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2000/73/EC:

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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 239/2000
of 31 January 2000
establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 of 21 December 1994 on detailed rules for the application of the import arrangements for fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1498/98 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4 (1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in the Annex thereto;

- (2) in compliance with the above criteria, the standard import values must be fixed at the levels set out in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 shall be fixed as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 337, 24.12.1994, p. 66.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 198, 15.7.1998, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 January 2000 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)

CN code	Third country code ⁽¹⁾	Standard import value
0702 00 00	052	112,9
	204	68,8
	624	198,4
	999	126,7
0707 00 05	628	159,4
	999	159,4
0709 10 00	220	186,7
	999	186,7
0805 10 10, 0805 10 30, 0805 10 50	052	51,8
	204	42,3
	212	41,2
	220	26,1
	600	38,6
	624	57,4
	999	42,9
0805 20 10	204	61,7
	999	61,7
0805 20 30, 0805 20 50, 0805 20 70, 0805 20 90	052	64,1
	204	76,1
	624	76,2
	999	72,1
0805 30 10	052	46,5
	600	66,5
	624	92,3
	999	68,4
0808 10 20, 0808 10 50, 0808 10 90	039	85,6
	400	84,2
	404	83,6
	720	63,3
	728	68,8
	999	77,1

⁽¹⁾ Country nomenclature as fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2543/1999 (OJ L 307, 2.12.1999, p. 46). Code '999' stands for 'of other origin'.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 240/2000
of 31 January 2000
fixing the import duties in the cereals sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organisation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1253/1999 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1249/96 of 28 June 1996 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 as regards import duties in the cereals sector ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2519/98 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 2 (1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 10 of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 provides that the rates of duty in the Common Customs Tariff are to be charged on import of the products referred to in Article 1 of that Regulation; however, in the case of the products referred to in paragraph 2 of that Article, the import duty is to be equal to the intervention price valid for such products on importation and increased by 55 %, minus the cif import price applicable to the consignment in question; however, that duty may not exceed the rate of duty in the Common Customs Tariff.
- (2) Pursuant to Article 10 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92, the cif import prices are calculated on the basis of the representative prices for the product in question on the world market.

- (3) Regulation (EC) No 1249/96 lays down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 as regards import duties in the cereals sector.
- (4) The import duties are applicable until new duties are fixed and enter into force; they also remain in force in cases where no quotation is available for the reference exchange referred to in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1249/96 during the two weeks preceding the next periodical fixing.
- (5) In order to allow the import duty system to function normally, the representative market rates recorded during a reference period should be used for calculating the duties.
- (6) Application of Regulation (EC) No 1249/96 results in import duties being fixed as set out in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import duties in the cereals sector referred to in Article 10 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 shall be those fixed in Annex I to this Regulation on the basis of the information given in Annex II.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 160, 26.6.1999, p. 18.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 161, 29.6.1996, p. 125.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 315, 25.11.1998, p. 7.

ANNEX I

Import duties for the products covered by Article 10(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92

CN code	Description	Import duty by land inland waterway or sea from Mediterranean, the Black Sea or Baltic Sea ports (EUR/tonne)	Import duty by air or by sea from other ports ⁽²⁾ (EUR/tonne)
1001 10 00	Durum wheat high quality	31,26	21,26
	medium quality ⁽¹⁾	41,26	31,26
1001 90 91	Common wheat seed	32,91	22,91
1001 90 99	Common high quality wheat other than for sowing ⁽³⁾	32,91	22,91
	medium quality	73,28	63,28
	low quality	85,82	75,82
1002 00 00	Rye	83,50	73,50
1003 00 10	Barley, seed	83,50	73,50
1003 00 90	Barley, other ⁽³⁾	83,50	73,50
1005 10 90	Maize seed other than hybrid	87,77	77,77
1005 90 00	Maize other than seed ⁽³⁾	87,77	77,77
1007 00 90	Grain sorghum other than hybrids for sowing	83,50	73,50

⁽¹⁾ In the case of durum wheat not meeting the minimum quality requirements for durum wheat of medium quality, referred to in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1249/96, the duty applicable is that fixed for low-quality common wheat.

⁽²⁾ For goods arriving in the Community via the Atlantic Ocean or via the Suez Canal (Article 2(4) of Regulation (EC) No 1249/96), the importer may benefit from a reduction in the duty of:

— EUR 3 per tonne, where the port of unloading is on the Mediterranean Sea, or

— EUR 2 per tonne, where the port of unloading is in Ireland, the United Kingdom, Denmark, Sweden, Finland or the Atlantic Coasts of the Iberian Peninsula.

⁽³⁾ The importer may benefit from a flat-rate reduction of EUR 14 or 8 per tonne, where the conditions laid down in Article 2(5) of Regulation (EC) No 1249/96 are met.

ANNEX II

Factors for calculating duties

(period from 14 January 2000 to 28 January 2000)

1. Averages over the two-week period preceding the day of fixing:

Exchange quotations	Minneapolis	Kansas-City	Chicago	Chicago	Minneapolis	Minneapolis	Minneapolis
Product (% proteins at 12 % humidity)	HRS2. 14 %	HRW2. 11,5 %	SRW2	YC3	HAD2	Medium quality (*)	US barley 2
Quotation (EUR/t)	118,94	106,74	96,49	87,39	154,25 (**)	144,25 (**)	102,01 (**)
Gulf premium (EUR/t)	33,66	5,50	3,20	10,35	—	—	—
Great Lakes premium (EUR/t)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

(*) A discount of EUR 10/t (Article 4(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1249/96).

(**) Fob Gulf.

2. Freight/cost: Gulf of Mexico — Rotterdam: 15,43 EUR/t; Great Lakes — Rotterdam: 28,12 EUR/t.

3. Subsidy within the meaning of the third paragraph of Article 4(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1249/96: EUR 0,00/t (HRW2)
EUR 0,00/t (SRW2).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 241/2000
of 31 January 2000
altering the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 of 13 September 1999 on the common organisation of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, and in particular the third subparagraph of Article 18(5) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) the refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state were fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 113/2000 ⁽²⁾, as amended by Regulation (EC) No 180/2000 ⁽³⁾.
- (2) it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EC) No 113/2000 to the information known to the Commission that the export refunds at present in

force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1(1)(a) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999, undenatured and exported in the natural state, as fixed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 113/2000 are hereby altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 252, 25.9.1999, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 14, 20.1.2000, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 22, 27.1.2000, p. 40.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 January 2000 altering the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in its unaltered state

Product code	Amount of refund
	— EUR/100 kg —
1701 11 90 9100	43,33 ⁽¹⁾
1701 11 90 9910	43,33 ⁽¹⁾
1701 11 90 9950	⁽²⁾
1701 12 90 9100	43,33 ⁽¹⁾
1701 12 90 9910	43,33 ⁽¹⁾
1701 12 90 9950	⁽²⁾
	— EUR/1 % of sucrose × 100 kg —
1701 91 00 9000	0,4710
	— EUR/100 kg —
1701 99 10 9100	47,10
1701 99 10 9910	49,32
1701 99 10 9950	47,10
	— EUR/1 % of sucrose × 100 kg —
1701 99 90 9100	0,4710

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 %; if the yield is other than 92 %, the refund applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 19 (4) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999.

⁽²⁾ Fixing suspended by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2689/85 (OJ L 255, 26. 9. 1985, p. 12), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3251/85 (OJ L 309, 21. 11. 1985, p. 14).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 242/2000**of 31 January 2000****fixing the export refunds on syrups and certain other sugar products exported in the natural state**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 of 13 September 1999 on the common organisation of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 18(5) thereof,

Whereas:

(1) Article 18 of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1(1)(d) of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund.

(2) Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 2135/95 of 7 September 1995 laying down detailed rules of application for the grant of export refunds in the sugar sector⁽²⁾, provides that the export refund on 100 kilograms of the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 is equal to the basic amount multiplied by the sucrose content, including, where appropriate, other sugars expressed as sucrose; the sucrose content of the product in question is determined in accordance with Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 2135/95.

(3) Article 21(3) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 provides that the basic amount of the refund on sorbose exported in the natural state must be equal to the basic amount of the refund less one-hundredth of the production refund applicable, pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1010/86 of 25 March 1986 laying down general rules for the production refund on sugar used in the chemical industry⁽³⁾, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1148/98⁽⁴⁾, to the products listed in the Annex to the last mentioned Regulation;

(4) According to the terms of Article 21(1) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999, the basic amount of the refund on the other products listed in Article 1(1)(d) of the said

Regulation exported in the natural state must be equal to one-hundredth of an amount which takes account, on the one hand, of the difference between the intervention price for white sugar for the Community areas without deficit for the month for which the basic amount is fixed and quotations or prices for white sugar on the world market and, on the other, of the need to establish a balance between the use of Community basic products in the manufacture of processed goods for export to third countries and the use of third country products brought in under inward processing arrangements.

(5) According to the terms of Article 21(4) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999, the application of the basic amount may be limited to some of the products listed in Article 1(1)(d) of the said Regulation.

(6) Article 18 of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 makes provision for setting refunds for export in the natural state of products referred to in Article 1(1)(f) and (g) and (h) of that Regulation; the refund must be fixed per 100 kilograms of dry matter, taking account of the export refund for products falling within CN code 1702 30 91 and for products referred to in Article 1(1)(d) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 and of the economic aspects of the intended exports; in the case of the products referred to in the said Article 1(1)(f) and (g), the refund is to be granted only for products complying with the conditions in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 2135/95; for the products referred to in Article 1(1)(h), the refund shall be granted only for products complying with the conditions in Article 6 of Regulation (EC) No 2135/95.

(7) The refunds referred to above must be fixed every month; they may be altered in the intervening period.

(8) Application of these quotas results in fixing refunds for the products in question at the levels given in the Annex to this Regulation.

(9) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 252, 25.9.1999, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 214, 8.9.1995, p. 16.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 94, 9.4.1986, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 159, 3.6.1998, p. 38.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1(1)(d)(f)(g) and (h) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999, exported in the natural state, shall be set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 2000.

For the Commission
Margot WALLSTRÖM
Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 January 2000 fixing the export refunds on syrups and certain other sugar products exported in the natural state

Product code	Amount of refund
	— EUR/100 kg dry matter —
1702 40 10 9100	47,10 ⁽²⁾
1702 60 10 9000	47,10 ⁽²⁾
1702 60 80 9100	89,49 ⁽⁴⁾
	— EUR/1 % sucrose × 100 kg —
1702 60 95 9000	0,4710 ⁽¹⁾
	— EUR/100 kg dry matter —
1702 90 30 9000	47,10 ⁽²⁾
	— EUR/1 % sucrose × 100 kg —
1702 90 60 9000	0,4710 ⁽¹⁾
1702 90 71 9000	0,4710 ⁽¹⁾
1702 90 99 9900	0,4710 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽³⁾
	— EUR/100 kg dry matter —
2106 90 30 9000	47,10 ⁽²⁾
	— EUR/1 % sucrose × 100 kg —
2106 90 59 9000	0,4710 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ The basic amount is not applicable to syrups which are less than 85 % pure (Regulation (EC) No 2135/95). Sucrose content is determined in accordance with Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 2135/95.

⁽²⁾ Applicable only to products referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 2135/95.

⁽³⁾ The basic amount is not applicable to the product defined under point 2 of the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3513/92 (OJ L 355, 5.12.1992, p. 12).

⁽⁴⁾ Applicable only to products defined under Article 6 of Regulation (EC) No 2135/95.

NB: The product codes and the footnotes are defined in amended Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3846/87 (OJ L 366, 24.12.1987, p. 1).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 243/2000
of 31 January 2000
on the supply of cereals as food aid

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1292/96 of 27 June 1996 on food-aid policy and food-aid management and special operations in support of food security ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 24(1)(b) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The abovementioned Regulation lays down the list of countries and organisations eligible for Community aid and specifies the general criteria on the transport of food aid beyond the fob stage.
- (2) Following the taking of a number of decisions on the allocation of food aid, the Commission has allocated cereals to certain beneficiaries.
- (3) It is necessary to make these supplies in accordance with the rules laid down by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2519/97 of 16 December 1997 laying down general rules for the mobilisation of products to be supplied

under Council Regulation (EC) No 1292/96 as Community food aid ⁽²⁾; it is necessary to specify the time limits and conditions of supply to determine the resultant costs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Cereals shall be mobilised in the Community, as Community food aid for supply to the recipient listed in the Annex, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 2519/97 and under the conditions set out in the Annex.

The tenderer is deemed to have noted and accepted all the general and specific conditions applicable. Any other condition or reservation included in his tender is deemed unwritten.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 166, 5.7.1996, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 346, 17.12.1997, p. 23.

ANNEX

LOT A

1. **Action No:** 44/99
2. **Beneficiary** ⁽²⁾: WFP (World Food Programme), via Cristoforo Colombo 426, I-00145 Roma
tel.: (39-06) 65 13 29 88; fax: 65 13 28 44/3; telex: 626675 WFP I
3. **Beneficiary's representative:** to be designated by the recipient
4. **Country of destination:** Serbia and Montenegro
5. **Product to be mobilised:** common wheat flour
6. **Total quantity (tonnes net):** 4 664
7. **Number of lots:** 1
8. **Characteristics and quality of the product** ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁵⁾: see OJ C 114, 29.4.1991, p. 1 (II.B.(1)(a))
9. **Packaging** ⁽⁷⁾: see OJ C 267, 13.9.1996, p. 1 (2.2.A.1.d, 2.d and B.1)
10. **Labelling or marking** ⁽⁶⁾: see OJ C 114, 29.4.1991, p. 1 (II.B.(3))
 - Language to be used for the markings: English
 - Supplementary markings: —
11. **Method of mobilisation of the product:** the Community market
12. **Specified delivery stage:** free at port of shipment — fob stowed
13. **Alternative delivery stage:** —
14. a) **Port of shipment:** —
b) **Loading address:** —
15. **Port of landing:** —
16. **Place of destination:** —
 - port or warehouse of transit: —
 - overland transport route: —
17. **Period or deadline of supply at the specified stage:**
 - first deadline: from 20.3 to 9.4.2000
 - second deadline: from 3 to 23.4.2000
18. **Period or deadline of supply at the alternative stage:**
 - first deadline: —
 - second deadline: —
19. **Deadline for the submission of tenders (at 12 noon, Brussels time):**
 - first deadline: 15.2.2000
 - second deadline: 29.2.2000
20. **Amount of tendering guarantee:** EUR 5 per tonne
21. **Address for submission of tenders and tendering guarantees** ⁽¹⁾: Bureau de l'aide alimentaire, Attn. Mr T. Vestergaard, Bâtiment Loi 130, bureau 7/46, Rue de la Loi/Wetstraat 200, B-1049 Bruxelles/Brussel tlx: 25670 AGREC B; fax: (32-2) 296 70 03/296 70 04 (exclusively)
22. **Export refund:** ⁽⁴⁾: refund applicable on 31.1.2000, fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2676/1999 (OJ L 326, 18.12.1999, p. 8).

Notes:

- (¹) Supplementary information: André Debongnie (tel. (32-2) 295 14 65),
Torben Vestergaard (tel. (32-2) 299 30 50).
- (²) The supplier shall contact the beneficiary or its representative as soon as possible to establish which consignment documents are required.
- (³) The supplier shall deliver to the beneficiary a certificate from an official entity certifying that for the product to be delivered the standards applicable, relative to nuclear radiation, in the Member State concerned, have not been exceeded. The radioactivity certificate must indicate the caesium-134 and -137 and iodine-131 levels.
- (⁴) Commission Regulation (EC) No 259/98 (OJ L 25, 31.1.1998, p. 39), is applicable as regards the export refund. The date referred to in Article 2 of the said Regulation is that indicated in point 22 of this Annex.
The supplier's attention is drawn to the last subparagraph of Article 4(1) of the above Regulation.
The photocopy of the export licence shall be sent as soon as the export declaration has been accepted (fax (32-2) 296 20 05).
- (⁵) The supplier shall supply to the beneficiary or its representative, on delivery, the following document:
— phytosanitary certificate.
- (⁶) Notwithstanding OJ C 114 of 29 April 1991, point II.B(3)(c) is replaced by the following: 'the words "European Community"'.

- (⁷) Since the goods may be rebagged, the successful tenderer must provide 2 % of empty bags of the same quality as those containing the goods, with the marking followed by a capital 'R'.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 244/2000
of 31 January 2000
on the supply of vegetable oil as food aid

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1292/96 of 27 June 1996 on food-aid policy and food-aid management and special operations in support of food security ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 24(1)(b) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The abovementioned Regulation lays down the list of countries and organisations eligible for Community aid and specifies the general criteria on the transport of food aid beyond the fob stage.
- (2) Following the taking of a number of decisions on the allocation of food aid, the Commission has allocated vegetable oil to certain beneficiaries.
- (3) It is necessary to make these supplies in accordance with the rules laid down by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2519/97 of 16 December 1997 laying down general rules for the mobilisation of products to be supplied under Council Regulation (EC) No 1292/96 as Community food aid ⁽²⁾; whereas it is necessary to specify the time limits and conditions of supply to determine the resultant costs.
- (4) In order to ensure that the supplies are carried out for a given lot, provision should be made for tenderers to be able to mobilise either rape-seed oil or sunflower oil;

whereas the contract for the supply of each such lot is to be awarded to the tenderer submitting the lowest tender,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Vegetable oil shall be mobilised in the Community, as Community food aid for supply to the recipient listed in the Annex, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 2519/97 and under the conditions set out in the Annex.

The supply shall cover the mobilisation of vegetable oil produced in the Community. Mobilisation may not involve a product manufactured and/or packaged under inward processing arrangements.

Tenders shall cover either rape-seed oil or sunflower oil. Tenders shall be rejected unless they specify the type of oil to which they relate.

The tenderer is deemed to have noted and accepted all the general and specific conditions applicable. Any other condition or reservation included in his tender is deemed unwritten.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 166, 5.7.1996, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 346, 17.12.1997, p. 23.

ANNEX

LOT A

1. **Action No:** 41/99
2. **Beneficiary** ⁽²⁾: WFP (World Food Programme), via Cristoforo Colombo 426, I-00145 Roma
tel.: (39-06) 65 13 29 88; fax: 65 13 2844/3; telex 62 66 75 WFP I
3. **Beneficiary's representative:** to be designated by the recipient
4. **Country of destination:** Serbia and Montenegro
5. **Product to be mobilised:** refined rapeseed oil or refined sunflower oil
6. **Total quantity (tonnes net):** 3 000
7. **Number of lots:** 1
8. **Characteristics and quality of the product** ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁴⁾ ⁽⁵⁾: see OJ C 114, 29.4.1991, p. 1 (III.A.(1)(a) or (b))
9. **Packaging:** see OJ C 267, 13.9.1996, p. 1 (10.8A, B and C(2))
10. **Labelling or marking** ⁽⁵⁾: see OJ C 114, 29.4.1991, p. 1 (III.A(3))
 - Language to be used for the markings: English
 - Supplementary markings: —
11. **Method of mobilisation of the product:** mobilisation of refined vegetable oil produced in the Community. Mobilisation may not involve a product manufactured and/or packaged under inward-processing arrangements.
12. **Specified delivery stage:** free at port of shipment
13. **Alternative delivery stage:** —
14. a) **Port of shipment:** —
b) **Loading address:** —
15. **Port of landing:** —
16. **Place of destination:** —
 - port or warehouse of transit: —
 - overland transport route: —
17. **Period or deadline of supply at the specified stage:**
 - first deadline: from 20.3 to 2.4.2000
 - second deadline: from 3 to 23.4.2000
18. **Period or deadline of supply at the alternative stage:**
 - first deadline: —
 - second deadline: —
19. **Deadline for the submission of tenders (at 12 noon, Brussels time):**
 - first deadline: 15.2.2000
 - second deadline: 29.2.2000
20. **Amount of tendering guarantee:** EUR 15 per tonne
21. **Address for submission of tenders and tendering guarantees** ⁽¹⁾: Bureau de l'aide alimentaire, Attn Mr T. Vestergaard, Bâtiment Loi 130, bureau 7/46, Rue de la Loi/Wetstraat 200, B-1049 Bruxelles/Brussel telex: 25670 AGREC B; fax: (32 2) 296 70 03/296 70 04 (exclusively)
22. **Export refund:** —

Notes:

- (¹) Supplementary information: André Debongnie (tel. (32 2) 295 14 65),
Torben Vestergaard (tel. (32 2) 299 30 50).
- (²) The supplier shall contact the beneficiary or its representative as soon as possible to establish which consignment documents are required.
- (³) The supplier shall deliver to the beneficiary a certificate from an official entity certifying that for the product to be delivered the standards applicable, relative to nuclear radiation, in the Member State concerned, have not been exceeded. The radioactivity certificate must indicate the caesium-134 and -137 and iodine-131 levels.
- (⁴) The supplier shall supply to the beneficiary or its representative, on delivery, the following document:
— health certificate.
- (⁵) Notwithstanding OJ C 114 of 29.4.1991, point III.A(3)(c) is replaced by the following: 'the words "European Community"'.

- (⁶) Tenders shall be rejected unless they specify the type of peas to which they relate.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 245/2000
of 31 January 2000
on the supply of white sugar as food aid

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1292/96 of 27 June 1996 on food-aid policy and food-aid management and special operations in support of food security ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 24(1)(b) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The abovementioned Regulation lays down the list of countries and organisations eligible for Community aid and specifies the general criteria on the transport of food aid beyond the fob stage.
- (2) Following the taking of a number of decisions on the allocation of food aid, the Commission has allocated white sugar to certain beneficiaries.
- (3) It is necessary to make these supplies in accordance with the rules laid down by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2519/97 of 16 December 1997 laying down general rules for the mobilisation of products to be supplied

pursuant to Council Regulation (EC) No 1292/96 as Community food aid ⁽²⁾; it is necessary to specify the time limits and conditions of supply to determine the resultant costs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

White sugar shall be mobilised in the Community, as Community food aid for supply to the recipient listed in the Annex, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 2519/97 and under the conditions set out in the Annex.

The tenderer is deemed to have noted and accepted all the general and specific conditions applicable. Any other condition or reservation included in his tender is deemed unwritten.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 166, 5.7.1996, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 346, 17.12.1997, p. 23.

ANNEX

LOT A

1. **Action No:** 42/99 (A1); 43/99 (A2)
2. **Beneficiary** ⁽²⁾: WFP (World Food Programme), via Cristoforo Colombo 426, I-00145 Roma
tel.: (39-06) 65 13 29 88; fax: 65 13 28 44/3; telex: 626675 WFP I
3. **Beneficiary's representative:** to be designated by the recipient
4. **Country of destination:** Serbia and Montenegro
5. **Product to be mobilised:** white sugar
6. **Total quantity (tonnes net):** 1 000
7. **Number of lots:** 1 in 2 parts (A1: 300 tonnes; A2: 700 tonnes)
8. **Characteristics and quality of the product** ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁵⁾ ⁽⁸⁾: see OJ C 114, 29.4.1991, p. 1 (V.A(1))
9. **Packaging** ⁽⁷⁾: see OJ C 267, 13.9.1996, p. 1 (11.2.A1.b, 2.b and B.4)
10. **Labelling or marking** ⁽⁶⁾: see OJ C 114, 29.4.1991, p. 1 (V.A(3))
 - Language to be used for the markings: English
 - Supplementary markings: —
11. **Method of mobilisation of the product:** sugar produced in the Community in accordance with Article 1(2) of Council Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 (OJ L 252 of 29.9.1999, p. 1) as follows: A or B sugar (points (e) and (f))
12. **Specified delivery stage:** free at port of shipment
13. **Alternative delivery stage:** —
14. a) **Port of shipment:** —
b) **Loading address:** —
15. **Port of landing:** —
16. **Place of destination:** —
 - port or warehouse of transit: —
 - overland transport route: —
17. **Period or deadline of supply at the specified stage:**
 - first deadline: from 13.3 to 2.4.2000
 - second deadline: from 27.3. to 16.4.2000
18. **Period or deadline of supply at the alternative stage:**
 - first deadline: —
 - second deadline: —
19. **Deadline for the submission of tenders (at 12 noon, Brussels time):**
 - first deadline: 15.2.2000
 - second deadline: 29.2.2000
20. **Amount of tendering guarantee:** EUR 15 per tonne
21. **Address for submission of tenders and tendering guarantees** ⁽¹⁾: Bureau de l'aide alimentaire, Attn. Mr T. Vestergaard, Batiment Loi 130, bureau 7/46, rue de la Loi/Wetstraat 200, B-1049 Bruxelles/Brussel; telex: 25670 AGREC B; fax: (32-2) 296 70 03/296 70 04 (exclusively)
22. **Export refund** ⁽⁴⁾: refund applicable to white sugar on 21.1.2000 fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 113/2000 (OJ L 14, 20.1.2000, p. 6)

Notes:

- (¹) Supplementary information: André Debongnie (tel. (32-2) 295 14 65),
Torben Vestergaard (tel. (32-2) 299 30 50).
- (²) The supplier shall contact the beneficiary or its representative as soon as possible to establish which consignment documents are required.
- (³) The supplier shall deliver to the beneficiary a certificate from an official entity certifying that for the product to be delivered the standards applicable, relative to nuclear radiation, in the Member State concerned, have not been exceeded. The radioactivity certificate must indicate the caesium-134 and -137 and iodine-131 levels.
- (⁴) Commission Regulation (EC) No 259/98 (OJ L 25, 31.1.1998, p. 39), is applicable as regards the export refund. The date referred to in Article 25 of the said Regulation is that indicated in point 22 of this Annex. The supplier's attention is drawn to the last subparagraph of Article 4(1) of the above Regulation. The photocopy of the export licence shall be sent as soon as the export declaration has been accepted (fax No (32-2) 296 20 05).
- (⁵) The supplier shall supply to the beneficiary or its representative, on delivery, the following document:
— health certificate.
- (⁶) Notwithstanding OJ C 114 of 29.4.1991, point V.A.(3)(c) is replaced by the following: 'the words "European Community"'.

- (⁷) Since the goods may be rebagged, the supplier must provide 2 % of empty bags of the same quality as those containing the goods, with the marking followed by a capital 'R'.
- (⁸) The rule provided at the second indent of Article 18(2)(a) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2103/77 (OJ L 246, 27.9.1977, p. 12), as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 260/96 (OJ L 34, 13.2.1996, p. 16), is binding for determination of the sugar category.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 246/2000**of 31 January 2000****determining the world market price for unginned cotton and the rate for the aid**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Greece, and in particular paragraphs 3 and 10 of Protocol 4 on cotton, as last amended by Council Regulation (EC) No 1553/95 ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1554/95 of 29 June 1995 ⁽²⁾ laying down general rules for the system of aid for cotton and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 2169/81, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1419/98 ⁽³⁾, and in particular Articles 3, 4 and 5 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 1554/95 requires a world market price for unginned cotton to be periodically determined from the world market price determined for ginned cotton, using the historical relationship between the two prices as specified in Article 1 (2) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1201/89 of 3 May 1989 laying down rules for implementing the system of aid for cotton ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1624/1999 ⁽⁵⁾; whereas if it cannot be determined in this way it is to be based on the last price determined.
- (2) Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1554/95 requires the world market price for ginned cotton to be determined for a product of specific characteristics using the most favourable offers and quotations on the world market of those considered representative of the real market trend; whereas to this end an average is to be calculated of offers and quotations on one or more European exchanges for a cif product to a North European port from the supplier countries considered most representative as regards international trade; whereas these rules for determination of the world market price for

ginned cotton provide for adjustments to reflect differences in product quality and the nature of offers and quotations; whereas these adjustments are specified in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1201/89.

- (3) Application of the above rules gives the world market price for unginned cotton indicated hereunder.
- (4) The second subparagraph of Article 5(3a) of Regulation (EC) No 1554/95 stipulates that the advance payment rate for the aid is to be the guide price less the world market price and less a further amount calculated by the formula applicable when the guaranteed maximum quantity based on the revised production estimate for unginned cotton plus at least 7,5 %; Commission Regulation (EC) No 2606/1999 ⁽⁶⁾ fixes the production estimate for the 1999/2000 marketing year, and the relevant percentage increase; whereas the application of this method results in the fixing of the advance payment rate for each Member State at the levels set out below,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The world market price for unginned cotton as indicated in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 1554/95 is set at 26,465 EUR/100 kg.
2. The advance payment of the aid referred to in Article 5(3a), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EC) No 1554/95 is fixed at:
 - 43,374 EUR/100 kg in Spain,
 - 39,441 EUR/100 kg in Greece,
 - 79,835 EUR/100 kg in other Member States.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 2000.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 148, 30.6.1995, p. 45.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 148, 30.6.1995, p. 48.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 190, 4.7.1998, p. 4.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 123, 4.5.1989, p. 23.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 192, 24.7.1999, p. 39.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ L 316, 10.12.1999, p. 36.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 2000.

For the Commission
Franz FISCHLER
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 247/2000**of 31 January 2000****fixing the rates of refunds applicable to certain products from the sugar sector exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex I to the Treaty**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 of 13 September 1999 on the common organisation of the market in sugar ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 18(5)(a) and (15),

Whereas:

(1) Article 18(1) and (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 provides that the differences between the prices in international trade for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a), (c), (d), (f), (g) and (h) of that Regulation and prices within the Community may be covered by an export refund where these products are exported in the form of goods listed in the Annex to that Regulation. Commission Regulation (EC) No 1222/94 of 30 May 1994 laying down common implementing rules for granting export refunds on certain agricultural products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex I to the Treaty and the criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽²⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1702/1999 ⁽³⁾ specifies the products for which a rate of refund should be fixed, to be applied where these products are exported in the form of goods listed in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999.

(2) In accordance with Article 4(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1222/94, the rate of the refund per 100 kilograms for each of the basic products in question must be fixed for each month.

(3) Article 18(3) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 and Article 11 of the Agreement on Agriculture concluded under the Uruguay Round lay down that the export refund for a product contained in a good may not exceed the refund applicable to that product when exported without further processing.

(4) The refunds fixed under this Regulation may be fixed in advance as the market situation over the next few months cannot be established at the moment.

(5) The commitments entered into with regard to refunds which may be granted for the export of agricultural products contained in goods not covered by Annex I to the Treaty may be jeopardized by the fixing in advance of high refund rates. It is therefore necessary to take precautionary measures in such situations without, however, preventing the conclusion of long-term contracts. The fixing of a specific refund rate for the advance fixing of refunds is a measure which enables these various objectives to be met.

(6) Article 4(5)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1222/94 provides that in the absence of the proof referred to in Article 4(5)(a) of that Regulation, a reduced rate of export refund has to be fixed, taking account of the amount of the production refund applicable, pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1010/86 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1148/98 ⁽⁵⁾, for the basic product in question, used during the assumed period of manufacture of the goods.

(7) It is necessary to ensure continuity of strict management taking account of expenditure forecasts and funds available in the budget.

(8) The Management Committee for Sugar has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The rates of the refunds applicable to the basic products appearing in Annex A to Regulation (EC) No 1222/94 and listed in Article 1(1) and (2) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999, exported in the form of goods listed in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999, are fixed as shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 2000.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 252, 25.9.1999, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 136, 31.5.1994, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 201, 31.7.1999, p. 30.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 94, 9.4.1986, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 159, 3.6.1998, p. 38.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 2000.

For the Commission

Erkki LIIKANEN

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 31 January 2000 fixing the rates of the refunds applicable to certain products in the sugar sector exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex I to the Treaty

Product	Rate of refund in EUR/100 kg	
	In case of advance fixing of refunds	Other
White sugar:		
— pursuant to Article 4(5)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1222/94	1,38	1,38
— in all other cases	47,10	47,10

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 31 January 2000

terminating the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of television camera systems originating in the United States of America

(notified under document number C(2000) 208)

(2000/73/EC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 384/96 of 22 December 1995 on protection against dumped imports from countries not members of the European Community⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 905/98⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9 thereof,

After consulting the Advisory Committee,

Whereas:

A. PROCEDURE

- (1) On 7 December 1998, the Commission received a complaint concerning the alleged injurious dumping by imports of television camera systems (hereinafter referred to as 'TCS') originating in the United States of America (hereinafter referred to as 'the USA').
- (2) The complaint was lodged by Philips BTS Broadcast Television Systems BV (hereinafter referred to as 'the complainant') representing a major proportion of Community production of TCS pursuant to Articles 4(1) and 5(4) of Council Regulation (EC) No 384/96 (hereinafter referred to as the 'basic Regulation').
- (3) The complaint contained *prima facie* evidence of the existence of dumping and of material injury resulting therefrom, which was considered sufficient to justify the initiation of an anti-dumping proceeding.

- (4) The Commission, after consultation, by a notice in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽³⁾, accordingly initiated an anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports into the Community of TCS, currently classifiable under CN codes 8525 30 90, 8537 10 91, 8537 10 99, 8529 90 81, 8529 90 88, 8543 89 95, 8528 21 14, 8528 21 16, 8528 21 90 and originating in the USA.
- (5) The Commission officially advised the exporting producer and importers known to be concerned as well as the representatives of the exporting country and the Community producers, about the initiation of the proceeding. Interested parties were given the opportunity to make their views known in writing and to request a hearing within the time limit set out in the notice of initiation.
- (6) The exporting producer in the country concerned, as well as the Community producers and importers made their views known in writing. All parties who so requested within the above time limit and indicated that there were particular reasons why they should be heard were granted a hearing.
- (7) The Commission sent questionnaires to all parties known to be concerned and to all other companies which made themselves known to the Commission within the deadline set by the notice of initiation.
- (8) The Commission sought and verified all the information it deemed necessary for the purpose of a determination of dumping, injury and Community interest and carried out investigations at the premises of the following companies:

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 56, 6.3.1996, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 128, 30.4.1998, p. 18.

⁽³⁾ OJ C 17, 22.1.1999, p. 4.

(a) *Community producers*

- Philips BTS Broadcast Television Systems BV (Breda, The Netherlands)
- Thomson Broadcast Systems (Cergy-Saint Christophe, France) (hereinafter referred to as 'Thomson');

(b) *Importer*

- Sony Broadcast and Professional Europe (Basingstoke, UK).

(c) *Exporting producer*

- Sony Professional Products Company (Boca Raton, USA) (hereinafter referred to as 'Sony').

- (9) The investigation of dumping covered the period from 1 January 1998 to 31 December 1998 (hereinafter referred to as the 'investigation period'). The examination of injury covered the period from 1 January 1995 up to the end of the investigation period (hereinafter referred to as the 'period considered').

B. PRODUCT UNDER CONSIDERATION AND LIKE PRODUCT

- (10) The product under consideration in this proceeding is the same as the one at issue in the proceeding concerning TCS originating in Japan⁽¹⁾, i.e. television camera systems, consisting of a combination of the following parts, imported either together or separately:

- (a) a camera head with three or more sensors (12 mm or more charge-coupled devices) with more than 400 000 pixels each, which can be connected to a rear adapter, and having a specification of the signal to noise ratio of 55 dB or more at normal gain; either in one piece with the camera head and the adapter in one housing, or separate;
- (b) a viewfinder (diagonal of 38 mm or more);
- (c) a base station or camera control unit (CCU) connected to the camera by a cable;
- (d) an operational control panel (OCP) for camera control (i.e. for colour adjustment lens opening or iris of single cameras);
- (e) a master control panel (MCP) or master set-up unit (MSU) with selected camera indication, for the overview and for adjustment of several remote cameras.

- (11) This product is currently classifiable under CN codes 8525 30 90, 8537 10 91, 8537 10 99, 8529 90 81, 8529 90 88, 8543 89 95, 8528 21 14, 8528 21 16, 8528 21 90.

- (12) The Commission found no indications that there were differences in the basic physical and technical characteristics and uses of the TCS produced in the USA and either sold on the American domestic market or exported from the USA to the Community. The investigation also showed that the products manufactured and sold by the Community industry on the Community market and those imported in the Community from the USA had the same basic technology and were both produced according to world-wide applicable industry

standards. Both products had also the same uses, and they were consequently interchangeable and were competing with each other. Therefore, in the light of the above, the TCS manufactured in the USA and sold domestically or exported to the Community and the TCS manufactured and sold by the Community industry on the Community market are like products within the meaning of Article 1(4) of the basic Regulation.

C. DUMPING

- (13) The investigation has shown the existence of dumping as regards the sole exporting producer known in this proceeding.

D. INJURY AND CAUSALITY

- (14) Within the Community, the product concerned is manufactured by the complainant and Thomson. Both companies cooperated in the investigation. They therefore constitute the Community industry since they account for 100 % of the total Community production of the product concerned within the meaning of Article 4(1) of the basic Regulation.
- (15) The investigation showed that the Community industry suffered material injury within the meaning of Article 3(1) of the basic Regulation. It was also determined that this injury had been caused by the dumped imports from the USA.

E. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS TO THE INITIATION OF THE PROCEEDING

- (16) Subsequent to the initiation of the proceeding, the sole exporting producer concerned, i.e. Sony, informed the Commission that it was definitively discontinuing its manufacturing activities of TCS in the USA, which were going to be definitively transferred to the Community. The Commission services visited Sony's premises and manufacturing plant in the USA in order to verify this information. It was confirmed in the course of that verification visit that Sony was phasing out its production of TCS in the USA with a view of closing down its manufacturing facilities for TCS in the USA as from September 1999 and transferring them to the Community. The company made an official announcement to this effect on 27th September 1999 stating that this transfer would be concluded by December 1999.
- (17) In the absence of any other producer of TCS in the USA, and in view of the definitive discontinuation of the manufacturing of the product concerned in the USA, imports of TCS from the USA will cease as from December 1999. In these circumstances no protective measures are necessary.

F. TERMINATION OF THE PROCEEDINGS

- (18) The Community industry was informed of the essential facts and considerations on the basis of which the Commission intended to terminate these proceedings. Subsequently the Community industry made known its views, which were then examined in detail by the Commission,

⁽¹⁾ Council Regulation (EC) No 1015/94 of 29 April 1994 imposing a definitive anti-dumping duty on imports of television camera systems originating in Japan, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 193/1999 (OJ L 22, 29.1.1999, p. 10).

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Sole Article

The anti-dumping proceedings concerning imports of television camera systems, currently classifiable within CN codes 8525 30 90, 8537 10 91, 8537 10 99, 8529 90 81, 8529 90 88, 8543 89 95, 8528 21 14, 8528 21 16 and 8528 21 90, and originating in the United States of America are hereby terminated.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 2000.

For the Commission

Pascal LAMY

Member of the Commission
