Commission Press and Information Offices within the Community

Additions or alterations to the information given in these Annexes will be published by the Commission from time to time.

Nota bene: Any undertaking uncertain about how to complete a notification or wishing further explanation may contact the Directorate-General for Competition (DG IV) in Brussels. Alternatively, any Commission Information Office (those in the Community are listed in Annex 3) will be able to obtain guidance or indicate an official in Brussels who speaks the preferred official Community language.

I. Purpose of Community rules on competition

The purpose of these rules is to prevent the distortion of competition in the common market by monopolies or restrictive practices; they apply to any enterprise trading directly or indirectly in the common market, wherever established. Article 85 (1) of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community (the text of Articles 85 and 86 is reproduced in Annex 1 to this note) prohibits restrictive agreements or concerted practices which may affect trade between Member States, and Article 85 (2) declares contracts or other otherwise legally binding arrangements containing such restrictions void (although the European Court of Justice has held that if restrictive terms of contracts are severable, only those terms are void); Article 85 (3), however, gives the Commission power to exempt practices with beneficial effects. Article 86 prohibits the abuse of a dominant position. The original procedures for implementing these Articles, which provide for 'negative clearance' and exemption under Article 85 (3), were laid down in Council Regulation No 17 (the references to this and all other acts mentioned in this note or relevant to applications made on Form A/B are listed in Annex 2 to this note).

II. Negative clearance

The purpose of the negative clearance procedure is to allow businesses ('undertakings') to ascertain whether or not the Commission considers that any of their arrangements or behaviour are prohibited under Articles 85 (1) or 86 of the Treaty. (It is governed by Article 2 of Regulation No 17.) Clearance takes the form of a decision by the Commission certifying that, on the basis of the facts in its possession, there are no grounds under Article 85 (1) or 86 of the Treaty for action on its part in respect of the arrangements or behaviour.

Any party may apply for negative clearance, even without the consent (but not without the knowledge) of other parties to arrangements. There would be little point in applying, however, where arrangements or behaviour clearly do not fall within the scope of Article 85 (1) or Article 86. (In this connection, your attention is drawn to the last paragraph of IV below and to Annex 2). Nor is the Commission obliged to give negative clearance — Article 2 of Regulation No 17 states that ‘... the Commission *may* certify ...’. The Commission does not usually issue negative clearance decisions in cases which, in its opinion, so clearly do not fall within the scope of the prohibition of Article 85 (1) that there is no reasonable doubt for it to resolve by such a decision.

III. Exemption under Article 85 (3)

The purpose of the procedure for exemption under Article 85 (3) is to allow undertakings to enter into arrangements which, in fact, offer economic advantages but which, without an exemption, would be prohibited under Article 85 (1). (It is governed by Articles 4, 6 and 8 of Regulation No 17 and, for new Member States, by Articles 5, 7 and 25). It takes the form of a decision by the Commission declaring Article 85 (1) to be inapplicable to the arrangements described in the decision. Article 8 requires the Commission to specify the period of validity of any such decision, allows the Commission to attach conditions and obligations and provides for decisions to be amended or revoked or specified acts by the parties to be prohibited in certain circumstances, notably if the decisions were based on incorrect information or if there is any material change in the facts.

Any party may notify arrangements, even without the consent (but not without the knowledge) of other parties.

The Commission has adopted a number of Regulations granting exemption to categories of agreements. Some of these Regulations (see Annex 2 for the latest list) provide that some agreements may benefit by such an exemption only if they are notified to the Commission under Article 4 (or 5) of Regulation No 17 with a view to obtaining exemption under Article 85 (3) of the Treaty and the benefit of an opposition procedure is claimed in the notification.

A decision granting exemption under Article 85 (3) may have retroactive effect but, with certain exceptions, cannot be made effective earlier than the date of notification (Article 6 of Regulation No 17). Should the Commission find that notified arrangements are indeed prohibited by Article 85 (1) and cannot be exempted under Article 85 (3) and, therefore, take a decision condemning them, the parties are nevertheless protected, from the date of notification, against fines for any infringement described in the notification (Articles 3 and 15 (5) and (6)).

IV. Purpose of the form

The purpose of Form A/B is to allow undertakings, or associations of undertakings, wherever situated, to apply to the Commission for negative clearance for arrangements or behaviour, or to notify such arrangements and apply to have them exempted from the prohibition of Article 85 (1) of the Treaty by virtue of Article 85 (3). The form allows undertakings applying for negative clearance to notify, at the same time, in order to obtain an exemption. It should be noted that only a notification in order to obtain exemption affords immunity from fines (Article 15 (5)).

To be valid, applications for negative clearance in respect of Article 85, notifications to obtain an exemption and notifications claiming the benefit of an opposition procedure must be made on Form A/B (by virtue of Article 4 of Commission Regulation No 27). (Undertakings applying for negative clearance for their behaviour in relation to a possible dominant position — Article 86 — need not use Form A/B (see Article 4 (4) of Regulation No 27), but they are strongly recommended to give all the information requested at IX below in order to ensure that their application gives a full statement of the facts.)

Before completing a form, your attention is particularly drawn to the Regulations granting block exemption and the notices listed in Annex 2 — these were published to allow undertakings to judge for themselves, in many cases, whether there was any doubt about their arrangements. This would allow them to avoid the considerable bother and expense, both for themselves and for the Commission, of submitting and examining an application or notification where there is clearly no doubt.

V. Nature of the form

The form consists of a single sheet calling for the identity of the applicant(s) or notifier(s) and of any other parties. This must be supplemented by further information given under the headings and references detailed below (see IX). For preference the paper used should be A4 (21 × 29,7 cm — the same size as the form) but must not be bigger. Leave a margin of at least 25 mm or one inch on the left-hand side of the page and, if you use both sides, on the right-hand side of the reverse.

VI. The need for complete and accurate information

It is important that applicants give all the relevant facts. Although the Commission has the right to seek further information from applicants or third parties, and is obliged to publish a summary of the application before granting negative clearance or exemption under Article 85 (3), it will usually base its decision on the information provided by the applicant. Any decision taken on the basis of incomplete information could be without effect in the case of a negative clearance, or voidable in that of an exemption. For the same reason, it is also important to inform the Commission of any material changes to your arrangements made after your application or notification.

Complete information is of particular importance if you are claiming the benefit of a block exemption through an opposition procedure. Such exemption is dependent on the information supplied being '... complete and in accordance with the facts.' If the Commission does not oppose a claim to benefit under this procedure on the basis of the facts in a notification and, subsequently, additional or different facts come to light that could and should have been in the notification, then the benefit of the exemption will be lost, and with retroactive effect. Similarly, there would be little point in claiming the benefit of an opposition procedure with clearly incomplete information; the Commission would be bound either to reject such a notification or oppose exemption in order to allow time for further information to be provided.

Moreover, you should be aware of the provisions of Article 15 (1) (a) of Regulation No 17 which reads :

'The Commission may by decision impose on undertakings or associations of undertakings fines of from 100 to 5 000 units of account ⁽¹⁾ where, intentionally or negligently, they supply incorrect or misleading information in an application pursuant to Article 2 or in a notification pursuant to Articles 4 or 5.'

The key words here are 'incorrect or misleading information'. However, it often remains a matter of judgement how much detail is relevant; the Commission accepts estimates where accurate information is not readily available in order to facilitate notifications; and the Commission calls for opinions as well as facts.

You should therefore note that the Commission will use these powers only where applicants or notifiers have, intentionally or negligently, provided false information or grossly inaccurate estimates or suppressed readily available information or estimates, or have deliberately expressed false opinions in order to obtain negative clearance or exemption.

⁽¹⁾ The value of the European Currency Unit, which has replaced the unit of account, is published daily in the 'C' series of the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

VII. Subsequent procedure

The application or notification is registered in the Registry of the Directorate-General for Competition (DG IV). The date of receipt by the Commission (or the date of posting if sent by registered post) is the effective date of the submission. The application or notification might be considered invalid if obviously incomplete or not on the obligatory form.

Further information might be sought from the applicants or from third parties (Article 11 or 14 of Regulation No 17) and suggestions might be made as to amendments to the arrangements that might make them acceptable.

A notification claiming the benefit of an opposition procedure may be opposed by the Commission either because the Commission does not agree that the arrangements should benefit from a block exemption or to allow for more information to be sought. If the Commission opposes a claim, and unless the Commission subsequently withdraws its opposition, that notification will then be treated as an application for an individual exemption decision.

If, after examination, the Commission intends to grant the application, it is obliged (by Article 19 (3) of Regulation No 17) to publish a summary and invite comments from third parties. Subsequently, a preliminary draft decision has to be submitted to and discussed with the Advisory Committee on Restrictive Practices and Dominant Positions composed of officials of the Member States competent in the matter of restrictive practices and monopolies (Article 10 of Regulation No 17) — they will already have received a copy of the application or notification. Only then, and providing nothing has happened to change the Commission's intention, can it adopt a decision.

Sometimes files are closed without any formal decision being taken, for example, because it is found that the arrangements are already covered by a block exemption, or because the applicants are satisfied by a less formal letter from the Commission's departments (sometimes called a 'comfort letter') indicating that the arrangements do not call for any action by the Commission, at least in present circumstances. Although not a Commission decision, a comfort letter indicates how the Commission's departments view the case on the facts currently in their possession which means that the Commission could if necessary — if, for example, it were to be asserted that a contract was void under Article 85 (2) — take an appropriate decision.

VIII. Secrecy

Article 214 of the Treaty and Articles 20 and 21 of Regulation No 17 require the Commission and Member States not to disclose information of the kind covered by the obligation of professional secrecy. On the other hand, Article 19 of the Regulation requires the Commission to publish a summary of your application, should it intend to grant it, before taking the relevant decision. In this publication, the Commission '... shall have regard to the legitimate interest of undertakings in the protection of their business secrets (Article 19 (3)). In this connection, if you believe that your interests would be harmed if any of the information you are asked to supply were to be published or otherwise divulged to other parties, please put all such information in a second annex, with each page clearly marked 'Business Secrets'; in the principal annex, under any affected heading state 'see second annex' or 'also see second annex'; in the second annex repeat the affected heading(s) and reference(s) and give the information you do not wish to have published, together with your reasons for this. Do not overlook the fact that the Commission may have to publish a summary of your application.

Before publishing an Article 19 (3) notice, the Commission will show the undertakings concerned a copy of the proposed text.

IX. Further information and headings to be used in the Annex to Form A/B

The further information is to be given under the following headings and reference numbers. Wherever possible, give exact information. If this is not readily available, give your best estimate, and identify what you give as an estimate. If you believe any detail asked for to be unavailable or irrelevant, please explain why. This may, in particular, be the case if one party is notifying arrangements alone without the cooperation of other parties. Do not overlook the fact that Commission officials are ready to discuss what detail is relevant (see the *nota bene* at the beginning of this Complementary Note). An example that might help you is available on request.

1. *Brief description*

Give a brief description of the arrangements or behaviour (nature, purpose, date(s) and duration) — (full details are requested below).

2. *Market*

The nature of the goods or services affected by the arrangements or behaviour (include the customs tariff heading number according to the CCC Nomenclature or the Community's Common Customs Tariff or the *Nimexe* code if you know it — specify which). A brief description of the structure of the market (or markets) for these goods or services — e.g. who sells in it, who buys in it, its geographical extent, the turnover in it, how competitive it is, whether it is easy for new suppliers to enter the market, whether there are substitute products. If you are notifying a standard contract (e.g. a contract appointing dealers), say how many you expect to conclude. If you know of any studies of the market, it would be helpful to refer to them.

3. *Fuller details of the party or parties*

3.1. Do any of the parties form part of a group of companies? A group relationship is deemed to exist where a firm:

- owns more than half the capital or business assets, or
- has the power to exercise more than half the voting rights, or
- has the power to appoint more than half the members of the supervisory board, board of directors or bodies legally representing the undertaking, or
- has the right to manage the affairs of another.

If the answer is yes, give:

- the name and address of the ultimate parent company,
- a brief description of the business of the group ⁽¹⁾ (and, if possible, one copy of the last set of group accounts),
- the name and address of any other company in the group competing in a market affected by the arrangements or in any related market, that is to say any other company competing directly or indirectly with the parties ('relevant associated company').

3.2. The most recently available total turnover of each of the parties and, as the case may be, of the group of which it forms part (it could be helpful also if you could provide one copy of the last set of accounts).

3.3. The sales or turnover of each party in the goods or services affected by the arrangements in the Community and worldwide. If the turnover in the Community is material (say more than a 5 % market share), please also give figures for each Member State ⁽²⁾, and for previous years (in order to show any significant trends), and give each party's sales targets for the future. Provide the same figures for any relevant associated company. (Under this heading, in particular, your best estimate might be all that you can readily supply.)

3.4. In relation to the market (or markets) for the goods or services described at 2 above, give, for each of the sales or turnover figures in 3.3, your estimate of the market share it represents.

3.5. If you have a substantial interest falling short of control (more than 25 % but less than 50 %) in some other company competing in a market affected by the arrangements, or if some other such company has a substantial interest in yours, give its name and address and brief details.

⁽¹⁾ E.g. 'Motor vehicle manufacturer', 'Computer service bureau', 'Conglomerate'.

⁽²⁾ See list in Annex 3.

4. *Full details of the arrangements*

- 4.1. If the contents are reduced to writing give a brief description of the purpose of the arrangements and attach three copies of the text (except that the technical descriptions often contained in know-how agreements may be omitted; in such cases, however, indicate parts omitted).

If the contents are not, or are only partially, reduced to writing, give a full description.

- 4.2. Detail any provisions contained in the arrangements which may restrict the parties in their freedom to take independent commercial decisions, for examples regarding:

- buying or selling prices, discounts or other trading conditions;
- the quantities of goods to be manufactured or distributed or services to be offered;
- technical development or investment;
- the choice of markets or sources of supply;
- purchases from or sales to third parties;
- whether to apply similar terms for the supply of equivalent goods or services;
- whether to offer different goods or services separately or together.

(If you are claiming the benefit of an opposition procedure, identify particularly in this list the restrictions that exceed those automatically exempted by the relevant regulation.)

- 4.3. State between which Member States⁽¹⁾ trade may be affected by the arrangements, and whether trade between the Community and any third countries is affected.

5. *Reasons for negative clearance*

If you are applying for negative clearance state, under the reference:

- 5.1. why, i.e. state which provision or effects of the arrangements or behaviour might, in your view, raise questions of compatibility with the Community's rules of competition. The object of this subheading is to give the Commission the clearest possible idea of the doubts you have about your arrangements or behaviour that you wish to have resolved by a negative clearance decision.

Then, under the following two references, give a statement of the relevant facts and reasons as to why you consider Articles 85 (1) or 86 to be inapplicable, i.e.:

- 5.2. why the arrangements do not have the object or effect of preventing, restricting or distorting competition within the common market to any appreciable extent, or why your undertaking does not have or its behaviour does not abuse a dominant position; and/or
- 5.3. why the arrangements or behaviour are not such as may affect trade between Member States to any appreciable extent.

6. *Reasons for exemption under Article 85 (3)*

If you are notifying the arrangements, even if only as a precaution, in order to obtain an exemption under Article 85 (3), explain how:

- 6.1. the arrangements contribute to improving production or distribution, and/or promoting technical or economic progress;
- 6.2. a proper share of the benefits arising from such improvement or progress accrues to consumers;

⁽¹⁾ See list in Annex 3.

-
- 6.3. all restrictive provisions of the arrangements are indispensable to the attainment of the aims set out under 6.1 above (if you are claiming the benefit of an opposition procedure, it is particularly important that you should identify and justify restrictions that exceed those automatically exempted by the relevant Regulation); and
 - 6.4. the arrangements do not eliminate competition in respect of a substantial part of the goods or services concerned.
7. *Other information*
- 7.1. Mention any earlier proceedings or informal contacts, of which you are aware, with the Commission and any earlier proceedings with any national authorities or courts concerning these or any related arrangements.
 - 7.2. Give any other information presently available that you think might be helpful in allowing the Commission to appreciate whether there are any restrictions contained in the agreement, or any benefits that might justify them.
 - 7.3. State whether you intend to produce further supporting facts or arguments not yet available and, if so, on which points.
 - 7.4. State, with reasons, the urgency of your application or notification.
-

*Annex 1***TEXT OF ARTICLES 85 AND 86 OF THE EEC TREATY****ARTICLE 85**

1. The following shall be prohibited as incompatible with the common market: all agreements between undertakings, decisions by associations of undertakings and concerted practices which may affect trade between Member States and which have as their object or effect the prevention, restriction or distortion of competition within the common market, and in particular those which:

- (a) directly or indirectly fix purchase or selling prices or any other trading conditions;
- (b) limit or control production, markets, technical development, or investment;
- (c) share markets or sources of supply;
- (d) apply dissimilar conditions to equivalent transactions with other trading parties, thereby placing them at a competitive disadvantage;
- (e) make the conclusion of contracts subject to acceptance by the other parties of supplementary obligations which, by their nature or according to commercial usage, have no connection with the subject of such contracts.

2. Any agreements or decisions prohibited pursuant to this Article shall be automatically void.

3. The provisions of paragraph 1 may, however, be declared inapplicable in the case of:

- any agreement or category of agreements between undertakings,
- any decision or category of decisions by associations of undertakings,
- any concerted practice or category of concerted practices,

which contributes to improving the production or distribution of goods or to promoting technical or economic progress, while allowing consumers a fair share of the resulting benefit, and which does not:

- (a) impose on the undertakings concerned restrictions which are not indispensable to the attainment of these objectives;
- (b) afford such undertakings the possibility of eliminating competition in respect of a substantial part of the products in question.

ARTICLE 86

Any abuse by one or more undertakings of a dominant position within the common market or in a substantial part of it shall be prohibited as incompatible with the common market in so far as it may affect trade between Member States.

Such abuse may, in particular, consist in:

- (a) directly or indirectly imposing unfair purchase or selling prices or other unfair trading conditions;
- (b) limiting production, markets or technical development to the prejudice of consumers;
- (c) applying dissimilar conditions to equivalent transactions with other trading parties, thereby placing them at a competitive disadvantage;
- (d) making the conclusion of contracts subject to acceptance by the other parties of supplementary obligations which, by their nature or according to commercial usage, have no connection with the subject of such contracts.

*Annex 2***LIST OF RELEVANT ACTS**

(as of 5 August 1985)

(If you think it possible that your arrangements do not need to be notified by virtue of any of these Regulations or notices it may be worth your while to obtain a copy.)

IMPLEMENTING REGULATIONS

Council Regulation No 17 of 6 February 1962 implementing Articles 85 and 86 of the Treaty (OJ No 13, 21. 2. 1962, p. 204/62, English Special Edition 1959-62, November 1972, p. 87) as amended (OJ No 58, 10. 7. 1962, p. 1655/62; OJ No 162, 7. 11. 1963, p. 2696/63; OJ No L 285, 29. 12. 1971, p. 49; OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 92; OJ No L 291, 19. 11. 1979, p. 94).

Commission Regulation No 27 of 3 May 1962 implementing Council Regulation No 17 (OJ No 35, 10. 5. 1962, p. 1118/62, English Special Edition 1959-62, November 1972, p. 87) as amended (OJ No L 189, 1. 8. 1968, p. 1; OJ No L 172, 3. 7. 1975, p. 11; OJ No L 291, 19. 11. 1979, p. 94).

REGULATIONS GRANTING BLOCK EXEMPTION IN RESPECT OF A WIDE RANGE OF AGREEMENTS

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1983/83 of 22 June 1983 on the application of Article 85 (3) of the Treaty to categories of exclusive distribution agreements (OJ No L 173, 30. 6. 1983, p. 1, as corrected in OJ No L 281, 13. 10. 1983, p. 24).

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1984/83 of 22 June 1983 on the application of Article 85 (3) of the Treaty to categories of exclusive purchasing agreements (OJ No L 173, 30. 6. 1983, p. 5, as corrected in OJ No L 281, 13. 10. 1983, p. 24).

See also the Commission notice concerning Commission Regulations (EEC) No 1983/83 and (EEC) No 1984/83 of 22 June 1983 on the application of Article 85 (3) of the Treaty to categories of exclusive distribution and exclusive purchasing agreements (OJ No C 101, 13. 4. 1984, p. 2).

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2349/84 of 23 July 1984 on the application of Article 85 (3) of the Treaty to certain categories of patent licensing agreements (OJ No L 219, 16. 8. 1984, p. 15, as corrected in OJ No L 113, 26. 4. 1985, p. 34). Article 4 of this Regulation provides for an opposition procedure.

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 123/85 of 12 December 1984 on the application of Article 85 (3) of the Treaty to certain categories of motor vehicle distribution and servicing agreements (OJ No L 15, 18. 1. 1985, p. 16). See also the Commission notice concerning this Regulation (OJ No C 17, 18. 1. 1985, p. 4).

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 417/85 of 19 December 1984 on the application of Article 85 (3) of the Treaty to categories of specialization agreements (OJ No L 53, 22. 2. 1985, p. 1). Article 4 of this Regulation provides for an opposition procedure.

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 418/85 of 19 December 1984 on the application of Article 85 (3) of the Treaty to categories of research and development cooperation agreements (OJ No L 53, 22. 2. 1985, p. 5). Article 7 of this Regulation provides for an opposition procedure.

COMMISSION NOTICES OF A GENERAL NATURE

Commission notice on exclusive dealing contracts with commercial agents (OJ No 139, 24. 12. 1962, p. 2921/62). This states that the Commission does not consider most such agreements to fall under the prohibition of Article 85 (1).

Commission notice concerning agreements, decisions and concerted practices in the field of cooperation between enterprises (OJ No C 75, 29. 7. 1968, p. 3, as corrected in OJ No C 84, 28. 8. 1968, p. 14). This defines the sorts of cooperation on market studies, accounting, R & D, joint use of production, storage or transport, *ad hoc* consortia, selling or after-sales service, advertising or quality labelling that the Commission considers not to fall under the prohibition of Article 85 (1).

Commission notice on agreements, decisions and concerted practices of minor importance which do not fall under Article 85 (1) of the Treaty (OJ No C 313, 29. 12. 1977, p. 3) — in the main, those where the parties have less than 5 % of the market between them, and a combined annual turnover of less than 50 million ECU.

Commission notice concerning its assessment of certain subcontracting agreements in relation to Article 85 (1) of the Treaty (OJ No C 1, 3. 1. 1979, p. 2).

A collection of these texts (as at 30 June 1981) was published by the Office for Official Publications of the European Communities (Refs. ISBN 92-825-2389-6, Catalogue No CB 30-80-576-EN-C). This is now in short supply in some languages and out of stock in others. An updated collection is in preparation.

*Annex 3***LIST OF MEMBER STATES AND COMMISSION PRESS AND INFORMATION
OFFICES WITHIN THE COMMUNITY**

(as of 1 January 1986)

The Member States as at the date of this Annex are : Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain and the United Kingdom.

The addresses of the Commission's Press and Information Offices in the Community are :

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Tel. 14 41 40

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61, rue des Belles-Feuilles
F-75782 Paris, Cedex 16
Tel. 501 58 85

CMCI/Bureau 320
2, rue Henri Barbusse
F-13241 Marseille, Cedex 01
Tel. 08 62 00

FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY

Zitelmannstraße 22
D-5300 Bonn
Tel. 23 80 41
Kurfürstendamm 102
D-1000 Berlin 31
Tel. 892 40 28

Erhardtstraße 27
D-8000 München
Tel. 23 99 29 00

GREECE

2 Vassilissis Sofias
TK 1602
GR-Athina 134
Tel. 724 39 82 / 724 39 83 / 724 39 84

IRELAND

39 Molesworth Street
IRL-Dublin 2
Tel. 71 22 44

ITALY

Via Poli 29
I-00187 Roma
Tel. 678 97 22

Corso Magenta 61
I-20123 Milano
Tel. 80 15 05 / 6 / 7 / 8

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Bâtiment Jean Monnet
Rue Alcide de Gasperi
L-2920 Luxembourg
Tel. 430 11

NETHERLANDS

Lange Voorhout 29
NL-Den Haag
Tel. 46 93 26

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Rua do Sacramento à Lapa 35
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E-1 Madrid
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UNITED KINGDOM

8 Storey's Gate
UK-London SW1P 3AT
Tel. 222 81 22

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9/15 Bedford Street
UK-Belfast BT2 7EG
Tel. 407 08

4 Cathedral Road
UK-Cardiff CF1 9SG
Tel. 37 16 31

7 Alva Street
UK-Edinburgh EH2 4PH
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COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2527/85

of 6 September 1985

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2159/85 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient
provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC)

No 974/71 ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 855/84 ⁽⁷⁾,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coeffi-
cient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
5 September 1985;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2159/85 to today's
offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 September
1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 6 September 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 203, 1. 8. 1985, p. 8.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 September 1985 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	111,57
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	162,78 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
10.02	Rye	103,38 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	109,81
10.04	Oats	80,46
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	88,36 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	58,24 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	121,59 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D I	Triticale	⁽⁷⁾
10.07 D II	Canary seed; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	169,48
11.01 B	Rye flour	158,01
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	265,48
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	182,72

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within subheading 10.07 D I (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2528/85

of 6 September 1985

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2160/85 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient

provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC)
No 974/71 ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 855/84 ⁽⁷⁾,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coeffi-
cient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
5 September 1985;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be
as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 September
1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 6 September 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 203, 1. 8. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 September 1985 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)					
CCT heading No	Description	Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	9,32	9,32	12,26
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)						
CCT heading No	Description	Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12	4th period 1
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2529/85
of 5 September 1985

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on polypropylene in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (d) to Chapter 39, falling within subheading 39.02 C ex IV, originating in Mexico, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3562/84 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3562/84 of 18 December 1984 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1985 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 13 thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of that Regulation, duties on the products listed in Annex II originating in each of the countries or territories listed in Annex III shall be totally suspended and the products as such shall, as a general rule, be subject to statistical surveillance every three months on the reference base referred to in Article 12; whereas, as provided for in Article 12, where the increase of preferential imports of these products, originating in one or more beneficiary countries, causes, or threatens to cause, economic difficulties in the Community or in a region of the Community, the levying of customs duties may be re-established once the Commission has had an appropriate exchange of information with the Member States; whereas for this purpose the reference base to be considered shall be, as a general rule, 165 % of the highest maximum amount valid for 1980;

Whereas, in the case of polypropylene in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (d) to Chapter 39, falling within subheading 39.02 C ex IV, the individual ceiling was fixed at 543 400 ECU; whereas, on 18 April 1985, imports of these products into the

Community, originating in Mexico, reached the reference base in question after being charged there-against; whereas the exchange of information organized by the Commission has demonstrated that continuance of the preference threatens to cause economic difficulties in the Community;

Whereas, it is appropriate to re-establish the levying of customs duties in respect of the products in question against Mexico,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 10 September 1985, the levying of customs duties, suspended pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3562/84, shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products originating in Mexico:

CCT heading No	Description
39.02 C ex IV (NIMEXE codes 39.02-25, 26, 27)	Polypropylene in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (d) to Chapter 39

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 September 1985.

For the Commission

Willy DE CLERCQ

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 338, 27. 12. 1984, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2530/85
of 5 September 1985

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on polypropylene in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (d) to Chapter 39, falling within subheading 39.02 C ex IV, originating in South Korea, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3562/84 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3562/84 of 18 December 1984 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1985 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 13 thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of that Regulation, duties on the products listed in Annex II originating in each of the countries or territories listed in Annex III shall be totally suspended and the products as such shall, as a general rule, be subject to statistical surveillance every three months on the reference base referred to in Article 12; whereas, as provided for in Article 12, where the increase of preferential imports of these products, originating in one or more beneficiary countries, causes, or threatens to cause, economic difficulties in the Community or in a region of the Community, the levying of customs duties may be re-established once the Commission has had an appropriate exchange of information with the Member States; whereas for this purpose the reference base to be considered shall be, as a general rule, 165 % of the highest maximum amount valid for 1980;

Whereas in the case of polypropylene in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (d) to Chapter 39, falling within subheading 39.02 C ex IV, the individual ceiling was fixed at 543 400 ECU; whereas, on 23 May 1985, imports of these products into the Community,

originating in South Korea, reached the reference base in question after being charged thereagainst; whereas the exchange of information organized by the Commission has demonstrated that continuance of the preference threatens to cause economic difficulties in the Community;

Whereas, it is appropriate to re-establish the levying of customs duties in respect of the products in question against South Korea,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 10 September 1985, the levying of customs duties, suspended pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3562/84, shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products originating in South Korea:

CCT heading No	Description
39.02 C ex IV (NIMEXE codes 39.02-25, 26, 27)	Polypropylene in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (d) to Chapter 39

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 September 1985.

For the Commission

Willy DE CLERCQ

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 338, 27. 12. 1984, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2531/85

of 6 September 1985

fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 19 to 25 August 1985

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1311/85 of 23 May 1985 on the granting of a premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals in the United Kingdom ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas, under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1311/85, an amount equivalent to the amount of the variable slaughter premium granted in the United Kingdom is levied on meat and meat preparations from animals on which it has been paid, when they are consigned to other Member States or to non-member countries;

Whereas, under Article 7 (1) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2187/85 of 31 July 1985 laying down detailed rules for the application of the premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals for slaughter in the United Kingdom ⁽²⁾, the amounts to be charged on departure from the territory of the United Kingdom of the products listed in the Annex

to the said Regulation must be fixed each week by the Commission;

Whereas, accordingly, the amounts to be levied on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 19 to 25 August 1985 should be fixed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1311/85, the amounts to be levied on the products referred to in Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2187/85 which left the territory of the United Kingdom during the week 19 to 25 August shall be those set out in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 19 August 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 September 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 137, 27. 5. 1985, p. 20.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 203, 1. 8. 1985, p. 76.

ANNEX

Amounts to be levied on products which left the territory of the United Kingdom during
the week 19 to 25 August 1985

(ECU/100 kg net weight)

CCT heading No	Description	Amount
1	2	3
ex 02.01 A II a) and ex 02.01 A II b)	Meat of adult bovine animals, fresh, chilled or frozen :	
	1. Carcases, half-carcases or 'compensated' quarters	26,26474
	2. Separated or unseparated forequarters	21,01179
	3. Separated or unseparated hindquarters	31,51769
	4. Other :	
	aa) Unboned (bone-in)	21,01179
	bb) Boned or boneless	35,98269
ex 02.06 C I a)	Meat salted, in brine, dried or smoked, of adult bovine animals :	
	1. Unboned (bone-in)	21,01179
	2. Boned or boneless	29,94180
ex 16.02 B III b) 1	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal, containing meat or offal of adult bovine animals :	
	aa) Uncooked ; mixtures of cooked meat or offal and uncooked meat or offal :	
	11. Containing 80 % or more by weight of beef meat excluding offals and fat	29,94180
	22. Other	21,01179

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2532/85
of 6 September 1985
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1482/85⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1809/85⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2510/85⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1809/85 to the information known to the Commission that the levies

at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 September 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 September 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

- ⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 151, 10. 6. 1985, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 29. 6. 1985, p. 77.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 238, 5. 9. 1985, p. 37.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 September 1985 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form :	
	A. White sugar : flavoured or coloured sugar	45,37
	B. Raw sugar	41,71 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2533/85

of 6 September 1985

altering the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the
fifth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Whereas the export refunds on cereals and on wheat
or rye flour, groats and meal were fixed by Regulation
(EEC) No 2523/85 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2523/85 to the

information known to the Commission that the export
refunds at present in force should be altered to the
amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1
(a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75,
exported in the natural state, as fixed in the Annex to
Regulation (EEC) No 2523/85 are hereby altered as
shown in the Annex to this Regulation in respect of
the products set out therein.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 September
1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 6 September 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 239, 6. 9. 1985, p. 22.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 September 1985 altering the export refunds on cereals
and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

CCT heading No	Description	Refund (ECU/tonne)
10.01 B I	Common wheat and meslin for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	31,00 41,00
10.01 B II	Durum wheat for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	30,00 40,00
10.02	Rye for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	0 0
10.03	Barley for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — Japan — other third countries	48,00 — 58,00
10.04	Oats for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	— —
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	—
10.07 B	Millet	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—
ex 11.01 A	Wheat flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 520 — of an ash content of 521 to 600 — of an ash content of 601 to 900 — of an ash content of 901 to 1 100 — of an ash content of 1 101 to 1 650 — of an ash content of 1 651 to 1 900	61,00 61,00 54,00 50,00 46,00 41,00

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Refund
ex 11.01 B	Rye flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 700 — of an ash content of 701 to 1 150 — of an ash content of 1 151 to 1 600 — of an ash content of 1 601 to 2 000	 61,00 61,00 61,00 61,00
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 1 300 ⁽¹⁾ — of an ash content of 0 to 1 300 ⁽²⁾ — of an ash content of 0 to 1 300 — of an ash content of more than 1 300	 202,00 192,00 173,00 164,00
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 520	 61,00

⁽¹⁾ Meal of which less than 10 % by weight is capable of passing through a sieve of 0,250 mm mesh.

⁽²⁾ Meal of which less than 10 % by weight is capable of passing through a sieve of 0,160 mm mesh.

N.B. The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 501/85 (OJ No L 60, 28. 2. 1985).