

Official Journal

of the European Communities

ISSN 0378-6978

L 51

Volume 29

28 February 1986

English edition

Legislation

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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 505/86

of 25 February 1986

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 as regards the agricultural conversion rates for the Spanish peseta and the Portuguese escudo

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Articles 89 (1), 234 (2) and 253 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the conversion rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas from 1 January 1986 Spain and Portugal form part of the Community; whereas, for the purposes of agriculture, accession is to take effect from 1 March 1986 only;

Whereas the agricultural conversion rates were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 ⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3772/85 ⁽³⁾; whereas the agricultural conversion rates for the new Member States should be introduced into Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85;

Whereas the introduction of monetary compensatory amounts should be avoided on the accession of a new Member State; whereas consequently, provision should be made for the application of a rate as closely in line as

possible with economic reality, and a conversion rate for agriculture calculated on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the average rates recorded on the exchange markets on 24 and 25 February 1986 should be used for the currencies of the two new Member States;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 129/78 ⁽⁴⁾ laid down a specific date for the conversion of the amounts fixed in instruments relating to the common policy on agricultural structures, where Community financing thereof is undertaken exclusively by the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund, Guidance Section; whereas a similar special provision should be applied to Spain and Portugal for 1986.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annexes to Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 are hereby supplemented by the Annexes to this Regulation.

Article 2

For 1986, the date of 1 January appearing in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 129/78 is hereby replaced by 1 March 1986 for the conversion into pesetas and escudos of the amounts concerned in that Regulation.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 March 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 25 February 1986.

For the Council

The President

G. BRAKS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 20, 25. 1. 1978, p. 16.

ANNEX

ANNEX IIIa

KINGDOM OF SPAIN

Products	Agricultural conversion rate	
	1 ECU = ... Pta	Applicable from
All sectors, except fresh fruit and vegetables	144,382	1 March 1986
Amounts not affected by price fixing	144,382	1 March 1986'

ANNEX VIIIa

PORTUGUESE REPUBLIC

Products	Agricultural conversion rate	
	1 ECU = ... Esc	Applicable from
Sheepmeat	150,355	1 March 1986
Sugar	150,355	1 March 1986
Seeds	150,355	1 March 1986
Olive oil	150,355	1 March 1986
Oilseeds :		
— colza and rape seed	150,355	1 March 1986
— sunflower and linseed	150,355	1 March 1986
— soya beans	150,355	1 March 1986
Dried fodder	150,355	1 March 1986
Field beans and peas	150,355	1 March 1986
Lupins	150,355	1 March 1986
Processed fruit and vegetables	150,355	1 March 1986
Fishery products	150,355	1 March 1986
Products covered by Regulations (EEC) No 3033/80 and (EEC) No 3035/80	150,355	1 March 1986
Amounts not affected by price fixing	150,355	1 March 1986'

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 506/86

of 27 February 1986

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3793/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2956/85 ⁽⁴⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 26 February 1986;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2956/85 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 February 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 367, 31. 12. 1985, p. 19.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 285, 25. 10. 1985, p. 8.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 February 1986 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	159,97
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	215,46 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
10.02	Rye	140,70 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	151,02
10.04	Oats	133,01
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	142,65 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	84,41 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	138,70 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D I	Triticale	⁽⁷⁾
10.07 D II	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	239,48
11.01 B	Rye flour	212,41
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	347,55
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	256,77

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within subheading 10.07 D I (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 507/86

of 27 February 1986

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3793/85⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2160/85⁽⁴⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 26 February 1986;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 February 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 367, 31. 12. 1985, p. 19.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 203, 1. 8. 1985, p. 11.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 February 1986 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 2	1st period 3	2nd period 4	3rd period 5
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	2,08
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	3,13
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	9,99
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 2	1st period 3	2nd period 4	3rd period 5	4th period 6
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 508/86

of 27 February 1986

fixing the minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1201/85⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 436/85⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 436/85, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 435/85⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽¹⁰⁾;

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78⁽¹¹⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹²⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of

the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy, account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas, with regard to Turkey and the Maghreb countries, the provisions of this Regulation should be without prejudice to the additional amount to be determined in accordance with the agreements between the Community and these third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 24 and 25 February 1986 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 February 1986.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 124, 9. 5. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 52, 22. 2. 1985, p. 2.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 52, 22. 2. 1985, p. 1.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	74,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	74,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	60,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	82,00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	95,00 ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by:

- (a) Spain and Lebanon: 0,60 ECU/100 kg;
- (b) Turkey: 22,36 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force;
- (c) Algeria, Tunisia and Morocco: 24,78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,86 ECU/100 kg;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7,25 ECU/100 kg;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5,80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	16,28
07.03 A II	16,28
15.17 B I a)	37,00
15.17 B I b)	59,20
23.04 A II	4,80

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 509/86

of 27 February 1986

fixing the export refunds on milk and milk products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 17 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 provides that the difference between prices in international trade for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 of 28 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on milk and milk products and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2429/72 ⁽⁴⁾, provides that when the refunds on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68, exported in the natural state, are being fixed account must be taken of:

- the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of milk and milk products on the Community market and prices for milk and milk products in international trade,
- marketing costs and the most favourable transport charges from Community markets to ports or other points of export in the Community, as well as costs incurred in placing the goods on the market of the country of destination,
- the aims of the common organization of the market in milk and milk products which are to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on this market,
- the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market, and

— the economic aspect of the proposed exports;

Whereas Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 provides that when prices within the Community are being determined account should be taken of the ruling prices which are most favourable for exportation, and that when prices in international trade are being determined particular account should be taken of:

- (a) prices ruling on third country markets;
- (b) the most favourable prices in third countries of destination for third country imports;
- (c) producer prices recorded in exporting third countries, account being taken, where appropriate, of subsidies granted by those countries; and
- (d) free-at-Community-frontier offer prices;

Whereas Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 provides that the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 according to destination;

Whereas Article 5 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 provides that the list of products on which export refunds are granted and the amount of such refunds should be fixed at least once every four weeks; whereas the amount of the refund may, however, remain at the same level for more than four weeks;

Whereas Article 2 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1098/68 of 27 July 1968 on detailed rules for the application of export refunds on milk and milk products ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3812/85 ⁽⁶⁾, provides that the refund on products falling within subheading 04.02 B is equal to the sum of two components, the first representing the quantity of milk products and the second representing the quantity of added sucrose; whereas, however, the latter component applies only if the added sucrose was produced from beet or cane harvested within the Community;

Whereas for the products falling within subheading 04.02 B II a) or 04.02 B II b) 1 with a fat content not exceeding 9,5 % by weight, the first component referred to above is fixed for 100 kilograms of the whole product; whereas, for the other products falling within subheading 04.02 B, this component is calculated by multiplying the basic amount by the milk product content of the product in question; whereas this basic amount is the refund on one kilogram of milk products contained in the product;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 155, 3. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 264, 23. 11. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 184, 29. 7. 1968, p. 10.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 3.

Whereas the second component is calculated by multiplying the sucrose content of the product by the basic amount of the refund valid on the day of exportation for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽²⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas the level of refund for cheeses is calculated for products intended for direct consumption; whereas the cheese rinds and cheese wastes are not products intended for this purpose; whereas, to avoid any confusion in interpretation, it should be specified that there will be no refund for these products which fall within heading No 04.04;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 896/84⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2881/84⁽⁴⁾, laid down additional provisions concerning the granting of refunds on the change from one milk year to another; whereas those provisions provide for different refunds according to the date of manufacture of the products;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in milk and milk products, and in particular to prices for these products within the Community and on the world market, that the refund should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 275 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, refunds may be granted in the case of exports to Portugal; whereas, in the light of the situation and the level of prices no refund should be fixed in the case of exports to Portugal;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The export refunds referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 on products exported in the natural state shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.
2. There shall be no refunds for exports to Zone E for products falling within heading Nos 04.01, 04.02, 04.03 and 23.07 of the Common Customs Tariff.
3. There shall be no refunds for exports to Portugal, including the Azores and Madeira for milk and milk products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 March 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 91, 1. 4. 1984, p. 71.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 272, 13. 10. 1984, p. 16.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 February 1986 fixing the export refunds on milk and milk products

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.01	Milk and cream, fresh, not concentrated or sweetened :		
	ex A. Other than whey, of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 6 % ⁽¹⁾ :		
	I. Yoghourt, kephir, curdled milk, buttermilk and other fermented or acidified milk :		
	a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of two litres or less :		
	(1) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 1,5 %	0110 05	7,15
	(2) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 1,5 % but not exceeding 3 %	0110 15	10,34
	(3) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 3 %	0110 20	13,34
	b) Other :		
	(1) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 1,5 %	0110 25	7,15
	(2) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 1,5 % but not exceeding 3 %	0110 35	10,34
	(3) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 3 %	0110 40	13,34
	II. Other :		
	a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of two litres or less and of a fat content, by weight :		
	1. Not exceeding 4 % :		
	(aa) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 1,5 %	0130 10	7,15
	(bb) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 1,5 % but not exceeding 3 %	0130 22	10,34
	(cc) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 3 %	0130 31	13,34
	2. Exceeding 4 %	0140 00	15,34
	b) Other, of a fat content, by weight :		
	1. Not exceeding 4 % :		
	(aa) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 1,5 %	0150 10	7,15
	(bb) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 1,5 % but not exceeding 3 %	0150 21	10,34
	(cc) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 3 %	0150 31	13,34
	2. Exceeding 4 %	0160 00	15,34

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.01 (cont'd)	ex B. Other, excluding whey, of a fat content, by weight ⁽¹⁾ :		
	ex I. Exceeding 6 % but not exceeding 21 % :		
	(a) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 10 %	0200 05	19,34
	(b) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % but not exceeding 17 %	0200 11	29,13
	(c) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 17 %	0200 21	43,12
	II. Exceeding 21 % but not exceeding 45 % :		
	(a) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 35 %	0300 12	51,11
	(b) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 35 % but not exceeding 39 %	0300 13	79,09
	(c) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 39 %	0300 20	87,09
	III. More than 45 % :		
	(a) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 68 %	0400 11	99,08
	(b) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 68 % but not exceeding 80 %	0400 22	145,04
	(c) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 80 %	0400 30	169,02
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened :		
	A. Not containing added sugar ⁽²⁾ :		
	II. Milk and cream, in powder or granules :		
	a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of 2,5 kilograms or less and of a fat content, by weight :		
	1. Not exceeding 1,5 %	0620 00	85,86
	2. Exceeding 1,5 % but not exceeding 27 % :		
	(aa) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 11 %	0720 00	85,86
	(bb) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 11 % but not exceeding 17 %	0720 20	100,23
	(cc) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 17 % but not exceeding 25 %	0720 30	106,88
	(dd) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 25 %	0720 40	116,10
	3. Exceeding 27 % but not exceeding 29 % :		
	(aa) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 28 %	0820 20	117,16
	(bb) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 28 %	0820 30	118,39

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.02 (cont'd)	4. Exceeding 29 % : (aa) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 41 % (bb) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 41 % but not exceeding 45 % (cc) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 45 % but not exceeding 59 % (dd) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 59 % but not exceeding 69 % (ee) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 69 % but not exceeding 79 % (ff) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 79 % b) Other, of a fat weight content : 1. Not exceeding 1,5 % 2. Exceeding 1,5 % but not exceeding 27 % : (aa) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 11 % (bb) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 11 % but not exceeding 17 % (cc) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 17 % but not exceeding 25 % (dd) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 25 % 3. Exceeding 27 % but not exceeding 29 % : (aa) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 28 % (bb) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 28 % 4. Exceeding 29 % : (aa) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 41 % (bb) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 41 % but not exceeding 45 % (cc) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 45 % but not exceeding 59 % (dd) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 59 % but not exceeding 69 % (ee) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 69 % but not exceeding 79 % (ff) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 79 %	0920 10 0920 30 0920 40 0920 50 0920 60 0920 70 1020 00 1120 10 1120 20 1120 30 1120 40 1220 20 1220 30 1320 10 1320 30 1320 40 1320 50 1320 60 1320 70	120,15 130,64 134,28 147,09 155,95 165,04 85,86 85,86 100,23 106,88 116,10 117,16 118,39 120,15 130,64 134,28 147,09 155,95 165,04

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
14.02 (cont'd)	III. Milk and cream, other than in powder or granules : a) In immediate packings of a net content of 2,5 kg or less and of a fat content by weight not exceeding 11 % : 1. Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 8,9 % and of a non-fat lactic dry matter content : (aa) Of less than 15 % and of a fat content : (11) Not exceeding 3 %, by weight (22) Exceeding 3 %, by weight (bb) Of 15 % or more and of a fat content : (11) Not exceeding 3 %, by weight (22) Exceeding 3 %, by weight, but not exceeding 7,4 % (33) Exceeding 7,4 % 2. Other, of a non fat lactic dry matter content : (aa) Of less than 15 %, by weight (bb) Of 15 % or more, by weight b) Other, of a fat content, by weight : 1. Not exceeding 45 % and of a non fat lactic dry matter content : (aa) Of less than 15 % and of a fat content : (11) Not exceeding 3 %, by weight (22) Exceeding 3 %, by weight, but not exceeding 8,9 % (33) Exceeding 8,9 %, by weight, but not exceeding 11 % (44) Exceeding 11 %, by weight, but not exceeding 21 % (55) Exceeding 21 %, by weight, but not exceeding 39 % (66) Exceeding 39 % (bb) Of 15 % or more and of a fat content : (11) Not exceeding 3 %, by weight (22) Exceeding 3 %, by weight, but not exceeding 7,4 % (33) Exceeding 7,4 %, by weight, but not exceeding 8,9 % (44) Exceeding 8,9 % 2. Exceeding 45 %	1420 12 1420 22 1420 50 1420 60 1420 70 1520 10 1520 20 1620 70 1630 00 1630 10 1630 20 1630 30 1630 40 1630 50 1630 60 1630 70 1630 80 1720 00	— 13,34 19,38 24,59 30,65 25,13 36,34 — 13,34 25,13 31,13 51,11 87,09 19,38 24,59 30,65 36,34 99,08

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.02 (cont'd)	B. Containing added sugar : I. Milk and cream, in powder or granules : ex b) Other, excluding whey : 1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 2,5 kilograms or less and of a fat content, by weight : aa) Not exceeding 1,5 % bb) Exceeding 1,5 % but not exceeding 27 % : (11) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 11 % (22) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 11 % but not exceeding 17 % (33) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 17 % but not exceeding 25 % (44) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 25 % cc) Exceeding 27 % : (11) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 41 % (22) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 41 % 2. Other, of a fat content, by weight : aa) Not exceeding 1,5 % bb) Exceeding 1,5 % but not exceeding 27 % : (11) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 11 % (22) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 11 % but not exceeding 17 % (33) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 17 % but not exceeding 25 % (44) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 25 % cc) Exceeding 27 % : (11) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 41 % (22) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 41 %	2220 00 2320 10 2320 20 2320 30 2320 40 2420 10 2420 20 2520 00 2620 10 2620 20 2620 30 2620 40 2720 10 2720 20	0,8586 (*) per kg 0,8586 (*) per kg 1,0023 (*) per kg 1,0688 (*) per kg 1,1610 (*) per kg 1,1716 (*) per kg 1,3064 (*) per kg 0,8586 (*) per kg 0,8586 (*) per kg 1,0023 (*) per kg 1,0688 (*) per kg 1,1610 (*) per kg 1,1716 (*) per kg 1,3064 (*) per kg

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.02 (cont'd)	ex II. Milk and cream, excluding whey other than in powder or granules : ex a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of 2,5 kg or less and of a fat content by weight not exceeding 9,5 % : (1) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 6,9 % and of a non fat lactic dry matter content : (aa) Of less than 15 % and of a fat content : (11) Not exceeding 3 %, by weight (22) Exceeding 3 % by weight (bb) Of 15 % or more (2) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 6,9 % and of a non fat lactic dry matter content, by weight, of 15 % or more b) Other, of a fat content, by weight : ex 1. Not exceeding 45 % : (aa) Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 6,9 % and of a non fat lactic dry matter content, by weight, of 15 % or more (bb) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 6,9 % but not exceeding 21 % and of a non fat lactic dry matter content, by weight, of 15 % or more (cc) Of a fat content by weight, exceeding 9,5 % but not exceeding 21 % and of a non fat lactic dry matter content, by weight, less than 15 % (dd) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 21 % but not exceeding 39 % (ee) Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 39 % 2. Exceeding 45 %	2810 11 2810 12 2810 15 2810 20 2910 70 2910 76 2910 80 2910 85 2910 90 3010 00	— (*) per kg 0,1334 (*) per kg 22,36 (?) 37,83 (?) 22,36 (?) 37,83 (?) 0,2713 (*) per kg 0,5111 (*) per kg 0,8709 (*) per kg 0,9908 (*) per kg
04.03	Butter : ex A. Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 85 % : (I) Of a fat content, by weight, of 62 % or more, but less than 78 % (II) Of a fat content, by weight, of 78 % or more but less than 80 %	3110 03 3110 16	137,19 (10) 172,60 (10)

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.03 (cont'd)	(III) Of a fat content, by weight, of 80 % or more, but less than 82 %	3110 22	177,02 ⁽¹⁰⁾
	(IV) Of a fat content, by weight, of 82 % or more	3110 32	181,45 ⁽¹⁰⁾
	B. Other, of a fat content, by weight :		
	(I) Not exceeding 99,5 %	3210 10	181,45 ⁽¹⁰⁾
	(II) Exceeding 99,5 %	3210 20	240,80 ⁽¹⁰⁾ ⁽¹¹⁾
04.04	Cheese and curd (9) :		
	ex A. Emmentaler and Gruyère, not grated or powdered :		
	(I) Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas, of a net weight of less than 7,5 kg	3800 40	
	For exports to :		
	— Zone E		8,83
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Liechtenstein and Switzerland		—
	— Austria		—
	— Other destinations		143,04
	(II) Other	3800 60	
	For exports to :		
	— Zone E		8,83
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Liechtenstein and Switzerland		—
	— Austria		—
	— Other destinations		143,04
	ex C. Blue-veined cheese, not grated or powdered, other than Roquefort	4000 00	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		10,00
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Australia		25,78
	— Other destinations		115,99
	D. Processed cheese, not grated or powdered, of a fat content, by weight :		
	I. Not exceeding 36 % and of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter :		
	ex a) Not exceeding 48 % and of a dry matter content, by weight :		
	(1) Of 27 % or more but less than 33 %	4410 05	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		2,38
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		20,24

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.04 (cont'd)	(2) Of 33 % or more but less than 38 %	4410 10	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		4,99
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		43,96
	(3) Of 38 % or more but less than 43 % and of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter :		
	(aa) Less than 20 %	4410 20	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		4,99
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		43,96
	(bb) Of 20 % or more	4410 30	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		7,34
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		63,98
	(4) Of 43 % or more and of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter :		
	(aa) Less than 20 %	4410 40	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		4,99
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		43,96
	(bb) Of 20 % or more but less than 40 %	4410 50	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		7,34
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		63,98
	(cc) Of 40 % or more	4410 60	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		10,66
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		94,00

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.04 (cont'd)	ex b) Exceeding 48 % and of a dry matter content, by weight :		
	(1) Of 33 % or more but less than 38 %	4510 10	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		4,99
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		43,96
	(2) Of 38 % or more but less than 43 %	4510 20	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		7,34
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		63,98
	(3) Of 43 % or more but less than 46 %	4510 30	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		10,66
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		94,00
	(4) Of 46 % or more and less than 55 %	4510 40	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		10,66
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		94,00
	(5) Of 55 % or more	4510 50	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		12,65
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		111,52
	II. Exceeding 36 %	4610 00	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		12,65
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		111,52

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.04 (cont'd)	E. Other :		
	I. Not grated or powdered, of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 40 % and a water content, calculated by weight, of the non-fatty matter :		
	ex a) Not exceeding 47 % :		
	(1) Grana Padano, Parmigiano Reggiano	4710 11	
	for exports to :		
	— Zone E		110,00
	— Canada		80,00
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		90,00
	— Other destinations		182,82
	(2) Fiore Sardo and Pecorino manufactured exclusively from sheep milk	4710 17	
	for exports to :		
	— Zone E		160,00
	— Canada		102,52
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		105,03
	— Other destinations		209,94
	(3) Other (excluding cheeses produced from whey), of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter of 30 % or more	4710 22	
	for exports to :		
	— Zone E		50,00
	— Canada		50,00
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		60,00
	— Other destinations		134,36
	b) Exceeding 47 % but not exceeding 72 % :		
	ex 1. Cheddar of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter of 48 % or more	4850 00	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Australia		32,27
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		148,76
	ex 2. Other, of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter (?):		
	(aa) Less than 5 % and of a content, by weight, in the dry matter of 32 % or more (excluding cheeses produced from whey)	5120 12	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		10,38
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		13,50
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		78,89

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.04 (cont'd)	(bb) Of 5 % or more but less than 19 % and of a content, by weight, in the dry matter of 32 % or more (excluding cheeses produced from whey)	5120 16	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		11,33
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		20,00
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		97,19
	(cc) Of 19 % or more but less than 39 % and of a water content, calculated by weight, of the non-fatty matter not exceeding 62 % (excluding cheeses produced from whey)	5120 22	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		12,71
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		24,00
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		110,44
	(dd) Of 39 % or more :		
	(11) Asiago, Caciocavallo, Montasio, Provolone, Ragusano :		
	(aaa) Provolone	5120 32	
	for exports to :		
	— Zone E		110,00
	— Canada		80,00
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		42,66
	— Other destinations		149,30
	(bbb) Others	5120 36	
	for exports to :		
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		122,16
	(22) Danbo, Edam, Fontal, Fontina, Fynbo, Gouda, Havarti, Maribo, Samsø, Tilsit	5120 44	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Australia		32,61
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		122,16

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.04 (cont'd)	(33) Butterkäse, Esrom, Italico, Kernhem, Saint-Nectaire, Saint-Paulin, Taleggio	5120 54	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		105,58
	(44) Cantal, Cheshire, Wensleydale, Lanca- shire, Double Gloucester, Blarney	5120 58	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		8,83
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Australia		31,93
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		122,93
	(55) Salted ricotta, of a fat content, by weight, of 30 % or more		
	(aaa) Manufactured exclusively from sheep milk	5120 60	
	for exports to :		
	— Zone E		5,35
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Other destinations		37,78
	(bbb) Other	5120 65	
	for exports to :		
	— Zone E		5,35
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Other destinations		37,78
	(66) Feta (')	5120 82	
	for exports to :		
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		92,07
	(77) Colby, Monterey	5120 83	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Australia		31,93
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		122,93

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.04 (cont'd)	(88) Kefalotyri, Kefalograviera and Kasseri manufactured exclusively from sheep's and/or goats' milk	5120 84	
	for exports to :		
	— Zone E		110,00
	— Canada		80,00
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland		42,66
	— Other destinations		149,30
	(99) Other (excluding cheeses produced from whey), of a water content, calculated by weight, of the non-fatty matter :		
	(aaa) Exceeding 47 % but not exceeding 52 %	5120 87	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Australia		31,93
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		122,93
	(bbb) Exceeding 52 % but not exceeding 62 %	5120 92	
	for exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		27,50
	— Australia		32,61
	— Switzerland		—
	— Other destinations		122,16
	ex c) Exceeding 72 % (excluding cheeses produced from whey)(7) :		
	1. In immediate packings of a net capacity not exceeding 500 grams :		
	(aa) Cottage cheese of a fat content, by weight in the dry matter, not exceeding 25 %	5121 11	
	For exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland and Liechtenstein		—
	— Other destinations		22,07
	(bb) Cream cheese of a water content, calculated by weight, of the non-fatty matter, exceeding 77 % but not exceeding 82 % and of a fat content, by weight in the dry matter :		

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.04 (cont'd)	(11) Of 60 % or more but less than 69 %	5121 20	
	For exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland and Liechtenstein		—
	— Other destinations		29,68
	(22) Of 69 % or more	5121 30	
	For exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland and Liechtenstein		—
	— Other destinations		36,24
	(cc) Other	5121 40	—
	2. Other :		
	(aa) Cottage cheese of a fat content, by weight in the dry matter, not exceeding 25 %	5121 51	
	For exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland and Liechtenstein		—
	— Other destinations		22,07
	(bb) Cream cheese of a water content, calculated by weight of the non-fatty matter, exceeding 77 % but not exceeding 82 % and of a fat content, by weight in the dry matter :		
	(11) Of 60 % or more but less than 69 %	5121 60	
	For exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		7,50
	— Switzerland and Liechtenstein		—
	— Other destinations		29,68
	(22) Of 69 % or more	5121 70	
	For exports to :		
	— Austria		—
	— Zone E		—
	— Canada		—
	— Norway and Finland		—
	— Switzerland and Liechtenstein		—
	— Other destinations		36,24
	(cc) Other	5121 80	—

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
04.04 (cont'd)	ex II. Other (excluding cheeses produced from whey): ex a) Grated or powdered of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 20 %, of a lactose content, by weight, less than 5 % and of a dry matter content, by weight: (1) Of 60 % or more but less than 80 % For exports to: — Zone E — Canada — Norway and Finland — Other destinations (2) Of 80 % or more but less than 85 % For exports to: — Zone E — Canada — Norway and Finland — Other destinations (3) Of 85 % or more but less than 95 % For exports to: — Zone E — Canada — Norway and Finland — Other destinations (4) Of 95 % or more For exports to: — Zone E — Canada — Norway and Finland — Other destinations	5310 05 5310 11 5310 22 5310 31	— — — 73,61 — — — 98,15 — — — 104,28 — — — 116,55
23.07	Sweetened forage; other preparations of a kind used in animal feeding: ex B. Other, containing starch, glucose or glucose syrup, maltodextrine or maltodextrine syrup falling within subheadings 17.02 B and 21.07 F II, or milk products, excluding special compound feedingstuffs (?): I. Containing starch, or glucose or glucose syrup, or maltodextrine or maltodextrine syrup falling within subheadings 17.02 B and 21.07 F II: a) Containing no starch or containing 10 % or less, by weight, of starch: (3) Containing 50 % or more but less than 75 %, by weight, of milk products and a content of milk in powder or granules (excluding whey), by weight, of (?): (aa) Less than 30 % (bb) 30 % or more but less than 40 % (cc) 40 % or more but less than 50 % (dd) 50 % or more but less than 60 % (ee) 60 % or more but less than 70 % (ff) 70 % or more	5700 13 5700 23 5700 33 5700 42 5700 52 5700 62	— 1,76 2,34 2,93 3,52 4,10

CCT heading No	Description	Code	Refund (in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)
23.07 (cont'd)	(4) Containing 75 % or more, by weight, of milk products and a content of milk in powder or granules (excluding whey), by weight, of (*) : (aa) Less than 30 % (bb) 30 % or more but less than 40 % (cc) 40 % or more but less than 50 % (dd) 50 % or more but less than 60 % (ee) 60 % or more but less than 70 % (ff) 70 % or more but less than 75 % (gg) 75 % or more but less than 80 % (hh) 80 % or more ex II. Containing no starch, glucose or glucose syrup, maltodextrine or maltodextrine syrup falling within subheadings 17.02 B and 21.07 F II, and containing 50 % or more milk products, by weight, and with a milk content in powder or granules (excluding whey), by weight, of (*) : (a) 30 % or more but less than 40 % (b) 40 % or more but less than 50 % (c) 50 % or more but less than 60 % (d) 60 % or more but less than 70 % (e) 70 % or more but less than 80 % (f) 80 % or more but less than 88 % (g) 88 % or more	5800 13 5800 23 5800 32 5800 42 5800 52 5800 62 5800 72 5800 82 5900 01 5900 05 5900 12 5900 22 5900 32 5900 42 5900 52	— 1,76 2,34 2,93 3,52 4,10 4,40 4,69 25,76 34,34 42,93 51,52 60,10 68,69 75,56

- (1) When the product falling within this subheading is a mixture containing added whey and/or added lactose and/or casein and/or caseinates, no export refund shall be granted.

When completing customs formalities, the applicant shall state on the declaration provided for this purpose, whether or not whey and/or lactose and/or casein and/or caseinates have been added to the product.

- (2) The weight of the added non-lactic matter and/or added whey and/or added lactose and/or added casein and/or added caseinates, shall not be taken into account for the purpose of calculation of the fat content by weight. When the product falling within this subheading is a mixture containing added whey and/or added lactose and/or added casein and/or added caseinates, the added whey and/or added lactose and/or added casein and/or added caseinates shall not be taken into account in the calculation of the amount of refund.

When completing customs formalities, the applicant shall state on the declaration provided for this purpose:

- the actual content by weight of whey and/or lactose and/or casein and/or caseinate added per 100 kg of finished product, and, in particular,
- the lactose content of the added whey.

- (3) The weight of added non-lactic matter and/or added whey and/or added lactose and/or added casein and/or added caseinates shall not be taken into account for the purpose of calculating the fat content, by weight.

The refund per 100 kg of product falling within this subheading shall be equal to the sum of the following components:

- (a) the amount per kilogram shown, multiplied by the weight of the lactic part contained in 100 kg of product; however, where whey and/or lactose and/or casein and/or caseinates have been added to the product, the amount per kilogram shown shall be multiplied by the weight of lactic part excluding the weight of added whey and/or added lactose and/or added casein and/or added caseinates, contained in 100 kg of product;
- (b) a component calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1098/68.

When completing customs formalities, the applicant shall state on the declaration provided for this purpose:

- the actual content by weight of whey and/or lactose and/or casein and/or caseinates added per 100 kg of finished product, and, in particular,
- the lactose content of the added whey.

- (4) The refund on 100 kg of product falling within this subheading is equal to the sum of the following elements:

- (a) the amount per 100 kg shown; however, where whey and/or lactose and/or casein and/or caseinates have been added to the product, the amount per 100 kg shown shall be:
 - multiplied by the weight of the lactic part other than the added whey and/or added lactose and/or added casein and/or added caseinates contained in 100 kg of product, and then
 - divided by the weight of the lactic part contained in 100 kg of product;
- (b) a component calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1098/68.

When completing customs formalities, the applicant shall state on the declaration provided for this purpose:

- the actual content by weight of whey and/or lactose and/or casein and/or caseinate added per 100 kg of finished product, and, in particular,
- the lactose content of the added whey.

- (5) No refund shall be paid in respect of exported cheese of which the free-at-frontier price, before application of the refund and the monetary compensatory amount, in the exporting Member State, is less than 140 ECU per 100 kilograms. This limitation to 140 ECU per 100 kilograms does not apply to cheeses falling within subheading 04.04 E I ex c) of the Common Customs Tariff.

- (6) In the case of cheeses presented in containers which also contain conserving liquid, in particular brine, the refund is granted on the net weight, the weight of the liquid being deducted.

- (7) When completing customs formalities, the applicant shall state on the declaration provided for this purpose:

- the skimmed-milk powder content, by weight,
 - the content by weight of the added whey and/or added lactose and/or added casein and/or added caseinates, and
 - the lactose content of the added whey
- per 100 kg of finished product.

- (8) 'Special compound feedingstuffs' are compound feedingstuffs containing skimmed-milk powder and fish meal and/or more than 9 g of iron and/or more than 1,2 g of copper in 100 kg of product.

- (9) Until 22 December 1985, inclusive, this amount is applicable only in the cases indicated in Article 10 (3) to (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 2729/81.

However:

- in the case of exports under either Regulation (EEC) No 2268/84 or Regulation (EEC) No 2278/84 the rate of refund is reduced by 25 ECU per 100 kilograms net,
- in the case of exports under Regulation (EEC) No 2956/84 the rate of refund shall be that applying on 18 June 1985.

- (10) The rate of refund referred to in footnote (9) shall also apply to ghee exported under Regulation (EEC) No 2278/84.

N.B.: Zones A, B, C and E are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1098/68, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2283/81.

The weight of non-milk fat should be disregarded for the purposes of calculating fat content, by weight.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 510/86

of 26 February 1986

fixing the export refunds on beef and veal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of Article 18 (5) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 provides that the difference between prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 885/68 of 28 June 1968⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 427/77⁽⁴⁾, lays down general rules for granting export refunds and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 32/82⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 631/85⁽⁶⁾, and Regulations (EEC) No 1964/82⁽⁷⁾, (EEC) No 74/84⁽⁸⁾ and (EEC) No 2388/84⁽⁹⁾ lay down the conditions for granting special export refunds for certain cuts of beef/veal and certain preserved beef and veal products;

Whereas Regulations (EEC) No 1226/85⁽¹⁰⁾, (EEC) No 1591/85⁽¹¹⁾, (EEC) No 2908/85⁽¹²⁾ and (EEC) No 142/86⁽¹³⁾ lay down the conditions applying to the export of certain beef and veal held by certain intervention agencies and intended for export;

Whereas it follows from applying these rules and criteria to the foreseeable situation on the market in beef and veal that the refund should be as set out below;

Whereas the current market situation in the Community and sales outlets, particularly in non-member countries, leads to the granting of export refunds on adult male bovine animals of a live weight of at least 300 kilograms and other bovines of a live weight of 250 kilograms and over; whereas experience gained in recent years has shown that it is advisable to treat live pedigree breeding animals of a weight of at least 250 kilograms for females and 300 kilograms for males in an identical manner to other bovine animals, while subjecting them to certain special administrative formalities;

Whereas it is necessary to grant refunds for the export to certain destinations of certain fresh or chilled meat listed in the Annex under subheading ex 02.01 A II a) and of certain frozen meat listed in the Annex under subheading ex 02.01 A II b) and of certain other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal listed in the Annex under subheading 16.02 B III b) 1 aa);

Whereas, in view of the wide differences in products falling within subheadings ex 02.01 A II a) 4 aa) and ex 02.01 A II b) 4 aa), the refund should only be granted for cuts in which the weight of bone does not exceed one-third;

Whereas, in the case of meat of bovine animals, boned or boneless, salted and dried, there are traditional trade flows to Switzerland; whereas, to the extent necessary to allow this trade to continue, the refund must be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between prices on the Swiss market and export prices in the Member States; whereas there are possibilities for exporting such meat and salted and dried meat to certain African, Near and Middle East third countries; whereas account should be taken of this situation and refund should be fixed accordingly;

Whereas, in the case of certain other cuts and preserves of meat or offals shown in the Annex under subheading 16.02 B III b) 1 bb), Community participation in international trade may be ensured by granting a refund which takes account of the refund hitherto granted to exporters;

Whereas, in the case of other beef and veal products, a refund need not be fixed since Community participation in world trade in these products is not significant;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 156, 4. 7. 1968, p. 2.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 61, 5. 3. 1977, p. 16.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 4, 8. 1. 1982, p. 11.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 72, 13. 3. 1985, p. 24.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 212, 21. 7. 1982, p. 48.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 10, 13. 1. 1984, p. 32.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 221, 18. 8. 1984, p. 28.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 125, 11. 5. 1985, p. 10.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 154, 13. 6. 1985, p. 31.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 279, 19. 10. 1985, p. 18.

⁽¹³⁾ OJ No L 19, 25. 1. 1986, p. 8.

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽¹⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient ;

Whereas the Management Committee for Beef and Veal has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The list of products on which the export refund referred to in Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 is granted and the amount of that refund shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 March 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 February 1986 fixing the export refunds on beef and veal

		(ECU/100 kg)
CCT heading No	Description	Refund
		— Live weight —
ex 01.02 A	Live domestic animals of the bovine species :	
	I. Pure-bred breeding animals :	
	(a) Females, with a live weight equal to or greater than 250 kg :	
	— for export to third countries	80,000
	(b) Males, with a live weight equal to or greater than 300 kg :	
	— for export to third countries	80,000
	II. Other than pure-bred breeding animals :	
	(a) Adult male bovine animals with a live weight equal to or greater than 300 kg :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	80,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	80,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	65,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	65,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	30,500
	(b) Other, with a live weight equal to or greater than 250 kg :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	76,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	76,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	61,500
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	61,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	28,500
		— Net weight —
ex 02.01 A II	Meat of bovine animals :	
	a) Fresh or chilled :	
	1. Carcasses, half-carcasses or 'compensated' quarters :	
	(aa) The front part of a carcass or of a half-carcass comprising all the bones and the scrag, neck and shoulder but with more than 10 ribs :	
	(11) From male adult bovine animals ⁽³⁾ :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	114,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	107,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	88,500
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	88,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	44,500

		(ECU/100 kg)
CCT heading No	Description	Refund
		— Net weight —
ex 02.01 A II (cont'd)	(22) Other :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	97,500
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	90,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	81,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	81,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	40,500
	(bb) Other :	
	(11) From male adult bovine animals ⁽³⁾ :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	155,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	148,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	120,500
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	120,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	60,500
	(22) Other :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	132,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	125,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	110,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	110,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	55,500
	2. Separated or unseparated forequarters :	
	(aa) From male adult bovine animals ⁽³⁾ :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	114,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	107,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	88,500
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	88,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	44,500

		(ECU/100 kg)
CCT heading No	Description	Refund
		— Net weight —
ex 02.01 A II (cont'd)	(bb) Other :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	97,500
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	90,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	81,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	81,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	40,500
	3. Separated or unseparated hindquarters :	
	(aa) With a maximum of nine ribs or pairs of ribs :	
	(11) From male adult bovine animals ⁽³⁾ :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	196,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	189,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	152,500
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	152,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	76,500
	(22) Other :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	166,500
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	159,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	139,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	139,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	70,500
	(bb) With more than nine ribs or pairs of ribs :	
	(11) From male adult bovine animals ⁽³⁾ :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	114,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	107,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	88,500
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	88,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	44,500

		(ECU/100 kg)
CCT heading No	Description	Refund
		— Net weight —
ex 02.01 A II (cont'd)	(22) Other :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	97,500
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	90,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	81,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	81,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	40,500
	4. Other :	
	ex aa) Unboned (bone-in)	
	(11) From the carcasses, half-carcasses or 'compensated' quarters of male adult bovine animals ⁽⁸⁾ , excluding the front part of a carcass or of a half-carcass comprising all the bones and the scrag, neck and shoulder but with more than 10 ribs :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	155,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	148,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	120,500
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	120,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	60,500
	(22) From the forequarters of male adult bovine animals ⁽⁸⁾ :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	114,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	107,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	88,500
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	88,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	44,500
	(33) From the hindquarters of male adult bovine animals with a maximum of nine ribs or nine pairs of ribs ⁽⁸⁾ :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	196,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	189,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	152,500

		(ECU/100 kg)
CCT heading No	Description	Refund
		— Net weight —
ex 02.01 A II (<i>cont'd</i>)	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	152,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	76,500
	(44) Other, the weight of bone does not exceed one-third of the weight of the cut :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	97,500
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	90,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	81,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	81,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	40,500
	ex bb) Boned, each piece individually wrapped :	
	(11) From the hindquarters of male adult bovine animals with a maximum of nine ribs or nine pairs of ribs ⁽⁴⁾ :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	280,000
	— For export to French Polynesia, West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	270,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	218,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	218,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	109,500
	(22) Other, excluding the thin flanks, the shin and the shank ⁽⁷⁾ :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	188,500
	— For export to French Polynesia, West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	178,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	157,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	157,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	79,500
	— For export to the United States of America, carried out in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2973/79 ⁽⁵⁾ , and for export to Canada	80,000

		(ECU/100 kg)
CCT heading No	Description	Refund
		— Net weight —
ex 02.01 A II (cont'd)	b) Frozen :	
	1. Carcasses, half-carcasses or 'compensated' quarters :	
	(aa) The front part of a carcase or of a half-carcase comprising all the bones and the scrag, neck and shoulder but with more than 10 ribs :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	80,500
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	74,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	74,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	74,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	35,500
	(bb) Other :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	106,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	99,500
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	99,500
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	99,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	47,500
	2. Separated or unseparated forequarters :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	80,500
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	74,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	74,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	74,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	35,500
	3. Separated or unseparated hindquarters :	
	(aa) With a maximum of nine ribs or pairs of ribs :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	131,500
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	125,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	125,000

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/100 kg)
		Refund
ex 02.01 A II (cont'd)	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	— Net weight — 125,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	59,500
	(bb) With more than nine ribs or pairs of ribs :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	80,500
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	74,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	74,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	74,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	35,500
	4. Other :	
	aa) Unboned (bone-in), the weight of bone does not exceed one-third of the weight of the cut :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	80,500
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	74,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	74,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	74,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	35,500
	ex bb) Boned or boneless, excluding the thin flanks, the shin and the shank, each piece individually wrapped ⁽⁷⁾ :	
	— For export to the United States of America, carried out in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2973/79 ⁽⁵⁾ , and for export to Canada	80,000
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	121,500
	— For export to French Polynesia, West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	114,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	93,500
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	93,500
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	46,500
	Other boned or boneless :	
	— For export to the United States of America, carried out in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2973/79 ⁽⁵⁾ , and for export to Canada	80,000

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Refund
		— Net weight —
ex 02.01 A II (cont'd)	— For export carried out within the framework of Regulation (EEC) No 1226/85, (EEC) No 1591/85, (EEC) No 2908/85 and (EEC) No 142/86: — to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾ — to French Polynesia, West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾, except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe — to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾ — to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾, the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland — to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	190,500 181,000 181,000 181,000 86,000
ex 02.06 C I a) 2	Meat of bovine animals, boned or boneless, salted or in brine, dried or smoked: (aa) Salted and dried: — For export to North, West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾, except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe — For export to Switzerland (bb) Salted, dried and smoked: — For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾ — For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾, except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	102,500 60,500 102,500 102,500
ex 16.02 B III b) 1	Other preparations and preserves containing bovine meat or offals, except those finely homogenized ⁽⁶⁾ : - ex aa) Uncooked, containing by weight the following percentages of bovine meats (excluding offal and fat): (11) 90 % or more of meat: — For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾ — For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾, except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe — For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾ — For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾, the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland — For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland (22) 80 % or more, but less than 90 % of meat: — For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾ — For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾, except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe — For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾ — For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾, the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland — For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	115,500 108,000 108,000 108,000 108,000 102,500 96,000 96,000 96,000 96,000

		(ECU/100 kg)
CCT heading No	Description	Refund
		— Net weight —
ex 16.02 B III b) 1 (cont'd)	(33) 60 % or more, but less than 80 % of meat :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	77,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	77,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	77,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	77,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	77,000
	(44) 40 % or more, but less than 60 % of meat :	
	— For export to North African, Near and Middle East third countries ⁽¹⁾	51,000
	— For export to West, Central, East and South African third countries ⁽¹⁾ , except Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar, Swaziland and Zimbabwe	51,000
	— For export to certain other Asian third countries ⁽¹²⁾	51,000
	— For export to European third countries ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ , the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Greenland, except Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	51,000
	— For export to Austria, Sweden and Switzerland	51,000
	ex bb) Other, containing by weight the following percentages of bovine meats (excluding offal and fat) :	
	(11) 90 % or more of meat :	
	— For export to third countries	73,000 ⁽⁹⁾
	(22) 80 % or more, but less than 90 % of meat :	
	— For export to third countries	65,000 ⁽¹³⁾
	(33) 60 % or more, but less than 80 % of meat :	
	— For export to third countries	48,500
	(44) 40 % or more, but less than 60 % of meat :	
	— For export to third countries	32,500
	(55) 20 % or more, but less than 40 % of meat :	
	— For export to third countries	16,000

-
- (¹) Within the meaning of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3431/85 (OJ No L 326, 6. 12. 1985, p. 17).
 - (²) Within the meaning of this Regulation those destinations mentioned in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2730/79 (OJ No L 317, 12. 12. 1979, p. 1) to be understood as European third countries.
 - (³) The amount of this refund is subject to the submission of the certificate appearing in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 32/82 (OJ No L 4, 8. 1. 1982, p. 11).
 - (⁴) The amount of this refund is subject to compliance with the conditions laid down in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1964/82 (OJ No L 212, 21. 7. 1982, p. 48).
 - (⁵) OJ No L 336, 29. 12. 1979, p. 44.
 - (⁶) The products which contain a small quantity of visible pieces of meat are also excluded.
 - (⁷) Boned cuts which consist, entirely or partially, of thin flanks, shin or shank are ineligible for the refund.
 - (⁸) The amount of this refund is subject to compliance with the conditions laid down in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 74/84 (OJ No L 10, 13. 1. 1984, p. 32).
 - (⁹) For the products complying with the conditions laid down in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2388/84 (OJ No L 221, 18. 8. 1984) the refund is 116 ECU per 100 kilograms net weight.
 - (¹²) For the purposes of this Regulation 'certain other Asian third countries' are Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Burma, Thailand, Vietnam, Indonesia, the Philippines, China, North Korea and Hong Kong.
 - (¹³) For the products complying with the conditions laid down in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2388/84 (OJ No L 221, 18. 8. 1984) the refund is 103 ECU per 100 kilograms net weight.
-

NB: Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 885/68 provides that no export refunds shall be granted on products imported from third countries and re-exported to third countries.

COMMISSION DECISION No 511/86/ECSC

of 24 February 1986

concerning the basic duties to be adopted in the ten-member Community for the purpose of calculating the successive reductions provided for in the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 32 thereof,

Whereas the Council, acting on a proposal from the Commission, decided to bring forward by one year, that is to the beginning of 1986, the implementation of the tariff reductions provided for in respect of 1987 in the GATT multilateral trade negotiations; whereas, consequently, Council Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 of 28 June 1968 on the Common Customs Tariff⁽¹⁾ was amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3331/85⁽²⁾;

Whereas, in order to maintain Community preference for ECSC products imported from Spain, the customs duties

applicable to such products in the ten-member Community should be calculated on the basis of the new duties applicable from 1 January 1986,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The basic duties which shall be successively reduced by the ten-member Community as provided for in Article 31 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal shall be the duties actually applied on 1 January 1986 to products covered by the ECSC Treaty and originating in Spain.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Decision shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 172, 22. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 331, 9. 12. 1985, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 512/86

of 26 February 1986

fixing the export refunds for products processed from fruit and vegetables as provided for in Article 12 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, hereinafter referred to as the Act of Accession,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 of 24 February 1986 on the common organization of the market in products from fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 12 (2) and (5) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 12 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86, to the extent necessary to enable the products referred to in Article 1 (1) (a) of the said Regulation to be exported in economically significant quantities on the basis of prices for those products on the world market, the difference between those prices and prices within the Community may be covered by an export refund; whereas Article 12 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 provides that in cases where the refund for sugars incorporated in the products listed in Article 1 (1) (b) of the Regulation is not sufficient to permit export of the products, the refund fixed pursuant to Article 12 (1) shall apply for such products;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 519/77 of 14 March 1977 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on products processed from fruit and vegetables and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽²⁾, account should be taken, when refunds are being fixed, of the existing situation and future trends with regard to, on the one hand, prices and availabilities on the Community market of products processed from fruit and vegetables and, on the other hand, of prices ruling in international trade; whereas account should also be taken of the costs referred to in subparagraph (b) of the said Article and of the economic aspect of the proposed exports;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 519/77, account should be taken, when prices on the Community market are being determined, of the ruling prices which are most favourable from the point of view of exportation; whereas, when prices in international trade are being determined, account should be taken of the prices referred to in paragraph 2 of the said Article;

Whereas the export refunds for these products were last fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3573/85⁽³⁾;

Whereas pursuant to Articles 87 and 255 of the Act of Accession account shall be taken of the difference in prices recorded or economically justified when fixing the level of various amounts within the common agricultural policy; whereas existing differences in prices of the raw material used in the processing of the products to be exported lead to the result that specific refunds should be fixed for products obtained from raw material originating in Spain and Portugal;

Whereas when the application of the rules referred to above results in an amount of refund which for products listed in Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 is supposed to be lower than the refund for the added sugars pursuant to Article 11 of the same Regulation, no refund should be fixed; whereas in such cases the refunds for added sugars should apply;

Whereas application of the abovementioned rules and criteria to the current market situation, and in particular to the prices of products processed from fruit and vegetables on the Community market and in international trade entails fixing an appropriate refund;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Products Processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The export refunds referred to in Article 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

2. Where no refund is fixed for a product listed in the Annex, that product may, where applicable, benefit from any export refund applicable to added sugars pursuant to Article 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86.

Article 2

Regulation (EEC) No 3573/85 is hereby repealed.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 March 1986.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 21. 3. 1977, p. 24.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 341, 19. 12. 1985, p. 13.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 February 1986, fixing the export refunds for products processed from fruit and vegetables as provided for in Article 12 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/100 kg net)		
		Refund		
		I ⁽¹⁾	II ⁽²⁾	III ⁽³⁾
ex 08.11 E	Cherries, stalked, stoned and preserved in a sulphur solution and with a drained net weight at least equal to 75 % of the net weight:			
	— for destinations other than North America	13,30	—	13,30
ex 20.04	Cherries preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized):			
	— for destinations other than North America	30,22	—	30,22
ex 20.06 A	Common hazel-nuts (fruit of the species <i>Corylus avellana</i>), other than mixtures	14,51	13,31	14,51
ex 20.07	Pure orange juices not containing added substances with a sugar content of:			
	— 10° Brix or more but less than 22° Brix	2,10	2,10	2,10
	— 22° Brix or more but less than 33° Brix	4,20	4,20	4,20
	— 33° Brix or more but less than 44° Brix	6,30	6,30	6,30
	— 44° Brix or more but less than 55° Brix	8,40	8,40	8,40
	— 55° Brix or more	10,50	10,50	10,50

(¹) Amounts shown shall apply to products obtained from fruit harvested within the Community of Ten.

(²) Amounts shown shall apply to products obtained from fruit harvested in Spain.

(³) Amounts shown shall apply to products obtained from fruit harvested in Portugal.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 513/86**of 26 February 1986****amending Annexes 1, 4, 5 and 6 to Council Regulation (EEC) No 574/72 laying down the procedure for implementing Regulation (EEC) No 1408/71 on the application of social security schemes to employed persons, to self-employed persons and to their families moving within the Community**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1408/71 of 14 June 1971 on the application of social security schemes to employed persons, to self-employed persons and to their families moving within the Community⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1660/85⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 98 thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 574/72 of 21 March 1972 laying down the procedure for implementing Regulation (EEC) No 1408/71 on the application of social security schemes to employed persons, to self-employed persons and to their families moving within the Community⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1660/85, and in particular Article 122 thereof,

Having obtained the opinion of the Administrative Commission on Social Security for Migrant Workers,

Whereas it is necessary to amend Annex 1 to Regulation (EEC) No 574/72 to take account of changes in the competent authorities in Italy;

Whereas it is necessary to amend Annex 4 to the said Regulation to take account of changes in the liaison bodies for family benefits in Luxembourg;

Whereas it is necessary to amend certain provisions of Annex 5 to the said Regulation to take account of other agreements concluded between Member States;

Whereas it is necessary also to amend Annex 6 to the said Regulation following a change in the procedure for the payment of benefits in Germany,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 574/72 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Heading 'H. ITALY' of Annex 1 is replaced by the following:

'H. ITALY:

1. Ministro del Lavoro e della Previdenza sociale, (Minister for Labour and Social Welfare), Roma;
2. Ministro della Sanità (Minister of Health), Roma;
3. Ministro di Grazia e Giustizia (Minister of Justice), Roma;
4. Ministro delle Finanze (Minister of Finance), Roma.'

2. In Annex 4 point 5 of heading 'I. LUXEMBOURG' is replaced by the following:

'5. Family benefits: Caisse national des prestations familiales (National Fund for Family benefits), Luxembourg.'

3. Annex 5 is amended as follows:

(a) Under heading 4, 'BELGIUM-FRANCE', paragraph (d) is replaced by the following:

'(d) The agreement of 4 July 1984 relating to medical examinations of frontier workers resident in one country and working in the other.'

(b) Under heading 9, 'BELGIUM-NETHERLANDS', paragraph (c) is replaced by the following:

'(c) The agreement of 24 December 1980, as amended by the Agreement of 18 December 1984, on sickness insurance (health care).'

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 149, 5. 7. 1971, p. 2.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 160, 20. 6. 1985, p. 1.⁽³⁾ OJ No L 74, 27. 3. 1972, p. 1.

- (c) Under heading 19, 'DENMARK-NETHERLANDS', the existing paragraph is numbered (a) and the following paragraph is added :
- '(b) The exchange of letters of 30 March and 25 April 1979 regarding Article 70 (3) of the Regulation and Article 105 (2) of the implementing Regulation (waiver of reimbursement of costs of benefits paid pursuant to Article 69 of the Regulation and of costs of administrative checks and medical examinations).'
- (d) Under heading 21, 'DENMARK-UNITED KINGDOM', the existing paragraph is numbered 1, and the following paragraph is added :
- '2. The exchange of letters of 5 March and 10 September 1984 relating to the non-application to self-employed persons of agreements regarding the waiver of reimbursement of unemployment benefits paid pursuant to Article 69 of the Regulation, in dealings with Gibraltar.'
- (e) Under heading 28, 'GERMANY-NETHERLANDS' :
- (i) paragraph (c) is deleted ;
- (ii) paragraphs (d), (e), (f) and (g) are renumbered paragraphs (c), (d), (e) and (f) ;
- (iii) after paragraph (f) the following paragraph is added :
- '(g) The agreement of 1 October 1981 regarding the reimbursement of the cost of benefits in kind referred to in Articles 93, 94 and 95 of the implementing Regulation.'
- (f) Under heading 30, 'GERMANY-UNITED KINGDOM', the following paragraph is added :
- '(c) The exchange of letters of 18 July and 28 September 1983 relating to the non-application to self-employed persons of agreements concerning the waiver of reimbursement of unemployment benefits paid pursuant to Article 69 of the Regulation, in dealings with Gibraltar.'
- (g) Under heading 61, 'LUXEMBOURG-NETHERLANDS', the following paragraph is added :
- '(c) The agreement of 20 December 1978 relating to the perception and the recovery of social insurance contributions.'
- (h) Under heading 63, 'LUXEMBOURG-UNITED KINGDOM', the following paragraph is added :
- '(c) The exchange of letters of 18 July and 27 October 1983 relating to the non-application of the agreement detailed at (a) to self-employed persons moving between Luxembourg and Gibraltar.'
- (i) Under heading 65, 'NETHERLANDS-UNITED KINGDOM', the following paragraph is added :
- '(d) The exchange of letters of 18 July and 18 October 1983 relating to the non-application of the agreement detailed at (b) to self-employed persons moving between the Netherlands and Gibraltar.'
4. Under heading C, 'GERMANY' of Annex 6 of paragraph 4 is replaced by the following :
- '4. Accident insurance :
- | | |
|--|---|
| (a) Dealings with Spain, Greece, Italy, the Netherlands and Portugal : | Payment through the liaison bodies (joint implementation of Articles 53 to 58 of the implementing Regulation and of the provisions set out in Annex 5). |
| (b) Dealings with Belgium, Denmark, France, Ireland, Luxembourg and the United Kingdom : | Direct payment, unless otherwise provided for in particular cases.' |

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

The provisions of Article 1 (3) shall apply with effect from the date on which each of the agreements referred to therein entered into force.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 February 1986.

For the Commission

Manuel MARIN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 514/86
of 27 February 1986
fixing the import levies on live cattle and on beef and veal other than frozen

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of
27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market
in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on live cattle and on beef and
veal other than frozen were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
151/86 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 151/86 to the quota-
tions and other information known to the Commission

that the levies at present in force should be altered to the
amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies on live cattle and on beef and veal
other than frozen shall be as specified in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 March 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 19, 25. 1. 1986, p. 42.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 February 1986 fixing the import levies on live cattle and on beef and veal other than frozen for the period beginning 3 March 1986

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Yugoslavia ⁽¹⁾	Austria/Sweden/ Switzerland	Other third countries
01.02 A II (a)	— Live weight —		
	53,210	29,023	121,319
	— Net weight —		
02.01 A II a) 1	101,099	55,144	230,506
02.01 A II a) 2	80,879	44,116	184,404
02.01 A II a) 3	121,319	66,174	276,607
02.01 A II a) 4 aa)	—	82,716	345,759
02.01 A II a) 4 bb)	—	94,615	395,499
02.06 C I a) 1	—	82,716	345,759
02.06 C I a) 2	—	94,615	395,499
16.02 B III b) 1 aa)	—	94,615	395,499

(¹) This levy is applicable only to products complying with the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1725/80 (OJ No L 170, 3. 7. 1980, p. 4).

(a) The levy which is to be applied to young male bovine animals, intended for fattening, of a live weight of 300 kg or less, imported under the conditions set out in Article 13 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968, and in the provisions adopted for its application, is totally or partially suspended in accordance with those provisions.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 515/86
of 27 February 1986
fixing the import levies on frozen beef and veal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on frozen beef and veal were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 152/86 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 152/86 to the quotations and other information known to the Commission

that the levies should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies on frozen beef and veal shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 March 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 19, 25. 1. 1986, p. 46.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 February 1986 fixing the import levies on frozen beef and veal

(ECU/100 kg)	
CCT heading No	Levy
	— Net weight —
02.01 A II b) 1	224,619
02.01 A II b) 2	179,695 (a)
02.01 A II b) 3	280,774
02.01 A II b) 4 aa)	336,928
02.01 A II b) 4 bb) 11	280,774 (a)
02.01 A II b) 4 bb) 22 (b)	280,774 (a)
02.01 A II b) 4 bb) 33	386,344 (a)

- (a) Where products are imported under the conditions set out in Article 14 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 and in provisions adopted for its application, the levy is totally or partially suspended in accordance with those provisions.
- (b) Entry under this subheading is subject to the production of a certificate issued on conditions laid down by the competent authorities of the European Communities.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 516/86
of 27 February 1986
fixing the import levies on live sheep and goats and on sheepmeat and goatmeat
other than frozen meat

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80 of 27 June 1980 on the common organization of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 11 thereof,

Whereas the import levies on live sheep and goats and on sheepmeat and goatmeat other than frozen meat were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 3648/85 ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 161/86 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 3648/85 amended to the quotations and other information known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 394 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, the application to the new Member States of the Community rules introduced for the production of and trade in agricultural products and for the trade in certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products shall be postponed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies on live sheep and goats and on sheepmeat and goatmeat other than frozen meat shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 March 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 183, 16. 7. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 348, 24. 12. 1985, p. 10.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 21, 28. 1. 1986, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 February 1986 fixing the import levies on live sheep and goats and on sheepmeat and goatmeat other than frozen meat

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Week No 9 from 3 to 9 March 1986	Week No 10 from 10 to 16 March 1986	Week No 11 from 17 to 23 March 1986	Week No 12 from 24 to 30 March 1986	Week No 13 from 31 March to 6 April 1986
01.04 B	114,017 ⁽¹⁾	115,169 ⁽¹⁾	115,879 ⁽¹⁾	115,879 ⁽¹⁾	115,441 ⁽¹⁾
02.01 A IV a) 1	242,590 ⁽²⁾	245,040 ⁽²⁾	246,550 ⁽²⁾	246,550 ⁽²⁾	245,620 ⁽²⁾
2	169,813 ⁽²⁾	171,528 ⁽²⁾	172,585 ⁽²⁾	172,585 ⁽²⁾	171,934 ⁽²⁾
3	266,849 ⁽²⁾	269,544 ⁽²⁾	271,205 ⁽²⁾	271,205 ⁽²⁾	270,182 ⁽²⁾
4	315,367 ⁽²⁾	318,552 ⁽²⁾	320,515 ⁽²⁾	320,515 ⁽²⁾	319,306 ⁽²⁾
5 aa)	315,367 ⁽²⁾	318,552 ⁽²⁾	320,515 ⁽²⁾	320,515 ⁽²⁾	319,306 ⁽²⁾
bb)	441,514 ⁽²⁾	445,973 ⁽²⁾	448,721 ⁽²⁾	448,721 ⁽²⁾	447,028 ⁽²⁾
02.06 C II a) 1	315,367 ⁽²⁾	318,552 ⁽²⁾	320,515 ⁽²⁾	320,515 ⁽²⁾	319,306 ⁽²⁾
2	441,514 ⁽²⁾	445,973 ⁽²⁾	448,721 ⁽²⁾	448,721 ⁽²⁾	447,028 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ The levy applicable is limited in the conditions laid down in Council Regulations (EEC) No 3643/85 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 19/82.

⁽²⁾ The levy applicable is limited to the amount bound under GATT or in the conditions laid down in Council Regulations (EEC) No 1985/82, (EEC) No 3643/85 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 19/82.

⁽³⁾ The levy applicable is limited in the conditions laid down in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 19/82.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 517/86
of 27 February 1986
fixing the import levies on frozen sheepmeat and goatmeat

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80 of 27 June 1980 on the common organization of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 11 thereof,

Whereas the import levies on frozen sheepmeat and goatmeat were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 3649/85 ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 162/86 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in amended Regulation (EEC) No 3649/85 to the quotations and other information known to the Commission that the levies should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 394 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, the application to the new Member States of the Community rules introduced for the production of and trade in agricultural products and for the trade in certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products shall be postponed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies on frozen sheepmeat and goatmeat shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 March 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 183, 16. 7. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 348, 24. 12. 1985, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 21, 28. 1. 1986, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 February 1986 fixing the import levies on frozen
sheepmeat and goatmeat

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Week No 9 from 3 to 9 March 1986 ⁽¹⁾	Week No 10 from 10 to 16 March 1986 ⁽¹⁾	Week No 11 from 17 to 23 March 1986 ⁽¹⁾	Week No 12 from 24 to 30 March 1986 ⁽¹⁾	Week No 13 from 31 March to 6 April 1986 ⁽¹⁾
02.01 A IV b) 1	182,693	184,530	185,663	185,663	184,965
2	127,885	129,171	129,964	129,964	129,476
3	200,962	202,983	204,229	204,229	203,462
4	237,501	239,889	241,362	241,362	240,455
5 aa)	237,501	239,889	241,362	241,362	240,455
bb)	332,501	335,845	337,907	337,907	336,636

⁽¹⁾ The levy applicable is limited to the amount bound under GATT or in the conditions laid down in Council Regulations (EEC) No 1985/82, (EEC) No 3643/85 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 19/82.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 518/86

of 26 February 1986

laying down detailed rules for the application of the limitation of production aid
in Spain and Portugal for products processed from fruit and vegetables

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 of 24 February 1986 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 20 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 461/86 of 25 February 1986 laying down rules on the production aid system in respect of processed fruit and vegetables as a consequence of the Accession of Spain and Portugal ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 991/84 of 31 March 1984 limiting the production aid granted in respect of certain fruit in syrup ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 991/84 limited the granting of production aid for Williams pears in syrup and cherries in syrup to specific quantities; whereas in order to ensure a fair allocation of quantities between processors, processors in Spain and Portugal should be obliged to furnish particulars as to their production; whereas such particulars should be forwarded to the Commission in such a way that they can be compared with those already communicated by other Member States;

Whereas the Act of Accession limited the granting of production aid for tomato-based products manufactured in Spain and Portugal and for peaches in syrup manufactured in Spain;

Whereas criteria for the allocation of the quantities between processors should be laid down; whereas these criteria should be established taking into consideration the methods applicable to other products subject to similar limitations; whereas the allocation should be based on the most reliable data and in such a way that the passage from any existing national arrangement to the Community system is facilitated; whereas to the extent possible the allocation should therefore be based on data which are already available in the Member States and which have been verified by the competent authorities;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1599/84 of 5 June 1984 laying down detailed rules for the application of the system of production aid for products processed

from fruit and vegetables ⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1455/85 ⁽⁵⁾, contains specific provisions for products in respect of which the granting of production aid is limited to specific quantities; whereas similar provisions should also apply to products for which limitations are applicable only in Spain and Portugal;

Whereas in cases where two or more rates of production aid are applicable to a group of tomato-based products which is subject to the same limitation of production aid, it should be specified in which way the production aid should be reduced in the event of the limitation being exceeded, whereas to ensure equal treatment of processors, the reduction of production aid should be made for all products within the same groups of finished products in proportion to the extent by which the quantity of fresh tomatoes allocated is exceeded;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Products processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The date provided for in Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1599/84 shall for processors established in Spain or Portugal in respect of the marketing year 1986/87 be replaced by 5 March 1986.

Article 2

1. Processors as referred to in Article 1 processing pears or cherries in syrup shall, not later than 15 March 1986, communicate to the agency designated by the Member State concerned for each of the 1983/84, 1984/85 and 1985/86 marketing years:

- (a) the quantity of fresh Williams pears used for the manufacture of pears in syrup as well as the quantity of finished products obtained, expressed as net weight;
- (b) the quantity of fresh Bigarreau cherries and other sweet cherries used for the manufacture of cherries in syrup as well as the quantity of finished products obtained, expressed as net weight.

2. The provisions of Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1599/84 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the communications provided for in paragraph 1.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 53, 1. 3. 1986.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 103, 16. 4. 1984, p. 22.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 152, 8. 6. 1984, p. 16.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 144, 1. 6. 1985, p. 69.

Article 3

Spain and Portugal shall notify the Commission not later than 1 April 1986 of the total quantity of fresh products as referred to in Article 2 as well as the total quantity of finished products obtained, expressed in net weight. The particulars shall be broken down as shown in the model lay-out given in the Annex.

Article 4

1. The quantities of products which, pursuant to Article 118 (3) (b) and (6) and Article 304 (3) (b) of the Act of Accession, may attract Community aid shall for each processor and each marketing year, be fixed before the beginning of the marketing year by the Member States concerned as a percentage of his production during the marketing years taken into account in the calculation of the average total production as referred to in paragraph 3.

2. The percentage referred to in paragraph 1 shall be equal to the percentage which the quantity, by which the granting of production aids is limited, represents of the average total production in the Member State concerned.

For the purposes of this paragraph the quantity by which the granting of production aid is limited means the quantity laid down for each group of products in Article 118 (3) (b) and (6) and Article 304 (3) (b) of the Act of Accession, reduced by 2 %. The latter 2 % shall be allocated amongst processors as provided for in Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1599/84.

3. Average total production means the total quantity of the following production, expressed in net weight for peaches in syrup and by reference to the quantity of fresh tomatoes used for processing tomato-based products :

- (a) for processors having produced during the previous three marketing years or during the first of those three years, one third of their total production during that period ;
- (b) for processors having produced during the previous two marketing years or the first of these two years, half of their total production during that period ;
- (c) for processors having produced only during the previous marketing year, their total production during that marketing year.

Average total production shall be determined before the beginning of each marketing year and in respect of tomato-based products for each of the following groups :

- tomato concentrate,
- whole peeled preserved tomatoes,
- other tomato-based products.

4. In respect of products which have been subject to a national aid system prior to Accession, total production shall be determined on the basis of the data which have

been communicated to and verified by the competent authorities under the previous aid system.

In cases where such data communicated for tomato-based products are expressed in net weight only, the competent authorities may convert the net weight to the quantity of fresh tomatoes used by means of a rate of yield determined on a flat-rate basis and applicable to the whole production of a specific marketing year.

5. In cases where a processor has used a greater quantity of fresh tomatoes than that allocated to him for the processing of products falling within the group 'other tomato — based products', the production aid for all products within this group shall be reduced in proportion to the extent by which the total quantity of fresh tomatoes used has exceeded the quantity allocated for processing of products falling within the group.

Article 5

1. Aid applications for tomato-based products submitted by the processors referred to in Article 1 shall be supported by a statement for each product carrying a given rate of production aid of the total quantity, expressed as net weight, which has been produced during the marketing year in question from raw materials of Community origin purchased in the fresh state, and the total quantity of raw materials used for obtaining the products.

2. Paragraph 1 shall in respect of processors established in Spain also apply to peaches in syrup.

3. The Member States shall not later than 1 April each year notify the Commission of :

- (a) the total quantity, expressed as net weight, of finished products referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2. The products shall be broken down in the same way as provided for in Article 19 (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 1599/84 ;
- (b) the total quantity raw material used in the processing of each group of finished products referred to in (a).

Article 6

The provisions of Articles 16 (2), 17 and 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 1599/84 shall apply to processors referred to in Article 1 processing tomato-based products and, in respect of processors established in Spain, peaches in syrup.

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 March 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

Model lay-out referred to in Article 3

[illegible]

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 519/86
of 27 February 1986
fixing the import levies on milk and milk products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on milk and milk products were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1935/85 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 317/86 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1935/85 to the prices known to the Commission that the levies at present in

force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 14 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 March 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 181, 13. 7. 1985, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 39, 14. 2. 1986, p. 20.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 February 1986 fixing the import levies on milk and milk products

(ECU/100 kg net weight, unless otherwise indicated)

CCT heading No	Code	Import levy
04.01 A I a)	0110	31,43
04.01 A I b)	0120	29,02
04.01 A II a) 1	0130	29,02
04.01 A II a) 2	0140	35,29
04.01 A II b) 1	0150	27,81
04.01 A II b) 2	0160	34,08
04.01 B I	0200	68,54
04.01 B II	0300	144,98
04.01 B III	0400	224,06
04.02 A I	0500	26,12
04.02 A II a) 1	0620	156,20
04.02 A II a) 2	0720	194,44
04.02 A II a) 3	0820	196,86
04.02 A II a) 4	0920	250,39
04.02 A II b) 1	1020	148,95
04.02 A II b) 2	1120	187,19
04.02 A II b) 3	1220	189,61
04.02 A II b) 4	1320	243,14
04.02 A III a) 1	1420	30,13
04.02 A III a) 2	1520	40,68
04.02 A III b) 1	1620	144,98
04.02 A III b) 2	1720	224,06
04.02 B I a)	1820	36,27
04.02 B I b) 1 aa)	2220	per kg 1,4895 (*)
04.02 B I b) 1 bb)	2320	per kg 1,8719 (*)
04.02 B I b) 1 cc)	2420	per kg 2,4314 (*)
04.02 B I b) 2 aa)	2520	per kg 1,4895 (*)
04.02 B I b) 2 bb)	2620	per kg 1,8719 (*)
04.02 B I b) 2 cc)	2720	per kg 2,4314 (*)
04.02 B II a)	2820	52,91
04.02 B II b) 1	2910	per kg 1,4498 (*)
04.02 B II b) 2	3010	per kg 2,2406 (*)
04.03 A	3110	263,60
04.03 B	3210	321,59
04.04 A	3300	192,64 (*)
04.04 B	3900	307,91 (7)
04.04 C	4000	163,23 (*)
04.04 D I a)	4410	170,19 (*)
04.04 D I b)	4510	184,04 (*)
04.04 D II	4610	280,76
04.04 E I a)	4710	307,91
04.04 E I b) 1	4800	225,30 (10)

<i>(ECU/100 kg net weight, unless otherwise indicated)</i>		
CCT heading No	Code	Import levy
04.04 E I b) 2	5000	181,15 ⁽¹⁾
04.04 E I c) 1	5210	135,86
04.04 E I c) 2	5250	277,87
04.04 E II a)	5310	307,91
04.04 E II b)	5410	277,87
17.02 A II	5500	41,79 ⁽¹²⁾
21.07 F I	5600	41,79
23.07 B I a) 3	5700	114,13
23.07 B I a) 4	5800	148,39
23.07 B I b) 3	5900	138,49
23.07 B I c) 3	6000	112,97
23.07 B II	6100	148,39

- (¹) For the purposes of this tariff subheading, 'special milk for infants' means products free from pathogenic toxicogenic germs and containing per gram less than 10 000 revivifiable aerobic bacteria and less than two coliform bacteria.
- (²) Inclusion under this tariff subheading is subject to conditions to be laid down by the competent authorities.
- (³) In calculating the fat content the weight of any added sugar shall be disregarded.
- (⁴) The levy on 100 kg of product falling within this subheading is equal to the sum of the following components:
- (a) the amount per kg shown, multiplied by the weight of milk and cream contained in 100 kg of product;
 - (b) 7,25 ECU; and
 - (c) 23,96 ECU.
- (⁵) The levy on 100 kg of product falling within this subheading is equal to the sum of the following components:
- (a) the amount per kg shown, multiplied by the weight of milk and cream contained in 100 kg of product; and
 - (b) 23,96 ECU.
- (⁶) The levy is limited to:
- 18,13 ECU per 100 kg net weight for products listed under (a) in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 imported from Switzerland and for products listed under (c) of that Annex imported from Austria or Finland,
 - 9,07 ECU per 100 kg net weight for products listed under (b) of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 imported from Switzerland.
- (⁷) The levy is limited to 6 % of the customs value for imports from Switzerland, in accordance with Article 1 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82.
- (⁸) The levy is limited to 50 ECU per 100 kg net weight for products listed under (o) and (p) of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 imported from Austria.
- (⁹) The levy is limited to 36,27 ECU per 100 kg net weight for products listed under (g) of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 imported from Switzerland and for products listed under (h) of that Annex imported from Austria or Finland.
- (¹⁰) The levy per 100 kg net weight is limited to:
- 12,09 ECU for products listed under (d) of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 imported from Canada,
 - 15,00 ECU for products listed under (e) and (f) of that Annex imported from Australia or New Zealand.
- (¹¹) The levy is limited to:
- 77,70 ECU per 100 kg net weight for products listed under (i) of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 imported from Romania or Switzerland,
 - 50 ECU for products listed under (o) and (p) of that Annex imported from Austria,
 - 101,88 ECU per 100 kg net weight for products listed under (k) of that Annex imported from Romania or Switzerland,
 - 65,61 ECU per 100 kg net weight for products listed under (l) of that Annex imported from Bulgaria, Hungary, Israel, Romania, Turkey or Yugoslavia and for products listed under (m) of that Annex imported from Bulgaria, Hungary, Israel, Romania, Turkey, Cyprus or Yugoslavia,
 - 55 ECU per 100 kg net weight for products listed under (n) of that Annex imported from Austria,
 - 60 ECU per 100 kg net weight for products listed under (s) of that Annex imported from Finland,
 - 18,13 ECU per 100 kg net weight for products listed under (q) of that Annex imported from Finland,
 - 15,00 ECU for products listed under (f) of that Annex imported from Australia and New Zealand.
- (¹²) Lactose and lactose syrup falling within subheading 17.02 A I are, in pursuance of Regulation (EEC) No 2730/75, subject to the same levy as that applicable to lactose and lactose syrup falling within subheading 17.02 A II.
- (¹³) For the purposes of tariff subheading ex 23.07 B 'milk products' means the products falling within tariff headings and subheadings 04.01, 04.02, 04.03, 04.04, 17.02 A and 21.07 F I.
-

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 520/86**of 27 February 1986****fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 10 to 16 February 1986**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1311/85 of 23 May 1985 on the granting of a premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals in the United Kingdom ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas, under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1311/85, an amount equivalent to the amount of the variable slaughter premium granted in the United Kingdom is levied on meat and meat preparations from animals on which it has been paid, when they are consigned to other Member States or to non-member countries;

Whereas, under Article 7 (1) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2187/85 of 31 July 1985 laying down detailed rules for the application of the premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals for slaughter in the United Kingdom ⁽²⁾, the amounts to be charged on departure from the territory of the United Kingdom of the products listed in the Annex to the said Regulation must be fixed each week by the Commission;

Whereas, accordingly, the amounts to be levied on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 10 to 16 February 1986 should be fixed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1311/85, the amounts to be levied on the products referred to in Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2187/85 which left the territory of the United Kingdom during the week 10 to 16 February 1986 shall be those set out in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 10 February 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 137, 27. 5. 1985, p. 20.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 203, 1. 8. 1985, p. 76.

ANNEX

Amounts to be levied on products which left the territory of the United Kingdom during the week 10 to 16 February 1986

(ECU/100 kg net weight)		
CCT heading No	Description	Amount
1	2	3
ex 02.01 A II a) and ex 02.01 A II b)	Meat of adult bovine animals, fresh, chilled or frozen :	
	1. Carcases, half-carcases or 'compensated' quarters	26,26474
	2. Separated or unseparated forequarters	21,01179
	3. Separated or unseparated hindquarters	31,51769
	4. Other :	
	aa) Unboned (bone-in)	21,01179
	bb) Boned or boneless	35,98269
ex 02.06 C I a)	Meat salted, in brine, dried or smoked, of adult bovine animals :	
	1. Unboned (bone-in)	21,01179
	2. Boned or boneless	29,94180
ex 16.02 B III b) 1	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal, containing meat or offal of adult bovine animals :	
	aa) Uncooked ; mixtures of cooked meat or offal and uncooked meat or offal :	
	11. Containing 80 % or more by weight of beef meat excluding offals and fat	29,94180
	22. Other	21,01179

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 521/86

of 27 February 1986

derogating temporarily from Regulation (EEG) No 685/69 as regards the day on which butter bought in by intervention agencies is taken over

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 5a thereof,

Whereas heavy buying in of butter has been one of the major features of the last few weeks; whereas this situation is far from normal for the time of the year, in view of the seasonal nature of milk production; whereas it is a situation which appears to have been brought about as a result of the announcement of the Commission's proposal to lower the intervention price for butter for the 1986/87 milk year;

Whereas temporary measures designed to prevent speculative sales of the butter into intervention should be adopted by derogating, until the end of the 1985/86 milk year, from Commission Regulation (EEC) No 685/69 of 14 April 1969 on detailed rules of application for inter-

vention on the market in butter and cream ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2576/85 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas the Management Committee for milk and milk products has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

By way of derogation from Article 5 (6) of Regulation (EEC) No 685/69, the day of taking-over shall, until the end of the 1985/86 milk year, be the 60th day after the date on which the butter entered the cold storage depot designated by the intervention agency.

Until the end of the 1985/86 milk year, the references to the taking over of the butter, which are found in Articles 4 and 6 of the Regulation referred to above, shall be replaced by references to the butter's 'entry into the cold storage depot designated by the intervention agency'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 90, 15. 4. 1969, p. 12.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 246, 13. 9. 1985, p. 19.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 522/86**of 27 February 1986****introducing a countervailing charge on cucumbers originating in Spain accept in the Canary Islands**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25a (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a non-member country is alternatively above and below the reference price for five to seven consecutive market days a countervailing charge is introduced in respect of that non-member country, save in exceptional cases; whereas that charge is introduced when three entry prices fall below the reference price and one of those entry prices is at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price; whereas that charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the last available entry price by at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 237/86 of 3 February 1986 fixing for the 1986 marketing year the reference prices for cucumbers⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I at 122,42 ECU per 100 kilograms net for the period of 21 to 28 February 1986;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas for cucumbers originating in Spain (accept the Canary Islands) the entry prices calculated in this way have for five consecutive market days been alternatively above and below the reference price; whereas three of these entry prices are at least 0,6 ECU below the reference prices; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these cucumbers;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas Article 140 (1) provides for a 2 % reduction in the countervailing charges applicable under Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 during the first year after accession;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 136 (2) of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal⁽⁷⁾, the arrangements applicable to trade between, on the hand, a new Member State and, on the other, the Community as constituted at 31 December 1985, must be those which were applicable before accession;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 5,05 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to cucumbers (subheading 07.01 P I of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Spain (accept the Canary Islands).

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 March 1986.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 29, 4. 2. 1986, p. 15.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 302, 15. 11. 1985, p. 9.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 523/86
of 27 February 1986
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
 Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1809/85 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 436/86 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1809/85 to the information known to the Commission that the levies at

present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 February 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

- ⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 29. 6. 1985, p. 77.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 34.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 February 1986 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form :	
	A. White sugar : flavoured or coloured sugar	49,01
	B. Raw sugar	42,63 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 524/86

of 27 February 1986

altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3793/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽⁴⁾ and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽⁵⁾ and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the advice of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 174/86 ⁽⁶⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 437/86 ⁽⁷⁾

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1027/84 ⁽⁸⁾ as amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 ⁽⁹⁾ as regards products falling within subheading 23.02 A of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band

of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 26 February 1986;

Whereas the levy on the basic product as last fixed differs from the average levy by more than 3,02 ECU per tonne of basic product; whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74 ⁽¹⁰⁾ the levies at present in force must therefore be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products processed from cereals and rice covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1027/84, as fixed in the Annex to the amended Regulation (EEC) No 174/86 are hereby altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 February 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 367, 31. 12. 1985, p. 19.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 22, 29. 1. 1986, p. 7.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 35.
⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 15.
⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 February 1986 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Import levies	
	Third countries (other than ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT
11.01 E I ⁽²⁾	260,52	254,48
11.01 E II ⁽²⁾	147,23	144,21
11.02 A V a) 1 ⁽²⁾	225,59	219,55
11.02 A V a) 2 ⁽²⁾	260,52	254,48
11.02 A V b) ⁽²⁾	147,23	144,21
11.02 B II c) ⁽²⁾	229,23	226,21
11.02 C V ⁽²⁾	229,23	226,21
11.02 D V ⁽²⁾	147,23	144,21
11.02 E II c) ⁽²⁾	260,52	254,48
11.02 F V ⁽²⁾	260,52	254,48
11.02 G II	112,08	106,04
11.04 C II a)	216,92	192,74 ⁽³⁾
11.04 C II b)	248,17	223,99 ⁽³⁾
11.08 A I	216,92	196,37
11.08 A IV	216,92	196,37
11.08 A V	216,92	98,18 ⁽³⁾
17.02 B II a) ⁽³⁾	352,86	256,14
17.02 B II b) ⁽³⁾	262,86	196,37
17.02 F II a)	365,05	268,33
17.02 F II b)	253,10	186,61
21.07 F II	262,86	196,37
23.02 A I a)	69,16	63,16
23.02 A I b)	141,33	135,33
23.02 A II a)	69,16	63,16
23.02 A II b)	141,33	135,33
23.03 A I	425,28	243,94

⁽²⁾ For the purpose of distinguishing between products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 and those falling within subheading 23.02 A, products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 shall be those meeting the following specifications:

- a starch content (determined by the modified Ewers polarimetric method), referred to dry matter, exceeding 45 % by weight,
- an ash content, by weight, referred to dry matter (after deduction of any added minerals), not exceeding 1,6 % for rice, 2,5 % for wheat, 3 % for barley, 4 % for buckwheat, 5 % for oats and 2 % for other cereals.

Germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground, falls in all cases within heading No 11.02.

⁽³⁾ Pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2730/75 the product falling within subheading 17.02 B I is subject to the same levy as products falling within subheading 17.02 B II.

⁽³⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80 the levy shall not be charged on the following products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States and in the overseas countries and territories:

- arrowroot falling within subheading 07.06 A,
- flours and meal of arrowroot falling within subheading 11.04 C,
- arrowroot starch falling within subheading 11.08 A V.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 525/86

of 27 February 1986

introducing a countervailing charge on cucumbers originating in the Canary Islands

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25a (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a non-member country is alternatively above and below the reference price for five to seven consecutive market days a countervailing charge is introduced in respect of that non-member country, save in exceptional cases; whereas that charge is introduced when three entry prices fall below the reference price and one of those entry prices is at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price; whereas that charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the last available entry price by at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 237/86 of 3 February 1986 fixing for the 1986 marketing year the reference prices for cucumbers ⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for January 1986 at 122,42 ECU per 100 kilograms net for the period of 21 to 28 February 1986;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85 ⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consid-

eration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas for cucumbers originating in the Canary Islands the entry prices calculated in this way have for five consecutive market days been alternatively above and below the reference price; whereas three of these entry prices are at least 0,6 ECU below the reference prices; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these cucumbers;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁶⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 1 (5) of Protocol 2 to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal ⁽⁷⁾, the Community must apply in its trade with the Canary Islands, for products covered by Annex II to the EEC Treaty, the general arrangements which it applies in its foreign trade;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 4 of the said Protocol, the products, including cucumbers, specified in Annex A to the Protocol, qualify for preferential arrangements, subject to the tariff quota opened by way of Community Regulation (EEC) No 3806/85 ⁽⁸⁾;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge shall be applied as follows in the case of imports of cucumbers (subheading 07.01 P I of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in the Canary Islands:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 29, 4. 2. 1986, p. 15.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 302, 15. 11. 1985, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 367, 31. 12. 1985, p. 44.

- 14,39 ECU per 100 kg net in respect of a total quantity not exceeding that of the tariff quota opened by way of Regulation (EEC) No 3806/85;

In all cases the countervailing charge shall not be applied in respect of imports into Spain within the tariff quota opened by way of Regulation (EEC) No 3806/85.

Article 2

- 14,68 ECU for all other quantities.

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 March 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 February 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 26 February 1986

accepting undertakings entered into in connection with the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports into Greece of certain categories of glass originating in Turkey, Yugoslavia, Romania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Czechoslovakia and terminating the investigation

(86/36/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84 of 23 July 1984 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 10 thereof,

Following consultations within the Advisory Committee as provided for by that Regulation,

Whereas :

A. Procedure

1. In January 1985 a complaint was lodged with the Commission that certain categories of glass originating in Turkey were being imported at dumped prices, thus causing injury to a Community industry. The complaint was from the Comité Permanent des Industries de Verre de la Communauté Économique Européenne (CPIV) and by the Greek Glass Federation, on behalf of the Greek manufacturer accounting for all national production of such products, the Hellenic Chemical and Fertilizers Company Ltd, Athens.

2. The complaint included evidence of dumping and of major damage resulting for the industry in Greece. This evidence was considered sufficient to justify the initiation of a proceeding and the Commission therefore announced, by a notice in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽²⁾, the initiation of an anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports into Greece of certain categories of glass originating in Turkey. The Commission began its investigation.

The products concerned are a type of unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles, of a thickness of 2,5 mm or more but not more than 5,5 mm, falling within Common Customs Tariff heading No ex 70.05 corresponding to NIMEXE codes ex 70.05-61, 70.05-63, 70.05-65 and ex 70.05-69, and a type of 'float glass', cast, or rolled, and drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass), in rectangles, surface ground or polished, but not further worked, of a thickness of 2,5 mm or more but not more than 5,5 mm falling within Common Customs Tariff heading No ex 70.06 corresponding to NIMEXE codes ex 70.06-61, 70.06-65, 70.06-71 and 70.06-75.

3. The Commission officially informed the exporter and importer known to be concerned, the representatives of the exporting country and the complainant of the initiation of the proceeding and gave the parties directly concerned the opportunity of making their views known in writing and of being heard orally.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 201, 30. 7. 1984, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 66, 14. 3. 1985, p. 13.

The Turkish exporter known to be concerned, the company Cam Pazarlama AS, and the importer concerned, the company Makedoniki, and the complainant took the opportunity to make their views known in writing and to be heard orally. Certain arguments were also put to the Commission by processors of these products.

4. In June 1985 the CPIV and the Greek Glass Federation, on behalf of the Greek manufacturer, lodged a further complaint with the Commission requesting extension of the proceeding to imports of such products originating in Yugoslavia, Romania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Czechoslovakia.
5. This further complaint contained evidence of the existence of dumping and of consequent major injury for the Greek industry. This evidence was considered sufficient to justify the initiation of a proceeding and the Commission consequently announced, by a notice in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* (¹), the extension of the anti-dumping proceeding to imports of the products concerned originating in Yugoslavia, Romania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Czechoslovakia.
6. The Commission officially brought the extension of the proceeding to the notice of the exporters and the importers known to be concerned, the representatives of the exporting country and the complainant, and gave the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to be heard orally.

The exporters known to be concerned, viz :

- Jugoslovenska, Industrija Ravnog Stakla, Yugoslavia ;
- Romsnit, Bucharest, Romania ;
- Industrialimport, Sofia, Bulgaria ;
- Ferunion, Budapest, Hungary ;
- Glassexport, Prague, Czechoslovakia,

and most of the Greek importers concerned, in particular :

- Athanassopoulos, Athens ;
- Aslanidis, Athens ;
- Hellas Glass, Karditsa ;
- Garifallou, Kavala,

and the complainant took the opportunity to make their views known in writing and to be heard orally.

7. The Commission gathered and checked all the information it deemed necessary to determine the existence

tence of dumping and injury and carried out inspections at the premises of the complaint producer, the Turkish exporter, the Yugoslav exporter, and the following Greek importers :

- Makedoniki, Thessaloniki ;
- Athanassopoulos, Athens ;
- Aslanidis, Athens ;
- Hellas Glass, Karditsa ;
- Garifallou, Kavala.

The Commission asked for and obtained detailed written information from the complainant concerning the injury and its causes, and from all the exporters and most of the importers concerned. The information thus gathered was checked by the Commission to the extent necessary.

8. The period decided upon by the Commission for investigating the existence of any dumping was 1 January 1984 to 28 February 1985.

B. Definition of the Product

9. The products alleged to have been dumped are :

- transparent drawn glass, in rectangles, of a thickness of 2,5 mm or more but not more than 5,5 mm,
- transparent cast glass obtained by the float method, in rectangles, of a thickness of 2,5 mm or more but not more than 5,5 mm.

According to the complaint these products constitute 'like products' within the meaning of the anti-dumping rules.

The results of the investigation show this not to be so. It is true that both products, although manufactured by different processes, use the same raw materials and that their chemical composition is basically the same. They are of the same shape and are generally pre-cut into standard sizes with a thickness of 2,5 to 5,5 mm. When looked at straight on, they seem fairly similar.

However, the very process of manufacturing drawn glass leads to optical defects which are evident if it is regarded at an angle. In addition, the float process makes it possible to obtain larger rectangles, which are essential for certain purposes. Thus, most modern

(¹) OJ No C 200, 8. 8. 1985, p. 3.

industrial outlets are closed to drawn glass, only float glass being usable for such purposes as double glazing, mirrors, motor vehicle glass, technical glass, etc.

Thus, as regards both optical characteristics and trade outlets, float glass and drawn glass are not like products within the meaning of Article 2 (12) of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84.

10. The investigation also revealed that, within the thickness range covered by the proceeding, the products concerned are normally distributed in commercial thicknesses of 3 mm, 4 mm and 5 mm.

C. Community production

11. The Greek producer, Hellenic Chemical and Fertilizers Company Ltd, has no facilities for the float glass process and thus produces only drawn glass.

The question whether the Greek industry represents a Community industry within the meaning of Article 4 (5) second indent, of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84 therefore arises only in the case of drawn glass. The investigation showed the Greek producer to sell nearly all its production on the Greek market, where demand for drawn glass was not met to any substantial degree by drawn glass producers established elsewhere in the Community. The share of the regional drawn glass market supplied through intra-Community imports has never, since 1981, exceeded 0,7 %.

It is consequently, considered that the complainant producer constitutes a Community industry for the drawn glass products concerned.

D. Normal Value

12. As regards imports from Turkey, the normal value was established on the basis of the comparable prices actually paid or payable in the ordinary course of trade for the like product intended for consumption in Turkey. It was calculated on the basis of a weighted average.
13. As regards imports from Yugoslavia, the normal value was established, for 3 mm, 4 mm and 4,5 mm glass on the comparable prices actually paid or payable in the ordinary course of trade for the like products intended for consumption in Yugoslavia. It was established on the basis of a weighted average. As regards 55 mm drawn glass, in which there is no trade on the

Yugoslav market, the normal value established took account of the difference in physical characteristics (additional thickness) of the product compared with those of the products marketed in Yugoslavia, on the basis of prices paid or payable on the domestic market.

14. In order to establish whether the imports from Romania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Czechoslovakia were being dumped, the Commission had to make allowance for the fact that these countries do not have a market economy, and it thus had to proceed on the basis of the normal value in a country with such a market economy. The complainant had proposed that the Turkish domestic market be taken as a reference, and this led the Bulgarian and Czechoslovak exporters to raise objections on the grounds of that market's monopolistic structure and very high level of customs protection. The Commission took the view, and this was not contested by any of the parties, that prices on the Yugoslav domestic market offered an appropriate and not unreasonable basis for comparison.

E. Export price

15. As regards both the exports from Turkey and Yugoslavia and those from Romania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Czechoslovakia, the Commission took as the export price the price actually paid or payable on exports to Greece.

F. Comparison

16. For the purpose of comparing the normal value with export prices at the ex-factory stage for each of the like products, the Commission made allowances for differences affecting the comparability of the prices and made appropriate adjustments when the interested parties produced evidence that a request for this was justified (transport and packaging costs and payment conditions). All the comparisons were made at the ex-factory stage.
17. As regards imports from Turkey, the Commission, on the basis of the information in its possession, found no difference between the characteristics of drawn glass sold in Turkey and that exported to Greece such as significantly to affect the comparability of prices. A request for an adjustment to make allowance for the difference in the commission paid by Cam Pazarama AS to its parent company Turkish Glassworks Inc., as between domestic sales and exports, was refused as

not being supported by conclusive evidence. Another adjustment requested by the Turkish exporter to allow for differing stock levels needing to be maintained for domestic sales and export sales which was claimed to lead to higher financial burdens for domestic sales, was refused: the discrepancies concerned were in fact the result of differences in production costs.

G. Margins

18. Examination of the facts showed that all the transactions concerned involved dumping. The dumping margins calculated, equal to the difference between the normal values established and average prices on exports to Greece, showed there was substantial dumping in exports by Cam Pazarlama AS (Turkey), Jugoslovenska Industrija Ravnog Stakla (Yugoslavia), Romsit (Romania), Industrialimport (Bulgaria), Ferunion (Hungary) and Glassexport (Czechoslovakia).
19. The degree of dumping varied with the thickness of the drawn glass concerned, and from one exporter to another. The weighted average dumping margins amounted to the following percentages of the cif price free at the Greek frontier, not cleared through customs:
- Cam Pazarlama AS: more than 100 % on all thicknesses;
 - Jugoslovenska Industrija Ravnog Stakla: from 33,5 % to 81 %;
 - Romsit: from 43,2 % to more than 100 %;
 - Industrialimport: from 73,9 % to more than 100 %;
 - Ferunion: from 16,6 % to 66,9 %;
 - Glassexport: from 75,8 % to more than 100 %.

H. Injury

20. As regards the injury to the Greek industry from the dumped imports, the enquiries made by the Commission show that the total volume of dumped imports into Greece of the drawn glass concerned rose from 1 199 tonnes in 1981 to 2 318 tonnes in 1983 and 15 183 tonnes in 1984.

At the same time these imports' share of the Greek market increased considerably from 2,8 % in 1981 to 7,3 % in 1983 and 55 % in 1984.

It should be noted here that the degree of market penetration by drawn glass imports from the countries concerned in the proceeding is very much lower in the rest of the Community (something like 25 % in 1984).

21. A thorough examination of the export prices of the drawn glass in question originating in Turkey, Yugoslavia, Romania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Czechoslovakia showed permanent undercutting, as against the Greek producer's prices, as fixed by the national administration, throughout the period of the investigation. Average undercutting varied according to the thickness of the glass and from one exporter to another, as follows:

	(in %)
Cam Pazarlama AS	from 16,4 to 29,7
Jugoslovenska Industrija Ravnog Stakla	from 24,6 to 56,7
Romsit	from 16,1 to 30,8
Industrialimport	from 39,5 to 40,2
Ferunion	from 11,2 to 21,2
Glassexport	from 28,3 to 34,0

22. As regards the impact on the Greek industry, the Commission took into account the effect of all the imports recognized as having been dumped. Information which the Commission was able to verify showed production of drawn glass by the Greek producer to have fallen from 43 706 tonnes in 1981 to 14 280 tonnes in 1984, a reduction of 67,3 %, far greater than the fall in consumption in Greece over the same period (42 862 tonnes in 1981, 27 743 tonnes in 1984, a reduction of 35,3 %). The utilization rate of production capacities thus fell from 54,6 % in 1981 to 15,5 % in 1984. The worsening situation obliged the Greek producer to close down his main furnace at the end of 1983.

At the same time as sales fell so sharply (41 372 tonnes in 1981, 12 373 in 1984, a fall of 70 %), the Greek producer's stocks began to pile up greatly (3 033 tonnes at the end of 1981, 8 220 at the end of 1984). Its market share fell from 96,5 % in 1981 to 44,6 % in 1984.

Because of this fall in activity the Greek producer also had to reduce his workforce from 577 persons in 1981 to 260 in 1984.

Consequently, the Greek industry saw a considerable part of its profitability eroded, with very substantial losses being recorded in 1984.

23. The Commission examined the other factors which, individually or together, might also have damaged the interests of the Greek producer.

It examined the effect of imports into Greece where no dumping was alleged, the level of consumption of

drawn glass in Greece and the matter of its progressive replacement by float glass, together with the effect on the industry's profitability of the Government's price control mechanism.

— Imports from countries against which no allegations of dumping were made were practically nil in 1981, 1982, 1983 and only 80 tonnes in 1984. The fact that the Greek market's intra-Community imports were also negligible (107 tonnes in 1984) means that almost all Greek imports of drawn glass came from the countries concerned by the proceeding and were therefore dumped.

— In addition, the very appreciable fall in consumption of drawn glass in Greece, resulting both from a slowdown in the building sector and the progressive replacement of drawn glass by float glass for certain purposes, did indisputedly affect sales by the complainant producer; nonetheless, the fall in its sales on the Greek market between 1981 and 1984 (70 % down) was much greater than the fall in demand (35,3 %).

— In assessing the impact of causes of injury other than imports shown to be dumped, the Commission took into account the fact that since 1983 the sale prices of the Greek producer have been subject to a system of price control by the Greek authorities. To the extent that the Greek producer's costs have been substantially higher than the prices it has been obliged to charge, the resultant losses should not be attributed to dumped imports. Thus, for the purpose of analysing the degree of injury caused by the imports concerned as regards prices, the Commission looked only at the differences between the Greek producers' prices as fixed by its national authorities and the market prices of the dumped imports.

Examination of the differences as thus defined shows a degree of undercutting varying between 11,2 % and 56,7 %. Thus, independently of the injury caused by the price control system, the prices of the imports shown to be dumped were distinctly lower than those of the Greek producer, and this contributed to the sharp fall in its activities, and consequently to an increase in its costs.

24. The results of the investigation thus show that the Greek producer is faced with serious difficulties, which existed in part before the considerable increase in imports in 1984. The causes of injury other than

dumped imports include the distinct fall in consumption of drawn glass in Greece, the progressive replacement of drawn glass by float glass — not produced by the Greek industry — and the price control system.

Nonetheless, in view of all the injury factors examined in points 22 and 23 above, and in particular the fact that the degree of market penetration of dumped imports increased considerably in 1984, the Commission is persuaded, on the basis of the evidence before it, that the injury caused during the period under investigation by the dumped imports must, seen in isolation, be considered as a major factor, having considerably magnified the Greek producers' difficulties.

I. Community interest

25. In these circumstances, and as the producer concerned is Greece's only independent source of supply of drawn glass, the Community interest requires that a measure of protection be adopted against imports shown to be dumped.

J. Undertakings

26. The exporters concerned and the complainant have been informed of the main results of the investigation and have been offered the possibility of making any comments. In addition, as the case involves a regional element, the Commission gave exporters, in accordance with Article 13 (6) of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84, an opportunity to offer undertakings for the market concerned. Price undertakings have been given by all the exporters concerned as regards their exports to the Greek market.

The aim of the undertakings is to eliminate the differences between import prices and prices fixed by the Greek Government and so to remove the injury caused by the dumped imports. It emerges also that it will be possible for the fulfilment of these undertakings to be controlled effectively.

This being so, the price undertakings given are judged acceptable and the investigation may therefore be terminated without anti-dumping duties being imposed.

No objection has been raised to this course within the Advisory Committee.

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The price undertakings entered into by Cam Pazarlama AS (Turkey), Jugoslovenska Industrija Ravnog Stakla (Yugoslavia), Romsit (Romania), Industrialimport (Bulgaria), Ferunion (Hungary) and Glassexport (Czechoslovakia) during the anti-dumping investigation concerning imports into Greece of certain categories of unworked drawn glass, in rectangles, falling within Common Customs Tariff heading No ex 70.05, corresponding to Nimex codes ex 70.05-61, 70.05-63, 70.05-65 and ex 70.05-69, originating in Turkey, Yugoslavia,

Romania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Czechoslovakia are hereby accepted.

Article 2

The investigation referred to in Article 1 is hereby terminated.

Done at Brussels, 26 February 1986.

For the Commission

Willy DE CLERCQ

Member of the Commission

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I/1985

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