

Official Journal

of the European Communities

ISSN 0378-6978

L 31

Volume 44

2 February 2001

English edition

Legislation

Contents

I Acts whose publication is obligatory

- ★ **Council Regulation (EC) No 215/2001 of 29 January 2001 amending Regulation (EC) No 2791/1999 laying down certain control measures applicable in the area covered by the Convention on future multilateral cooperation in the north-east Atlantic fisheries** 1
- ★ **Council Regulation (EC) No 216/2001 of 29 January 2001 amending Regulation (EEC) No 404/93 on the common organisation of the market in bananas** 2
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 217/2001 of 1 February 2001 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables 5
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 218/2001 of 1 February 2001 determining the extent to which applications for import licences submitted in January 2001 for certain products in the milk and milk products sector under the schemes provided for in the Europe Agreements between the Community and the Republic of Hungary, the Republic of Poland, the Czech Republic, the Slovak Republic, Bulgaria, Romania and Slovenia and in the Agreements on free trade between the Community and the Baltic States may be accepted 7
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 219/2001 of 1 February 2001 on the issue of import licences for garlic originating in China 9
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 220/2001 of 1 February 2001 fixing the maximum export refund on common wheat in connection with the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EC) No 1701/2000 10
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 221/2001 of 1 February 2001 fixing the maximum export refund on common wheat in connection with the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EC) No 1014/2000 11
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 222/2001 of 1 February 2001 fixing the maximum export refund on barley in connection with the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EC) No 2317/2000 12
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 223/2001 of 1 February 2001 fixing the maximum export refund on rye in connection with the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EC) No 1740/2000 13

Contents (continued)

Commission Regulation (EC) No 224/2001 of 1 February 2001 concerning tenders notified in response to the invitation to tender for the export of oats issued in Regulation (EC) No 2097/2000	14
Commission Regulation (EC) No 225/2001 of 1 February 2001 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt	15
Commission Regulation (EC) No 226/2001 of 1 February 2001 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals	17
Commission Regulation (EC) No 227/2001 of 1 February 2001 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal	19
★ Directive 2000/84/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 January 2001 on summer-time arrangements	21

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 215/2001
of 29 January 2001
amending Regulation (EC) No 2791/1999 laying down certain control measures applicable in the
area covered by the Convention on future multilateral cooperation in the north-east Atlantic
fisheries**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 37 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 30 of Regulation (EC) No 2791/1999 ⁽³⁾ provides for certain Articles to remain in force on an ad hoc basis until 31 December 2000, with the Commission required to submit, before 30 September 2000 at the latest, any appropriate proposals providing for a definitive regime.
- (2) Pending a proposal providing for a definitive regime, the ad hoc application of Articles 6(3), 8, 10 and 11 should be extended until 31 December 2002.
- (3) Regulation (EC) No 2791/1999 should therefore be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EC) No 2791/1999 is hereby amended as follows:

1. The footnotes to Articles 6(3), 8, 10 and 11 shall be deleted.
2. In Article 30, the date '31 December 2000' shall be replaced each time by '31 December 2002' and the date '30 September 2000' shall be replaced by '30 September 2002'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the 20th day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 January 2001.

For the Council

The President

M. WINBERG

⁽¹⁾ Proposal of 31 October 2000 (not yet published in the Official Journal)

⁽²⁾ Opinion delivered on 17 January 2001 (not yet published in the Official Journal)

⁽³⁾ OJ L 337, 30.12.1999, p. 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 216/2001**of 29 January 2001****amending Regulation (EEC) No 404/93 on the common organisation of the market in bananas**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 37 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) There have been numerous close contacts with supplier countries and other interested parties to settle the disputes arising from the import regime established by Regulation (EEC) No 404/93 ⁽⁴⁾ and to take account of the conclusions of the special group set up under the dispute settlement system of the World Trade Organisation (WTO).
- (2) Analysis of all the options presented by the Commission suggests that establishment in the medium term of an import system founded on the application of a customs duty at an appropriate rate and application of a preferential tariff to imports from ACP countries provides the best guarantees, firstly of achieving the objectives of the common organisation of the market as regards Community production and consumer demand, secondly of complying with the rules on international trade, and thirdly of preventing further disputes.
- (3) However, such a system must be introduced upon completion of negotiations with the Community's partners in accordance with WTO procedures, in particular Article XXVIII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT). The result of these negotiations must be submitted for approval to the Council which must also, in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty, establish the applicable level of the Common Customs Tariffs.
- (4) Until the entry into force of that regime, the Community should be supplied under several tariff quotas open to imports from all origins and managed in line with the

recommendations made by the dispute settlement body. The first tariff quota of 2 200 000 tonnes at a rate of EUR 75 should be bound in the WTO. A second, additional tariff quota of 353 000 tonnes should be opened to cater for the increase in consumption resulting from enlargement of the Community in 1995, with the same rate applying. To ensure satisfactory supply to the Community, a third, autonomous tariff quota of 850 000 tonnes should be opened, also for all origins. Under this latter tariff quota, provision should be made for the possibility, in accordance with an appropriate procedure, of a reduction in the applicable customs duty in order to allow the effective importation of bananas originating in third countries which do not benefit from the tariff preferences granted in respect of bananas originating in ACP countries.

- (5) In view of the contractual obligations towards the ACP countries and the need to guarantee them proper conditions of competition, application to imports of bananas originating in those countries of a tariff preference of EUR 300 per tonne would allow the trade flows in question to be maintained. This will entail in particular the application to such imports of zero duty under the three tariff quotas.
- (6) The Commission should be authorised to open negotiations with supplier countries having a substantial interest in supplying the Community market to endeavour to achieve a negotiated allocation of the first two tariff quotas. The Commission should also be granted authority to lay down rules for the management of the tariff quotas established by this Regulation.
- (7) Provision should be made for the additional tariff quota of 353 000 tonnes to be modified to take account of any increased Community demand found when a supply balance is drawn up. Provision should also be made for suitable specific action to be taken in response to exceptional circumstances liable to affect supply of the Community market.

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 177 E, 27.6.2000, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ Opinion delivered on 13.12.2000 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽³⁾ OJ C 140, 18.5.2000, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 47, 25.2.1993, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1257/1999 (OJ L 160, 26.6.1999, p. 80).

- (8) Accordingly, Regulation (EEC) No 404/93 should be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 404/93 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Articles 16 to 20 shall be replaced by the following:

'Article 16

1. This Article and Articles 17 to 20 shall apply to imports of fresh products falling within CN code ex 0803 00 19 up to the entry into force of the rate of the common customs tariff for those products, no later than 1 January 2006, established under the procedure provided for in Article XXVIII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

2. Until the entry into force of the rate referred to in paragraph 1, imports of the fresh products referred to in the said paragraph shall be under the tariff quotas opened by Article 18.

Article 17

To the extent necessary, importation of bananas into the Community shall be subject to submission of an import licence, to be issued by Member States to any interested parties irrespective of their place of establishment in the Community and without prejudice to specific provisions adopted for the application of Articles 18 and 19.

Such import licences shall be valid throughout the Community. Except where derogations are adopted under the procedure laid down in Article 27, the issue of licences shall be subject to lodging of a security against a commitment to import on the terms of this Regulation during the period of the licence's validity. Except in cases of *force majeure* the security shall be wholly or partly forfeit if the operation is not or is only partly carried out within the time allowed.

Article 18

1. Each year from 1 January the following tariff quotas shall be opened:

- (a) a tariff quota of 2 200 000 tonnes net weight, called "quota A";
- (b) an additional tariff quota of 353 000 tonnes net weight, called "quota B";
- (c) an autonomous tariff quota of 850 000 tonnes net weight, called "quota C".

These tariff quotas shall be open for imports of products originating in all third countries.

The Commission may, on the basis of an agreement with World Trade Organisation contracting parties with a

substantial interest in the supply of bananas, allocate tariff quotas "A" and "B" among supplier countries.

2. Imports under tariff quotas "A" and "B" shall be subject to customs duty of EUR 75 per tonne.

3. Imports under tariff quota "C" shall be subject to a customs duty of EUR 300 per tonne.

The customs duty set out in the first subparagraph may be reduced during the year by the Commission in so far as this is necessary to ensure the possibility of effective importation of bananas originating in third countries which do not benefit from the tariff preference of paragraph 4 of this Article.

The detailed arrangements for the application of this paragraph shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 27.

4. A tariff preference of EUR 300 per tonne shall apply to imports originating in ACP countries both under and outside the tariff quotas.

5. The duty rates set in this Article shall be converted into national currency at the rates applicable for the products in question for the purposes of the common customs tariff.

6. The additional tariff quota provided for in paragraph 1(b) may be increased if demand in the Community increases as indicated by a balance sheet of production, consumption, imports and exports.

The balance sheet shall be adopted and the tariff quota increased under the procedure set out in Article 27.

7. Where supply of the Community market is subject to exceptional circumstances affecting production or importation, the Commission shall adopt the specific measures necessary under the procedure set out in Article 27.

In such cases the additional tariff quota "B" may be adjusted on the basis of the balance sheet referred to in paragraph 6. The specific measures may derogate from the rules adopted under Article 19(1). They must not discriminate between third countries.

8. Bananas re-exported from the Community shall not be counted against the corresponding tariff quotas.

Article 19

1. The tariff quotas may be managed in accordance with the method based on taking account of traditional trade flows ("traditional/newcomers") and/or other methods.

2. The method adopted shall take account as appropriate of the need to maintain the equilibrium of supply to the Community market.

Article 20

The Commission shall adopt provisions to implement this Title under the procedure set out in Article 27. Their scope shall include:

- (a) rules on the management of the tariff quotas referred to in Article 18;
 - (b) where required, guarantee of the nature and origin of the products;
 - (c) measures needed to ensure respect for obligations stemming from agreements concluded by the Community under Article 300 of the Treaty.'
2. The seventh indent of Article 29 shall be replaced by the following:

'— quantities of Community and ACP bananas and bananas from third countries other than ACP countries marketed in their territory.'

3. The Annex shall be deleted.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 April 2001. However, the Commission may, according to the procedure laid down in Article 27, delay the date until 1 July 2001 at the latest, if this proves necessary for the implementation of the modifications in the management of the tariff quotas.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 January 2001.

For the Council

The President

M. WINBERG

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 217/2001
of 1 February 2001
establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 of 21 December 1994 on detailed rules for the application of the import arrangements for fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1498/98 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in the Annex thereto.

- (2) In compliance with the above criteria, the standard import values must be fixed at the levels set out in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 shall be fixed as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 337, 24.12.1994, p. 66.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 198, 15.7.1998, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 1 February 2001 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)

CN code	Third country code ⁽¹⁾	Standard import value
0702 00 00	052	103,1
	204	48,8
	999	75,9
0707 00 05	052	95,9
	624	196,9
	999	146,4
0709 90 70	052	115,0
	204	66,9
	999	91,0
0805 10 10, 0805 10 30, 0805 10 50	052	42,0
	204	53,6
	212	42,1
	624	68,5
	999	51,5
0805 20 10	204	106,4
	999	106,4
0805 20 30, 0805 20 50, 0805 20 70, 0805 20 90	052	73,8
	204	105,1
	600	75,5
	624	79,7
	662	47,1
	999	76,2
0805 30 10	052	60,4
	600	57,8
	999	59,1
0808 10 20, 0808 10 50, 0808 10 90	400	88,4
	404	90,9
	720	124,0
	728	79,8
	999	95,8
0808 20 50	052	189,0
	388	111,1
	400	100,1
	999	133,4

⁽¹⁾ Country nomenclature as fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2032/2000 (OJ L 243, 28.9.2000, p. 14). Code '999' stands for 'of other origin'.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 218/2001**of 1 February 2001**

determining the extent to which applications for import licences submitted in January 2001 for certain products in the milk and milk products sector under the schemes provided for in the Europe Agreements between the Community and the Republic of Hungary, the Republic of Poland, the Czech Republic, the Slovak Republic, Bulgaria, Romania and Slovenia and in the Agreements on free trade between the Community and the Baltic States may be accepted

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1255/1999 of 17 May 1999 on the common organisation of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1670/2000 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2508/97 of 15 December 1997 laying down detailed rules for the application to milk and milk products of the schemes provided for in the Europe Agreements between the Community and the Republic of Hungary, the Republic of Poland, the Czech Republic, the Slovak Republic, Bulgaria, Romania and Slovenia and the Agreements on free trade between the Community and the Baltic States ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2856/2000 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 4(4) thereof,

Whereas:

The applications for import licences submitted for the products listed in Regulation (EC) No 2508/97 exceed the quantities available for certain products. Allocation coefficients should therefore be set for the period 1 January to 30 June 2001 for certain quantities applied for,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Applications for import licences submitted for the period 1 January to 30 June 2001 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 2508/97, shall be accepted by country of origin and by product covered by the CN codes set out in the Annex for the quantities applied for, multiplied by the allocation coefficients shown.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 160, 26.6.1999, p. 48.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 193, 29.7.2000, p. 10.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 345, 16.12.1997, p. 31.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 332, 28.12.2000, p. 49.

ANNEX

Country	Poland			Czech Republic			Slovak Republic			Hungary		Romania
CN codes and	0402 10 19 0402 21 19 0402 21 99	0405 10 11 0405 10 19 0405 10 30 0405 10 50 0405 10 90 0405 20 90	0406	0402 10 19 0402 21 19 0402 21 91	0405 10 11 0405 10 19 0405 10 30 0405 10 50 0405 20 90	0406	0402 10 19 0402 21 19 0402 21 91	0405 10 11 0405 10 19 0405 10 30 0405 10 50 0405 20 90	0406	0402 10	0406	0406
serial number	09.4813	09.4814	09.4815	09.4611	09.4612	09.4613	09.4611	09.4612	09.4613	09.4731	09.4733	09.4758
Allocation coefficient	0,0045	0,0045	0,0097	0,0045	0,0043	0,0097	0,0047	0,0043	0,0078	0,0072	0,0084	0,1939

Country	Bulgaria	Slovenia			Republic of Estonia						
CN codes and	0406	0402 10 0402 21	0403 10	0406 90	0401 30	0402 10 19 0402 21 19	0403 10 11 0403 10 13 0403 10 19	0403 90 59 0403 90 61 0403 90 63 0403 90 69	0405 10 11 0405 10 19	ex 0406	ex 0406 10
serial number	09.4660	09.4086	09.4087	09.4088	09.4578	09.4546	09.4579	09.4580	09.4547	09.4581	09.4582
Allocation coefficient	1,0000	0,0411	—	0,0219	0,0121	0,0044	—	0,0449	0,0045	0,0065	0,0231

Country	Republic of Latvia				Republic of Lithuania			
CN codes and	0402 10 19 0402 21 19	0402 29	0405 10	0406	0402 10 19 0402 21 19	0402 99 11	0405 10 11 0405 10 19	0406
serial number	09.4549	09.4550	09.4551	09.4552	09.4554	09.4567	09.4556	09.4557
Allocation coefficient	0,0048	—	0,0044	0,0048	0,0044	—	0,0044	0,0049

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 219/2001
of 1 February 2001
on the issue of import licences for garlic originating in China

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2200/96 of 28 October 1996 on the common organisation of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2826/2000 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1104/2000 of 25 May 2000 concerning a protective measure applicable to imports of garlic from China ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 1(3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1859/93 ⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EC) No 2872/2000 ⁽⁵⁾, the release for free circulation in the Community of garlic imported from third countries is subject to presentation of an import licence.
- (2) Article 1(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1104/2000, restricts the issue of import licences for garlic originating in China to a maximum monthly quantity in the case of applications lodged from 29 May 2000 to 31 May 2001.
- (3) Given the criteria laid down in Article 1(2) of that Regulation and the import licences already issued, the quantity applied for on 29 January 2001 is in excess of

the maximum quantity given in the Annex to that Regulation for the month of February 2001. It is therefore necessary to determine to what extent import licences may be issued in response to these applications. The issue of licences in response to applications lodged after 29 January 2001 and before 26 February 2001 should be refused,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Import licences applied for on 29 January 2001 pursuant to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1859/93 for garlic falling within CN code 0703 20 00 originating in China shall be issued for 0,4597 % of the quantity applied for, having regard to the information available to the Commission on 31 January 2001.

For the abovementioned products applications for import licences lodged after 29 January 2001 and before 26 February 2001 shall be refused.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 297, 21.11.1996, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 328, 23.12.2000, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 125, 26.5.2000, p. 21.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 170, 13.7.1993, p. 10.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 333, 29.12.2000, p. 49.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 220/2001**of 1 February 2001****fixing the maximum export refund on common wheat in connection with the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EC) No 1701/2000**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organisation of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1666/2000⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 of 29 June 1995 laying down certain detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 on the granting of export refunds on cereals and the measures to be taken in the event of disturbance on the market for cereals⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2513/98⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) An invitation to tender for the refund on exportation of common wheat to all third countries with the exclusion of certain ACP States was opened pursuant to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1701/2000⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EC) No 2019/2000⁽⁶⁾.
- (2) Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 provides that the Commission may, on the basis of the tenders notified, in accordance with the procedure laid down in

Article 23 of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92, decide to fix a maximum export refund taking account of the criteria referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95. In that case a contract is awarded to any tenderer whose bid is equal to or lower than the maximum refund.

- (3) The application of the abovementioned criteria to the current market situation for the cereal in question results in the maximum export refund being fixed at the amount specified in Article 1.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For tenders notified from 26 January to 1 February 2001, pursuant to the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EC) No 1701/2000, the maximum refund on exportation of common wheat shall be EUR 13,00/t.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 193, 29.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 147, 30.6.1995, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 313, 21.11.1998, p. 16.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 195, 1.8.2000, p. 18.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ L 241, 26.9.2000, p. 37.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 221/2001**of 1 February 2001****fixing the maximum export refund on common wheat in connection with the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EC) No 2014/2000**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organisation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1666/2000 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 of 29 June 1995 laying down certain detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 on the granting of export refunds on cereals and the measures to be taken in the event of disturbance on the market for cereals ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2513/98 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 7 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) An invitation to tender for the refund for the export of common wheat to certain ACP States was opened pursuant to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2014/2000 ⁽⁵⁾.
- (2) Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 provides that the Commission may, on the basis of the tenders notified, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 23 of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92, decide to fix

a maximum export refund taking account of the criteria referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95. In that case a contract is awarded to any tenderer whose bid is equal to or lower than the maximum refund.

- (3) The application of the abovementioned criteria to the current market situation for the cereal in question results in the maximum export refund being fixed at the amount specified in Article 1.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For tenders notified from 26 January to 1 February 2001, pursuant to the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EC) No 2014/2000, the maximum refund on exportation of common wheat shall be EUR 15,50/t.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 193, 29.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 147, 30.6.1995, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 313, 21.11.1998, p. 16.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 241, 26.9.2000, p. 23.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 222/2001
of 1 February 2001
fixing the maximum export refund on barley in connection with the invitation to tender issued in
Regulation (EC) No 2317/2000

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organisation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1666/2000 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 of 29 June 1995 laying down certain detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 on the granting of export refunds on cereals and the measures to be taken in the event of disturbance on the market for cereals ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2513/98 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) An invitation to tender for the refund for the export of barley to all third countries except for the United States of America and Canada was opened pursuant to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2317/2000 ⁽⁵⁾.
- (2) Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 provides that the Commission may, on the basis of the tenders notified, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 23 of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92, decide to fix

a maximum export refund taking account of the criteria referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95. In that case a contract is awarded to any tenderer whose bid is equal to or lower than the maximum refund.

- (3) The application of the abovementioned criteria to the current market situation for the cereal in question results in the maximum export refund being fixed at the amount specified in Article 1.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For tenders notified from 26 January to 1 February 2001, pursuant to the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EC) No 2317/2000, the maximum refund on exportation of barley shall be EUR 0,00/t.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 193, 29.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 147, 30.6.1995, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 313, 21.11.1998, p. 16.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 267, 20.10.2000, p. 23.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 223/2001
of 1 February 2001
fixing the maximum export refund on rye in connection with the invitation to tender issued in
Regulation (EC) No 1740/2000

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organisation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1666/2000 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 of 29 June 1995 laying down certain detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 on the granting of export refunds on cereals and the measures to be taken in the event of disturbance on the market for cereals ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2513/98 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 7 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) An invitation to tender for the refund for the export of rye to all third countries was opened pursuant to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1740/2000 ⁽⁵⁾.
- (2) Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 provides that the Commission may, on the basis of the tenders notified, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 23 of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92, decide to fix

a maximum export refund taking account of the criteria referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95. In that case a contract is awarded to any tenderer whose bid is equal to or lower than the maximum refund.

- (3) The application of the abovementioned criteria to the current market situation for the cereal in question results in the maximum export refund being fixed at the amount specified in Article 1.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For tenders notified from 26 January to 1 February 2001, pursuant to the invitation to tender issued in Regulation (EC) No 1740/2000, the maximum refund on exportation of rye shall be EUR 40,95/t.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 193, 29.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 147, 30.6.1995, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 313, 21.11.1998, p. 16.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 199, 5.8.2000, p. 3.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 224/2001
of 1 February 2001
concerning tenders notified in response to the invitation to tender for the export of oats issued in
Regulation (EC) No 2097/2000

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organisation of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1666/2000⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 of 29 June 1995 laying down certain detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 on the granting of export refunds on cereals and the measures to be taken in the event of disturbance on the market for cereals⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2513/98⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2097/2000 of 3 October 2000 on a special intervention measure for cereals in Finland and Sweden⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 8 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) An invitation to tender for the refund for the export of oats produced in Finland and Sweden for export from Finland or Sweden to all third countries was opened pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 2097/2000.

- (2) Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 2097/2000 provides that the Commission may, on the basis of the tenders notified, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 23 of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92, decide to make no award.
- (3) On the basis of the criteria laid down in Article 1 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 a maximum refund should not be fixed.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

No action shall be taken on the tenders notified from 26 January to 1 February 2001 in response to the invitation to tender for the refund for the export of oats issued in Regulation (EC) No 2097/2000.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 193, 29.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 147, 30.6.1995, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 313, 21.11.1998, p. 16.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 249, 4.10.2000, p. 15.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 225/2001
of 1 February 2001
fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1666/2000 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13(8),

Whereas:

- (1) Article 13(8) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 provides that the export refund applicable to cereals on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the export licence. In this case, a corrective amount may be applied to the refund.
- (2) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 of 29 June 1995 laying down certain detailed rules under Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 on the granting of export refunds on cereals and the measures to be taken in the event of disturbance on the market for cereals ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2513/98 ⁽⁴⁾, allows for the fixing of a corrective amount for the malt referred to

in Article 1(1)(c) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92. That corrective amount must be calculated taking account of the factors referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95.

- (3) It follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 13(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 which is applicable to export refunds fixed in advance in respect of malt shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 193, 29.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 147, 30.6.1995, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 313, 21.11.1998, p. 16.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 1 February 2001 altering the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt

(EUR/t)

Product code	Destination	Current 2	1st period 3	2nd period 4	3rd period 5	4th period 6	5th period 7
1107 10 11 9000	A00	0	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 19 9000	A00	0	-1,27	-2,54	-3,81	-5,08	-6,35
1107 10 91 9000	A00	0	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 99 9000	A00	0	-1,27	-2,54	-3,81	-5,08	-6,35
1107 20 00 9000	A00	0	-1,49	-2,98	-4,47	-5,96	-7,45

(EUR/t)

Product code	Destination	6th period 8	7th period 9	8th period 10	9th period 11	10th period 12	11th period 1
1107 10 11 9000	A00	0	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 19 9000	A00	-7,62	-8,89	—	—	—	—
1107 10 91 9000	A00	0	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 99 9000	A00	-7,62	-8,89	—	—	—	—
1107 20 00 9000	A00	-8,94	-10,43	—	—	—	—

NB: The product codes and the 'A' series destination codes are set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3846/87 (OJ L 366, 24.12.1987, p. 1) as amended.

The numeric destination codes are set out in Commission Regulation (EC) No 2032/2000 (OJ L 243, 28.9.2000, p. 14).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 226/2001
of 1 February 2001
fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1666/2000 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (8) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 13 (8) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 provides that the export refund applicable to cereals on the day on which application for an export licence is made must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the export licence; whereas, in this case, a corrective amount may be applied to the refund.
- (2) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 of 29 June 1995 laying down certain detailed rules under Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 on the granting of export refunds on cereals and the cereals and the measures to be taken in the event of disturbance on the market for cereals ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2513/98 ⁽⁴⁾, allows for the fixing of a corrective amount for the products listed in Article 1(1) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92; that corrective amount must be calculated taking account of the factors referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EC) No 1501/95.

- (3) The world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the corrective amount according to destination.
- (4) The corrective amount must be fixed at the same time as the refund and according to the same procedure; it may be altered in the period between fixings.
- (5) It follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto.
- (6) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 1(1) (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 which is applicable to export refunds fixed in advance except for malt shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 193, 29.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 147, 30.6.1995, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 313, 21.11.1998, p. 16.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 1 February 2001 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

(EUR/t)

Product code	Destination	Current 2	1st period 3	2nd period 4	3rd period 5	4th period 6	5th period 7	6th period 8
1001 10 00 9200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1001 10 00 9400	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1001 90 91 9000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1001 90 99 9000	A00	0	-1,00	-2,00	-3,00	-4,00	—	—
1002 00 00 9000	A00	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	—	—
1003 00 10 9000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1003 00 90 9000	A00	0	-1,00	-2,00	-3,00	-4,00	—	—
1004 00 00 9200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1004 00 00 9400	A00	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	—	—
1005 10 90 9000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1005 90 00 9000	A00	0	-1,00	-2,00	-3,00	-4,00	—	—
1007 00 90 9000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1008 20 00 9000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1101 00 11 9000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1101 00 15 9100	A00	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	—	—
1101 00 15 9130	A00	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	—	—
1101 00 15 9150	A00	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	—	—
1101 00 15 9170	A00	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	—	—
1101 00 15 9180	A00	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	—	—
1101 00 15 9190	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1101 00 90 9000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1102 10 00 9500	A00	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	—	—
1102 10 00 9700	A00	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	—	—
1102 10 00 9900	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1103 11 10 9200	A00	0	-1,50	-3,00	-4,50	-6,00	—	—
1103 11 10 9400	A00	0	-1,34	-2,68	-4,02	-5,36	—	—
1103 11 10 9900	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1103 11 90 9200	A00	0	-1,37	-2,74	-4,11	-5,48	—	—
1103 11 90 9800	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

NB: The product codes and the 'A' series destination codes are set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3846/87 (OJ L 366, 24.12.1987, p. 1) as amended.

The numeric destination codes are set out in Commission Regulation (EC) No 2032/2000 (OJ L 243, 28.9.2000, p. 14).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 227/2001**of 1 February 2001****fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organisation of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1666/2000⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products in the Community may be covered by an export refund.
- (2) The refunds must be fixed taking into account the factors referred to in Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1501/95 of 29 June 1995 laying down certain detailed rules under Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 on the granting of export refunds on cereals and the measures to be taken in the event of disturbance on the market for cereals⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2513/98⁽⁴⁾.
- (3) As far as wheat and rye flour, groats and meal are concerned, when the refund on these products is being calculated, account must be taken of the quantities of cereals required for their manufacture. These quantities were fixed in Regulation (EC) No 1501/95.

- (4) The world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination.
- (5) The refund must be fixed once a month. It may be altered in the intervening period.
- (6) It follows from applying the detailed rules set out above to the present situation on the market in cereals, and in particular to quotations or prices for these products within the Community and on the world market, that the refunds should be as set out in the Annex hereto.
- (7) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1(a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92, excluding malt, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2001.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 193, 29.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 147, 30.6.1995, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 313, 21.11.1998, p. 16.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 1 February 2001 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

Product code	Destination	Unit of measurement	Amount of refunds	Product code	Destination	Unit of measurement	Amount of refunds
1001 10 00 9200	—	EUR/t	—	1101 00 11 9000	—	EUR/t	—
1001 10 00 9400	—	EUR/t	—	1101 00 15 9100	A00	EUR/t	21,25
1001 90 91 9000	—	EUR/t	—	1101 00 15 9130	A00	EUR/t	19,50
1001 90 99 9000	A00	EUR/t	0	1101 00 15 9150	A00	EUR/t	18,00
1002 00 00 9000	A00	EUR/t	0	1101 00 15 9170	A00	EUR/t	16,75
1003 00 10 9000	—	EUR/t	—	1101 00 15 9180	A00	EUR/t	15,75
1003 00 90 9000	A00	EUR/t	0	1101 00 15 9190	—	EUR/t	—
1004 00 00 9200	—	EUR/t	—	1101 00 90 9000	—	EUR/t	—
1004 00 00 9400	—	EUR/t	—	1102 10 00 9500	A00	EUR/t	56,25
1005 10 90 9000	—	EUR/t	—	1102 10 00 9700	A00	EUR/t	44,25
1005 90 00 9000	A00	EUR/t	0	1102 10 00 9900	—	EUR/t	—
1007 00 90 9000	—	EUR/t	—	1103 11 10 9200	A00	EUR/t	0 ⁽¹⁾
1008 20 00 9000	—	EUR/t	—	1103 11 10 9400	A00	EUR/t	0 ⁽¹⁾
				1103 11 10 9900	—	EUR/t	—
				1103 11 90 9200	A00	EUR/t	0 ⁽¹⁾
				1103 11 90 9800	—	EUR/t	—

⁽¹⁾ No refund is granted when this product contains compressed meal.

NB: The product codes and the 'A' series destination codes are set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3846/87 (OJ L 366, 24.12.1987, p. 1) as amended.

The numeric destination codes are set out in Commission Regulation (EC) No 2032/2000 (OJ L 243, 28.9.2000, p. 14).

DIRECTIVE 2000/84/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
of 19 January 2001
on summer-time arrangements

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 95 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽²⁾,

Acting in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 251 of the Treaty ⁽³⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) The eighth Directive, 97/44/EC, of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 July 1997 on summer-time arrangements ⁽⁴⁾ introduced a common date and time in all Member States, for the beginning and end of summer time in 1998, 1999, 2000 and 2001.
- (2) Given that the Member States apply summer-time arrangements, it is important for the functioning of the internal market that a common date and time for the beginning and end of the summer-time period be fixed throughout the Community.
- (3) Since the summer-time period considered most appropriate by the Member States runs from the end of March to the end of October, it is appropriate that that period therefore be maintained.
- (4) The proper functioning of certain sectors, not only transport and communications, but also other sectors of industry, requires stable, long-term planning. Provisions concerning summer time should therefore be laid down for an unspecified period. Article 4 of Directive 97/44/EC provides, in that respect, that the European Parliament and the Council are to adopt, by 1 January 2001, the arrangements to apply from 2002 onwards.
- (5) For reasons of clarity and accuracy of information, a timetable for the implementation of the summer-time period for the following five years should be published every five years.
- (6) Implementation of this Directive should, moreover, be monitored by means of a report, to be presented by the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council and the Economic and Social Committee, on the impact of these provisions in all of the areas concerned. That report should be based on the information made available to the Commission by the Member States in sufficient time to enable the report to be presented at the specified time.

(7) Given that the complete harmonisation of the timetable for the summer-time period with a view to facilitating transport and communications cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States and can therefore be better achieved at Community level, the Community may take measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty. This Directive does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve those objectives.

(8) For geographical reasons, the common summer-time arrangements should not apply to the overseas territories of the Member States,

HAVE ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

For the purposes of this Directive 'summer-time period' shall mean the period of the year during which clocks are put forward by 60 minutes compared with the rest of the year.

Article 2

From 2002 onwards, the summer-time period shall begin, in every Member State, at 1.00 a.m., Greenwich Mean Time, on the last Sunday in March.

Article 3

From 2002 onwards, the summer-time period shall end, in every Member State, at 1.00 a.m., Greenwich Mean Time, on the last Sunday in October.

Article 4

The Commission shall publish a communication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* ⁽⁵⁾, for the first time on the occasion of the publication of this Directive, and every five years thereafter, containing the timetable showing the dates on which the summer-time period will begin and end for the following five years.

Article 5

The Commission shall report to the European Parliament, the Council and the Economic and Social Committee on the impact of the provisions of this Directive on the sectors concerned by 31 December 2007 at the latest.

That report shall be drawn up on the basis of the information made available to the Commission by each Member State by 30 April 2007 at the latest.

The Commission shall, if necessary and following the conclusions of the report, make appropriate proposals.

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 337, 28.11.2000, p. 136.

⁽²⁾ Opinion delivered on 29 November 2000 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽³⁾ Opinion of the European Parliament of 12 December 2000 (not yet published in the Official Journal) and Council Decision of 20 December 2000.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 206, 1.8.1997, p. 62.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ C 35, 2.2.2001.

Article 6

This Directive shall not apply to the overseas territories of the Member States.

Article 7

Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive by 31 December 2001 at the latest. They shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof.

When Member States adopt those measures, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States shall determine how such reference is to be made.

Article 8

This Directive shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Article 9

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 January 2001.

For the European Parliament

The President

N. FONTAINE

For the Council

The President

B. RINGHOLM
