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Contents

I Acts whose publication is obligatory

- ★ **Regulation (EC) No 955/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 May 2002 extending and amending Council Regulation (EC) No 1659/98 on decentralised cooperation** 1
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 956/2002 of 5 June 2002 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables 3
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EC) No 957/2002 of 4 June 2002 establishing unit values for the determination of the customs value of certain perishable goods** 5
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 958/2002 of 5 June 2002 on the sale by tender of beef held by certain intervention agencies 9
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 959/2002 of 5 June 2002 fixing, for May 2002, the specific exchange rate for the amount of the reimbursement of storage costs in the sugar sector 13
- Commission Regulation (EC) No 960/2002 of 5 June 2002 fixing the import duties in the rice sector 15
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EC) No 961/2002 of 5 June 2002 fixing the storage aid for unprocessed dried grapes and unprocessed dried figs from the 2001/02 marketing year** 18
- ★ **Commission Directive 2002/48/EC of 30 May 2002 amending Council Directive 91/414/EEC to include iprovalicarb, prosulfuron and sulfosulfuron as active substances** 19

Council

2002/413/EC:

★ Recommendation of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2002 concerning the implementation of Integrated Coastal Zone Management in Europe	24
---	----

Commission

2002/414/EC:

★ Commission Decision of 31 May 2002 authorising Spain to introduce a temporary measure excluding from compensatory aid marketed produce of new banana plantations planted on or after 1 June 2002 (notified under document number C(2002) 2029)	28
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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

**REGULATION (EC) No 955/2002 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
of 13 May 2002
extending and amending Council Regulation (EC) No 1659/98 on decentralised cooperation**

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 179(1) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Acting in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 251 of the Treaty ⁽²⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) Council Regulation (EC) No 1659/98 of 17 July 1998 on decentralised cooperation ⁽³⁾ is applicable until 31 December 2001.
- (2) The importance of a decentralised approach to development cooperation has now also been emphasised in the ACP-EC Partnership Agreement signed in Cotonou on 23 June 2000.
- (3) Regulation (EC) No 1659/98 lays down, for its entire duration, a financial framework constituting the prime reference, within the meaning of point 33 of the Inter-institutional Agreement of 6 May 1999 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on budgetary discipline and improvement of the budgetary procedure ⁽⁴⁾, for the budgetary authority during the annual budgetary procedure.
- (4) The measures necessary for the implementation of Regulation (EC) No 1659/98 should be adopted in accordance with Council Decision 1999/468/EC of 28 June 1999 laying down the procedures for the exercise of implementing powers conferred on the Commission ⁽⁵⁾.
- (5) The establishment of a future strategic framework for decentralised cooperation will require an assessment of the operations financed by the Community under Regulation (EC) No 1659/98 in particular and a wide-ranging debate on decentralised cooperation in general.

- (6) Regulation (EC) No 1659/98 should be extended until 31 December 2003 and the financial allocation and reference period indicated in Article 4(1) adjusted.

- (7) Regulation (EC) No 1659/98 should be amended accordingly,

HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EC) No 1659/98 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 3 shall be replaced by the following:

'Article 3

The cooperation partners eligible for financial support under this Regulation shall be decentralised cooperation agents in the Community or the developing countries, namely: local authorities, non-governmental organisations, organisations of indigenous peoples, local traders' associations and local citizens' groups, cooperatives, trade unions, women's and youth organisations, teaching, cultural and research organisations and institutions, churches and any non-governmental associations likely to contribute to development.'

2. Article 4(1) shall be replaced by the following:

'1. The financial framework for the implementation of this Regulation for the period 1999 to 2003 is hereby set at EUR 24 million.

The annual appropriations shall be authorised by the budgetary authority within the limits of the financial perspective.'

3. Article 8 shall be replaced by the following:

'Article 8

1. The Commission shall be assisted by the geographically determined Committee competent for development (hereinafter referred to as "the Committee").

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 51 E, 26.2.2002, p. 316.

⁽²⁾ Opinion of the European Parliament of 14 March 2002 (not yet published in the Official Journal) and Decision of the Council of 25 April 2002.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 213, 30.7.1998, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ C 172, 18.6.1999, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 184, 17.7.1999, p. 23.

2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 4 and 7 of Council Decision 1999/468/EC of 28 June 1999 laying down the procedures for the exercise of implementing powers conferred on the Commission (*) shall apply, having regard to Article 8 thereof.

The period laid down in Article 4(3) of Decision 1999/468/EC shall be set at one month.

3. The Committee shall adopt its rules of procedure.

(*) OJ L 184, 17.7.1999, p. 23.'

4. Article 9 shall be replaced by the following:

'Article 9

1. Every two years, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 8(2) and (3), the Commission shall review its strategic guidelines and adopt priorities for the implementation of operations in the years ahead. It shall inform the European Parliament thereof.

2. The programming of aid provided pursuant to this Regulation shall, as far as possible, closely complement and be consistent with aid provided under other Community development cooperation instruments and take particular account of the cooperation strategy with the country or region concerned.'

5. The first two paragraphs of Article 10 shall be replaced by the following:

'As part of the annual report to the European Parliament and the Council on the implementation of development policy, the Commission shall present a summary of the operations financed and an evaluation of the implementation of this Regulation during the year, as well as details of the decentralised cooperation actors with whom contracts have been concluded.'

6. Article 12 shall be replaced by the following:

'Article 12

Eight months at least before this Regulation expires, the Commission shall submit to the European Parliament and the Council an overall assessment of the operations financed by the Community under this Regulation, accompanied by suggestions concerning the continuing promotion of decentralised cooperation and the involvement of civil society.'

7. The second paragraph of Article 13 shall be replaced by the following:

'It shall apply until 31 December 2003.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 13 May 2002.

For the European Parliament

The President

P. COX

For the Council

The President

J. PIQUÉ I CAMPS

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 956/2002**of 5 June 2002****establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 of 21 December 1994 on detailed rules for the application of the import arrangements for fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1498/98 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in the Annex thereto.

- (2) In compliance with the above criteria, the standard import values must be fixed at the levels set out in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 shall be fixed as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 June 2002.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 June 2002.

For the Commission

J. M. SILVA RODRÍGUEZ

Agriculture Director-General

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 337, 24.12.1994, p. 66.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 198, 15.7.1998, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 June 2002 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)

CN code	Third country code ⁽¹⁾	Standard import value
0702 00 00	052	42,4
	999	42,4
0707 00 05	052	93,3
	220	143,3
	999	118,3
0709 90 70	052	82,5
	999	82,5
0805 50 10	052	71,2
	388	79,0
	528	66,3
	999	72,2
0808 10 20, 0808 10 50, 0808 10 90	388	100,6
	400	90,0
	404	103,3
	508	84,8
	512	80,8
	524	70,3
	528	77,9
	720	157,8
	804	115,9
	999	97,9
0809 10 00	052	166,4
	999	166,4
0809 20 95	052	367,7
	400	283,0
	999	325,4

⁽¹⁾ Country nomenclature as fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2020/2001 (OJ L 273, 16.10.2001, p. 6). Code '999' stands for 'of other origin'.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 957/2002**of 4 June 2002****establishing unit values for the determination of the customs value of certain perishable goods**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92 of 12 October 1992 establishing the Community Customs Code ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2700/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 of 2 July 1993 laying down provisions for the implementation of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92 establishing the Community Customs Code ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 444/2002 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 173(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Articles 173 to 177 of Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 provide that the Commission shall periodically establish unit values for the products referred to in the classification in Annex 26 to that Regulation.

- (2) The result of applying the rules and criteria laid down in the abovementioned Articles to the elements communicated to the Commission in accordance with Article 173(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 is that unit values set out in the Annex to this Regulation should be established in regard to the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The unit values provided for in Article 173(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 are hereby established as set out in the table in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 June 2002.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 June 2002.

For the Commission

Erkki LIIKANEN

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 302, 19.10.1992, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 311, 12.12.2000, p. 17.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 253, 11.10.1993, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 68, 12.3.2002, p. 11.

ANNEX

Code	Description	Amount of unit values per 100 kg			
	Species, varieties, CN code	EUR	DKK	SEK	GBP
1.10	New potatoes 0701 90 50	42,77	317,90	389,54	27,40
1.30	Onions (other than seed) 0703 10 19	38,19	283,86	347,82	24,46
1.40	Garlic 0703 20 00	204,11	1 517,00	1 858,82	130,73
1.50	Leeks ex 0703 90 00	80,00	594,58	728,56	51,24
1.60	Cauliflowers 0704 10 00	55,28	410,86	503,43	35,41
1.80	White cabbages and red cabbages 0704 90 10	53,92	400,75	491,05	34,54
1.90	Sprouting broccoli or calabrese (<i>Brassica oleracea</i> L. <i>convar. botrytis</i> (L.) <i>Alef</i> var. <i>italica</i> Plenck) ex 0704 90 90	61,43	456,57	559,44	39,35
1.100	Chinese cabbage ex 0704 90 90	41,73	310,18	380,07	26,73
1.110	Cabbage lettuce (head lettuce) 0705 11 00	90,36	671,58	822,91	57,88
1.130	Carrots ex 0706 10 00	68,86	511,79	627,11	44,10
1.140	Radishes ex 0706 90 90	132,46	984,48	1 206,31	84,84
1.160	Peas (<i>Pisum sativum</i>) 0708 10 00	393,82	2 926,99	3 586,52	252,24
1.170	Beans:				
1.170.1	Beans (<i>Vigna</i> spp., <i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) ex 0708 20 00	184,32	1 369,92	1 678,60	118,06
1.170.2	Beans (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp., <i>vulgaris</i> var. <i>Compressus</i> Savi) ex 0708 20 00	54,23	403,05	493,87	34,73
1.180	Broad beans ex 0708 90 00	157,74	1 172,37	1 436,54	101,03
1.190	Globe artichokes 0709 10 00	—	—	—	—
1.200	Asparagus:				
1.200.1	— green ex 0709 20 00	465,05	3 456,38	4 235,20	297,86
1.200.2	— other ex 0709 20 00	264,04	1 962,45	2 404,65	169,12
1.210	Aubergines (eggplants) 0709 30 00	129,58	963,09	1 180,11	83,00

Code	Description	Amount of unit values per 100 kg			
	Species, varieties, CN code	EUR	DKK	SEK	GBP
1.220	Ribbed celery (<i>Apium graveolens</i> L., var. <i>dulce</i> (Mill.) Pers.) ex 0709 40 00	101,26	752,59	922,17	64,86
1.230	Chantarelles 0709 51 30	744,83	5 535,80	6 783,17	477,06
1.240	Sweet peppers 0709 60 10	149,15	1 108,51	1 358,28	95,53
1.270	Sweet potatoes, whole, fresh (intended for human consumption) 0714 20 10	86,20	640,63	784,98	55,21
2.10	Chestnuts (<i>Castanea</i> spp.), fresh ex 0802 40 00	176,48	1 311,65	1 607,20	113,04
2.30	Pineapples, fresh ex 0804 30 00	102,32	760,50	931,86	65,54
2.40	Avocados, fresh ex 0804 40 00	93,13	692,14	848,10	59,65
2.50	Guavas and mangoes, fresh ex 0804 50 00	145,90	1 084,40	1 328,75	93,45
2.60	Sweet oranges, fresh:				
2.60.1	— Sanguines and semi-sanguines 0805 10 10	71,70	532,90	652,97	45,92
2.60.2	— Navels, navelines, navelates, salustianas, vernas, Valencia lates, Maltese, shamoutis, ovalis, trovita and hamlins 0805 10 30	48,19	358,17	438,88	30,87
2.60.3	— Others 0805 10 50	71,70	532,90	652,97	45,92
2.70	Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas), fresh; clementines, wilkings and similar citrus hybrids, fresh:				
2.70.1	— Clementines ex 0805 20 10	100,51	747,02	915,34	64,38
2.70.2	— Monreales and satsumas ex 0805 20 30	82,20	610,96	748,62	52,65
2.70.3	— Mandarines and wilkings ex 0805 20 50	99,90	742,49	909,79	63,99
2.70.4	— Tangerines and others ex 0805 20 70 ex 0805 20 90	47,90	356,01	436,23	30,68
2.85	Limes (<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> , <i>Citrus latifolia</i>), fresh ex 0805 30 90 ex 0805 90 00	154,00	1 144,57	1 402,47	98,64
2.90	Grapefruit, fresh:				
2.90.1	— white ex 0805 40 00	59,93	445,38	545,74	38,38
2.90.2	— pink ex 0805 40 00	67,25	499,84	612,47	43,08

Code	Description	Amount of unit values per 100 kg			
	Species, varieties, CN code	EUR	DKK	SEK	GBP
2.100	Table grapes 0806 10 10	194,47	1 445,39	1 771,08	124,56
2.110	Water melons 0807 11 00	66,01	490,61	601,15	42,28
2.120	Melons (other than water melons):				
2.120.1	— Amarillo, cuper, honey dew (including cantalene), ontentente, piel de sapo (including verde liso), rochet, tendral, futuro ex 0807 19 00	48,30	358,98	439,87	30,94
2.120.2	— Other ex 0807 19 00	120,81	897,88	1 100,20	77,38
2.140	Pears				
2.140.1	Pears — nashi (<i>Pyrus pyrifolia</i>), Pears — Ya (<i>Pyrus bretschneideri</i>) ex 0808 20 50	253,96	1 887,51	2 312,81	162,66
2.140.2	Other ex 0808 20 50	78,87	586,19	718,27	50,52
2.150	Apricots ex 0809 10 00	—	—	—	—
2.160	Cherries 0809 20 95 0809 20 05	—	—	—	—
2.170	Peaches 0809 30 90	134,97	1 003,16	1 229,20	86,45
2.180	Nectarines ex 0809 30 10	254,71	1 893,08	2 319,64	163,14
2.190	Plums 0809 40 05	218,07	1 620,73	1 985,93	139,67
2.200	Strawberries 0810 10 00	131,51	977,42	1 197,66	84,23
2.205	Raspberries 0810 20 10	848,20	6 309,28	7 730,93	543,72
2.210	Fruit of the species <i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i> 0810 40 30	614,33	4 565,88	5 594,70	393,48
2.220	Kiwi fruit (<i>Actinidia chinensis</i> Planch.) 0810 50 00	118,55	881,07	1 079,60	75,93
2.230	Pomegranates ex 0810 90 85	285,58	2 122,51	2 600,77	182,91
2.240	Khakis (including sharon fruit) ex 0810 90 85	321,23	2 387,45	2 925,41	205,75
2.250	Lychees ex 0810 90 30	581,89	4 324,81	5 299,31	372,70

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 958/2002
of 5 June 2002
on the sale by tender of beef held by certain intervention agencies

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1254/1999 of 17 May 1999 on the common organisation of the market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2345/2001 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 28(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The application of intervention measures in respect of beef has created stocks in several Member States. In order to prevent an excessive prolongation of storage, part of these stocks should be sold by tender.
- (2) The sale should be made subject to the rules laid down by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2173/79 of 4 October 1979 on detailed rules of application for the disposal of beef bought in by intervention agencies and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 216/69 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2417/95 ⁽⁴⁾, subject to certain special exceptions which are necessary.
- (3) With a view to ensuring a regular and uniform tendering procedure, measures should be taken in addition to those laid down in Article 8(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2173/79.
- (4) Provision should be made for derogations from Article 8(2)(b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2173/79 in view of the administrative difficulties which the application of that point is creating in the Member States concerned.
- (5) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee of Beef and Veal,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The sale shall take place of approximately:
 - 500 tonnes of bone-in hindquarters held by the Spanish intervention agency,

- 1 000 tonnes of bone-in hindquarters held by the Italian intervention agency,
- 500 tonnes of bone-in hindquarters held by the German intervention agency,
- 500 tonnes of bone-in hindquarters held by the Austrian intervention agency,
- 49 tonnes of bone-in hindquarters held by the Netherlands intervention agency.

Detailed information concerning quantities is given in Annex I.

2. Subject to the provisions of this Regulation the products referred to in paragraph 1 shall be sold in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2173/79, in particular Titles II and III thereof.

Article 2

1. Notwithstanding Articles 6 and 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 2173/79, the provisions of and Annexes to this Regulation shall serve as a general notice of invitation to tender.

The intervention agencies concerned shall draw up a notice of invitation to tender which shall include the following:

- (a) the quantities of beef put up for sale, and
- (b) the deadline and place for submitting tenders.

2. Interested parties may obtain the details of the quantities available and the places where the products are stored from the addresses listed in Annex II to this Regulation. The intervention agencies shall, in addition, display the notice referred to in paragraph 1 at their head offices and may publish it in other ways.

3. For each product mentioned in Annex I the intervention agencies concerned shall sell first the meat which has been stored the longest.

4. Only tenders which reach the intervention agencies concerned by 12 noon on 11 June 2002 shall be considered.

5. Notwithstanding Article 8(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2173/79, a tender must be submitted to the intervention agency concerned in a sealed envelope, bearing the reference to the Regulation concerned. The sealed envelopes must not be opened by the intervention agency before the deadline for submission as referred to in paragraph 4 has expired.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 160, 26.6.1999, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 315, 1.12.2001, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 251, 5.10.1979, p. 12.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 248, 14.10.1995, p. 39.

6. Notwithstanding Article 8(2)(b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2173/79, tenders shall not indicate in which store or stores the products are held.

Article 3

1. Member States shall provide the Commission with information concerning the tenders received not later than the working day following the deadline set for the submission of tenders.

2. After the tenders received have been examined a minimum selling price shall be set for each product or the sale will not proceed.

Article 4

The security provided for in Article 15(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2173/79 shall be EUR 120/t.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 June 2002.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

ANEXO I — BILAG I — ANHANG I — ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ I — ANNEX I — ANNEXE I — ALLEGATO I — BIJLAGE I —
ANEXO I — LIITE I — BILAGA I

Estado miembro	Productos ⁽¹⁾	Cantidad aproximada (toneladas)
Medlemsstat	Produkter ⁽¹⁾	Tilnærmet mængde (tons)
Mitgliedstaat	Erzeugnisse ⁽¹⁾	Ungefähre Mengen (Tonnen)
Κράτος μέλος	Προϊόντα ⁽¹⁾	Κατά προσέγγιση ποσότητα (τόνοι)
Member State	Products ⁽¹⁾	Approximate quantity (tonnes)
État membre	Produits ⁽¹⁾	Quantité approximative (tonnes)
Stato membro	Prodotti ⁽¹⁾	Quantità approssimativa (tonnellate)
Lidstaat	Producten ⁽¹⁾	Hoeveelheid bij benadering (ton)
Estado-Membro	Produtos ⁽¹⁾	Quantidade aproximada (toneladas)
Jäsenvaltio	Tuotteet ⁽¹⁾	Arvioitu määrä (tonneina)
Medlemsstat	Produkter ⁽¹⁾	Ungefärlig kvantitet (ton)

Carne con hueso — Kød, ikke udbenet — Fleisch mit Knochen — Κρέατα με κόκαλα — Bone-in beef — Viande avec os — Carni non disossate — Vlees met been — Carne com osso — Luullinen naudanliha — Kött med ben

ESPAÑA	— Cuartos traseros	500
ITALIA	— Quarti posteriori	1 000
DEUTSCHLAND	— Hinterviertel	500
ÖSTERREICH	— Hinterviertel	500
NEDERLAND	— Achtervoeten	49

⁽¹⁾ Véase el anexo III del Reglamento (CE) n° 562/2000 de la Comisión (DO L 68 de 16.3.2000, p. 22), cuya última modificación la constituye el Reglamento (CE) n° 1564/2001 (DO L 208 de 1.8.2001, p. 14).

⁽¹⁾ Se bilag III til Kommissionens forordning (EF) nr. 562/2000 (EFT L 68 af 16.3.2000, s. 22), senest ændret ved forordning (EF) nr. 1564/2001 (EFT L 208 af 1.8.2001, s. 14).

⁽¹⁾ Siehe Anhang III der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 562/2000 der Kommission (ABl. L 68 vom 16.3.2000, S. 22), zuletzt geändert durch die Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1564/2001 (ABl. L 208 vom 1.8.2001, S. 14).

⁽¹⁾ Βλέπε παράρτημα III του κανονισμού (ΕΟΚ) αριθ. 562/2000 της Επιτροπής (ΕΕ L 68 της 16.3.2000, σ. 22), όπως τροποποιήθηκε τελευταία από τον κανονισμό (ΕΚ) αριθ. 1564/2001 (ΕΕ L 208 της 1.8.2001, σ. 14).

⁽¹⁾ See Annex III to Commission Regulation (EC) No 562/2000 (OJ L 68, 16.3.2000, p. 22), as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1564/2001 (OJ L 208, 1.8.2001, p. 14).

⁽¹⁾ Voir annexe III du règlement (CE) n° 562/2000 de la Commission (JO L 68 du 16.3.2000, p. 22). Règlement modifié en dernier lieu par le règlement (CE) n° 1564/2001 (JO L 208 du 1.8.2001, p. 14).

⁽¹⁾ Cfr. l'allegato III del regolamento (CE) n. 562/2000 della Commissione (GU L 68 del 16.3.2000, pag. 22), modificato da ultimo dal regolamento (CE) n. 1564/2001 (GU L 208 dell'1.8.2001, pag. 14).

⁽¹⁾ Zie bijlage III bij Verordening (EG) nr. 562/2000 van de Commissie (PB L 68 van 16.3.2000, blz. 22), laatstelijk gewijzigd bij Verordening (EG) nr. 1564/2001 (PB L 208 van 1.8.2001, blz. 14).

⁽¹⁾ Ver anexo III do Regulamento (CE) n.º 562/2000 da Comissão (JO L 68 de 16.3.2000, p. 22), com a última redacção que lhe foi dada pelo Regulamento (CE) n.º 1564/2001 (JO L 208 de 1.8.2001, p. 14).

⁽¹⁾ Katso komission asetuksen (ETY) N:o 562/2000 (EYVL L 68, 16.3.2000, s. 22), sellaisena kuin se on viimeksi muutettuna asetuksella (EY) N:o 1564/2001 (EYVL L 208, 1.8.2001, s. 14), liite III.

⁽¹⁾ Se bilaga III i kommissionens förordning (EG) nr 562/2000 (EGT L 68, 16.3.2000, s. 22), senast ändrad genom förordning (EG) nr 1564/2001 (EGT L 208, 1.8.2001, s. 14).

ANEXO II — BILAG II — ANHANG II — ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ II — ANNEX II — ANNEXE II — ALLEGATO II —
BIJLAGE II — ANEXO II — LIITE II — BILAGA II

Direcciones de los organismos de intervención — Interventionsorganernes adresser — Anschriften der Interventionsstellen
— Διευθύνσεις των οργανισμών παρεμβάσεως — Addresses of the intervention agencies — Adresses des organismes
d'intervention — Indirizzi degli organismi d'intervento — Adressen van de interventiebureaus — Endereços dos orga-
nismos de intervenção — Interventioelinten osoitteet — Interventionsorganens adresser

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COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 959/2002**of 5 June 2002****fixing, for May 2002, the specific exchange rate for the amount of the reimbursement of storage costs in the sugar sector**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2799/98 of 15 December 1998 establishing agrimonetary arrangements for the euro ⁽¹⁾,Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1713/93 of 30 June 1993 establishing special detailed rules for applying the agricultural conversion rate in the sugar sector ⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1509/2001 ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 1(3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1878/2001 of 26 September 2001 laying down transitional measures in connection with the compensation system for storage costs for sugar ⁽⁴⁾, lays down that Article 8 of Council Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 of 13 September 1999 on the common organisation of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1527/2000 ⁽⁶⁾, will continue to apply to sugars carried forward from the 2000/01 marketing year to the 2001/02 marketing year.
- (2) Article 1(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1713/93 provides that the amount of the reimbursement of storage costs referred to in Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 is to be converted into national currency using a specific agricultural conversion rate equal to the average, calculated *pro rata temporis*, of the agricultural conversion rates applicable during the month of storage. That

specific rate must be fixed each month for the previous month. However, in the case of the reimbursable amounts applying from 1 January 1999, as a result of the introduction of the agrimonetary arrangements for the euro from that date, the fixing of the conversion rate should be limited to the specific exchange rates prevailing between the euro and the national currencies of the Member States that have not adopted the single currency.

- (3) Application of these provisions will lead to the fixing, for May 2002, of the specific exchange rate for the amount of the reimbursement of storage costs in the various national currencies as indicated in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The specific exchange rate to be used for converting the amount of the reimbursement of the storage costs referred to in Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 into national currency for May 2002 shall be as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 June 2002.

It shall apply with effect from 1 May 2002.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 June 2002.

For the Commission

J. M. SILVA RODRÍGUEZ

Agriculture Director-General

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 349, 24.12.1998, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 159, 1.7.1993, p. 94.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 200, 25.7.2001, p. 19.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 258, 27.9.2001, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 252, 25.9.1999, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ L 175, 14.7.2000, p. 59.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 June 2002 fixing, for May 2002, the specific exchange rate for the amount of the reimbursement of storage costs in the sugar sector

Specific exchange rate		
EUR 1 =	7,43568	Danish kroner
	9,22779	Swedish kroner
	0,626629	Pound sterling

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 960/2002
of 5 June 2002
fixing the import duties in the rice sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 3072/95 of 22 December 1995 on the common organisation of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 411/2002 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1503/96 of 29 July 1996 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 3072/95 as regards import duties in the rice sector ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2831/98 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 4(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 3072/95 provides that the rates of duty in the Common Customs Tariff are to be charged on import of the products referred to in Article 1 of that Regulation. However, in the case of the products referred to in paragraph 2 of that Article, the import duty is to be equal to the intervention price valid for such products on importation and increased by a certain percentage according to whether it is husked or milled rice, minus the cif import price provided that duty does not exceed the rate of the Common Customs Tariff duties.
- (2) Pursuant to Article 12(3) of Regulation (EC) No 3072/95, the cif import prices are calculated on the basis of the representative prices for the product in question on the world market or on the Community import market for the product.

- (3) Regulation (EC) No 1503/96 lays down detailed rules for the application of Regulation (EC) No 3072/95 as regards import duties in the rice sector.
- (4) The import duties are applicable until new duties are fixed and enter into force. They also remain in force in cases where no quotation is available from the source referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1503/96 during the two weeks preceding the next periodical fixing.
- (5) In order to allow the import duty system to function normally, the market rates recorded during a reference period should be used for calculating the duties.
- (6) Application of Regulation (EC) No 1503/96 results in import duties being fixed as set out in the Annexes to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import duties in the rice sector referred to in Article 11(1) and (2) of Regulation (EC) No 3072/95 shall be those fixed in Annex I to this Regulation on the basis of the information given in Annex II.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 June 2002.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 June 2002.

For the Commission

J. M. SILVA RODRÍGUEZ

Agriculture Director-General

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 329, 30.12.1995, p. 18.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 62, 5.3.2002, p. 27.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 189, 30.7.1996, p. 71.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 351, 29.12.1998, p. 25.

ANNEX I

Import duties on rice and broken rice

(EUR/t)

CN code	Duties ⁽¹⁾				
	Third countries (except ACP and Bangladesh) ⁽²⁾	ACP ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾	Bangladesh ⁽⁴⁾	Basmati India and Pakistan ⁽⁵⁾	Egypt ⁽⁶⁾
1006 10 21	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 23	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 25	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 27	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 92	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 94	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 96	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 98	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 20 11	264,00	88,06	127,66		198,00
1006 20 13	264,00	88,06	127,66		198,00
1006 20 15	264,00	88,06	127,66		198,00
1006 20 17	264,00	88,06	127,66	14,00	198,00
1006 20 92	264,00	88,06	127,66		198,00
1006 20 94	264,00	88,06	127,66		198,00
1006 20 96	264,00	88,06	127,66		198,00
1006 20 98	264,00	88,06	127,66	14,00	198,00
1006 30 21	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 23	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 25	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 27	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 42	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 44	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 46	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 48	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 61	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 63	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 65	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 67	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 92	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 94	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 96	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 98	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 40 00	(7)	41,18	(7)		96,00

⁽¹⁾ The duty on imports of rice originating in the ACP States is applicable, under the arrangements laid down in Council Regulation (EC) No 1706/98 (OJ L 215, 1.8.1998, p. 12) and amended Commission Regulation (EC) No 2603/97 (OJ L 351, 23.12.1997, p. 22).

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1706/98, the duties are not applied to products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States and imported directly into the overseas department of Réunion.

⁽³⁾ The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Réunion is specified in Article 11(3) of Regulation (EC) No 3072/95.

⁽⁴⁾ The duty on imports of rice not including broken rice (CN code 1006 40 00), originating in Bangladesh is applicable under the arrangements laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3491/90 (OJ L 337, 4.12.1990, p. 1) and amended Commission Regulation (EEC) No 862/91 (OJ L 88, 9.4.1991, p. 7).

⁽⁵⁾ No import duty applies to products originating in the OCT pursuant to Article 101(1) of amended Council Decision 91/482/EEC (OJ L 263, 19.9.1991, p. 1).

⁽⁶⁾ For husked rice of the Basmati variety originating in India and Pakistan, a reduction of EUR/t 250 applies (Article 4a of amended Regulation (EC) No 1503/96).

⁽⁷⁾ Duties fixed in the Common Customs Tariff.

⁽⁸⁾ The duty on imports of rice originating in and coming from Egypt is applicable under the arrangements laid down in Council Regulation (EC) No 2184/96 (OJ L 292, 15.11.1996, p. 1) and Commission Regulation (EC) No 196/97 (OJ L 31, 1.2.1997, p. 53).

ANNEX II

Calculation of import duties for rice

	Paddy	Indica rice		Japonica rice		Broken rice
		Husked	Milled	Husked	Milled	
1. Import duty (EUR/tonne)	(¹)	264,00	416,00	264,00	416,00	(¹)
2. Elements of calculation:						
(a) Arag cif price (EUR/tonne)	—	218,32	257,09	286,17	277,14	—
(b) fob price (EUR/tonne)	—	—	—	254,37	245,34	—
(c) Sea freight (EUR/tonne)	—	—	—	31,80	31,80	—
(d) Source	—	USDA and operators	USDA and operators	Operators	Operators	—

(¹) Duties fixed in the Common Customs Tariff.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 961/2002**of 5 June 2002****fixing the storage aid for unprocessed dried grapes and unprocessed dried figs from the 2001/02 marketing year**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2201/96 of 28 October 1996 on the common organisation of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 453/2002 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9(8) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 9(4) of Regulation (EC) No 2201/96 provides for aid to be granted to storage agencies for the quantities of sultanas, currants and dried figs that they buy in and for the actual duration of storage.
- (2) Article 2 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 449/2001 of 2 March 2001 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 2201/96 as regards the aid scheme for products processed from fruit and vegetables ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1343/2001 ⁽⁴⁾, lays down the dates of the marketing years.
- (3) The storage aid for unprocessed dried grapes and unprocessed dried figs from the 2001/02 marketing year should be fixed and, to that end, account should be taken of Article 7 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/1999 of 23 July 1999 laying down detailed rules for applying Council Regulation (EC) No 2201/96 as regards the scheme for the storage of unprocessed dried

grapes and unprocessed dried figs ⁽⁵⁾ and of the fact that the storage aid is to be calculated on the basis of the technical cost of storage and of financing the buying-in price paid for the products.

- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Products Processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For products from the 2001/02 marketing year, the storage aid provided for in Article 9(4) of Regulation (EC) No 2201/96 shall be:

- (a) EUR 0,1405 per day and per tonne net weight until 28 February 2003 and EUR 0,1144 per day and per tonne net weight from 1 March 2003 for dried grapes;
- (b) EUR 0,1261 per day and per tonne net weight for dried figs.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 June 2002.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 297, 21.11.1996, p. 29.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 72, 14.3.2002, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 64, 6.3.2001, p. 16.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 181, 4.7.2001, p. 16.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 192, 24.7.1999, p. 33.

COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2002/48/EC**of 30 May 2002****amending Council Directive 91/414/EEC to include iprovalicarb, prosulfuron and sulfosulfuron as active substances**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

(prosulfuron), and 2 April 1998 (sulfosulfuron), respectively.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 91/414/EEC of 15 July 1991 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Commission Directive 2002/37/EC ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) In accordance with Article 6(2) of Directive 91/414/EEC, Ireland received on 30 March 1998 an application from Bayer AG for the inclusion of the active substance iprovalicarb in Annex I to the Directive. By Commission Decision 98/512/EC ⁽³⁾ it was confirmed that the dossier was 'complete' in the sense that it could be considered as satisfying, in principle, the data and information requirements laid down in Annexes II and III to Directive 91/414/EEC.
- (2) France received a similar application on 14 May 1995 from Novartis, now Syngenta, concerning prosulfuron. This application was declared complete by Commission Decision 97/137/EC ⁽⁴⁾.
- (3) Ireland received a similar application on 24 April 1997 from Monsanto concerning sulfosulfuron. This application was declared complete by Commission Decision 97/865/EC ⁽⁵⁾.
- (4) For these three active substances, the effects on human health and the environment have been assessed, in accordance with Article 6(2) and (4) of Directive 91/414/EEC, for the uses proposed by the applicant. The nominated rapporteur Member States submitted draft assessment reports concerning the substances to the Commission on 4 November 1999 (iprovalicarb), 18 January 1999

- (5) The draft assessment reports have been reviewed by the Member States and the Commission within the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health. The reviews were finalised on 26 February 2002 in the format of the Commission review reports for iprovalicarb, prosulfuron and sulfosulfuron.
- (6) The dossier and the information from each of the reviews were submitted to the Scientific Committee for Plants. As regards iprovalicarb, the Committee was asked to comment on the acceptability of the risk of metabolite PMPA on earthworms and on the relevance to humans of tumours which were observed in rats after lifetime exposure to high doses. In two opinions ⁽⁶⁾ ⁽⁷⁾, the Committee identified the need for further data on earthworms, which were subsequently provided and assessed, and concluded that concerning the effects observed in rats sufficient safety margins exist to ensure protection of consumers and operators. The observations of the Scientific Committee were taken into consideration in formulating this Directive and the relevant review report.
- (7) With respect to prosulfuron, the Committee was asked to comment on the acceptability of the risk of two breakdown products of the active substance to sediment dwelling organisms and on possible hormonal disruption effects observed in test animals. In its opinion ⁽⁸⁾ the Committee concluded that certain uterine and mammary changes, which were observed in rats after lifetime exposure are not considered relevant for human risk assessment of prosulfuron in the context of its intended uses. The Committee further commented that risks of the two breakdown products to sediment-dwelling species were not yet adequately assessed and noted that other persistent metabolites are formed in significant quantities in sediment-water tests which also did not appear to have been assessed. The pending information and assessments were subsequently provided and the observations of the Scientific Committee were taken into consideration in formulating this Directive and the relevant review report.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 230, 19.8.1991, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 117, 4.5.2002, p. 10.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 228, 15.8.1998, p. 35.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 52, 22.2.1997, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 351, 23.12.1997, p. 67.

⁽⁶⁾ Opinion of the Scientific Committee on Plants on the evaluation of iprovalicarb in the context of Directive 91/414/EEC concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market (adopted 21 March 2001).

⁽⁷⁾ Opinion of the Scientific Committee on Plants on an additional question from the Commission on the evaluation of iprovalicarb (SZX 0722) in the context of Directive 91/414/EEC (adopted 28 November 2001).

⁽⁸⁾ Opinion of the Scientific Committee on Plants regarding the inclusion of prosulfuron (CGA 152005) in Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market SCP/PROSULF/002-Final 21 June 2001.

- (8) With respect to sulfosulfuron the Committee was asked for its opinion on the occurrence of bladder tumours in the 18 months mouse study; to consider whether it would be appropriate to establish an acute reference dose for sulfosulfuron; to confirm that a sub-lethal study for earthworms is unnecessary, notwithstanding the persistence of the soil metabolites. In its opinion⁽¹⁾ the Committee considered that the lesions observed in mice do not predict a carcinogenic hazard to humans and saw no need to establish an acute reference dose. It was further concluded that no significant long term risks to earthworms are likely to arise. The Committee further highlighted the need to assess the potential environmental impact of three unidentified metabolites. This information was subsequently provided and the requested assessments were made.
- (9) It has appeared from the various examinations made that plant protection products containing the active substances concerned may be expected to satisfy, in general, the requirements laid down in Article 5(1)(a) and (b) and Article 5(3) of Directive 91/414/EEC, in particular with regard to the uses which were examined and detailed in the Commission review reports. It is therefore appropriate to include these active substances in Annex I, in order to ensure that in all Member States the authorisations of plant protection products containing the active substances concerned, can be granted in accordance with the provisions of the said Directive.
- (10) The Commission review report is required for the proper implementation by the Member States, of several sections of the uniform principles laid down in Directive 91/414/EEC. It is, therefore, appropriate to provide that the finalised review reports, except for confidential information, should be kept available or made available by the Member States for consultation by any interested parties.
- (11) After inclusion, Member States should be allowed a reasonable period to implement the provisions of Directive 91/414/EEC as regards plant protection products containing iprovalicarb, prosulfuron or sulfosulfuron and in particular to review existing provisional authorisations and, by the end of this period at the latest, to transform those authorisations into full authorisations, to amend them or to withdraw them in accordance with the provisions of Directive 91/414/EEC.
- (12) It is therefore appropriate to amend Directive 91/414/EEC accordingly.
- (13) The measures provided for in this Directive are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

⁽¹⁾ Opinion of the Scientific Committee on Plants regarding the evaluation of MON 37500 (sulfosulfuron) in the context of Directive 91/414/EEC concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market (SCP/SULFO/002-final dated 11 December 2000).

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC is amended as set out in the Annex to this Directive.

Article 2

Member States shall keep available the review reports for iprovalicarb, prosulfuron, and sulfosulfuron, except for confidential information within the meaning of Article 14 of Directive 91/414/EEC, for consultation by any interested parties or shall make it available to them on specific request.

Article 3

Member States shall adopt and publish by 31 December 2002 at the latest the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof.

They shall apply those provisions from 1 January 2003.

When Member States adopt those provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or shall be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States shall determine how such reference is to be made.

Article 4

1. Member States shall review the authorisation for each plant protection product containing iprovalicarb, prosulfuron, or sulfosulfuron, to ensure that the conditions relating to these active substances set out in Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC are complied with. Where necessary, they shall amend or withdraw the authorisation in accordance with Directive 91/414/EEC before 31 December 2002.

2. Member States shall, for each authorised plant protection product containing iprovalicarb, prosulfuron, or sulfosulfuron, as either the only active substance or as one of several active substances, all of which were listed in Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC by 1 July 2002, re-evaluate the product in accordance with the uniform principles provided for in Annex VI to Directive 91/414/EEC, on the basis of a dossier satisfying the requirements of Annex III thereto. On the basis of that evaluation, they shall determine whether the product satisfies the conditions set out in Article 4(1)(b), (c), (d) and (e) of Directive 91/414/EEC. Where necessary and by 31 December 2003 at the latest, they shall amend or withdraw the authorisation for each such plant protection product.

Article 5

This Directive shall enter into force on 1 July 2002.

Article 6

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 May 2002.

For the Commission

David BYRNE

Member of the Commission

In Annex I the following rows are added to the end of the Table:

No	Common name, identification numbers	IUPAC Name	Purity (%)	Entry into force	Expiration of inclusion	Specific provisions
30	Iprovalicarb CAS No 140923-17-7 CICAP No 620	{2-Methyl-1-[1-(4-methylphenyl)ethylcarbonyl]propyl}-carbamic acid isopropylester	950 g/kg (provisional specification)	1 July 2002	30 June 2011	Only uses as fungicide may be authorised. For the implementation of the uniform principles of Annex VI, the conclusions of the review report on iprovalicarb, and in particular Appendices I and II thereof, as finalised in the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health on 26 February 2002 shall be taken into account. In this overall assessment: — the specification of the technical material as commercially manufactured must be confirmed and supported by appropriate analytical data. The test material used in the toxicity dossier should be compared and verified against this specification of the technical material, — Member States must pay particular attention to the protection of operators.
31	Prosulfuron CAS No 94125-34-5 CICAP No 579	1-(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-3-[2-(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)-phenylsulfonyl]-urea	950 g/kg	1 Juli 2002	30 June 2011	Only uses as herbicide may be authorised. For the implementation of the uniform principles of Annex VI, the conclusions of the review report on prosulfuron, and in particular Appendices I and II thereof, as finalised in the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health on 26 February 2002 shall be taken into account. In this overall assessment Member States: — must carefully consider the risk to aquatic plants if the active substance is applied adjacent to surface waters. Risk mitigation measures should be applied where appropriate, — must pay particular attention to the protection of groundwater, when the active substance is applied in regions with vulnerable soil and/or climate conditions. Risk mitigation measures should be applied where appropriate.

No	Common name, identification numbers	IUPAC Name	Purity ⁽¹⁾	Entry into force	Expiration of inclusion	Specific provisions
32	Sulfosulfuron CAS No 141776-32-1 CICAP No 601	1-(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)-3-[2-ethanesulfonyl-imidazo[1,2- <i>a</i>]pyridine)sulfonyl]urea	980 g/kg	1 July 2002	30 June 2011	Only uses as a herbicide may be authorised. For the implementation of the uniform principles of Annex VI, the conclusions of the review report on sulfosulfuron, and in particular Appendices I and II thereof, as finalised in the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health on 26 February 2002 shall be taken into account. In this overall assessment: — Member States must pay particular attention to the protection of aquatic plants and algae. Where appropriate, risk mitigation measures should be applied, — Member States must pay particular attention to the protection of the groundwater, when the active substance is applied in regions with vulnerable soil and/or climatic conditions.

⁽¹⁾ Further details on identity and specification of active substances are provided in the review report.'

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COUNCIL

**RECOMMENDATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
of 30 May 2002
concerning the implementation of Integrated Coastal Zone Management in Europe**

(2002/413/EC)

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 175(1) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ⁽²⁾,

Acting in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 251 of the Treaty ⁽³⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) The coastal zone is of great environmental, economic, social, cultural and recreational importance to Europe.
- (2) Coastal zones possess a unique biodiversity in terms of flora and fauna.
- (3) Chapter 17 of Agenda 21, adopted at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development summit in Rio in June 1992, should be taken into account.
- (4) The 1999 assessment report of the European Environment Agency indicates a continuing degradation of conditions in the coastal zones of Europe as regards both the coasts themselves and the quality of coastal water.
- (5) Community coastal zones are further threatened by the effects of climate change, in particular rising sea levels, changes in storm frequency and strength, and increased coastal erosion and flooding.

(6) Population growth and the development of economic activities are increasingly threatening for both the environmental and social equilibria of coastal zones.

(7) The decline of fishing activity and related employment makes many fisheries-dependent areas particularly vulnerable.

(8) Existing regional disparities in the Community affect the management and conservation of each coastal zone in a different way.

(9) It is essential to implement an environmentally sustainable, economically equitable, socially responsible, and culturally sensitive management of coastal zones, which maintains the integrity of this important resource while considering local traditional activities and customs that do not present a threat to sensitive natural areas and to the maintenance status of the wild species of the coastal fauna and flora.

(10) The Community promotes integrated management on a larger scale by means of horizontal instruments. These activities therefore contribute to integrated coastal zone management.

(11) The Commission notes in its Communications ⁽⁴⁾ to the Council and the European Parliament that integrated management of the coastal zone requires strategic, coordinated and concerted action at the local and regional level, guided and supported by an appropriate framework at the national level.

(12) The Commission's demonstration programme on integrated coastal zone management identifies principles of good coastal zone management.

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 155, 29.5.2001, p. 17.

⁽²⁾ OJ C 148, 18.5.2001, p. 23.

⁽³⁾ Opinion of the European Parliament of 5 July 2001 (OJ C 65 E, 14.3.2002, p. 309), Council Common Position of 13 December 2001 (OJ C 58 E, 5.3.2002, p. 1) and Decision of the European Parliament of 10 April 2002. Council Decision of 7 May 2002.

⁽⁴⁾ COM(97) 744 and COM(2000) 547.

- (13) There is a need to ensure coherent action at European level, including cooperative action and consultation with regional seas organisations or international organisations, such as the International Maritime Organisation, to address cross-border coastal zone problems.
- (14) Council Resolution of 6 May 1994 on a Community strategy for integrated coastal zone management ⁽¹⁾ and Council Resolution of 25 February 1992 on the future Community policy concerning the European coastal zone ⁽²⁾ both identify the need for concerted European action to implement integrated coastal zone management.
- (15) Since the Resolution of 6 May 1994 the European Union has experienced an increase in pressure on coastal resources, an increase in coastal population and an increase in near-shore and on-shore infrastructure.
- (16) An integrated coastal zone management involves multiple factors among which town and country planning and land use are only accessorially concerned.
- (17) In accordance with the subsidiarity and proportionality principles as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty, and with Protocol 7 to the Treaty of Amsterdam on the implementation of subsidiarity and proportionality, and given the diversity of conditions in the coastal zones and the legal and institutional frameworks in the Member States, the objectives of the proposed action can best be achieved by guidance at the Community level,

HEREBY RECOMMEND THE FOLLOWING:

CHAPTER I

A strategic approach

Member States take into account the sustainable development strategy and the Decision of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the sixth Community environment action programme ⁽³⁾, and take a strategic approach to the management of their coastal zones, based on:

- (a) protection of the coastal environment, based on an ecosystem approach preserving its integrity and functioning, and sustainable management of the natural resources of both the marine and terrestrial components of the coastal zone;
- (b) recognition of the threat to coastal zones posed by climate change and of the dangers entailed by the rise in sea level and the increasing frequency and violence of storms;
- (c) appropriate and ecologically responsible coastal protection measures, including protection of coastal settlements and their cultural heritage;
- (d) sustainable economic opportunities and employment options;
- (e) a functioning social and cultural system in local communities;
- (f) adequate accessible land for the public, both for recreational purposes and aesthetic reasons;
- (g) in the case of remote coastal communities, maintenance or promotion of their cohesion;
- (h) improved coordination of the actions taken by all the authorities concerned both at sea and on land, in managing the sea-land interaction.

CHAPTER II

Principles

In formulating national strategies and measures based on these strategies, Member States should follow the principles of integrated coastal zone management to ensure good coastal zone management, taking into account the good practices identified, *inter alia*, in the Commission's demonstration programme on integrated coastal zone management. In particular, coastal zone management should be based on:

- (a) a broad overall perspective (thematic and geographic) which will take into account the interdependence and disparity of natural systems and human activities with an impact on coastal areas;
- (b) a long-term perspective which will take into account the precautionary principle and the needs of present and future generations;
- (c) adaptive management during a gradual process which will facilitate adjustment as problems and knowledge develop. This implies the need for a sound scientific basis concerning the evolution of the coastal zone;
- (d) local specificity and the great diversity of European coastal zones, which will make it possible to respond to their practical needs with specific solutions and flexible measures;
- (e) working with natural processes and respecting the carrying capacity of ecosystems, which will make human activities more environmentally friendly, socially responsible and economically sound in the long run;
- (f) involving all the parties concerned (economic and social partners, the organisations representing coastal zone residents, non-governmental organisations and the business sector) in the management process, for example by means of agreements and based on shared responsibility;
- (g) support and involvement of relevant administrative bodies at national, regional and local level between which appropriate links should be established or maintained with the aim of improved coordination of the various existing policies. Partnership with and between regional and local authorities should apply when appropriate;
- (h) use of a combination of instruments designed to facilitate coherence between sectoral policy objectives and coherence between planning and management.

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 135, 18.5.1994, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ C 59, 6.3.1992, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ Not yet published in the Official Journal.

CHAPTER III

National stocktaking

Member States conduct or update an overall stocktaking to analyse which major actors, laws and institutions influence the management of their coastal zone. This stocktaking should:

- (a) consider (but not be limited to) the following sectors and areas: fisheries and aquaculture, transport, energy, resource management, species and habitat protection, cultural heritage, employment, regional development in both rural and urban areas, tourism and recreation, industry and mining, waste management, agriculture and education;
- (b) cover all administrative levels;
- (c) analyse the interests, role and concerns of citizens, non-governmental organisations, and the business sector;
- (d) identify relevant inter-regional organisations and cooperation structures, and
- (e) take stock of the applicable policy and legislative measures.

CHAPTER IV

National strategies

1. Based on the result of the stocktaking, each Member State concerned, in partnership with the regional authorities and inter-regional organisations, as appropriate, should develop a national strategy or, where appropriate, several strategies, to implement the principles for integrated management of the coastal zone.

2. These strategies might be specific to the coastal zone, or might be part of a geographically broader strategy or programme for promoting integrated management of a larger area.

3. These strategies should:

- (a) identify the roles of the different administrative actors within the country or region whose competence includes activities or resources related to the coastal zone, as well as mechanisms for their coordination. This identification of roles should allow an adequate control, and an appropriate strategy and consistency of actions;
- (b) identify the appropriate mix of instruments for implementation of the principles outlined in Chapter II, within the national, regional or local legal and administrative context. In developing these strategies, the Member States should consider the appropriateness of:
 - (i) developing national strategic plans for the coast to promote integrated management ensuring, *inter alia*, the control of additional urbanisation and of the exploitation of non-urban areas while respecting natural features of the coastal environment;

- (ii) land purchase mechanisms and declarations of public domain to ensure public access for recreational purposes without prejudice to the protection of sensitive areas;
- (iii) developing contractual or voluntary agreements with coastal zone users, including environmental agreements with industry;
- (iv) harnessing economic and fiscal incentives, and
- (v) working through regional development mechanisms;
- (c) develop or maintain national and, where appropriate, regional or local legislation or policies and programmes which address both the marine and terrestrial areas of coastal zones together;
- (d) particularly, identify measures to promote bottom-up initiatives and public participation in integrated management of the coastal zone and its resources;
- (e) identify sources of durable financing for integrated coastal zone management initiatives where needed, and examine how to make the best use of existing financing mechanisms both at Community and at national level;
- (f) identify mechanisms to ensure full and coordinated implementation and application of Community legislation and policies that have an impact on coastal areas, including when reviewing Community policies;
- (g) include adequate systems for monitoring and disseminating information to the public about their coastal zone. These systems should collect and provide information in appropriate and compatible formats to decision makers at national, regional and local levels to facilitate integrated management. The work of the European Environment Agency can serve *inter alia* as a basis for this purpose. These data should be publicly available in accordance with relevant Community legislation, in particular with the Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on public access to environmental information and repealing Council Directive 90/313/EEC ⁽¹⁾;
- (h) determine how appropriate national training and education programmes can support implementation of integrated management principles in the coastal zone.

CHAPTER V

Cooperation

1. Member States should encourage, enter into or maintain dialogue and implement existing conventions with neighbouring countries, including non-Member States in the same regional sea, to establish mechanisms for better coordination of responses to cross-border issues.

⁽¹⁾ Not yet published in the Official Journal.

2. Member States also work actively with the Community institutions and other coastal stakeholders to facilitate progress towards a common approach to integrated coastal zone management, examining the need for a European coastal stakeholders forum. In this process, ways of using existing institutions and conventions should be explored.

3. In this context, cooperation with the accession countries is maintained and enhanced.

CHAPTER VI

Reporting and review

1. Member States report to the Commission on the experience in implementation of this Recommendation 45 months after its adoption.

2. These reports are available to the public and include, in particular, information concerning:

- (a) the results of the national stocktaking exercise;
- (b) the strategy or strategies proposed at the national level for implementation of integrated coastal zone management;

(c) a summary of actions taken, or to be taken, to implement the national strategy or strategies;

(d) an evaluation of the expected impact of the strategy or strategies on the status of the coastal zone;

(e) an evaluation of the implementation and application of Community legislation and policies that have an impact on coastal areas.

3. The Commission should review this Recommendation within 55 months following the date of its adoption and submit to the European Parliament and the Council an evaluation report accompanied if appropriate by a proposal for further Community action.

Done at Brussels, 30 May 2002.

For the European Parliament

The President

P. COX

For the Council

The President

J. PIQUÉ I CAMPS

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 31 May 2002

authorising Spain to introduce a temporary measure excluding from compensatory aid marketed produce of new banana plantations planted on or after 1 June 2002

(notified under document number C(2002) 2029)

(Only the Spanish text is authentic)

(2002/414/EC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 404/93 of 13 February 1993 on the common organisation of the market in bananas ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2587/2001 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 12(9) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Under Article 12(9) of Regulation (EEC) No 404/93 a Member State may be authorised to introduce a temporary measure whereby no compensatory aid is paid for marketed produce of new banana plantations when, in the Member State's view, there is a risk to the sustainable development of the production areas, with particular reference to conservation of the environment, and protection of the soil and the characteristic features of the countryside.
- (2) On 25 April 2002 Spain submitted a request to the Commission to authorise it not to grant compensatory aid, over a period of three years, to new plantations planted on or after 1 June 2002 in the Canary Islands. This request was supplemented by the transmission of the draft Regional decree on 14 May 2002. The development of new plantations, often under plastic and outside traditional production areas, has a negative impact on environmental protection, in particular as regards the use of water resources and the conservation of the countryside. The development of new banana plantations also jeopardises the maintenance of small plantations on traditional terraces which are crucial to soil stability and the socioeconomic balance. Under these circumstances, granting the compensatory aid referred to in Article 12

of Regulation (EEC) No 404/93 to the produce of new banana plantations in the Canary Islands poses a serious a risk to the sustainable economic development of the production areas.

- (3) Examination of the request presented by Spain shows that it complies with the aim and the provisions of Article 12(9) of Regulation (EEC) No 404/93. This request should therefore be accepted.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Bananas,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The request submitted by Spain to the Commission to authorise a measure excluding the produce of new banana plantations planted on or after 1 June 2002 from the compensatory aid referred to in Article 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 404/93 over a period of three years is hereby accepted.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Kingdom of Spain.

Done at Brussels, 31 May 2002.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 47, 25.2.1993, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 345, 29.12.2001, p. 13.