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Contents

I *Acts whose publication is obligatory*

- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3130/85 of 22 October 1985 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain petroleum products falling within Chapter 27 of the Common Customs Tariff and refined in Spain (1986) 1
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3131/85 of 22 October 1985 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for other woven fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1986) 5
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3132/85 of 22 October 1985 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1986) 8
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3133/85 of 22 October 1985 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1986) 11
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3134/85 of 22 October 1985 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia (1986) 14
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3135/85 of 22 October 1985 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1986) 17
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3136/85 of 22 October 1985 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia (1986) 20

Contents (continued)

★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3137/85 of 22 October 1985 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1986)

23

★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3138/85 of 22 October 1985 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain goods originating in Yugoslavia (1986)

26

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3130/85

of 22 October 1985

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain petroleum products falling within Chapter 27 of the Common Customs Tariff and refined in Spain (1986)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas an Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain ⁽¹⁾ was concluded on 29 June 1970 and supplemented by the Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain consequent on the accession of the Hellenic Republic to the Community ⁽²⁾;

Whereas the Community committed itself, under this Agreement, to opening an annual total Community tariff quota of 1 424 000 tonnes of certain petroleum products falling within Chapter 27 of the Common Customs Tariff and refined in Spain; whereas the quota duty is equal to 40 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties; whereas this Community tariff quota should be opened for 1986;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the product concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market of the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference

to the statistics for imports from Spain over a representative period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, in respect of the last three years for which statistics are available the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

Member State	1982	1983	1984
Benelux	13,8	4,1	2,4
Denmark	2,8	—	—
Germany	2,9	1,1	1,5
Greece	0,1	0,3	0,9
France	8,1	57,5	23,9
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	9,1	8,7	8,0
United Kingdom	63,2	28,3	63,3

Whereas, in view of these factors, and of market forecasts for the products concerned and in particular of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	2,4
Denmark	6,0
Germany	2,4
Greece	0,5
France	18,2
Ireland	2,4
Italy	6,0
United Kingdom	61,4

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared between the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States which have used up their

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 326, 13. 11. 1981, p. 1.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty (%)
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: A. Light oils: III. For other purposes B. Medium oils: III. For other purposes C. Heavy oils: I. Gas oil: c) For other purposes II. Fuel oil: c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils; other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a) d) For other purposes	2,4 2,4 1,4 1,4 1,6 2,4
27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes:	0,6
27.12	Petroleum jelly: A. Crude: III. For other purposes B. Other	0,7 2,0

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty (%)
27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	 0,7 1,8
27.14	Petroleum bitumén, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	 0,7

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 820 000 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1986 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	20 000
Denmark	50 000
Germany	20 000
Greece	4 000
France	156 000
Ireland	20 000
Italy	50 000
United Kingdom	500 000

2. The second instalment of 604 000 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third

share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that these might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1986.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1986, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a greater quantity if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used.

Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1986, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1986 and charged

against the Community tariff quota and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1986, of the amounts still in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that the drawing which uses up a reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State which makes such last drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that supplementary shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community tariff quotas.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the goods in question against their shares as and when such goods are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure compliance with this Regulation.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 22 October 1985.

For the Council

The President

J. F. POOS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3131/85

of 22 October 1985

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for other woven fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1986)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas an Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain ⁽¹⁾ was concluded on 29 June 1970 and supplemented by the Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain consequent on the accession of the Hellenic Republic to the Community ⁽²⁾;

Whereas the Community committed itself, under this Agreement, to opening an annual total Community tariff quota of 2 013 tonnes of other woven fabrics of cotton, falling within heading No 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain; whereas, the quota duty is equal to 40 % of the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of the products concerned; whereas this Community tariff quota should be opened for 1986;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure to all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market of the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States calculated by reference to the statistics of imports from Spain over a representative period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

Member State	1982	1983	1984
Benelux	1,8	0,7	7,2
Denmark	0,3	0,1	2,9
Germany	5,3	4,1	11,9
Greece	—	1,1	1,3
France	63,5	58,2	39,4
Ireland	22,3	27,8	13,9
Italy	3,2	4,2	10,8
United Kingdom	3,6	3,8	12,6

Whereas, in view of these factors, and of market forecasts for the products in question and in particular of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	4,7
Denmark	3,5
Germany	5,9
Greece	0,6
France	55,6
Ireland	22,0
Italy	4,7
United Kingdom	3,0

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of those Member States having used up their initial quota shares; whereas in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under present circumstances be fixed at 85 % of the quota;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 326, 13. 11. 1981, p. 1.

monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity of an initial share remains unused in a Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that

economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January until 31 December 1986 the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the products originating in Spain and listed below shall be partially suspended at the levels indicated for each of them within the limits of a global Community tariff quota of 2 013 tonnes:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty (%)
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton:	
	A. Containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton:	
	I. Of a width of less than 85 cm	4,2
	II. Other	4,2
	B. Other:	
	I. Of a width of less than 85 cm	4,2
	II. Other	4,3

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 1 700 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1986, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	80
Denmark	60
Germany	100
Greece	10
France	945
Ireland	375
Italy	80
United Kingdom	50

2. The second instalment of 313 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to

15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that these might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1986.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1986, such unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1986, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question up to 15 September 1986 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1986, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State which makes such last drawing.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 22 October 1985.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their shares as and when the goods are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure compliance with this Regulation.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1986.

For the Council

The President

J. F. POOS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3132/85

of 22 October 1985

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1986)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas an Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain was concluded on 29 June 1970 ⁽¹⁾;

Whereas the Community committed itself, under this Agreement, to opening an annual Community tariff quota of 200 tonnes of dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain and imported in immediate packings of a net capacity of 15 kilograms or less; whereas the applicable quota duty is fixed at 30% of the Common Customs Tariff duty; whereas this Community tariff quota should be opened for 1986;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Spain over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products in question:

Member State	1982	1983	1984
Benelux	9	—	—
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	91	15	89
Greece	—	—	—
France	—	—	—
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	85	11

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States as well as the practical need to ensure that the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among the Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	6,7
Denmark	6,7
Germany	46,7
Greece	0,7
France	20,0
Ireland	3,3
Italy	3,3
United Kingdom	12,6

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 75% of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 1.

Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor, the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January to 31 December 1986 the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B, originating in Spain and imported in immediate packings of a net capacity not exceeding 15 kilograms shall be partially suspended at 3 % within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 200 tonnes.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 150 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1986 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	10
Denmark	10
Germany	70
Greece	1
France	30
Ireland	5
Italy	5
United Kingdom	19

2. The second instalment of 50 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the

portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1986.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1986 such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1986, of total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1986 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1986, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the

products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 22 October 1985.

For the Council

The President

J. F. POOS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3133/85
of 22 October 1985

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1986)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas an Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain ⁽¹⁾ was concluded on 29 June 1970;

Whereas the Community committed itself, under this Agreement, to opening an annual Community tariff quota of 1 900 tonnes of dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain and imported in immediate packings of a net capacity of 15 kilograms or less; whereas this Community tariff quota should be opened for 1986;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Spain over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products in question:

Member State	1982	1983	1984
Benelux	2	3	2
Demark	—	2	5
Germany	2	2	3
Greece	—	—	—
France	73	80	83
Ireland	1	1	—
Italy	21	13	7
United Kingdom	1	—	—

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	9,9
Denmark	1,0
Germany	3,6
Greece	0,1
France	42,1
Ireland	0,6
Italy	8,0
United Kingdom	34,7

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota might under the circumstances be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 1.

monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that the Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January to 31 December 1986, the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I, originating in Spain and imported in immediate containers of a net capacity not exceeding 15 kilograms shall be entirely suspended within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 1 900 tonnes.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 1 520 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1986 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	150
Denmark	15
Germany	55
Greece	1
France	640
Ireland	10
Italy	120
United Kingdom	529

2. The second instalment of 380 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall

forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1986.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1986 such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1986 of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1986 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States not later than 5 October 1986 of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 22 October 1985.

For the Council

The President

J. F. POOS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3134/85

of 22 October 1985

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia (1986)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Tunisia ⁽¹⁾ provides that prepared and preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia, may be imported into the Community free of duty; whereas the detailed arrangements must be fixed by an exchange of letters between the Community and Tunisia; whereas, since this exchange of letters has not yet taken place, it is advisable to renew until 31 December 1986 the Community arrangements which were applied in 1985, whereas it is advisable to open a Community tariff quota for the importation into the Community of the products in question of 100 tonnes free of duty; whereas this tariff quota is to apply from 1 January 1986 until either the conclusion of the exchange of letters provided for in Article 18 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Tunisia or until such time as Community arrangements for imports of the products in question are applied, but until 31 December 1986 at the latest;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Articles 179 and 366 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Articles 180 and 367 of that Act; whereas the tariff measure concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Ten;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in

proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated, on the one hand, by reference to the statistics for imports from Tunisia over a representative reference period and, on the other hand, by reference to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports into each of the Member States represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Tunisia of the products concerned:

Member State	1982	1983	1984
Benelux	—	—	—
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	—	—	—
Greece	—	—	—
France	100 (= 14 tonnes)	—	—
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	—	—

Whereas these data cannot be considered as representative and cannot serve as a basis for allocation of the quota among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to forecast the Member States' imports for 1986 because of their situation in previous years; whereas, in order that the quota may be allocated fairly, the initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	8
Denmark	4
Germany	16
Greece	2
France	50
Ireland	2
Italy	2
United Kingdom	16

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, each of the quota amounts should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 265, 27. 9. 1978, p. 1.

should, under the circumstances, be fixed at 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity of an initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January 1986 until the conclusion or the exchange of letters referred to in Article 18 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Tunisia, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1986, whichever shall be the earliest, a duty-free Community tariff quota of 100 tonnes shall be opened for imports into the Community of Ten of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment, amounting to 50 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which

subject to Article 5 shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	4
Denmark	2
Germany	8
Greece	1
France	25
Ireland	1
Italy	1
United Kingdom	8

3. The second instalment of 50 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after one of its second shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1986, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the

initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1986, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1986 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1986, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3

are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products in question originating in Tunisia and entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 22 October 1985.

For the Council

The President

J. F. POOS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3135/85

of 22 October 1985

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1986)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾, signed on 27 April 1976, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1986;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Articles 179 and 366 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Articles 180 and 367 of that Act; whereas the tariff measure concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Ten;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Morocco of the product in question:

Member State	1982	1983	1984
Benelux	3	1	2
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	7	—	—
Greece	—	—	—
France	86	97	98
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	4	2	—

Whereas both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	5,5
Denmark	1,3
Germany	6,6
Greece	0,2
France	59,5
Ireland	1,3
Italy	1,3
United Kingdom	24,3

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 55 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 264, 27. 9. 1978, p. 1.

this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1986, a Community of Ten tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11,9 %.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 3 700 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1986 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	200
Denmark	50
Germany	240
Greece	10
France	2 200
Ireland	50
Italy	50
United Kingdom	900

2. The second instalment amounting to 4 550 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1986.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1986, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1986, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1986 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1986, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 22 October 1985.

For the Council

The President

J. F. POOS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3136/85

of 22 October 1985

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia (1986)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia⁽¹⁾, signed on 25 April 1976, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 4 300 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1986;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Articles 179 and 366 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Articles 180 and 367 of that Act; whereas the tariff measure concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Ten;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Tunisia over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Tunisia of the product in question:

Member State	1982	1983	1984
Benelux	—	—	—
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	1	—	—
Greece	—	—	—
France	99	100	100
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	—	—

Whereas both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	2,3
Denmark	2,3
Germany	4,1
Greece	0,5
France	79,3
Ireland	2,3
Italy	2,3
United Kingdom	6,9

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 265, 27. 9. 1978, p. 1.

this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1986, a Community of Ten tariff quota of 4 300 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11,9 %.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 2 150 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1986 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	50
Denmark	50
Germany	90
Greece	10
France	1 700
Ireland	50
Italy	50
United Kingdom	150

2. The second instalment amounting to 2 150 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1986.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1986, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1986, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1986 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserves.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1986, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 22 October 1985.

For the Council

The President

J. F. POOS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3137/85

of 22 October 1985

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1986)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel ⁽¹⁾, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1986;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Articles 179 and 366 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Articles 180 and 367 of that Act; whereas the tariff measure concerned will, there, apply to the Community of Ten;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Israel over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of total imports of the product in question originating in Israel:

Member State	1982	1983	1984
Benelux	37	100	100
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	63	—	—
Greece	—	—	—
France	—	—	—
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	—	—

Whereas these data cannot be considered as representative to serve as a basis for allocation of the quota volume among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to estimate imports by Member States for 1986 because of the situation in previous years; whereas to allocate the quota volume on a fair basis, the approximate percentages of initial quota shares may be fixed as follows:

Benelux	74,8
Denmark	1,7
Germany	1,7
Greece	1,7
France	1,7
Ireland	1,7
Italy	1,7
United Kingdom	15,0

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 136, 28. 5. 1975, p. 1.

this must be done by such Member State as when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional share must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1986, a Community of Ten tariff quota of 150 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11,9 %.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 120 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1986 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	90
Denmark	2
Germany	2
Greece	2
France	2
Ireland	2
Italy	2
United Kingdom	18

2. The second instalment amounting to 30 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1986.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1986, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1986, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1986 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Article 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1986, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of the balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 22 October 1985.

For the Council

The President

J. F. POOS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3138/85

of 22 October 1985

establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain goods originating in Yugoslavia (1986)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas a Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾ was concluded on 24 January 1983;

Whereas Article 1 of Protocol 1 annexed to that Agreement provides, on the one hand, that imports of the goods therein set out are limited to annual ceilings above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be reintroduced; whereas, following the accession of the Hellenic Republic to the Community, an Additional Protocol amending the said Protocol 1 was signed on 1 April 1982; whereas, pending the entry into force of this Additional Protocol, the Community has put into force the amendments to the trade arrangements provided for in the said Protocol by Regulation (EEC) No 287/82⁽²⁾; whereas, on the other hand, a Supplementary Protocol to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia concerning trade in textile products, hereinafter referred to as 'the Supplementary Protocol', has been negotiated; whereas until the Supplementary Protocol comes into force the arrangements provided by it should be applied from 1 January 1983; whereas, therefore, the ceilings to be applied in 1986 must be established; whereas in this situation it is necessary that the Commission be regularly informed of the trend of the imports of the goods in question and, in consequence, it is necessary to subject these imports to supervision;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Articles 179 and 366 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Articles 180 and 367 of that Act; whereas the tariff measure concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Ten;

Whereas this objective may be achieved by means of an administrative procedure based on setting off imports of

the products in question against the ceilings at Community level, as and when these products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation; whereas this administrative procedure must make provision for the reintroduction of customs tariff duties as soon as the ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close and particularly rapid cooperation between the Member States and the Commission; whereas the latter must, in particular, be able to follow the progress of amounts set off against the ceilings and keep the Member States informed; whereas this cooperation must be all the closer since the Commission must be able to take adequate measures to reintroduce customs tariff duties whenever one of the ceilings has been reached;

Whereas the trend of imports should be followed for certain goods; whereas it is therefore desirable that import of such goods should be subject to supervision,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1986, imports into the Community of Ten of certain goods originating in Yugoslavia and listed in Annexes I, II, III and IV shall be subject to ceilings and to Community supervision.

The description of the goods referred to in the preceding subparagraph, their tariff headings and statistical numbers and the levels of the indicative ceilings or sub-ceilings are given in the abovementioned Annexes.

The sub-ceilings established for certain products in Annex II which have not undergone an outward processing operation in conformity with the Community Regulation on economic outward processing are indicated in column 5 of that Annex.

2. Amounts shall be set off against the ceilings or sub-ceilings as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for free circulation and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in Protocol 2 to the Agreement.

With regard to the ceilings established for categories 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 15 B, 16, 18, 24 and 73 of Annex II,

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 30, 6. 2. 1982, p. 1.

re-imported products which have undergone an outward processing operation in conformity with the Community Regulation on economic outward processing may be charged against the respective ceilings only if in the movement certificate issued by the competent Yugoslav authorities reference is made to the prior authorization provided for by the Community Regulation on economic outward processing.

Goods shall be set off against the ceiling or sub-ceilings only if the movement certificate has been submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The reaching of a ceiling or sub-ceiling shall be determined at Community level on the basis of imports set off against it in the manner defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

The Member States shall periodically inform the Commission of imports effected in accordance with the above rules; such information shall be supplied under the conditions laid down in paragraph 4.

3. As soon as the ceilings or sub-ceilings have been reached, the Commission may adopt a Regulation reimposing until the end of the calendar year the customs duties applicable to third countries.

However, if customs duties are reimposed, imports of the goods listed in Annex V, which within the meaning of Protocol 2 annexed to the Agreement have obtained originating status in the free zone established by the Agreements signed at Osimo, shall continue to benefit from exemption of duties provided that this originating status is certified on the movement certificate by the competent Yugoslav authorities.

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of the

amounts set off during the preceding month. They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 2

From 1 January to 31 December 1986, imports of the goods originating in Yugoslavia referred to in Annex I for which the ceiling level is not specified shall be subject to Community supervision.

Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of imports of the products in question effected during the preceding month; to this end, only products submitted to the customs authorities under cover of an entry for free circulation and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in Protocol 2 to the Agreement shall be taken into consideration.

They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up import statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 3

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 22 October 1985.

For the Council

The President

J. F. POOS

ANNEX I

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 1	31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous: B. Urea containing more than 45 % by weight of nitrogen on the dry anhydrous product	31.02-15	2 673
I YU 2		C. Other	31.02-20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90	23 458
I YU 3	31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg	31.05-all Nos	38 896
	39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, colloidions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre:		
I YU 4		B. Other: I. Regenerated cellulose	39.03-07, 08, 12, 14, 15, 17	1 317
I YU 5		II. Cellulose nitrates	39.03-21, 23, 25, 27, 29	715
	40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds:		
		B. Other:		
		II. Other:		
I YU 6		— Of the kind used on bicycles or cycles with auxiliary motor, on motor-cycles or motor-scooters; tyre flaps (separately consigned); tyre cases with sewn-in inner tubes, for racing bicycles	40.11-21, 23, 40, 45, 52, 53	2 554
I YU 7		— Other	40.11-25, 27, 29, 55, 57, 62, 63, 80	3 586
I YU 8	ex 42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather, excluding protective gloves for all trades	42.03-10, 25, 27, 28, 51, 59	319
I YU 9	44.15	Plywood, blockboard, laminboard, battenboard and similar laminated wood products (including veneered panels and sheets); inlaid wood and wood marquetry	44.15-all Nos	114 864 m ³
I YU 10	44.18	Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like	44.18-all Nos	28 107
I YU 11	64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial material	64.01-all Nos	433
	64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material:		
I YU 12		A. Footwear with uppers of leather	64.02-21, 29, 32, 34, 35, 38, 40, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 59	512
I YU 13		B. Other	64.02-60, 61, 69, 99	173

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 14	70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles	70.05-all Nos	5 109
	70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked or of optical glass:		
I YU 15		A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings: II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lamp-shades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces)	70.14-19	1 925
I YU 16	73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits: B. Other	73.18-all Nos, excluding 73.18-02	10 212
I YU 17	74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper	74.04-all Nos	769
I YU 18	74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper	74.07-all Nos	2 133
I YU 19	76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; wire	76.02-all Nos	1 281
I YU 20	76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium	76.03-all Nos	2 808
I YU 21	79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes	79.03-all Nos	2 430
	85.01	Electrical goods of the following descriptions; generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors: B. Other machines and apparatus		
I YU 22		I. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed-reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters	85.01-08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 31, 33, 34, 36, 38, 39, 41, 42, 44, 46, 47, 49, 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58	3 872
I YU 23		C. Parts	85.01-89, 90, 93, 95	1 543
	85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized), electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including coaxial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors:		
I YU 24		B. Other	85.23-all Nos, excluding 85.23-01	2 070
I YU 25	85.25	Insulators of any material	85.25-all Nos	346

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 26	87.10	Cycles (including delivery tricycles), not motorized	87.10-all Nos	Ceiling delayed
	87.14	Other vehicles (including trailers) not mechanically propelled, and parts thereof: B. Trailers and semi-trailers: II. Other		
I YU 27			87.14-33, 37, 39, 43, 49	1 960
	94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof: B. Other: ex II. Other, excluding seats specially designed for motor vehicles		
I YU 28			94.01-25, 31, 39, 41, 45, 49, 60, 70, 91, 93, 99	6 384
	94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof: B. Other		
I YU 29			94.03-all Nos, excluding 94.03-11, 15, 19	5 617
I YU 30	25.23	Portland cement, ciment fondu, slag cement, supersulphate cement and similar hydraulic cements, whether or not coloured or in the form of clinker	25.23-all Nos	—
	28.56	Carbides, whether or not chemically defined: C. Of calcium		
I YU 31			28.56-50	—
I YU 32	44.23	Builders' carpentry and joinery (including prefabricated and sectional buildings and assembled parquet flooring panels)	44.23-all Nos	—
I YU 33	46.03	Basketwork, wickerwork and other articles of plaiting materials, made directly to shape; articles made up from goods falling within heading No 46.02; articles of loofah	46.03-all Nos	—
	48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding) in rolls or sheets: C. Kraft paper and kraft board: II. Other		
I YU 34			48.01-07, 10, 20, 22, 24, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 39, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 51	
I YU 35	69.02	Refractory bricks, blocks, tiles and similar refractory constructional goods, other than goods falling within heading No 69.01	69.02-all Nos	—
I YU 36	69.11	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of porcelain or china (including biscuit porcelain and parian)	69.11-all Nos	—
I YU 37	70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses	70.13-all Nos	—
I YU 38	74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire	74.03-all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 39	84.41	Sewing machines, furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines, furniture specially designed for sewing machines: I. Sewing machines (lock-stitch only), with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor; sewing machine heads (lock-stitch only), of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor: b) Other	84.41.13	—
I YU 40	87.12	Parts and accessories of articles falling within heading No 87.09, 87.10 or 87.11: B. Other	87.12-20, 32, 34, 38, 40, 50, 55, 60, 70, 80, 91, 95, 97, 99	—
I YU 41	28.10	Phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acids (meta-, ortho- and pyro-)	28.10-all Nos	—
I YU 42	28.14	Halides, oxyhalides and other halogen compounds of non-metals: B. Other halogen compounds of non-metals	28.14-90	—
I YU 43	28.16	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution	28.16-all Nos	—
I YU 44	28.19	Zinc oxide and zinc peroxide	28.19-all Nos	—
I YU 45	28.20	Aluminium oxide and hydroxide; artificial corundum: B. Artificial corundum	28.20-30	—
I YU 46	28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates: B. Phosphates (including polyphosphates): II. Other	28.40-30, 62, 65, 71, 79, 81, 85	—
I YU 47	28.46	Borates and perborates	28.46-all Nos	—
I YU 48	28.47	Salts of metallic acids (for example, chromates, permanganates, stannates)	28.47-all Nos	—
I YU 49	28.56	Carbides, whether or not chemically defined; A. Of silicon	28.56-10	—
I YU 50	29.16	Carboxylic acids with alcohol, phenol, aldehyde or ketone function and other single or complex oxygen-function carboxylic acids, and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: A. Carboxylic acids with alcohol function: IV. Citric acid and its salts and esters: a) Citric acid	29.16-21	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 51	29.35	Heterocyclic compounds; nucleic acids: ex Q. Other: — Melamine	29.35-74	—
I YU 52	31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic	31.03-all Nos	—
I YU 53	39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polyteranaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other: I. Polyethylene	39.02-03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 09, 11, 12, 13	—
I YU 54		IV. Polypropylene	39.02-21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28	—
I YU 55		VII. Polyvinyl chloride	39.02-41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 59, 61, 66	—
I YU 56	41.02	Bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 or 41.08: B. Bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) not further prepared than chrome-tanned, in the wet blue state C. Other	41.02-12, 14 41.02-17, 19, 21, 28, 31, 32, 35, 37, 98	—
I YU 57	41.05	Other kinds of leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 or 41.08: B. Other: II. Other	41.05-91, 93, 99	—
I YU 58	42.02	Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hatboxes, travelling-bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, briefcases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric	42.02-all Nos	—
I YU 59	44.11	Fibre building board of wood or other vegetable material, whether or not bonded with natural or artificial resins or with other organic binders	44.11-all Nos	—
I YU 60	44.17	'Improved' wood, in sheets, blocks or the like	44.17-all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 61	48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding) in rolls or sheets: ex F. Other: — Printing paper and writing paper	48.01-76, 78, 79, 80, 81	—
I YU 62	48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape	48.15-all Nos	—
I YU 63	68.13	Fabricated asbestos and articles thereof (for example, asbestos board, thread and fabric; asbestos clothing, asbestos jointing), reinforced or not, other than goods falling within heading No 68.14; mixtures with a basis of asbestos and mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate, and articles of such mixtures: B. Articles of asbestos: I. Thread	68.13-33, 35	—
I YU 64		II. Fabric	68.13-36	—
I YU 65	69.07	Unglazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles	69.07-all Nos	—
I YU 66	69.12	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of other kinds of pottery: C. Earthenware or fine pottery	69.12-31, 39	—
I YU 67	70.12	Glass inners for vacuum flasks or for other vacuum vessels	70.12-all Nos	—
I YU 68	70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked nor of optical glass: B. Other	70.14-91, 95	—
I YU 69	73.20	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, unions and flanges), of iron or steel	73.20-all Nos	—
I YU 70	73.40	Other articles of iron or steel: ex B. Other: — Pallets and similar platforms for handling goods	73.40-47	—
I YU 71	74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0,15 mm	74.05-all Nos	—
I YU 72	74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables	74.10-all Nos	—
I YU 73	76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding backing) not exceeding 0,20 mm	76.04-all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 74	76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium: B. Other	76.06-all Nos, excluding 76.06-01	—
I YU 75	76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables	76.12-all Nos	—
I YU 76	78.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of lead	78.03-all Nos	—
I YU 77	79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire	79.02-all Nos	—
	84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other): B. Evaporators and condensers, excluding those for domestic refrigerators	84.15-05	—
I YU 78				
I YU 79		C. Other	84.15-06, 11, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 32, 36, 41, 46, 51, 59, 61, 68, 72, 74, 78, 92, 98	—
I YU 80	84.62	Ball, roller or needle roller bearings	84.62-all Nos	—
	85.09	Electrical lighting and signalling equipment and electrical windscreen wipers, defrosters and demisters, for cycles or motor vehicles: ex C. Other:		
I YU 81		— Electrical windscreen wipers, defrosters and demisters	85.09-91	—
	85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras, radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus: A. Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras: III. Receivers, whether or not incorporating sound recorders or reproducers: b) Other		
I YU 82			85.15-12, 13, 14, 15, 19, 21, 23, 25, 31, 33, 35, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 53, 55, 57, 58, 59, 61, 62	—
		C. Parts: II. Other: c) Other		
I YU 83			85.15-82, 84, 86, 87, 88, 91, 99	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 84	85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits, switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels: A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits	85.19-01, 02, 04, 05, 06, 08, 12, 18, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 32, 34, 36, 38, 41, 43, 45, 47, 51, 53, 57, 58, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73	—
I YU 85		B. Resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors	85.19-74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 83, 86	—
I YU 86	85.21	Thermionic, cold-cathode and photo-cathode valves and tubes (including vapour or gas filled valves and tubes, cathode-ray tubes, television camera tubes and mercury arc rectifying valves and tubes); photocells; mounted piezo-electric crystals; diodes, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices; light-emitting diodes; electronic microcircuits	85.21-all Nos	—

ANNEX II

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling
1	2	3	4	5
1	55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	55.05-all Nos	3 957 tonnes
2	55.09	Other woven fabric of cotton	55.09-all Nos	4 819 tonnes
2 A		Of which other than unbleached or bleached, maximum	55.09-06, 07, 08, 09, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 73, 83, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99	1 020 tonnes
3	56.07	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.07-01, 04, 05, 07, 08, 10, 12, 15, 19, 20, 22, 25, 29, 30, 31, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 49	Ceiling delayed
4	60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic of rubberized: B. Other: I. T-shirts II. Lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers: a) Of cotton b) Of synthetic textile fibres c) Of regenerated textile fibres IV. Other: b) Of synthetic textile fibres: 1. Men's and boys': aa) Shirts dd) Other 2. Women's, girls' and infants': ee) Other d) Of cotton: 1. Men's and boys': aa) Shirts dd) Other 2. Women's, girls' and infants': dd) Other	60.04-19, 20, 22 60.04-23 60.04-24 60.04-26 60.04-41 60.04-50 60.04-58 60.04-71 60.04-79 60.04-89	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2) a) 4 425 000 pieces b) 2 417 000 pieces

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
5	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: I. Jerseys and pullovers, containing at least 50 % by weight of wool and weighing 600 g or more per article; garments of the 'cowboy' type and other similar garments for amusement and play, less than commercial size 158 II. Other: b) Other: 4. Other outer garments: bb) Jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, waist-coats, twinsets, cardigans, bed jackets and jumpers: 11. Men's and boys': aaa) Of wool bbb) Of fine animal hair ccc) Of synthetic textile fibres ddd) Of regenerated textile fibres eee) Of cotton 22. Women's, girls' and infants': bbb) Of wool ccc) Of fine animal hair ddd) Of synthetic textile fibres eee) Of regenerated textile fibres fff) Of cotton	60.05-01,03 60.05-31 60.05-33 60.05-34 60.05-35 60.05-36 60.05-39 60.05-40 60.05-41 60.05-42 60.05-43	a) 1 911 000 pieces b) 802 000 pieces
6	61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments: B. Other: V. Other: d) Breeches and shorts: 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair 2. Of man-made textile fibres 3. Of cotton e) Trousers: 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair 2. Of man-made fibres 3. Of cotton	61.01-62 61.01-64 61.01-66 61.01-72 61.01-74 61.01-76	a) 3 098 000 pieces b) 360 000 pieces
	61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: II. Other: e) Other: 6. Trousers and slacks: aa) Of wool or of fine animal hair bb) Of man-made textile fibres cc) Of cotton	61.02-66 61.02-68 61.02-72	

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
7	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: b) Other: 4. Other outer garments: aa) Blouses and shirt-blouses for women, girls and infants: 22. Of wool or of fine animal hair 33. Of synthetic textile fibres 44. Of regenerated textile fibres 55. Of cotton	60.05-22 60.05-23 60.05-24 60.05-25	a) 1 898 000 pieces b) 188 000 pieces
	61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: II. Other: e) Other: 7. Blouses and shirt-blouses: bb) Of man-made textile fibres cc) Of cotton dd) Of other textile materials	61.02-78 61.02-82 61.02-84	
8	61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: A. Shirts	61.03-11, 15, 19	a) 6 839 000 pieces b) 1 245 000 pieces
9	55.08	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton	55.08-all Nos	357 tonnes
	62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles: B. Other: III. Toilet linen and kitchen linen a) Of cotton: 1. Of terry towelling and similar terry fabrics	62.02-71	

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
12	60.03	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Of wool or of fine animal hair B. Of synthetic textile fibres: I. Knee-length stockings II. Other: b) Other C. Of cotton D. Of other textile materials	60.03-11, 19 60.03-20 60.03-27 60.03-30 60.03-90	a) 5 624 000 pairs b) 2 204 000 pairs
15 B	61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: II. Other: e) Other: 1. Jackets (excluding waister jackets) and blazers: aa) Of wool or of fine animal hair bb) Of man-made textile fibres cc) Of cotton 2. Coats and raincoats; cloaks and capes: aa) Of wool or of fine animal hair bb) Of man-made textile fibres cc) Of cotton	61.02-31 61.02-32 61.02-33 61.02-35 61.02-36, 37 61.02-39, 40	a) 1 495 000 pieces b) 211 000 pieces
16	61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments: B. Other: V. Other: c) Suits and coordinate suits (excluding ski suits) 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair 2. Of man-made textile fibres 3. Of cotton	61.01-51 61.01-54 61.01-57	a) 921 000 pieces b) 229 000 pieces
18	61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: B. Pyjamas C. Other:	61.03-51, 55, 59 61.03-81, 85, 89	a) } Ceiling b) } delayed
22	56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.05-03, 05, 07, 09, 11, 13, 15, 19, 21, 23, 25, 28, 32, 34, 36, 38, 39, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47	Ceiling delayed

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling
1	2	3	4	5
23	56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: B. Of regenerated textile fibres	56.05-51, 55, 61, 65, 71, 75, 81, 85, 91, 95, 99	198 tonnes
24	60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: B. Other: IV. Other:		Level of ceiling a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
		b) Of synthetic textile fibres: 1. Men's and boys': bb) Pyjamas	60.04-47	a) 1 115 000 pieces b) 688 000 pieces
		d) Of cotton: 1. Men's and boys': bb) Pyjamas	60.04-73	
		Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: B. Other: IV. Other:		
		b) Of synthetic textile fibres: 2. Women's, girls' and infants': aa) Pyjamas bb) Nightdresses	60.04-51 60.04-53	
33	51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02: A. Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres: III. Fabrics made from strip or the like of polyethylene or polypropylene, of a width of: a) Less than 3 m	51.04-06	459 tonnes

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling
1	2	3	4	5
33 (cont'd)	62.03	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods: B. Of other textile materials: II. Other: b) Of fabric of synthetic textile fibres: 1. Made from polyethylene or polypropylene strip	62.03-51, 59	
37	56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste): B. Of regenerated textile fibres	56.07-50, 51, 55, 56, 59, 60, 61, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 77, 78, 82, 83, 84, 87	832 tonnes
48	53.07	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale	53.07-all Nos	Ceiling delayed
	53.08	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale: B. Combed	53.08-21, 25	
52	55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale	55.06-all Nos	Ceiling delayed
56	56.06	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.06-11, 15	66 tonnes
57	56.06	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: B. Of regenerated textile fibres	56.06-20	2 tonnes
67	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: b) Other: 5. Clothing accessories B. Other	60.05-93, 94, 95 60.05-96, 97, 98, 99	267 tonnes
	60.06	Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings): B. Other: II. Stockings III. Other	60.06-92 60.06-96, 98	

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
73	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: b) Other: 3. Track suits	60.05-16, 17, 19	a) 442 000 pieces b) 369 000 pieces
Diverse	59.04	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not	59.04-all Nos	Level of ceiling
				Ceiling delayed

ANNEX III

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
III YU 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:		547 281
		A. Light oils:		
		III. For other purposes	27.10-15, 17, 21, 25, 29	
		B. Medium oils:		
		III. For other purposes	27.10-34, 38, 39	
		C. Heavy oils		
		I. Gas oils:		
		c) For other purposes	27.10-59	
		II. Fuel oils:		
		c) For other purposes	27.10-69	
		III. Lubricating oils, other oils:		
		c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a)	27.10-75	
		d) For other purposes	27.10-79	
	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons:		547 281
		A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 %:		
		I. For use as a power or heating fuel	27.11-03	
		B. Other:		
		I. Commercial propane and commercial butane:		
		c) For other purposes	27.11-19	
	27.12	Petroleum jelly		547 281
		A. Crude		
		III. For other purposes	27.12-19	
		B. Other	27.12-90	
	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured:		547 281
		B. Other:		
		I. Crude:		
		c) For other purposes	27.13-89	
		II. Other	27.13-90	
	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum, coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals:		547 281
		C. Other:		
		II. Other:	27.14-99	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

ANNEX IV

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
IV YU 1	28.05	Alkali and alkaline earth metals; rare earth metals, yttrium and scandium and intermixtures or interalloys thereof; mercury: D. Mercury: I. In flasks of a net capacity of 34,5 kg (standard weight), of a fob value, per flask, not exceeding 224 ECU	28.05-71	Ceiling delayed
IV YU 2	73.02	Ferro-alloys: A. Ferro-manganese: II. Other	73.02-19	Ceiling delayed
IV YU 3		C. Ferro-silicon	73.02-30	5 517
IV YU 4		D. Ferro-silico-manganese	73.02-40	849
IV YU 5		E. Ferro-chromium and ferro-silico-chromium: I. Ferro-chromium	73.02-52, 53, 54	1 304
IV YU 6		— Of which ferro-chromium containing by weight not more than 0,10 % of carbon and more than 30 % but not more than 90 % of chromium (super-refined ferro-chromium), maximum	ex 73.02-52	651
IV YU 7	76.01	Unwrought aluminium; aluminium waste and scrap: A. Unwrought	76.01-11, 21, 29	2 268
IV YU 8	78.01	Unwrought lead (including argentiferous lead); lead waste and scrap: A. Unwrought: II. Other	78.01-12, 13, 15, 19	1 351
IV YU 9	79.01	Unwrought zinc; zinc waste and scrap: A. Unwrought	79.01-11, 15	1 720

ANNEX V

CCT heading No	Description
28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates: B. Phosphates (including polyphosphates): II. Other
44.15	Plywood, blockboard, laminboard, battenboard and similar laminated wood products (including veneered panels and sheets); inlaid wood and wood marquetry
44.17	'Improved' wood, sheets, blocks or the like
44.18	Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like
44.23	Builders' carpentry and joinery (including prefabricated and sectional buildings and assembled parquet flooring panels)
70.12	Glass inners for vacuum flasks or for other vacuum vessels
70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes for indoor decoration, or for similar uses
84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines, sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines: I. Sewing machines (lock-stitch only), with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor; sewing machine heads (lock-stitch only) of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor: b) Other
85.01	Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors: B. Other machines and apparatus: I. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters C. Parts
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus
85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels: A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits B. Resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors

CCT heading No	Description
85.21	Thermionic, cold-cathode and photo-cathode valves and tubes (including vapour or gas-filled valves and tubes, cathode-ray tubes, television camera tubes and mercury arc rectifying valves and tubes), photocells; mounted piezo-electric crystals; diodes, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices; light-emitting diodes; electronic microcircuits
85.25	Insulators of any material