

Official Journal

of the European Union

L 47



English edition

Legislation

Volume 56

20 February 2013

Contents

II *Non-legislative acts*

REGULATIONS

- ★ **Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 139/2013 of 7 January 2013 laying down animal health conditions for imports of certain birds into the Union and the quarantine conditions thereof ⁽¹⁾** 1
- ★ **Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 140/2013 of 18 February 2013 entering a name in the register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications (Pa de Pagès Català (PGI))** 18
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EU) No 141/2013 of 19 February 2013 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on Community statistics on public health and health and safety at work, as regards statistics based on the European Health Interview Survey (EHIS) ⁽¹⁾** 20
- ★ **Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 142/2013 of 19 February 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 2535/2001 as regards the data relating to the body issuing certificates in New Zealand for the export of milk products** 49
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EU) No 143/2013 of 19 February 2013 amending Directive 2007/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Regulation (EC) No 692/2008 as regards the determination of CO₂ emissions from vehicles submitted to multi-stage type-approval ⁽¹⁾** 51

Price: EUR 4

(Continued overleaf)

⁽¹⁾ Text with EEA relevance

EN

Acts whose titles are printed in light type are those relating to day-to-day management of agricultural matters, and are generally valid for a limited period.

The titles of all other acts are printed in bold type and preceded by an asterisk.

★ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 144/2013 of 19 February 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 606/2009 as regards certain oenological practices and the applicable restrictions and Regulation (EC) No 436/2009 as regards the registering of these practices in the documents accompanying consignments of wine products and the wine sector registers to be kept	56
★ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 145/2013 of 19 February 2013 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 concerning certain restrictive measures in respect of Zimbabwe	63
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 146/2013 of 19 February 2013 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables	68

DECISIONS

2013/90/EU:

★ Commission Implementing Decision of 18 February 2013 approving the plan for the eradication of classical swine fever in feral pigs and the emergency vaccination of such pigs in certain areas of Latvia (<i>notified under document C(2013) 720</i>).....	70
--	----

2013/91/EU:

★ Commission Implementing Decision of 18 February 2013 amending Decision 2008/855/EC as regards animal health control measures relating to classical swine fever in Latvia (<i>notified under document C(2013) 722</i>) ⁽¹⁾	72
--	----

2013/92/EU:

★ Commission Implementing Decision of 18 February 2013 on the supervision, plant health checks and measures to be taken on wood packaging material actually in use in the transport of specified commodities originating in China (<i>notified under document C(2013) 789</i>)...	74
---	----



⁽¹⁾ Text with EEA relevance

II

(Non-legislative acts)

REGULATIONS

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 139/2013

of 7 January 2013

laying down animal health conditions for imports of certain birds into the Union and the quarantine conditions thereof**(codification)****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

banning amongst other commodities the import of birds, other than poultry, from affected third countries.

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 91/496/EEC of 15 July 1991 laying down the principles governing the organisation of veterinary checks on animals entering the Community from third countries and amending Directives 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC and 90/675/EEC ⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 10(3) and point (b) of second subparagraph of Article 10(4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 92/65/EEC of 13 July 1992 laying down animal health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of animals, semen, ova and embryos not subject to animal health requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A(I) to Directive 90/425/EEC ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 17(2)(b) and Article 17(3) and the first and fourth indents of Article 18(1) thereof,

Whereas:

(1) Commission Regulation (EC) No 318/2007 of 23 March 2007 laying down animal health conditions for imports of certain birds into the Community and the quarantine conditions thereof ⁽³⁾ has been substantially amended several times ⁽⁴⁾. In the interests of clarity and rationality the said Regulation should be codified.

(2) Following the outbreaks of highly pathogenic avian influenza of the Asian lineage in South-East Asia in 2004, the Commission adopted several Decisions

(3) In order to draw up an inventory of the risks posed by the import of captive birds, the Commission on 13 April 2005 requested the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) to provide a scientific opinion on the risks posed by imports of birds caught in the wild and captive bred birds from third countries.

(4) Following that request, the EFSA Panel on animal health and welfare adopted, during their meeting of 26 and 27 October 2006, a Scientific Opinion on the Animal Health and Welfare risks associated with the import of wild birds, other than poultry, into the Union. That Scientific Opinion identifies possible tools and options which can reduce any identified animal health risk related to imports of birds other than poultry.

(5) One of the recommendations of the EFSA Scientific Opinion relates to controls carried out in the third countries exporting birds, other than poultry, to the Union. Improvements at the point of export should have most impact in reducing the probability that infected birds are presented for entry into the Union. For that reason, import conditions should be laid down in this Regulation in such a way that only imports from third countries authorised for imports into the Union of such birds are allowed.

(6) Another EFSA recommendation relates to imports of birds caught in the wild. The Scientific Opinion identifies the risk caused by those birds that may be infected due to lateral spread from other infected wild birds and from the contaminated environment, as well as overspill from infected poultry. Taking into account the role played by wild migratory birds in the spread of avian influenza

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 268, 24.9.1991, p. 56.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 268, 14.9.1992, p. 54.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 84, 24.3.2007, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ See Annex VI.

from Asia to Europe in 2005 and 2006, it is appropriate to limit imports of birds, other than poultry, only to birds bred in captivity.

- (7) It is seldom possible to distinguish with certainty between birds that have been caught in the wild and captive bred birds. Methods of marking can be applied to both types of birds without it being possible to distinguish between them. It is therefore appropriate to limit imports of birds, other than poultry, to breeding establishments that are approved by the competent authority of the third country of export, and to lay down certain minimum conditions for such approval.
- (8) The imported birds should be transported directly to an approved quarantine facility or centre in a Member State, where they should remain until infection with avian influenza or Newcastle disease virus is ruled out.
- (9) In case avian influenza or Newcastle disease is suspected in an approved quarantine facility or in a unit of an approved quarantine centre, it is appropriate to wait until the suspicion is confirmed to rule out any other cause of disease symptoms before commencing to kill and destroy the birds in the affected premises.
- (10) Council Directive 2005/94/EC of 20 December 2005 on Community measures for the control of avian influenza and repealing Directive 92/40/EEC ⁽¹⁾ was adopted to take account of the experience gained in the control of avian influenza. Based on that Directive, Commission Decision 2006/437/EC of 4 August 2006 approving a Diagnostic Manual for avian influenza as provided for in Council Directive 2005/94/EC ⁽²⁾ (the diagnostic manual) was adopted laying down at Union level diagnostic procedures, sampling methods and criteria for the evaluation of the results of laboratory tests for the confirmation of an outbreak of avian influenza. Account should be taken of that Decision as regards the testing regimes for avian influenza in approved quarantine facilities and centres.
- (11) It is appropriate to lay down further import procedures relating to the transfer from the border inspection post to the approved quarantine facilities or centres upon entry into the Union in order to ensure that imported birds arrive at the designated approved quarantine facility or centre within a reasonable time period.
- (12) Approved quarantine facilities and centres, the list of which is to be published by Member States, should comply with certain minimum conditions.

- (13) Certain imports of birds are covered by other Union legislation. Therefore, they should be excluded from the scope of this Regulation.
- (14) The animal health risk posed by racing pigeons that are brought into the Union to be released again so that they may fly back to their origin is such that they should be excluded from the scope of this Regulation.
- (15) In addition, certain third countries have animal health conditions that are equivalent to those provided for in Union legislation. Therefore, imports of birds from those countries should be excluded from the scope of this Regulation.
- (16) Certain derogations should also be considered for those birds found to be infected with low pathogenic avian influenza and Newcastle disease in an approved quarantine facility or centre, in those cases where the occurrence of disease does not pose a risk to the animal health status of the Union.
- (17) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Subject matter

This Regulation lays down the animal health conditions for imports of certain birds into the Union, from the third countries and parts thereof referred to in Annex I, and the quarantine conditions for such imports.

Article 2

Scope

This Regulation shall apply to animals of the avian species.

However, it shall not apply to:

- (a) poultry;
- (b) birds imported for conservation programmes approved by the competent authority in the Member State of destination;
- (c) pet animals referred to in the third paragraph of Article 1 of Directive 92/65/EEC, accompanying their owner;
- (d) birds intended for zoos, circuses, amusement parks or experiments;
- (e) birds destined for bodies, institutes or centres approved according to Article 13 of Directive 92/65/EEC;

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 10, 14.1.2006, p. 16.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 237, 31.8.2006, p. 1.

- (f) racing pigeons which are introduced to the territory of the Union from a neighbouring third country where they are normally resident and then immediately released with the expectation that they will fly back to that third country;
- (g) birds imported from Andorra, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, San Marino, Switzerland, and the Vatican City State.

Article 3

Definitions

For the purposes of this Regulation, the definitions of Directive 2005/94/EC shall apply except for the definition of poultry in point 4 of Article 2 of that Directive. For the purposes of this Regulation 'poultry' means fowl, turkeys, guinea fowl, ducks, geese, quails, pigeons, pheasants, partridges and ratites (*Ratitae*) reared or kept in captivity for breeding, the production of meat or eggs for consumption, or for restocking supplies of game.

The following definitions shall also apply:

- (a) 'birds' means animals of the avian species other than those referred to in the second paragraph of Article 2;
- (b) 'approved breeding establishment' means:
 - (i) an establishment used exclusively for the breeding of birds; and
 - (ii) that has been inspected and approved by the competent authority of the exporting third country for compliance with the conditions provided for in Article 4 and Annex II;
- (c) 'captive bred birds' means birds that have not been caught in the wild but have been born and bred in captivity from parents that mated or had gametes otherwise transferred in captivity;
- (d) 'seamlessly closed leg-ring' means a ring or band in a continuous circle, without any break or join, which has not been tampered with in any way, of a size which cannot be removed from the bird when its leg is fully grown after having been applied in the first days of the bird's life and which has been commercially manufactured for that purpose;
- (e) 'approved quarantine facility' means premises, other than quarantine centres:
 - (i) in which quarantine of imported birds is carried out;
 - (ii) which has been inspected and approved by the competent authority for compliance with the minimum conditions provided for in Article 6 and Annex IV;
- (f) 'approved quarantine centre' means premises:
 - (i) in which quarantine of imported birds is carried out;
 - (ii) containing a number of units, which are operationally and physically separated from each other and in which each unit contains only birds of the same consignment, with the same health status, and therefore comprises a single epidemiological unit;
 - (iii) which has been inspected and approved by the competent authority for compliance with the minimum conditions provided for in Article 6 and Annex IV;
- (g) 'sentinel birds' means poultry which are to be used as a diagnostic aid during quarantine;
- (h) 'diagnostic manual' means the Diagnostic Manual for avian influenza set out in the Annex to Decision 2006/437/EC.

Article 4

Approved breeding establishments

Approved breeding establishments shall comply with the following conditions:

- (a) the breeding establishment must be approved by the competent authority in accordance with the conditions set out in Annex II, and assigned an approval number;
- (b) that approval number must have been communicated to the Commission by that authority;
- (c) the name and approval number of the breeding establishment must appear on a list of breeding establishments drawn up by the Commission;
- (d) the approval of the breeding establishment must be immediately withdrawn or suspended by the competent authority where it no longer complies with the conditions set out in Annex II and the Commission must be immediately informed thereof.

Article 5

Import conditions

Imports of birds shall be authorised only if the birds comply with the following conditions:

- (a) the birds are captive bred birds;
- (b) the birds must originate from third countries or parts thereof referred to in Annex I;
- (c) the birds come from approved breeding establishments that comply with the conditions laid down in Article 4;
- (d) the birds were subjected to a laboratory virus detection test 7 to 14 days prior to shipment with negative results for any avian influenza and Newcastle disease virus;
- (e) the birds have not been vaccinated against avian influenza;

- (f) the birds are accompanied by an animal health certificate in accordance with the model set out in Annex III (the animal health certificate);
- (g) the birds are identified with an individual identification number by means of a uniquely marked seamlessly closed leg-ring or a microchip in accordance with Article 66(2) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 865/2006 ⁽¹⁾;
- (h) the individual identification number of leg-rings or microchips provided for in point (g) must contain at least the following:
 - the ISO code of the exporting third country performing the identification,
 - a unique serial number;
- (i) the individual identification number provided for in point (g) must be registered on the animal health certificate;
- (j) the birds are transported in new containers which are individually identified externally with an identification number that must correspond with the identification number indicated on the animal health certificate.

Article 6

Approved quarantine facilities and centres

Approved quarantine facilities and centres shall comply with the minimum conditions set out in Annex IV.

Each Member State shall draw up and keep up to date a list of approved quarantine facilities and centres and their approval numbers and make it available to the Commission, to the other Member States and to the public.

Article 7

Direct transport of birds to approved quarantine facilities or centres

Birds shall be transported directly from the border inspection post to an approved quarantine facility or centre in cages or crates.

The total journey time from that post to that quarantine facility or centre must not normally exceed nine hours.

When vehicles are used for this journey they shall be sealed by the competent authorities with a tamper proof seal.

Article 8

Attestation

Importers or their agents shall provide a written attestation, in an official language of the Member State of entry, and signed by the person responsible for the quarantine facility or centre certifying that the birds will be accepted for quarantine.

That attestation shall:

- (a) clearly indicate the name and address and approval number of the quarantine facility or centre;

- (b) reach the border inspection post via e-mail or fax prior to time of arrival of the consignment at that post or shall be presented by the importer or his agent before the birds are released from the border inspection post.

Article 9

Transit of birds in the Union

Where birds are introduced into the Union via a Member State other than that of destination, all measures shall be taken to ensure that the consignment reaches the intended Member State of destination.

Article 10

Monitoring of the transport of birds

1. Where Union legislation provides for the monitoring of birds from the border inspection post to the approved quarantine facility or centre at the place of destination, the following exchanges of information shall be provided:

- (a) the official veterinarian responsible for the border inspection post shall notify the competent authority responsible for the approved quarantine facility or centre at the place of destination of the consignment, of the place of origin and the place of destination of the birds via the Traces network;
- (b) the person responsible for the approved quarantine facility or centre of destination shall notify by e-mail or fax, within one working day of the date of arrival of the consignment at the quarantine facility or centre, the official veterinarian responsible for the approved quarantine facility or centre at the place of destination of the arrival of the consignment at its destination;
- (c) the official veterinarian responsible for the approved quarantine facility or centre at the place of destination of the consignment shall notify via the Traces network, within three working days of the date of arrival of the consignment at the quarantine facility or centre, the official veterinarian responsible for the border inspection post who notified him of the shipment of the consignment of the arrival of the consignment at its destination.

2. If confirmation is provided to the competent authority responsible for the border inspection post, that the birds declared as being intended for an approved quarantine facility or centre have not arrived at their destination within three working days of the estimated date of arrival of the consignment at the quarantine facility or centre, the competent authority shall take appropriate measures vis-à-vis the person responsible for the consignment.

Article 11

Quarantine provisions

1. The birds shall be quarantined for at least 30 days in an approved quarantine facility or centre ('the quarantine').

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 166, 19.6.2006, p. 1.

2. At least at the beginning and the end of quarantine of each consignment, the official veterinarian shall inspect the conditions of quarantine, including an examination of the mortality records and a clinical inspection of the birds in the approved quarantine facility or in each unit of the approved quarantine centre.

However, the official veterinarian shall carry out inspections more frequently if required by the disease situation.

Article 12

Examination, sampling and testing to be carried out in relation to a consignment during quarantine

1. The examination, sampling and testing procedures for avian influenza and Newcastle disease, set out in Annex V, shall be carried out following the arrival of the birds in quarantine.

2. When sentinel birds are used a minimum of 10 sentinel birds shall be used in the approved quarantine facility or in each unit of the approved quarantine centre.

3. Sentinel birds used for examination, sampling and testing procedures shall be:

- (a) at least three weeks old and used only once for those purposes;
- (b) leg-banded for identification purposes or identified with another non-removable identification;
- (c) unvaccinated and have been found sero-negative for avian influenza and Newcastle disease within a period of 14 days before the date of commencement of quarantine;
- (d) placed in the approved quarantine facility or in a unit of the approved quarantine centre before the arrival of the birds in the common airspace and as close as possible to the birds in such a way that close contact between the sentinel birds and the excrements of the birds in quarantine is ensured.

Article 13

Action in case of a suspected disease in an approved quarantine facility or centre

1. If during quarantine in an approved quarantine facility, it is suspected that one or more birds and/or sentinel birds are infected with avian influenza or Newcastle disease, the following measures shall be taken:

- (a) the competent authority shall place the approved quarantine facility under official supervision;
- (b) samples for virological examination as set out in point 2 of Annex V shall be taken from those birds and sentinel birds and shall be analysed accordingly;

(c) no birds shall enter or leave the approved quarantine facility until the suspicion is ruled out.

2. If the suspicion of avian influenza or Newcastle disease in the affected approved quarantine facility as referred to in paragraph 1 is confirmed, the following measures shall be taken:

- (a) all birds and sentinel birds in the approved quarantine facility shall be killed and destroyed;
- (b) the approved quarantine facility shall be cleaned and disinfected;
- (c) no birds shall enter the approved quarantine facility until 21 days following the final cleaning and disinfection.

3. If during quarantine in an approved quarantine centre, it is suspected that one or more birds and/or sentinel birds in a unit of the quarantine centre are infected with avian influenza or Newcastle disease, the following measures shall be taken:

- (a) the competent authority shall place the approved quarantine centre under official supervision;
- (b) samples for virological examination as set out in point 2 of Annex V shall be taken from those birds and sentinel birds and shall be analysed accordingly;
- (c) no birds shall enter or leave the approved quarantine centre until the suspicion is ruled out.

4. If the suspicion of avian influenza or Newcastle disease in the affected unit of the approved quarantine centre as referred to in paragraph 3 is confirmed, the following measures shall be taken:

- (a) all birds and sentinel birds in the affected unit of the approved quarantine centre shall be killed and destroyed;
- (b) the unit concerned shall be cleaned and disinfected;
- (c) the following samples shall be taken:

- (i) where sentinel birds are used, not earlier than 21 days following the final cleaning and disinfection of the unit concerned, samples for serological examination as set out in Annex V must be taken from sentinel birds in the other quarantine units; or
- (ii) where no sentinel birds are used, during 7 to 15 days following the final cleaning and disinfection, samples for virological examination as set out in point 2 of Annex V must be taken from birds in the other quarantine units;

(d) no birds shall leave the approved quarantine centre until the results of the sampling provided for in point (c) have been confirmed as negative.

5. Member States shall inform the Commission of any measures taken under this Article.

Article 14

Derogations relating to a positive finding of low pathogenic avian influenza or Newcastle disease in an approved quarantine facility or centre

1. Where during quarantine one or more birds and/or sentinel birds are found to be infected with low pathogenic avian influenza (LPAI) or Newcastle disease, the competent authority may, based on a risk assessment, grant derogations from the measures provided for in Article 13(2)(a) and (4)(a), provided that such derogations do not endanger disease control (the derogation).

Member States shall immediately inform the Commission of any such derogations.

2. When an official veterinarian inspects an approved quarantine facility or centre that has been granted a derogation, and one or more of the birds and/or sentinel birds are found to be infected with LPAI or Newcastle disease, the measures set out in paragraphs 3 to 7 shall be complied with.

Member States shall immediately inform the Commission of any such measures.

3. In the case of a positive finding of LPAI, instead of the standard samples as provided for in the diagnostic manual, the following samples shall be taken for laboratory testing, 21 days following the date of the last positive finding of LPAI in the approved quarantine facility or from each unit in the approved quarantine centre and at intervals of 21 days:

- (a) samples of any dead sentinel birds or other birds present at the time of sampling;
- (b) tracheal/oropharyngeal and cloacal swabs from at least 60 birds or from all birds where there are less than 60 present at the approved quarantine facility or the unit concerned of the approved quarantine centre; or if the birds are small, exotic and not used to being handled or handling them would be dangerous for people, samples of fresh faeces must be collected; the sampling and laboratory testing of such samples must continue until two consecutive negative laboratory results are obtained which must be at least at an interval of 21 days.

However, the competent authority may grant derogations from the sample size provided for in this paragraph, based on the outcome of a risk assessment.

4. In the case of a positive finding of Newcastle disease, the competent authority may only grant a derogation provided that in the 30 days following the death or clinical recovery of the last case of that disease, sampling in accordance with points 1 and 2 of Annex V, not taking account of the reference to the time period specified, has been carried out with negative results.

5. Birds shall not be released from quarantine until at least the laboratory testing period provided for in paragraph 3 has elapsed.

6. The approved quarantine facility or the unit concerned of the approved quarantine centre shall be cleaned and disinfected after it has been emptied. Any matter or waste likely to have been contaminated as well as all the waste that has accumulated during the laboratory testing period provided for in paragraph 3 shall be removed in such a way that ensures that the pathogen is not spread, and destroyed in such a way that guarantees the destruction of the virus of LPAI or Newcastle disease present.

7. The repopulation of the approved quarantine facility or centre shall not take place for a period of 21 days following the date of completion of the final cleansing and disinfection as provided for in paragraph 6.

Article 15

Action in case of suspected Chlamydiosis

If during quarantine in an approved quarantine facility or centre, it is suspected or confirmed that psittaciformes are infected with *Chlamydophila psittaci* all birds of the consignment shall be treated by a method approved by the competent authority and the quarantine shall be prolonged for at least two months following the date of the last recorded case.

Article 16

Release from quarantine

Birds shall only be released from quarantine in an approved quarantine facility or centre on written authorisation by an official veterinarian.

Article 17

Notification and reporting requirements

1. Member States shall communicate to the Commission within 24 hours any case of avian influenza or Newcastle disease detected in an approved quarantine facility or centre.

2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the following information on an annual basis:

- (a) the number of birds imported via approved quarantine facilities and centres per species and per approved breeding establishment of origin;
- (b) information regarding the mortality rate for imported birds from the animal health certification procedure in the country of origin to the end of the quarantine period;
- (c) the number of cases of positive findings of avian influenza, Newcastle disease and *Chlamydophila psittaci* in approved quarantine facilities or centres.

*Article 18***Cost relating to quarantine**

All quarantine costs incurred by the application of this Regulation shall be borne by the importer.

*Article 19***Repeal**

Regulation (EC) No 318/2007 is repealed.

References to the repealed Regulation shall be construed as references to this Regulation and shall be read in accordance with the correlation table in Annex VII.

*Article 20***Entry into force**

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 January 2013.

For the Commission

The President

José Manuel BARROSO

*ANNEX I***List of third countries from which imports of captive bred birds are authorised**

1. Third countries or parts thereof listed in columns 1 and 3 of the table in Part 1 of Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 798/2008 ⁽¹⁾, where column 4 of that table provides for a model veterinary certificate for breeding or productive poultry other than ratites (BPP);
2. Argentina;
3. Philippines: National Capital Region.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 226, 23.8.2008, p. 1.

ANNEX II

Conditions governing approval of breeding establishments in the third country of origin as provided for in Article 4

CHAPTER 1

Approval of breeding establishments

In order to be granted approval as provided for in Article 4, a breeding establishment shall comply with the conditions set out in this Chapter.

- (1) The breeding establishment must be clearly demarcated and separated from its surroundings or the animals confined and located so as not to pose a health risk to animal holdings whose health status might be jeopardised.
- (2) It must have adequate means for catching, confining and isolating animals and have available adequate approved quarantine facilities and approved procedures for animals coming from establishments that have not been approved.
- (3) The person responsible for the breeding establishment must have adequate experience in the breeding of birds.
- (4) The breeding establishment must be free of avian influenza, Newcastle disease and *Chlamydophila psittaci*; in order for it to be declared free from those diseases, the competent authority shall assess the records on the animal health status kept for at least the previous three years before the date of the application for approval and the results of the clinical and laboratory tests carried out on the animals therein. However, new breeding establishments shall only be approved on the results of the clinical and laboratory tests carried out on the animals in such establishments.
- (5) It must keep up-to-date records indicating:
 - (a) the number and identity (age, sex, species and individual identification number where practical) of the animals of each species present in the breeding establishment;
 - (b) the number and identity (age, sex, species and individual identification number where practical) of animals arriving in the breeding establishment or leaving it, together with information on their origin or destination, the transport from or to the breeding establishment and the animals health status;
 - (c) the results of blood tests or any other diagnostic procedures;
 - (d) cases of disease and, where appropriate, the treatment administered;
 - (e) the results of the post-mortem examinations on animals that have died in the breeding establishment, including still-born animals;
 - (f) observations made during any isolation or quarantine period.
- (6) The breeding establishment must either have an arrangement with a competent laboratory to perform post-mortem examinations, or have one or more appropriate premises where such examinations may be performed by a competent person under the authority of the approved veterinarian.
- (7) The breeding establishment must either have suitable arrangements or on-site facilities for the appropriate disposal of the bodies of animals which die of a disease or are euthanised.
- (8) The breeding establishment must secure, by contract or legal instrument, the services of a veterinarian approved by and under the control of the competent authority of the exporting third country, who:
 - (a) shall ensure that appropriate disease surveillance and control measures in relation to the disease situation of the country concerned are approved by the competent authority and applied in the breeding establishment. Such measures shall include:
 - (i) an annual disease surveillance plan including appropriate zoonoses control of the animals;
 - (ii) clinical, laboratory and post-mortem testing of animals suspected to be affected by transmissible diseases;
 - (iii) vaccination of susceptible animals against infectious diseases as appropriate, in conformity with the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE);
 - (b) shall ensure that any suspect deaths or the presence of any other symptoms suggesting that animals have contracted avian influenza, Newcastle disease or *Chlamydophila psittaci* is notified without delay to the competent authority of the third country;
 - (c) shall ensure that animals entering the breeding establishment have been isolated as necessary, and in accordance with the requirements of this Regulation and the instructions, if any, given by the competent authority;

- (d) shall be responsible for the day to day compliance with the animal health requirements of this Regulation and of Union legislation on welfare of animals during transport.
- (9) If the breeding establishment breeds animals intended for laboratories carrying out experiments, the general care and accommodation of such animals must be in conformity with the requirements of Article 33 of Directive 2010/63/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾.

CHAPTER 2

Maintaining the approval of breeding establishments

Breeding establishments shall only remain approved as such if they comply with the conditions set out in this Chapter.

- (1) The premises are under the control of an official veterinarian from the competent authority, who shall:
 - (a) ensure that the conditions set out in this Regulation are met;
 - (b) visit the premises of the breeding establishment at least once per year;
 - (c) audit the activity of the approved veterinarian and the implementation of the annual disease surveillance plan;
 - (d) verify that the results of the clinical, post-mortem and laboratory tests on the animals have revealed no occurrence of avian influenza, Newcastle disease or *Chlamydophila psittaci*.
- (2) Only animals coming from another approved breeding establishment are introduced into the breeding establishment, in accordance with the conditions set out in this Regulation.
- (3) The breeding establishment shall keep the records referred to in point 5 of Chapter 1 following the date of approval, for a period of at least 10 years.

CHAPTER 3

Quarantine of birds introduced from other sources than approved breeding establishments

By way of derogation from point 2 of Chapter 2, birds introduced from sources other than approved breeding establishments, may be introduced in a breeding establishment after approval for such an introduction is given by the competent authority, provided that such animals undergo quarantine in accordance with the instructions given by the competent authority before being added to the collection. The quarantine period must be at least 30 days.

CHAPTER 4

Suspending, withdrawing or regranting approval of breeding establishments

The procedures for partly or completely suspending, withdrawing or regranting approval of breeding establishments shall comply with the conditions set out in this Chapter.

- (1) Where the competent authority finds that a breeding establishment no longer complies with the conditions set out in Chapters 1 and 2, or there has been a change of use so that it is no longer used exclusively for the breeding of birds, it shall suspend or withdraw the approval of such establishment.
- (2) Where the competent authority has received notification of the suspicion of avian influenza, Newcastle disease or *Chlamydophila psittaci*, it shall suspend the approval of the breeding establishment, until the suspicion has been officially ruled out. It shall ensure that the measures necessary to confirm or rule out the suspicion and to avoid any spread of disease are taken, in accordance with the requirements of Union legislation governing measures to be taken against the disease in question and on trade in animals.
- (3) Where the suspected disease is confirmed, the competent authority may only approve the breeding establishment again in accordance with Chapter 1 following:
 - (a) the eradication of the disease and the source of infection in the breeding establishment;
 - (b) the suitable cleaning and disinfection of the breeding establishment;
 - (c) the fulfilling of the conditions laid down in Chapter 1, with the exception of point 4.
- (4) The competent authority shall immediately inform the Commission of the suspension, withdrawal or regranting of approval of any breeding establishment.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 276, 20.10.2010, p. 33.

ANNEX III

**Animal health certificate as referred to in point (f) of article 5 for imports of certain birds other than poultry
intended for dispatch to the Union**

COUNTRY

Veterinary certificate to EU

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment	I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel. No		I.2. Certificate reference number		I.2.a.									
			I.3. Central competent authority											
			I.4. Local competent authority											
	I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel. No		I.6.											
	I.7. Country of origin		ISO code		I.8. Region of origin		Code		I.9. Country of destination		ISO code		I.10.	
	I.11. Place of origin Holding ☐ Name Address Approval number						I.12. Place of destination Name Address Approval number							
	I.13. Place of loading Address Approval number						I.14. Date of departure Time of departure							
	I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification: Documentary references:						I.16. Entry border inspection post (BIP)							
							I.17. No(s) of CITES							
	I.18. Description of commodity						I.19. Commodity code (HS code)							
						I.20. Quantity								
I.21.						I.22. Number of packages								
I.23. Identification of container/seal number						I.24.								
I.25. Commodities certified for: Quarantine ☐														
I.26.						I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐								
I.28. Identification of the commodities Species (Scientific name) Identification system Identification number Quantity														

COUNTRY

Captive Bred Birds

		II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.
Part II: Certification	II.1. Health attestation		
	I, the undersigned official veterinarian of (insert name of third country) certify that:		
	II.1.1. The birds have been kept in a breeding establishment approved by the competent authority for that purpose on the territory of the exporting country for at least 21 days or since hatching.		
	II.1.2. The birds are captive bred (the birds have not been caught in the wild and have been born and bred in captivity from parents that mated or had gametes otherwise transferred in captivity).		
	II.1.3. The birds described in point I.28 have been subjected either today, within 48 hours, or on the last working day prior to dispatch, to a clinical inspection and found free of obvious signs of disease.		
	II.1.4. Newcastle Disease and avian influenza in poultry and other birds kept in captivity and psittacosis in psittaciforms ⁽¹⁾ are notifiable diseases.		
	II.1.5. The birds come from a holding, which is not under animal health restrictions in connection with any diseases referred to in II.1.4.		
	II.1.6. Avian influenza and Newcastle disease outbreaks have not been notified either in the holding of origin or in the surrounding area within a radius of 10 km for at least 30 days.		
	II.1.7. Only in the case of psittaciforms ⁽¹⁾ : outbreaks of psittacosis have not been reported in the breeding establishment during the last 60 days.		
	II.1.8. The birds were subjected to a laboratory virus detection test 7 to 14 days prior to shipment with negative results for any avian influenza and Newcastle disease virus.		
II.1.9. The birds have not been vaccinated against avian influenza.			
II.1.10. The birds have:			
(²) [not been vaccinated against Newcastle Disease.]			
or			
(²) [have been vaccinated against Newcastle Disease using:			
.....			
(name and type (live or inactivated) of Newcastle disease virus strain used in vaccine(s)) at the age of weeks.]			
II.2. Transport of the birds			
II.2.1. In case of CITES-listed species the birds will be transported according to 'CITES guidelines for transport'.			
II.2.2. The birds described in this certificate are transported in crates or cages, which:			
(a) contain only birds coming from the same breeding establishment;			
(b) contain only birds of the same species or which consist of different compartments, each compartment containing only birds of the same species;			
(c) bear the name and the address of the establishment of origin and a specific registration number of the establishment and a specific identification number of the individual crate or cage;			
(d) are constructed in such a way so as to:			
(i) preclude the loss of excrement and to minimise the loss of feathers during transport;			
(ii) allow visual inspection of the birds;			
(iii) allow cleansing and disinfection;			

COUNTRY**Captive Bred Birds**

II.a. Certificate reference number

II.b.

(e) are being used for the first time and have been, as well as the vehicle in which they are loaded, cleaned and disinfected before loading in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority;

(f) in the case of air transport, are at least in accordance with the most recent IATA (International Airline Transport Association) rules governing the transport of live animals,

*Notes***Part I**

- Box reference: I.11: Place of origin: the holding can only be a breeding establishment according to the definition of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 139/2013.
- Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or containers and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship). Separate information is to be provided in the event of unloading and reloading,
- Box reference I.19: use the appropriate HS codes: 01.36.31, 01.06.32, 01.06.39.
- Box reference I.23: Identification of container: each crate/cage/compartiment must be identified.

Part II

(¹) Only applicable in case of psittaciforms.

(²) Keep as appropriate.

- Note for the importer: this certificate is only for veterinary purposes and has to accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post,
- After the import control at the border inspection post, this consignment must be transported directly to an approved quarantine facility or centre,
- The certificate is valid for 10 days. In case of transport by boat the validity is prolonged by the time of the sea voyage.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capitals):

Qualification and title:

Date:

Signature:

Stamp:

ANNEX IV

Minimum conditions for approved quarantine facilities and centres for birds as referred to in article 6

Approved quarantine facilities and centres shall comply with the conditions set out in Chapters 1 and 2.

CHAPTER 1

Construction and equipment of quarantine facilities or centres

- (1) The quarantine facility or centre must be a separate building or buildings which are separated from other poultry holdings and other bird holdings by a distance specified by the competent authority based on a risk assessment which takes into account the epidemiology of avian influenza and Newcastle disease. Entry/exit doors must be lockable with signs indicating: 'QUARANTINE — No admission for unauthorised persons'.
- (2) Each quarantine unit of the quarantine centre must occupy a separate airspace.
- (3) The quarantine facility or centre must be bird, fly and vermin proof and sealable so as to permit fumigation.
- (4) The approved quarantine facility and each unit of an approved quarantine centre must be equipped with hand washing facilities.
- (5) Entry and exit doors to the approved quarantine facility and to each unit of an approved quarantine centre must be double door systems.
- (6) Hygiene barriers must be installed at all entrances/exits to the approved quarantine facility and the different units of an approved quarantine centre.
- (7) All equipment must be constructed in such a way that it can be cleaned and disinfected.
- (8) The feed store must be bird and rodent proof and must be protected against insects.
- (9) A container must be available to store litter and must be bird and rodent proof.
- (10) A refrigerator and/or freezer must be provided for holding carcasses.

CHAPTER 2

Management requirements

- (1) Approved quarantine facilities and centres must:
 - (a) have an efficient control system so as to ensure adequate surveillance of the animals;
 - (b) be under the control and responsibility of the official veterinarian;
 - (c) be cleaned and disinfected in accordance with a programme approved by the competent authority after which there shall be an appropriate resting period; the disinfectants used must be approved for that purpose by the competent authority.
- (2) For each consignment of birds quarantined:
 - (a) the approved quarantine facility or unit of an approved quarantine centre must be cleaned and disinfected and then be kept free of birds for at least seven days before the imported birds are introduced;
 - (b) the consignment of birds must come from a single approved breeding establishment in the third country of origin and be introduced over a period of not more than 48 hours;
 - (c) the quarantine period must start when the last bird is introduced;
 - (d) the approved quarantine facility or unit of an approved quarantine centre must be emptied of birds, cleaned and disinfected at the end of the quarantine period.
- (3) Precautions shall be taken to prevent cross-contamination between incoming and outgoing consignments.
- (4) Unauthorised persons shall not enter the approved quarantine facility or centre.
- (5) Persons entering the approved quarantine facility or centre must wear protective clothing including footwear.

- (6) No contacts between personnel shall take place, which may cause contamination between approved quarantine facilities or units of approved quarantine centres.
- (7) Appropriate equipment shall be available for cleaning and disinfection.
- (8) If identification by microchipping is used, an appropriate microchip reader shall be available at the approved quarantine facility or centre.
- (9) Cleaning and disinfection of the cages or crates used for the transport must be carried out at the approved quarantine facility or centre unless they are destroyed. If reused, they must be made of a material that allows effective cleaning and disinfection. The cages and crates must be destroyed in such a way so as to avoid spread of disease causing agents.
- (10) Litter and waste material shall be collected regularly, stored in the litter container and subsequently treated in such a way as to avoid spread of disease-causing agents.
- (11) Carcasses of birds must be examined in an official laboratory designated by the competent authority.
- (12) The necessary analyses and treatments of birds must be carried out in consultation with and under the control of the official veterinarian.
- (13) The official veterinarian must be informed of diseases and death of birds and/or sentinel birds during the quarantine.
- (14) The person in charge of the approved quarantine facility or centre must keep a record of:
 - (a) the date, number and species of birds entering and leaving for each consignment;
 - (b) copies of the animal health certificates and the Common Veterinary Entry Documents accompanying the imported birds;
 - (c) individual identification numbers of the imported birds, and in case of identification by microchip the details of the type of microchip and the reader used shall be recorded;
 - (d) if in the quarantine facility or centre sentinel birds are used, the number and placing of the sentinel birds in the quarantine facility or centre;
 - (e) any significant observation: cases of illness and number of deaths on a daily basis;
 - (f) dates and results of testing;
 - (g) types and dates of treatment;
 - (h) persons entering and leaving the quarantine facility or centre.
- (15) The records referred to in point 14 shall to be kept for at least 10 years.

CHAPTER 3

Suspending, withdrawing or regranting approval of quarantine facilities and centres

The procedures for partly or completely suspending, withdrawing or regranting approval of quarantine facilities and centres shall comply with the conditions set out in this Chapter.

- (1) Where the competent authority finds that a quarantine facility or centre no longer complies with the conditions set out in Chapters 1 and 2, or there has been a change of use which is no longer covered by Article 3(e) and (f), it shall inform the Commission of this fact. Such quarantine facilities or centres shall not be used for imports in accordance with this Regulation.
 - (2) Approval shall only be regranting to a quarantine facility or centre when the conditions laid down in Chapters 1 and 2 are again fulfilled.
-

ANNEX V

Examination, sampling and testing procedures for avian influenza and Newcastle disease

- (1) During quarantine either the sentinel birds, or if sentinel birds are not used, the imported birds, shall be subjected to the following procedures:
 - (a) with use of sentinel birds:
 - (i) blood samples for serological examination must be taken from all sentinel birds not less than 21 days following their entry into the quarantine and at least three days before the end of the quarantine;
 - (ii) if sentinel birds show positive or inconclusive serological results for the samples referred to in point (i), the imported birds must be subjected to virological examination; cloacal swabs (or faeces) and tracheal/oropharyngeal swabs must be taken from at least 60 birds or from all birds if the consignment is less than 60 birds;
 - (b) without use of sentinel birds, imported birds must be examined virologically (serological testing not being appropriate). Tracheal/oropharyngeal and/or cloacal swabs (or faeces) must be taken from at least 60 birds or from all birds if the consignment is less than 60 birds, during the first 7 to 15 days of the quarantine.
 - (2) In addition to the testing set out in point 1, the following samples shall be taken for virological examination:
 - (a) cloacal swabs (or faeces) and tracheal/oropharyngeal swabs, if possible, from clinically ill birds or ill sentinel birds;
 - (b) from the intestinal contents, brain, trachea, lungs, liver, spleen, kidneys and other obviously affected organs as soon as possible following the death from either:
 - (i) dead sentinel birds and all birds dead on arrival and those which die during quarantine; or
 - (ii) in the case of high mortality in small birds of large consignments from at least 10 % of the dead birds.
 - (3) All virological and serological testing of samples taken during quarantine must be carried out in official laboratories designated by the competent authority using diagnostic procedures in accordance with the diagnostic manual for avian influenza and the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of the OIE for Newcastle disease. For virological examination pooling of samples up to a maximum of five samples of individual birds in one pool is allowed. Faecal material must be pooled separately from other organ and tissue samples.
 - (4) Virus isolates must be submitted to the national reference laboratory.
-

ANNEX VI

Repealed Regulation with list of its successive amendments

Commission Regulation (EC) No 318/2007	(OJ L 84, 24.3.2007, p. 7).
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1278/2007	(OJ L 284, 30.10.2007, p. 20).
Commission Regulation (EC) No 86/2008	(OJ L 27, 31.1.2008, p. 8).
Commission Regulation (EC) No 311/2008	(OJ L 93, 4.4.2008, p. 3).
Commission Regulation (EC) No 607/2008	(OJ L 166, 27.6.2008, p. 18).
Commission Regulation (EC) No 754/2008	(OJ L 205, 1.8.2008, p. 6).
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1219/2008	(OJ L 330, 9.12.2008, p. 4).
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1294/2008	(OJ L 340, 19.12.2008, p. 41).
Commission Regulation (EC) No 201/2009	(OJ L 71, 17.3.2009, p. 3).
Commission Regulation (EC) No 555/2009	(OJ L 164, 26.6.2009, p. 37).
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1118/2009	(OJ L 307, 21.11.2009, p. 3).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 239/2010	(OJ L 75, 23.3.2010, p. 18).
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 66/2012	(OJ L 23, 26.1.2012, p. 1).
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 390/2012	(OJ L 121, 8.5.2012, p. 18).

ANNEX VII

Correlation Table

Regulation (EC) No 318/2007	This Regulation
Articles 1 and 2	Articles 1 and 2
Article 3, first paragraph	Article 3, first paragraph
Article 3, second paragraph, points (a) to (h)	Article 3, second paragraph, points (a) to (h)
Article 3, second paragraph, point (i)	—
Article 4	Article 4
Article 5, introductory wording	Article 5, introductory wording
Article 5, point (a)	Article 5, point (a)
Article 5, point (b)	Article 5, point (b)
Article 5, point (ba)	Article 5, point (c)
Article 5, point (c)	Article 5, point (d)
Article 5, point (d)	Article 5, point (e)
Article 5, point (e)	Article 5, point (f)
Article 5, point (f)	Article 5, point (g)
Article 5, point (g)	Article 5, point (h)
Article 5, point (h)	Article 5, point (i)
Article 5, point (i)	Article 5, point (j)
Articles 6 to 18	Articles 6 to 18
Article 19	—
—	Article 19
Article 20, first paragraph	Article 20
Article 20, second paragraph	—
Annexes I to IV	Annexes I to IV
Annex VI	Annex V
—	Annex VI
—	Annex VII

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 140/2013**of 18 February 2013****entering a name in the register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications (Pa de Pagès Català (PGI))**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 November 2012 on quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 52(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 entered into force on 3 January 2013. It repealed and replaced Council Regulation (EC) No 510/2006 of 20 March 2006 on the protection of geographical indications and designations of origin for agricultural products and foodstuffs ⁽²⁾.

- (2) Pursuant to Article 6(2) of Regulation (EC) No 510/2006, Spain's application to register the name 'Pa de Pagès Català' was published in the *Official Journal of the European Union* ⁽³⁾.

- (3) As no statement of objection under Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 510/2006 has been received by the Commission, that name should therefore be entered in the register,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The name contained in the Annex to this Regulation is hereby entered in the register.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 February 2013.

*For the Commission,
On behalf of the President,
Dacian CIOLOŞ
Member of the Commission*

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 343, 14.12.2012, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 93, 31.3.2006, p. 12.

⁽³⁾ OJ C 128, 3.5.2012, p. 14.

ANNEX

Agricultural products and foodstuffs listed in Part I of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012:

Class 2.4. Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares

SPAIN

Pa de Pagès Català (PGI)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 141/2013**of 19 February 2013****implementing Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on Community statistics on public health and health and safety at work, as regards statistics based on the European Health Interview Survey (EHIS)****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on Community statistics on public health and health and safety at work ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 9(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008 establishes a common framework for the systematic production of European statistics on public health and health and safety at work.
- (2) Pursuant to Article 9(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008, implementing measures are needed to specify the data and metadata to be provided on health status, health determinants and health care covered by Annex I to that Regulation and to set the reference periods and intervals for providing these data.
- (3) Those data represent a minimum statistical data set that should allow better monitoring of the Union's health programmes and policies on social inclusion and social protection, health inequalities and healthy ageing.
- (4) Confidential data sent by Member States to the Commission (Eurostat) should be handled in accordance with the principle of statistical confidentiality as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics ⁽²⁾ and with Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data ⁽³⁾.
- (5) A cost-benefit analysis has been carried out and evaluated in accordance with Article 6 of Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008. It has demonstrated that the availability of

comparable Union-wide data is likely to be of great benefit for health and social policy decisions and for scientific purposes, with the use of common tools allowing data consistency across countries, even though the related costs would vary depending on the degree of integration of the requested variables and methodology within existing national surveys.

- (6) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the European Statistical System Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1***Scope**

European statistics based on the European Health Interview Survey (EHIS) shall concern health status, health care and health determinants as well as socio-demographic characteristics of the population aged 15 and over.

*Article 2***Definitions**

For the purpose of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:

1. 'household' means a person living alone or a group of people who live together in the same private dwelling and share expenditure, including the joint provision of the essentials of living; this definition does not cover collective households such as hospitals, care or residential homes, prisons, military barracks, religious institutions, boarding houses or hostels.
2. 'usual residence' means the place where a person normally spends the daily period of rest, regardless of temporary absences for purposes of recreation, holidays, visits to friends and relatives, business, medical treatment or religious pilgrimage or in default, the place of legal or registered residence.

Only the following persons shall be considered to be usual residents of the geographical area in question:

- (a) those who have lived in their place of usual residence for a continuous period of at least 12 months before the reference date; or

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 354, 31.12.2008, p. 70.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 8, 12.1.2001, p. 1.

- (b) those who arrived in their place of usual residence in the 12 months before the reference date with the intention of staying there for at least one year.

Where the circumstances referred to in points (a) or (b) cannot be established, 'usual residence' shall mean the place of legal or registered residence.

3. 'microdata' means non-aggregated observations or measurements of characteristics of individual units.
4. 'metadata' means data defining and describing other data as well as statistical business processes.

Article 3

Data required

1. Each Member State shall provide to the Commission (Eurostat) the microdata set out in Annex I.
2. These microdata shall be based on nationally representative probability samples.
3. With a view to achieving a high level of harmonisation of the survey results across countries, the Commission (Eurostat), in close cooperation with Member States, shall propose methodological and practical recommendations and guidelines on sampling and the implementation of the survey in the form of a 'European Health Interview Survey Manual' including a model questionnaire.
4. The minimum effective sample size, calculated on the assumption of simple random sampling, is set out in Annex II. Weighting factors shall be calculated to take into account the units' probability of selection, non-response and, as appropriate, adjustment of the sample to external data relating to the distribution of persons in the target population.
5. Small parts of the national territory amounting to no more than 2 % of the national population of respective Member States and the national territories listed in Annex III are excluded.

Article 4

Reference year and population

1. The reference year shall be 2013, 2014 or 2015.

2. The reference population shall be individuals aged 15 and over living in private households residing in the territory of the Member State concerned at the time of the data collection.

3. The collection of data shall be spread over at least three months including at least one month of the autumn season (September-December).

Article 5

Reference metadata

1. The quality-related reference metadata shall be provided according to the European Statistical System standard specified by the Commission (Eurostat) and agreed with the Member States.
2. Member States shall provide these metadata to the Commission (Eurostat) not later than two months after transmission of the microdata.

Article 6

Provision of microdata and reference metadata to the Commission (Eurostat)

1. Member States shall provide finalised, validated and weighted microdata and quality-related reference metadata required by this Regulation in accordance with an exchange standard specified by the Commission (Eurostat). Microdata and quality-related reference metadata shall be provided using the Single Entry Point services.
2. Microdata shall be made available at the latest by 30 September 2015 or nine months after the end of the national data collection period in cases where the survey is carried out beyond December 2014.

Article 7

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 February 2013.

For the Commission

The President

José Manuel BARROSO

ANNEX I

Microdata to be submitted to the Commission (Eurostat)

TECHNICAL SURVEY VARIABLES

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
PID	Identification number of respondent	10-digit number – 1 missing	Everybody
HHID	Identification number of household	10-digit number – 1 missing	Everybody
PRIMSTRAT	Primary strata as used in the selection of the sample	0001 – 9999 – 2 not applicable (no stratification)	Everybody
PSU	Primary sampling units as used in the selection of the sample	0001 – 9999 – 2 not applicable (no multistage sampling)	Everybody
WGT	Final individual weight	Number 5.3 – 1 missing	Everybody
PROXY	Was the selected person interviewed or someone else (proxy interview)	1 Person himself/herself 2 Other member of the household 3 Someone else outside the household – 1 missing	Everybody
REFYEAR	Reference year of the interview	4 digits	Everybody
REFMONTH	Reference month of the interview	1 – 12 – 1 missing	Everybody
INTMETHOD	Data collection method used	10 Postal, non-electronic version 11 Postal, electronic version (e-mail) 20 Face-to-face, non-electronic version 21 Face-to-face, electronic version 30 Telephone, non-electronic version 31 Telephone, electronic version	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		40 Use of internet 50 Mixed mode collection (e.g.: both postal and interview to collect data)	
INTLANG	Language used for interview	3-digit codes (Standard Code List Eurostat) – 1 missing	Everybody

CORE SOCIAL VARIABLES

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
SEX	Sex of respondent	1 Male 2 Female – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
AGE	Age of respondent in completed years at the time of the interview	digit number – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
COUNTRY	Country of residence	2 digits based on NUTS, at the most aggregated level (level 0 or country level) – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
BIRTHPLACE	Country of birth	10 Native-born 21 Born in another EU Member State 22 Born in non-EU country – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CITIZEN	Country of citizenship at time of data collection	10 National/has citizenship of the reporting country 21 Non-national/does not have citizenship of the reporting country but national of other EU Member States 22 Non-national/does not have citizenship of the reporting country but non-EU country nationality – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
REGION	Region of residence	Coding according to NUTS at 2-digit level – 1 missing	Everybody
DEG_URB	Degree of urbanisation	1 Densely-populated area 2 Intermediate-populated area 3 Thinly-populated area – 1 missing	Everybody
MARSTALEGAL	Legal marital status	1 Never married and never been in a registered partnership 2 Married or in a registered partnership 3 Widowed or in registered partnership that ended with death of partner (not remarried or in new registered partnership) 4 Divorced or in registered partnership that was legally dissolved (not remarried or in new registered partnership) – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
MARSTADE-FACTO	De facto marital status	1 Person living in a consensual union 2 Person not living in a consensual union – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HATLEVEL	Highest level of education completed (Educational attainment)	Based on ISCED-2011 classification 0 — Early childhood development, pre-primary education 1 — Primary education 2 — Lower secondary education 3 — Upper secondary education 4 — Post-secondary but non-tertiary education 5 — Tertiary education; short-cycle 6 — Tertiary education; bachelor level or equivalent	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		7 — Tertiary education; master level or equivalent 8 — Tertiary education; doctoral level or equivalent – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	
MAINSTAT	Self-declared labour status	10 Carries out a job or profession, including unpaid work for a family business or holding, an apprenticeship or paid traineeship, etc. 20 Unemployed 31 Pupil, student, further training, unpaid work experience 32 In retirement or early retirement or has given up business 33 Permanently disabled 34 In compulsory military or community service 35 Fulfilling domestic tasks 36 Other inactive person – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
FT_PT	Full or part-time work	1 Full-time 2 Part-time – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	MAINSTAT = 10
JOBSTAT	Status in employment	10 Self-employed 21 Employee with a permanent job/work contract of unlimited duration 22 Employee with a temporary job/work contract of limited duration – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	MAINSTAT = 10
JOBISCO	Occupation in employment	ISCO-08 coded at 2-digit level – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	MAINSTAT = 10

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
LOCNACE	Economic sector in employment	NACE Rev. 2 — sections – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	MAINSTAT = 10
HHNBPERS	Number of persons living in household, including the respondent	0 – 98 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HHNBPERS_0_4	Number of persons aged 4 or younger	0 – 98 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HHNBPERS_5_13	Number of persons aged from 5 to 13	0 – 98 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HHNBPERS_14_15	Number of persons aged from 14 to 15	0 – 98 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HHNBPERS_16_24	Number of persons aged from 16 to 24	0 – 98 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HHNBPERS_25_64	Number of persons aged from 25 to 64	0 – 98 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HHNBPERS_65plus	Number of persons aged 65 and over	0 – 98 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HHTYPE	Type of household	10 One-person household 21 Lone parent with child(ren) aged less than 25 22 Couple without child(ren) aged less than 25 23 Couple with child(ren) aged less than 25 24 Couple or lone parent with child(ren) aged less than 25 and other persons living in household 25 Other type of household – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HH_ACT	Number of persons aged 16 – 64 in the household who are employed	0 – 98 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
HH_INACT	Number of persons aged 16 – 64 in the household who are unemployed or are economically inactive	0 – 98 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HHINCOME	Net monthly equivalised income of the household	1 Below 1st quintile 2 Between 1st quintile and 2nd quintile 3 Between 2nd quintile and 3rd quintile 4 Between 3rd quintile and 4th quintile 5 Between 4th quintile and 5th quintile – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody

HEALTH VARIABLES

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
<i>Health status — Minimum European Health Module</i>			
HS1	Self perceived general health: how a person perceives his/her health in general	1 Very good 2 Good 3 Fair 4 Bad 5 Very bad – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HS2	Long-standing health problem: Suffer from any illness or health problem of a duration of at least six months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HS3	General activity limitation: Limitation in activities people usually do because of health problems for at least the past six months	1 Severely limited 2 Limited but not severely 3 Not limited at all – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Diseases and chronic conditions</i>			
CD1a	Suffering from asthma in the past 12 months (allergic asthma included)	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
CD1b	Suffering from chronic bronchitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or emphysema in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1c	Suffering from a myocardial infarction (heart attack) in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1d	Suffering from a coronary heart disease or angina pectoris in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1e	Suffering from high blood pressure in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1f	Suffering from a stroke (cerebral haemorrhage, cerebral thrombosis) in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1g	Suffering from arthrosis (arthritis excluded) in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1h	Suffering from a low back disorder or other chronic back defect in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1i	Suffering from a neck disorder or other chronic neck defect in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1j	Suffering from diabetes in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
CD1k	Suffering from an allergy, such as rhinitis, eye inflammation, dermatitis, food allergy or other (allergic asthma excluded) in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1l	Suffering from cirrhosis of the liver in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1m	Suffering from urinary incontinence, problems in controlling the bladder in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1n	Suffering from kidney problems in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
CD1o	Suffering from depression in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Accidents and injuries</i>			
AC1a	Occurrence of a road traffic accident in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
AC1b	Occurrence of an accident at home in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
AC1c	Occurrence of a leisure accident in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
AC2	Most serious medical care intervention for the most serious accident in the past 12 months	1 Admission to a hospital or any other health facility 2 A doctor or nurse 3 No intervention was needed – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AC1a = 1 or AC1b = 1 or AC1c = 1

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
<i>Absence from work (due to health problems)</i>			
AW1	Absent from work due to personal health problems in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if MAINSTAT = 10
AW2	Number of days of absence from work due to personal health problems in the past 12 months	Number of days – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AW1 = 1
<i>Physical and sensory functional limitations</i>			
PL1	Wearing glasses or contact lenses	1 Yes 2 No 3 Blind or can not see at all – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PL2	Difficulty in seeing, even when wearing glasses or contact lenses	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	If PL1 = 1 or 2
PL3	Use of a hearing aid	1 Yes 2 No 3 Profoundly deaf – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PL4	Difficulty in hearing what is said in a conversation with one other person in a quiet room even when using a hearing aid	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	If PL3 = 1 or 2

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
PL5	Difficulty in hearing what is said in a conversation with one other person in a noisier room even when using a hearing aid	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	If PL3 = 1 or 2 and PL4 = 1 or 2 or 3
PL6	Difficulty in walking half a km on level ground without the use of any aid	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PL7	Difficulty in walking up or down 12 steps	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Personal care activities</i>			
PC1a	Difficulty in feeding yourself	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AGE >= 65
PC1b	Difficulty in getting in and out of a bed or chair	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AGE >= 65
PC1c	Difficulty in dressing and undressing	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty	if AGE >= 65

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	
PC1d	Difficulty in using toilets	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AGE >= 65
PC1e	Difficulty in bathing or showering	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AGE >= 65
PC2	Usually receiving help with one or more self-care activities: feeding yourself, getting in and out of a bed or chair, dressing and undressing, using toilets, bathing or showering	1 Yes, with at least one activity 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if (AGE >= 65) and {PC1a ≠ 1 or PC1b ≠ 1 or PC1c ≠ 1 or PC1d ≠ 1 or PC1e ≠ 1}
PC3	Need to receive help or more help with one or more self-care activities: feeding yourself, getting in and out of a bed or chair, dressing and undressing, using toilets, bathing or showering	1 Yes, with at least one activity 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if (AGE >= 65) and {PC1a ≠ 1 or PC1b ≠ 1 or PC1c ≠ 1 or PC1d ≠ 1 or PC1e ≠ 1}
<i>Household activities</i>			
HA1a	Difficulty in preparing meals	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do 5 Not applicable (never tried it or do not need to do it)	if AGE >= 65

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		– 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	
HA1b	Difficulty in using the telephone	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do 5 Not applicable (never tried it or do not need to do it) – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AGE >= 65
HA1c	Difficulty to do shopping	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do 5 Not applicable (never tried it or do not need to do it) – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AGE >= 65
HA1d	Difficulty in managing medication	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do 5 Not applicable (never tried it or do not need to do it) – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AGE >= 65
HA1e	Difficulty in doing light housework	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do 5 Not applicable (never tried it or do not need to do it)	if AGE >= 65

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		– 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	
HA1f	Difficulty in doing occasional heavy housework	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do 5 Not applicable (never tried it or do not need to do it) – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AGE >= 65
HA1g	Difficulty in taking care of finances and everyday administrative tasks	1 No difficulty 2 Some difficulty 3 A lot of difficulty 4 Cannot do at all/Unable to do 5 Not applicable (never tried it or do not need to do it) – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AGE >= 65
HA2	Usually receiving help with one or more domestic activities: preparing meals, using the telephone, shopping, managing medication, light or occasional heavy housework, taking care of finances and everyday administrative tasks	1 Yes, with at least one activity 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if (AGE >= 65) and {HA1a ≠ 1 or HA1b ≠ 1 or HA1c ≠ 1 or HA1d ≠ 1 or HA1e ≠ 1 or HA1f ≠ 1 or HA1g ≠ 1}
HA3	Need for help or more help with one or more domestic activities: preparing meals, using the telephone, shopping, managing medication, light or occasional heavy housework, taking care of finances and everyday administrative tasks	1 Yes, with at least one activity 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if (AGE >= 65) and {HA1a ≠ 1 or HA1b ≠ 1 or HA1c ≠ 1 or HA1d ≠ 1 or HA1e ≠ 1 or HA1f ≠ 1 or HA1g ≠ 1}
<i>Pain</i>			
PN1	Intensity of bodily pain during the past 4 weeks	1 None 2 Very mild 3 Mild	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		4 Moderate 5 Severe 6 Very severe – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	
PN2	Extent that pain interfered with normal work during the past 4 weeks (including both work outside the home and housework)	1 Not at all 2 A little bit 3 Moderately 4 Quite a bit 5 Extremely – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Mental health</i>			
MH1a	Extent of having little interest or pleasure in doing things over the last 2 weeks	1 Not at all 2 Several days 3 More than half the days 4 Nearly every day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
MH1b	Extent of feeling down, depressed or hopeless over the last 2 weeks	1 Not at all 2 Several days 3 More than half the days 4 Nearly every day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
MH1c	Extent of having trouble falling or staying asleep, or sleeping too much over the last 2 weeks	1 Not at all 2 Several days 3 More than half the days 4 Nearly every day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
MH1d	Extent of feeling tired or having little energy over the last 2 weeks	1 Not at all 2 Several days 3 More than half the days 4 Nearly every day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
MH1e	Extent of having poor appetite or overeating over the last 2 weeks	1 Not at all 2 Several days 3 More than half the days 4 Nearly every day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
MH1f	Extent of feeling bad about yourself, feeling being a failure over the last 2 weeks	1 Not at all 2 Several days 3 More than half the days 4 Nearly every day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
MH1g	Extent of having trouble concentrating on things, such as reading the newspaper or watching television, over the last 2 weeks	1 Not at all 2 Several days 3 More than half the days 4 Nearly every day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
MH1h	Extent of moving or speaking so slowly that other people could have noticed or being so fidgety or restless, over the last 2 weeks	1 Not at all 2 Several days 3 More than half the days 4 Nearly every day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Health care</i>			
<i>Use of inpatient and day care</i>			
HO1	Admission as an inpatient in a hospital in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HO2	Number of nights spent as a patient in a hospital in the past 12 months	Number 1 – 99 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if HO1 = 1

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
HO3	Admission as a day patient in a hospital in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
HO4	Number of times admitted as a day patient in a hospital in the past 12 months	Number 1 – 300 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if HO3 = 1
<i>Use of ambulatory and home care</i>			
AM1	Last time of a visit to a dentist or orthodontist (for personal treatment)	1 Less than 6 months ago 2 6 to 12 months ago 3 12 months ago or longer 4 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
AM2	Last time of a consultation of a general practitioner or family doctor (for personal treatment)	1 Less than 12 months ago 2 12 months ago or longer 3 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
AM3	Number of consultations of a general practitioner or family doctor during the past four weeks (for personal treatment)	Number 0 – 99 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	If AM2 = 1
AM4	Last time of a consultation of a medical or surgical specialist (for personal treatment)	1 Less than 12 months ago 2 12 months ago or longer 3 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
AM5	Number of consultations of a medical or surgical specialist during the past four weeks (for personal treatment)	Number 0 – 99 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	If AM4 = 1
AM6a	Consultation of a physiotherapist or kinesiotherapist in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
AM6b	Consultation of a psychologist or psychotherapist in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
AM7	Use of any home care services for personal needs during the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Medicine use</i>			
MD1	Use of any medicines prescribed by a doctor during the past two weeks (excluding contraception)	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
MD2	Use of any medicines, herbal medicines or vitamins not prescribed by a doctor during the past two weeks	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Preventive services</i>			
PA1	Last time of vaccination against flu	Month/year (MMYYYY) Never or too long ago (0) – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PA2	Last time of blood pressure measurement by a health professional	1 Within the past 12 months 2 1 to less than 3 years 3 3 to less than 5 years 4 More than 5 years 5 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PA3	Last time of blood cholesterol measurement by a health professional	1 Within the past 12 months 2 1 to less than 3 years 3 3 to less than 5 years	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		4 More than 5 years 5 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	
PA4	Last time of blood sugar measurement by a health professional	1 Within the past 12 months 2 1 to less than 3 years 3 3 to less than 5 years 4 More than 5 years 5 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PA5	Last time of a faecal occult blood test	1 Within the past 12 months 2 1 to less than 2 years 3 2 to less than 3 years 4 More than 3 years 5 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PA6	Last time of a colonoscopy	1 Within the past 12 months 2 1 to less than 5 years 3 5 to less than 10 years 4 More than 10 years 5 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PA7	Last time of a mammography (breast X-ray)	1 Within the past 12 months 2 1 to less than 2 years 3 2 to less than 3 years 4 More than 3 years 5 Never	If SEX = 2

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		– 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	
PA8	Last time of a cervical smear test	1 Within the past 12 months 2 1 to less than 2 years 3 2 to less than 3 years 4 More than 3 years 5 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	If SEX = 2

Unmet needs for health care

UN1a	Unmet need for health care in the past 12 months due to long waiting list(s)	1 Yes 2 No 3 No need for health care – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
UN1b	Unmet need for health care in the past 12 months due to distance or transportation problems	1 Yes 2 No 3 No need for health care – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
UN2a	Could not afford medical examination or treatment in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No 3 No need – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
UN2b	Could not afford dental examination or treatment in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No 3 No need – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
UN2c	Could not afford prescribed medicines in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No 3 No need – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
UN2d	Could not afford mental health care (by a psychologist or a psychiatrist for example) in the past 12 months	1 Yes 2 No 3 No need – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Health determinants</i>			
<i>Weight and height</i>			
BM1	Height without shoes	Number in cm – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
BM2	Weight without clothes and shoes	Number in kg – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Physical activity/exercise</i>			
PE1	Physical effort of working tasks (both paid and unpaid work activities included)	1 Mostly sitting or standing 2 Mostly walking or tasks of moderate physical effort 3 Mostly heavy labour or physically demanding work 4 Not performing any working tasks – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PE2	Number of days in a typical week walking to get to and from places at least 10 minutes continuously	Number of days 1 – 7 0 I never carry out such physical activities – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PE3	Time spent on walking to get to and from places on a typical day	1 10 – 29 minutes per day 2 30 – 59 minutes per day 3 1 hour to less than 2 hours per day	if PE2 ≠ 0

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		4 2 hours to less than 3 hours per day 5 3 hours or more per day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	
PE4	Number of days in a typical week bicycling to get to and from places at least 10 minutes continuously	Number of days 1 – 7 0 I never carry out such physical activities – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PE5	Time spent on bicycling to get to and from places on a typical day	1 10 – 29 minutes per day 2 30 – 59 minutes per day 3 1 hour to less than 2 hours per day 4 2 hours to less than 3 hours per day 5 3 hours or more per day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if PE4 ≠ 0
PE6	Number of days in a typical week doing sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) physical activities that cause at least a small increase in breathing or heart rate for at least 10 minutes continuously	Number of days 1 – 7 0 I never carry out such physical activities – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
PE7	Time spent on doing sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) physical activities in a typical week	HHMM (hours/minutes) – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if PE6 ≠ 0
PE8	Number of days in a typical week doing muscle-strengthening activities	Number of days 1 – 7 0 I never carry out such physical activities – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody

Consumption of fruit and vegetables

FV1	Frequency of eating fruit, excluding juice	1 Once or more a day 2 4 to 6 times a week 3 1 to 3 times a week 4 Less than once a week	Everybody
-----	--	---	-----------

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		5 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	
FV2	Number of portions of fruit a day, excluding juice	Number 1 – 99 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if FV1 = 1
FV3	Frequency of eating vegetables or salad, excluding juice and potatoes	1 Once or more a day 2 4 to 6 times a week 3 1 to 3 times a week 4 Less than once a week 5 Never – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
FV4	Number of portions of vegetables or salad, excluding juice and potatoes a day	Number 1 – 99 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if FV3 = 1
<i>Smoking</i>			
SK1	Type of smoking behaviour	1 Daily smoking 2 Occasional smoking 3 No smoking – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
SK2	Kind of tobacco product consumed	1 Cigarettes (manufactured and/or hand-rolled) 2 Cigars 3 Pipe tobacco 4 Other – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if SK1 = 1 or 2
SK3	Average number of cigarettes a day	Number 1 – 99 – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if SK1 = 1 and SK2 = 1

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
SK4	Frequency of exposure to tobacco smoke indoors	1 Never or almost never 2 Less than 1 hour per day 3 1 hour or more a day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Alcohol consumption</i>			
AL1	Frequency of consumption of an alcoholic drink of any kind (beer, wine, cider, spirits, cocktails, premixes, liqueurs, homemade alcohol...) in the past 12 months	1 Every day or almost 2 5 – 6 days a week 3 3 – 4 days a week 4 1 – 2 days a week 5 2 – 3 days in a month 6 Once a month 7 Less than once a month 8 Not in the past 12 months, as I no longer drink alcohol 9 Never, or only a few sips or tries, in my whole life – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
AL2	Frequency of consumption of an alcoholic drink for Monday — Thursday	1 On all 4 days 2 On 3 of the 4 days 3 On 2 of the 4 days 4 On 1 of the 4 days 5 On none of the 4 days – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AL1 = 1, 2, 3 or 4
AL3	Number of alcoholic (standard) drinks on average on one of the days (Monday to Thursday)	1 16 or more drinks a day 2 10 – 15 drinks a day 3 6 – 9 drinks a day 4 4 – 5 drinks a day 5 3 drinks a day 6 2 drinks a day	If (AL1 = 1, 2, 3 or 4) and (AL2 = 1, 2, 3 or 4)

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
		7 1 drink a day 8 0 drink a day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	
AL4	Frequency of consumption of an alcoholic drink for Friday — Sunday	1 On all 3 days 2 On 2 of the 3 days 3 On 1 of the 3 days 4 On none of the 3 days – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AL1 = 1, 2, 3 or 4
AL5	Number of alcoholic (standard) drinks on average on one of the days (Friday — Sunday)	1 16 or more drinks a day 2 10 – 15 drinks a day 3 6 – 9 drinks a day 4 4 – 5 drinks a day 5 3 drinks a day 6 2 drinks a day 7 1 drink a day 8 0 drink a day – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if (AL1 = 1, 2, 3 or 4) and (AL4 = 1, 2, or 3)
AL6	Frequency of risky single-occasion drinking (equivalent of 60 g of pure ethanol or more) during the past 12 months	1 Every day or almost 2 5 – 6 days a week 3 3 – 4 days a week 4 1 – 2 days a week 5 2 – 3 days in a month 6 Once a month 7 Less than once a month 8 Not in the past 12 months 9 Never in my whole life – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if AL1 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7

Variable name	Description	Answer categories and codes	Filter
<i>Social support</i>			
SS1	Number of close people to count on in case of serious personal problems	1 None 2 1 or 2 3 3 to 5 4 6 or more – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
SS2	Degree of concern shown by other people in what the person is doing	1 A lot of concern and interest 2 Some concern and interest 3 Uncertain 4 Little concern and interest 5 No concern and interest – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
SS3	How easy is it to get practical help from neighbours in case of need	1 Very easy 2 Easy 3 Possible 4 Difficult 5 Very difficult – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
<i>Provision of informal care or assistance</i>			
IC1	Providing care or assistance to one or more persons suffering from some age problem, chronic health condition or infirmity, at least once a week (professional activities excluded)	1 Yes 2 No – 1 missing (don't know, refusal)	Everybody
IC2	Prevailing relationship of the person(s) suffering from any chronic condition or infirmity or due to old age being provided with care or assistance at least once a week from the respondent	1 Member(s) of respondent's family 2 Non-member(s) of respondent's family – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if IC1 = 1
IC3	Number of hours per week the respondent provides care or assistance to the person(s) suffering from any chronic condition or infirmity or due to old age	1 Less than 10 hours per week 2 At least 10 but less than 20 hours per week 3 20 hours per week or more – 1 missing (don't know, refusal) – 2 not applicable	if IC1 = 1

ANNEX II

Final sample sizes to be achieved

	Persons aged 15 or over to be interviewed
EU Member States	
Belgium	6 500
Bulgaria	5 920
Czech Republic	6 510
Denmark	5 350
Germany	15 260
Estonia	4 270
Ireland	5 057
Greece	6 667
Spain	11 620
France	13 110
Italy	13 180
Cyprus	4 095
Latvia	4 555
Lithuania	4 850
Luxembourg	4 000
Hungary	6 410
Malta	3 975
Netherlands	7 515
Austria	6 050
Poland	10 690
Portugal	6 515
Romania	8 420
Slovenia	4 486
Slovakia	5 370
Finland	5 330
Sweden	6 200
United Kingdom	13 085
Total of EU Member States	194 990
Switzerland	5 900
Iceland	3 940
Norway	5 170
Total including Switzerland, Iceland and Norway	210 000

ANNEX III

National territories that are excluded from the survey

Country	National territories
France	French Overseas Departments and territories
Cyprus	The non-government controlled area
Netherlands	Caribbean Islands (Bonaire, St. Eustatius and Saba), the West Frisian Islands with the exception of Texel
Ireland	All offshore islands with the exception of Achill, Bull, Cruit, Gorumna, Inishnee, Lettermore, Lettermullan and Valentia
United Kingdom	Scotland north of the Caledonian Canal, the Scilly Islands

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 142/2013**of 19 February 2013****amending Regulation (EC) No 2535/2001 as regards the data relating to the body issuing certificates
in New Zealand for the export of milk products**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 of 22 October 2007 establishing a common organisation of agricultural markets and on specific provisions for certain agricultural products (Single CMO Regulation) ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 144(1) and Article 148(c), in conjunction with Article 4 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Regulation (EC) No 2535/2001 of 14 December 2001 laying down detailed rules for applying Council Regulation (EC) No 1255/1999 as regards the import arrangements for milk and milk products and opening tariff quotas ⁽²⁾ lists in its Annex XII bodies responsible for issuing inward-monitoring arrangement (IMA 1) certificates.
- (2) New Zealand has communicated to the Commission a change, as from 1 March 2013, of the name and the

location of the issuing body listed in that Annex. In view of that it is necessary to update the data relating to the issuing body in New Zealand listed in Annex XII to that Regulation.

- (3) Regulation (EC) No 2535/2001 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for the Common Organisation of Agricultural Markets,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Annex XII to Regulation (EC) No 2535/2001 is amended in accordance with the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply to the IMA 1 certificates issued from 1 March 2013.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 February 2013.

For the Commission

The President

José Manuel BARROSO

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 299, 16.11.2007, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 341, 22.12.2001, p. 29.

ANNEX

In Annex XII to Regulation (EC) No 2535/2001, the entry for New Zealand is replaced by the following:

'New Zealand	ex 0405 10 11 ex 0405 10 19 ex 0405 10 30 ex 0406 90 01 ex 0406 90 21	Butter Butter Butter Cheese for processing Cheddar	Ministry for Primary Industries	Pastoral House 25 The Terrace PO Box 2526 Wellington 6140 Tel. +64 4 894 0100 Fax + 64 4 894 0720 www.mpi.govt.nz'
--------------	---	--	---------------------------------	--

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 143/2013**of 19 February 2013****amending Directive 2007/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Regulation (EC) No 692/2008 as regards the determination of CO₂ emissions from vehicles submitted to multi-stage type-approval****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 715/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2007 on type-approval of motor vehicles with respect to emissions from light passenger and commercial vehicles (euro 5 and euro 6) and on access to vehicle repair and maintenance information ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5(3) thereof,

Having regard to Directive 2007/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 September 2007 establishing a framework for the approval of motor vehicles and their trailers, and of systems, components and separate technical units intended for such vehicles (Framework Directive) ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 39(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 715/2007 establishes common technical requirements for the type-approval of motor vehicles and replacement parts with regard to their emissions and lays down rules for in-service conformity, durability of pollution control devices, on-board diagnostic (OBD) systems, measurement of fuel consumption and accessibility of vehicle repair and maintenance information.
- (2) Commission Regulation (EC) No 692/2008 of 18 July 2008 implementing and amending Regulation (EC) No 715/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council on type-approval of motor vehicles with respect to emissions from light passenger and commercial vehicles (euro 5 and euro 6) and on access to vehicle repair and maintenance information ⁽³⁾ lays down the administrative provisions for checking the conformity of vehicles with regard to CO₂ emissions and sets out the requirements for the measurement of CO₂ emissions and fuel consumption of such vehicles.
- (3) Regulation (EU) No 510/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 May 2011 setting emission performance standards for new light commercial vehicles as part of the Union's integrated approach to reduce CO₂ emissions from light-duty

vehicles ⁽⁴⁾, lays down the obligation to set up a procedure to obtain representative values of CO₂ emissions, fuel efficiency and mass of completed vehicles while ensuring that the manufacturer of the base vehicle has timely access to the mass and to the specific emissions of CO₂ of the completed vehicle.

- (4) Pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 510/2011, the specific emissions of CO₂ of completed vehicles are to be allocated to the manufacturer of the base vehicle. When establishing the monitoring procedure to ensure that the values of CO₂ emissions, fuel efficiency and mass of completed vehicles are representative, the method for determining the mass and CO₂ values should be set out, if appropriate, based on a table of CO₂ values corresponding to different final inertia weight classes or based on only one CO₂ value derived from the base vehicle mass plus a default added mass differentiated by N₁ class.
- (5) On the basis of those alternative methods, indicated in point 7 of Part B of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 510/2011, different options were considered and assessed in terms of accuracy, representativeness and feasibility. The option based on testing the base vehicle with a single estimated mass value, where the component corresponding to the bodywork is calculated by applying a polynomial formula dependent of the reference mass of the base vehicle, presents the best balance between accuracy in terms of CO₂ emissions determination from the completed vehicle, costs involved, and ease of implementation.
- (6) In order to ensure that the performance of vehicle manufacturers in reducing CO₂ emissions pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 510/2011 can be adequately and efficiently monitored, it is necessary to include the relevant information in the certificate of conformity.
- (7) Sufficient lead time should be given in order to allow manufacturers and national authorities to adapt their procedures to the new rules.
- (8) In the light of the experience gained from the application of the procedure for determining the CO₂ emissions from completed vehicles and the monitoring of those emissions, it is appropriate to review the procedure and evaluate the representativeness of the CO₂ emissions as well as the efficacy and accuracy of the monitoring of CO₂ emissions at the latest by the end of 2016.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 171, 29.6.2007, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 199, 28.7.2008, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 145, 31.5.2011, p. 1.

- (9) Directive 2007/46/EC and Regulation (EC) No 692/2008 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (10) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Technical Committee – Motor Vehicles,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Annexes I and IX to Directive 2007/46/EC are amended in accordance with Annex I to this Regulation.

Article 2

Annexes I and XII to Regulation (EC) No 692/2008 are amended in accordance with Annex II to this Regulation.

Article 3

The Commission shall assess the need to review the procedure set out in points 5.1 to 5.7 of Annex XII to Regulation (EC) No 692/2008 as amended by this Regulation.

On the basis of that assessment and no later than 31 December 2016, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and the Council accompanied, if appropriate, by any appropriate proposals.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 February 2013.

Article 4

1. For a transitional period until 1 January 2014, certificates of conformity of base vehicles of category N₁ within the scope of Regulation (EC) No 715/2007 issued in accordance with Directive 2007/46/EC and Regulation (EC) No 692/2008 before the amendments introduced by this Regulation, shall continue to be valid.

2. For a transitional period until 1 January 2014, certificates of conformity of completed vehicles of category N₁ within scope of Regulation (EC) No 715/2007 issued in accordance with Directive 2007/46/EC and Regulation (EC) No 692/2008 before the amendments introduced by this Regulation, shall continue to be valid.

3. With effect from 1 January 2013, national authorities shall consider certificates of conformity complying with the requirements set out in this Regulation to be valid.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 1 January 2014, with the exception of Article 4(3) which shall apply from 1 January 2013.

For the Commission

The President

José Manuel BARROSO

ANNEX I

Annexes I and IX to Directive 2007/46/EC are amended as follows:

(1) in Annex I, the following points 2.17, 2.17.1 and 2.17.2 are added:

‘2.17. Vehicle submitted to multi-stage type-approval (only in the case of incomplete or completed vehicles of category N₁ within the scope of Regulation (EC) No 715/2007: yes/no ⁽¹⁾)

2.17.1. Mass of the base vehicle in running order:kg.

2.17.2. Default added mass, calculated in accordance with Section 5 of Annex XII to Regulation (EC) No 692/2008:kg.’

(2) Annex IX is amended as follows:

(a) Part I, Complete and completed vehicles, is amended as follows:

(i) in Model B – Side 1, Completed vehicles, EC certificate of conformity, the following point 0.2.2 is inserted:

‘0.2.2. Type-approval information of the base vehicle ⁽⁹⁾:

Type:

Variant ^(a):

Version ^(a):

Type-approval number, including extension number’

(ii) in Model B – Side 1, Completed vehicles, EC certificate of conformity, the following point 0.5.1 is inserted:

‘0.5.1. Name and address of the manufacturer of the base vehicle ⁽⁹⁾’

(iii) in Side 2 – Vehicle category N₁ (complete and completed vehicles), the following point 14 is inserted:

‘14. Mass of the base vehicle in running order:kg ⁽¹⁾⁽⁹⁾’

(b) in the ‘Explanatory notes relating to Annex IX’, the following explanatory note ⁽⁹⁾ is added:

‘⁽⁹⁾ In the case of completed vehicles of category N₁ within the scope of Regulation (EC) No 715/2007.’

ANNEX II

Annexes I and XII to Regulation (EC) No 692/2008 are amended as follows:

(1) in Appendix 3 of Annex I, the following points 2.17, 2.17.1 and 2.17.2 are inserted:

‘2.17. Vehicle submitted to multi-stage type-approval (only in the case of incomplete or completed vehicles of category N₁ within the scope of Regulation (EC) No 715/2007): yes/no ⁽¹⁾

2.17.1. Mass of the base vehicle in running order: kg

2.17.2. Default added mass, calculated in accordance with Section 5 of Annex XII to Regulation (EC) No 692/2008: kg’

(2) in Annex XII, the following Section 5 is added:

‘5. DETERMINATION OF CO₂ EMISSIONS AND FUEL CONSUMPTION FROM N₁ VEHICLES SUBMITTED TO MULTI-STAGE TYPE-APPROVAL

5.1. For the purpose of determining the CO₂ emissions and fuel consumption of a vehicle submitted to multi-stage type-approval, as defined in Article 3(7) of Directive 2007/46/EC, the base vehicle, as defined in Article 3(18) of that Directive, shall be tested in accordance with points 2 and 3 of this Annex.

5.2. The reference mass to be used for the testing shall be the one resulting from the following formula:

$$RM = RM_{Base_Vehicle} + DAM$$

In this formula:

RM = reference mass to be used for the testing in kg

RM_{Base_Vehicle} = reference mass of the base vehicle, as defined in Article 3(3) of Regulation (EC) No 715/2007, in kg

DAM = default added mass, calculated in accordance with the formula set out in point 5.3, corresponding to the estimated weight of the bodywork fitted to the base vehicle, in kg.

5.3. The default added mass shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$DAM: a \times (TPMLM - RM_{Base_Vehicle})$$

In this formula:

DAM = default added mass in kg

a = multiplying factor, calculated in accordance with the formula set out in point 5.4

TPMLM = technically permissible maximum laden mass, stated by the manufacturer of the base vehicle, in kg

RM_{Base_Vehicle} = reference mass of the base vehicle, as defined in Article 3(3) of Regulation (EC) No 715/2007, in kg.

5.4. The multiplying factor shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$a = 3,162 \cdot 10^{-7} RM_{Base_vehicle}^2 - 5,823396 \cdot 10^{-4} RM_{Base_vehicle} + 0,4284491516$$

In this formula:

a = multiplying factor

RM_{Base_Vehicle} = reference mass of the base vehicle, as defined in Article 3(3) of Regulation (EC) No 715/2007, in kg.

5.5. The manufacturer of the base vehicle is responsible for the correct application of the requirements laid down in points 5.1 to 5.4.

- 5.6. The manufacturer of the completed vehicle shall include, in the certificate of conformity, the information concerning the base vehicle, in accordance with Annex IX to Directive 2007/46/EC.
- 5.7. In the case of vehicles submitted to individual vehicle approval, the individual approval certificate shall include the following information:
- (a) the CO₂ emissions measured according to the methodology set out in points 5.1 to 5.4;
 - (b) the mass of the completed vehicle in running order;
 - (c) the identification code corresponding to the type, variant and version of the base vehicle;
 - (d) the type-approval number of the base vehicle, including the extension number;
 - (e) the name and address of the manufacturer of the base vehicle;
 - (f) the mass of the base vehicle in running order.
- 5.8. The procedure set out in points 5.1 to 5.7 shall apply to base vehicles of category N₁, as defined in point 1.2.1 of Part A of Annex II to Directive 2007/46/EC, included in the scope of Regulation (EC) No 715/2007.
-

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 144/2013

of 19 February 2013

amending Regulation (EC) No 606/2009 as regards certain oenological practices and the applicable restrictions and Regulation (EC) No 436/2009 as regards the registering of these practices in the documents accompanying consignments of wine products and the wine sector registers to be kept

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 of 22 October 2007 establishing a common organisation of agricultural markets and on specific provisions for certain agricultural products (Single CMO Regulation) ⁽¹⁾, and in particular the third and fourth paragraphs of Article 121, Article 185a, Article 185c(3) and Article 192, in conjunction with Article 4 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) In accordance with Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 606/2009 of 10 July 2009 laying down certain detailed rules for implementing Council Regulation (EC) No 479/2008 as regards the categories of grapevine products, oenological practices and the applicable restrictions ⁽²⁾, authorised oenological practices are laid down in Annex I to that Regulation. The International Organisation of Vine and Wine (OIV) has amended the conditions of use of certain oenological practices already authorised in the European Union. In order to provide EU producers with the same possibilities as those available to third-country producers, the conditions of use of these oenological practices should be amended in the EU on the basis of the conditions of use defined by the OIV.
- (2) The OIV has adopted new oenological practices. In order to provide EU producers with the new possibilities available to third-country producers, these new oenological practices should be authorised in the EU under the conditions of use defined by the OIV.
- (3) Appendix 10 to Annex I A to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009 contains requirements for the partial dealcoholisation of wine. The concept of partial dealcoholisation of wine has been replaced at the OIV by that of the correction of the alcohol content of wine. The text of the Appendix should therefore be amended. The Appendix also stipulates that Member States may provide that the partial dealcoholisation of wine be subject to notification to the competent authorities. In order to ensure efficient controls it should be specified that this is an advance notification before the implementation in practice of the dealcoholisation treatment.
- (4) Wines from Italy of the type 'aleatico' which have the right to the protected designation of origin 'Pergola' and

to the traditional expression 'passito', and wines from Hungary with a protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication and having the right to the expression 'jégbor' have a very high sugar content and are produced in small quantities. In order to ensure the preservation of these wines, Italy and Hungary have requested a derogation from the maximum limit on sulphur dioxide content. Maximum limits on sulphur dioxide content of 350 mg/l for the Italian wines and 400 mg/l for the Hungarian wines should be authorised.

- (5) Carbon dioxide not originating from alcoholic fermentation of the cuvée may be present in sparkling wines as a result of gaseous exchanges taking place when carbon dioxide is used for transfer by counter-pressure. These gaseous exchanges do not increase the carbon dioxide pressure and therefore should not lead to the conclusion that these products have been aerated. It should be clarified that only gaseous exchanges with carbon dioxide from alcoholic fermentation of the cuvée which are inevitable as a result of transfer by counter-pressure must be accepted.
- (6) In accordance with Article 120g of Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007, Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009 provides for certain methods of analysis enabling the establishment of the composition of products in the wine sector and rules enabling it to be established whether these products have been subject to treatment in breach of authorised oenological practices, in the absence of methods or rules recommended and published by the OIV. The OIV has adopted certain specific methods to analyse grape sugar (rectified concentrated grape must). The corresponding methods currently included in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009 should be deleted.
- (7) Certain oenological practices are particularly exposed to the risk of fraudulent use and must be indicated in the registers and accompanying documents in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 436/2009 of 26 May 2009 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 479/2008 as regards the vineyard register, compulsory declarations and the gathering of information to monitor the wine market, the documents accompanying consignments of wine products and the wine sector registers to be kept ⁽³⁾. Requirements relating to practices such as correcting the alcohol content of wines, acidification treatment by cation exchanger and electro-membrane treatment specify that these practices should be entered in the registers referred to above. The rules regarding the registration provided for in Regulation (EC) No 436/2009

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 299, 16.11.2007, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 193, 24.7.2009, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 128, 27.5.2009, p. 15.

should be amended to take into account the amendments made to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009 by this Regulation.

- (8) Regulations (EC) No 606/2009 and (EC) No 436/2009 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (9) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Regulatory Committee established by Article 195(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 and the opinion of the Management Committee for the Common Organisation of Agricultural Markets,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Amendment of Regulation (EC) No 606/2009

Regulation (EC) No 606/2009 is amended as follows:

- (1) Annex I A is amended in accordance with the text in Annex I to this Regulation;
- (2) Annex I B is amended in accordance with the text in Annex II to this Regulation;
- (3) Annex II is amended in accordance with the text in Annex III to this Regulation;
- (4) Annex IV is amended in accordance with the text in Annex IV to this Regulation.

Article 2

Amendment of Regulation (EC) No 436/2009

Regulation (EC) No 436/2009 is amended as follows:

(1) Article 41(1) is amended as follows:

(a) point (p) is replaced by the following:

‘(p) treatment by electrodialysis or by cation exchanger to ensure the tartaric stabilisation of the wine or acidification by cation exchanger treatment;’;

(b) point (s) is replaced by the following:

‘(s) correction of the alcohol content of wine;’;

(c) the following point (v) is added:

‘(v) acidification or deacidification by electro-membrane treatment.’;

(2) Annex VI is amended in accordance with the text shown in Annex V to this Regulation.

Article 3

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 February 2013.

For the Commission

The President

José Manuel BARROSO

ANNEX I

Annex I A to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009 is amended as follows:

(1) the table is amended as follows:

(a) in row 10:

(i) in column 1, the following indent is added:

‘— yeast protein extracts.’;

(ii) in column 3, the following text is added:

‘For the treatment of musts of white wines and rosé wines the limit on the use of yeast protein extracts shall be 30 g/hl, and for the treatment of red wines it shall be 60 g/hl’;

(b) in row 40, the oenological practice in column 1 is replaced by the following text:

‘Correction of the alcohol content of wine’;

(c) the following rows are inserted:

48	Acidification by treatment with cation exchangers	Conditions and limits laid down in points C and D of Annex XVa to Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 and Articles 11 and 13 of this Regulation. Under the conditions set out in Appendix 15.	
49	Reduction in sugar content of musts through membrane coupling	For the products defined in point 10 of Annex XIb to Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007, under the conditions stipulated in Appendix 16.	
50	Deacidification by electromembrane treatment	Conditions and limits laid down in points C and D of Annex XVa to Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 and Articles 11 and 13 of this Regulation. Under the conditions set out in Appendix 17.’	

(2) Appendix 10 is replaced by the following:

‘Appendix 10

Requirements for treatment to correct the alcohol content of wines

The aim of treatment to correct alcohol content (“the treatment”) is to reduce excessive levels of ethanol in wine in order to improve the balance of flavour.

Requirements:

- (1) The objectives may be achieved by separation techniques applied separately or in combination.
- (2) The wines treated must have no organoleptic faults and must be suitable for direct human consumption.
- (3) Elimination of alcohol from the wine may not be carried out if one of the enrichment operations laid down in Annex XVa to Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 has been applied to one of the wine products used in the preparation of the wine in question.

- (4) The alcohol content may be reduced by a maximum of 20 % and the total alcoholic strength by volume of the final product must comply with that defined in subparagraph (a) of the second paragraph of point 1 of Annex Xlb to Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007.
 - (5) The treatment is to be carried out under the responsibility of an oenologist or qualified technician.
 - (6) The treatment must be recorded in the register referred to in Article 185c(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007.
 - (7) The Member States may require this treatment to be notified in advance to the competent authorities.;
- (3) in Appendix 14 the third and fourth indents are replaced by the following:
- The treatment is to be carried out under the responsibility of an oenologist or qualified technician. The treatment must be recorded in the register referred to in Article 185c(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007.
 - The membranes used must comply with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004 and Commission Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 (*) and with the national provisions adopted for the implementation thereof. They must comply with the requirements of the International Oenological Codex published by the OIV.

(*) OJ L 12, 15.1.2011, p. 1.;

- (4) the following Appendices 15, 16 and 17 are added:

Appendix 15

Requirements for acidification by treatment with cation exchangers

The aim of treatment with cation exchangers ("the treatment") is to increase the titratable acidity and actual acidity (reduction in pH) by partial physical extraction of cations using a cation exchanger.

Requirements:

- (1) The treatment is to be carried out using cation exchange resins regenerated in the acid cycle.
- (2) The treatment must be limited to the elimination of excess cations.
- (3) To avoid the production of fractions of must or of wine, the treatment is to be performed continuously, with in-line incorporation of the treated products into the original products.
- (4) As an alternative, the resin could be directly incorporated into the tank, in the quantity required, then separated by any appropriate technical method.
- (5) All the operations are to be carried out under the responsibility of an oenologist or qualified technician.
- (6) The treatment must be recorded in the register referred to in Article 185c(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007.
- (7) The cationic resins used must comply with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004, EU and national provisions adopted thereunder and the analytical requirements laid down in Appendix 4 to this Annex. Their use must not excessively modify the physico-chemical composition or the organoleptic characteristics of the must or wine and must comply with the limits set out in point 3 of the International Oenological Codex monograph "Cation-exchange resins" published by the OIV.

*Appendix 16***Requirements for treatment to reduce the sugar content of musts by membrane coupling**

The aim of treatment to reduce sugar content ("the treatment") is to remove sugar from a must by membrane coupling linking microfiltration or ultrafiltration to nanofiltration or reverse osmosis.

Requirements:

- (1) The treatment induces a reduction in volume as a function of the quantity of the sugar content of the sugar solution removed from the initial must.
- (2) The processes must allow the content of must constituents other than the sugars to be preserved.
- (3) The reduction in sugar content of musts excludes the correction of the alcohol content of wines which are derived from them.
- (4) The treatment must not be used in conjunction with one of the enrichment operations provided for in Annex XVa to Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007.
- (5) The treatment is carried out on a volume of must determined as a function of the sugar content reduction objective being sought.
- (6) The objective of the first stage is to render the must suitable for the second stage of concentration and to preserve the macromolecules greater in size than the membrane's cut-off threshold. This stage may be carried out by ultrafiltration.
- (7) The permeate obtained during the first stage of treatment is then concentrated by nanofiltration or by reverse osmosis.

The original water and the organic acids not retained by nanofiltration in particular may be reintroduced in the treated must.

- (8) The treatment must be carried out under the responsibility of an oenologist or qualified technician.
- (9) The membranes used must comply with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004 and Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and with the national provisions adopted for the implementation thereof. They must comply with the requirements of the International Oenological Codex published by the OIV.

*Appendix 17***Requirements for deacidification by electro-membrane treatment**

Electro-membrane treatment ("the treatment") is a physical method for ionic must or wine extraction under the action of an electric field using anion-permeable membranes and bipolar membranes. Using anion-permeable membranes and bipolar membranes allows the reduction in titration acidity and actual acidity (increase in pH) to be controlled.

Requirements:

- (1) The anionic membranes must be arranged so as to allow only the extraction of anions and in particular of organic acids of must and wine.
- (2) The bipolar membranes must be impermeable to the anions and cations of must and wine.

- (3) The wine obtained from must or the acidified wine by this treatment must contain at least 1 g.l⁻¹ of tartaric acid.
 - (4) Deacidification by membrane and acidification are mutually exclusive.
 - (5) The process is to be carried out under the responsibility of an oenologist or qualified technician.
 - (6) The treatment must be recorded in the register referred to in Article 185c(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007.
 - (7) The membranes used must comply with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004 and Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and with the national provisions adopted for the implementation thereof. They must comply with the requirements of the International Oenological Codex published by the OIV.
-

ANNEX II

In Annex I B to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009, point 2 of Part A is amended as follows:

- (1) in point (d), the following indent is added:

‘— wines from Italy of the “aleatico” type entitled to the protected designation of origin “Pergola” and the traditional expression “passito”;;

- (2) in point (e), the sixth indent is replaced by the following:

‘— wines from Hungary entitled to a protected designation of origin and described in accordance with Hungarian provisions as “Tokaji másolás”, “Tokaji fordítás”, “Tokaji aszúeszencia”, “Tokaji eszencia”, “Tokaji aszú” or “Töppedt szőlőből készült bor” or “Jégbor”.’

ANNEX III

The third paragraph of point 10 of Part A of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009 is replaced by the following:

‘The use of carbon dioxide in the case of the process of transfer by counter-pressure is authorised under supervision and on condition that the inevitable gaseous exchanges with the carbon dioxide from the alcoholic fermentation of the cuvée do not increase the pressure of carbon dioxide contained in sparkling wines.’

ANNEX IV

In Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009, points (a) to (e) of Part B are deleted.

ANNEX V

Figure 11 of point 1.4(b) of Part B of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 436/2009 is replaced by the following:

‘11: the alcohol content of the product has been corrected;’.

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 145/2013**of 19 February 2013****amending Council Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 concerning certain restrictive measures in respect of Zimbabwe**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 of 19 February 2004 concerning certain restrictive measures in respect of Zimbabwe ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 11(a) and (b) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 lists the persons covered by the freezing of funds and economic resources under that Regulation. Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 lists the competent authorities to which specific functions relating to the implementation of that Regulation are attributed.
- (2) Council Decision 2011/101/CFSP of 15 February 2011 concerning restrictive measures against Zimbabwe ⁽²⁾ identifies the natural and legal persons to whom restrictions are to apply as provided for in Article 5 of that Decision, and Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 gives effect to that Decision to the extent that action at Union level is required.

(3) On 18 February 2013, the Council decided to remove certain entries from the list of persons and entities to whom the restrictions should apply. Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 should be amended to ensure consistency with that Council Decision.

(4) Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 should be updated on the basis of the information most recently provided by Member States regarding the identification of competent authorities.

(5) Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 is amended as follows:

- (1) Annex II is replaced by the text set out in Annex I to this Regulation.
- (2) Annex III is amended in accordance with Annex II to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 February 2013.

*For the Commission,
On behalf of the President,
Head of the Service for Foreign Policy Instruments*

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 55, 24.2.2004, p.1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 42, 16.2.2011, p. 6–23

ANNEX I

"ANNEX II

Web sites for information on the competent authorities referred to in Articles 4, 7 and 8 and address for notifications to the European Commission

BELGIUM

<http://www.diplomatie.be/eusanctions>

BULGARIA

<http://www.mfa.bg/en/pages/135/index.html>

CZECH REPUBLIC

<http://www.mfcr.cz/mezinarodnisankce>

DENMARK

<http://um.dk/da/politik-og-diplomati/retsorden/sanktioner/>

GERMANY

<http://www.bmwi.de/DE/Themen/Aussenwirtschaft/aussenwirtschaftsrecht,did=404888.html>

ESTONIA

http://www.vm.ee/est/kat_622/

IRELAND

<http://www.dfa.ie/home/index.aspx?id=28519>

GREECE

<http://www.mfa.gr/en/foreign-policy/global-issues/international-sanctions.html>

SPAIN

http://www.maec.es/es/MenuPpal/Asuntos/Sanciones%20Internacionales/Paginas/Sanciones_%20Internacionales.aspx

FRANCE

<http://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/autorites-sanctions/>

ITALY

http://www.esteri.it/MAE/IT/Politica_Europea/Deroghe.htm

CYPRUS

<http://www.mfa.gov.cy/sanctions>

LATVIA

<http://www.mfa.gov.lv/en/security/4539>

LITHUANIA

<http://www.urm.lt/sanctions>

LUXEMBOURG

<http://www.mae.lu/sanctions>

HUNGARY

http://www.kulugyminiszterium.hu/kum/hu/bal/Kulpolitikank/nemzetkozi_szankciok/

MALTA

http://www.doi.gov.mt/EN/bodies/boards/sanctions_monitoring.asp

NETHERLANDS

www.rijksoverheid.nl/onderwerpen/internationale-vrede-en-veiligheid/sancties

AUSTRIA

http://www.bmeia.gv.at/view.php?f_id=12750&LNG=en&version=

POLAND

<http://www.msz.gov.pl>

PORTUGAL

<http://www.min-nestrangeiros.pt>

ROMANIA

<http://www.mae.ro/node/1548>

SLOVENIA

http://www.mzz.gov.si/si/zunanja_politika_in_mednarodno_pravo/zunanja_politika/mednarodna_varnost/omejevalni_ukrepi/

SLOVAKIA

<http://www.foreign.gov.sk>

FINLAND

<http://formin.finland.fi/kvyhteisty/pakotteet>

SWEDEN

<http://www.ud.se/sanktioner>

UNITED KINGDOM

www.fco.gov.uk/competentauthorities

Address for notifications to the European Commission

European Commission
Service for Foreign Policy Instruments (FPI)
EEAS 02/309
B-1049 Brussels
Belgium
E-mail: relex-sanctions@ec.europa.eu

ANNEX II

Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 is amended as follows:

(1) The following entries shall be deleted from the heading 'I. Persons':

	Name (and any aliases)	Identifying information	Grounds for designation
(1)	Chapfika, David	Former Deputy Minister of Agriculture (former Deputy Minister of Finance), born 7.4.1957; Passport: ZL037165. ID: 63-052161G48	National Chairman of the ZANU-PF fund-raising Committee, sponsored militias in 2008 by providing support to militia bases in the Hoyuyu area of Mutoko.
(2)	Chigudu, Tinaye Elisha Nzirasha	Former Provincial Governor: Manicaland. Born 13.08.42. Passport AD000013. ID 63-022247R42.	Former Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Mines and Mines Development in Zimbabwe and former provincial governor of Manicaland. Associated with the ZANU-PF faction of the government. In June 2008 ordered repression of MDC supporters
(3)	Chipanga, Tongesai Shadreck	Former Deputy Minister of Home Affairs, born 10.10.1940 alt 10.10.1946.	Former member of the Government and former director of Zimbabwe's secret police, associated with politically motivated murder.
(4)	Kwenda, R.	Major, Zaka East.	Directly involved in the terror campaign waged before and during the elections. Leader of violence in Zaka in 2008.
(5)	Mahofa, Shuvai Ben	Former Deputy Minister for Youth Development, Gender and Employment Creation, born 4.4.1941. Passport AD000369. ID 27-031942V27	Sponsored those who established torture bases in Masvingo. Persons from these bases killed Mapurisa Zvidzai on 24 April 2008 and Tiziro Moyo on 11 June 2008.
(6)	Mashava, G.	Colonel, Chiredzi Central.	Led politically motivated violence in Chiredzi in 2008.
(7)	Moyo, Gilbert	'War veteran', leader of ZANU-PF militia.	Directly involved in the terror campaign waged before and during the 2008 elections in Mashonaland West (Chegutu); involved in violent farm takeovers.
(8)	Mpabanga, S.	Lieutenant-Colonel, Mwenezi East	Directly involved in the terror campaign waged before and during the elections. Led politically motivated violence in Mwenezi
(9)	Msipa, Cephas George	Former Provincial Governor: Midlands, born 7.7.1931.	Former Provincial Governor associated with the ZANU-PF faction of the Government.
(10)	Muchono, C.	Lieutenant-Colonel, Mwenezi West.	Directly involved in the terror campaign waged before and during the elections, by leading terror campaign in Mwenezi in 2008.
(11)	Mudenge, Isack Stanislaus Gorerazvo	Minister of Higher and Tertiary Education (former Minister of Foreign Affairs), born 17.12.1941 , alt 17.12.1948 Passport AD000964. ID 63-645385Q22	ZANU-PF Member of Government.
(12)	Mudonhi, Columbus	Assistant Inspector ZRP.	Directly involved in the campaign of terror waged before and after the elections, by leading violence in Buhera in 2008.

	Name (and any aliases)	Identifying information	Grounds for designation
(13)	Mugariri, Bothwell	Former Senior Assistant Police Commissioner.	Former member of the security forces and bearing wide responsibility for serious violations of the freedom of peaceful assembly. As Officer in charge in Harare, connected to violent operations in March 2007.
(14)	Mumba, Isaac	Superintendent.	Directly involved in the campaign of terror waged before and after the 2008 elections. In chain of command which organized violence in Soka village in Muzarabani.
(15)	Mutsvunguma, S.	Colonel, Headlands.	Directly involved in the terror campaign waged before and during the elections in 2008 in Mutare and the Highlands.
(16)	Nkomo, John Landa	Vice-President. Former Speaker of House of Assembly (former Minister of Special Affairs in the President's Office), ZANU-PF national chairman, born 22.8.1934. Passport AD000477. ID 63-358161Q73	Longest serving ZANU-PF Member of Government.
(17)	Nyambuya, Michael Reuben	Former Minister for Energy and Power Development (former Lieutenant General, Provincial Governor: Manicaland), born 23.7.1955. Passport AN045019. ID 50-013758E50	Former ZANU-PF member of Government. Involved in violence in Manicaland and used army personnel for farm take-overs.
(18)	Parirenyatwa, David Pagwese	Former Minister of Health and Child Welfare (former Deputy Minister), born 2.8.1950. Passport AD000899. ID 63-320762P47	Former ZANU-PF Member of the Government. Organised torture bases in Murehwa North and provided support to gangs who murdered Edward Pfukwa on 17 June 2008 and Alloys Chandisareva Sanyangore in November 2008.
(19)	Rangwani, Dani	Police Detective Inspector. Born 11.2.1962. ID 70-006039V70	Member of the security forces. Involved in group of 50 men paid directly by ZANU-PF to locate and torture MDC supporters in April 2007.
(20)	Ruwodo, Richard	Director War Veterans Affairs in the Ministry of Defence. Brigadier General, promoted on 12 August 2008 to the rank of Major General (retired); former Acting PUS for Ministry of Defence, born 14.3.1954. ID 63-327604B50	Senior army officer directly involved in the campaign of terror waged before and after the elections. Oversees the war veterans, which as a group have been used to carry out the repressive policies of the ZANU-PF faction of the government.
(21)	Zhuwao, Patrick	Former Deputy Minister for Science and Technology. Born 23.5.1967. ID 63-621736K70	Former ZANU-PF Member of Government. Disrupted Conference on the Constitution in July 2009. Terrorised MDC supporters around Norton, accompanied by CIO agents.

(2) The following entry shall be deleted from the heading 'II. Entities':

	Name	Identifying information	Grounds for designation
(1)	Divine Homes (PVT) Ltd	6 Hillside Shopping Centre, Harare, Zimbabwe; 31 Kensington Highlands, Harare, Zimbabwe; 12 Meredith Drive, Eastlea, Harare, Zimbabwe.	Chaired by David Chapfika.

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 146/2013**of 19 February 2013****establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 of 22 October 2007 establishing a common organisation of agricultural markets and on specific provisions for certain agricultural products (Single CMO Regulation) ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 of 7 June 2011 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 in respect of the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 136(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multi-lateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the

Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in Annex XVI, Part A thereto.

- (2) The standard import value is calculated each working day, in accordance with Article 136(1) of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011, taking into account variable daily data. Therefore this Regulation should enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 136 of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 are fixed in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 February 2013.

*For the Commission,
On behalf of the President,
José Manuel SILVA RODRÍGUEZ
Director-General for Agriculture and
Rural Development*

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 299, 16.11.2007, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 157, 15.6.2011, p. 1.

ANNEX

Standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)		
CN code	Third country code ⁽¹⁾	Standard import value
0702 00 00	IL	80,1
	MA	60,3
	TN	88,1
	TR	118,6
	ZZ	86,8
0707 00 05	EG	208,4
	MA	191,6
	TR	166,4
	ZZ	188,8
0709 91 00	EG	76,0
	ZZ	76,0
0709 93 10	MA	41,2
	TR	118,0
	ZZ	79,6
0805 10 20	EG	52,4
	IL	71,3
	MA	56,1
	TN	52,2
	TR	58,3
	ZZ	58,1
0805 20 10	IL	147,9
	MA	101,7
	ZZ	124,8
0805 20 30, 0805 20 50, 0805 20 70, 0805 20 90	EG	67,0
	IL	138,3
	KR	134,8
	MA	121,6
	TR	66,6
	ZA	148,7
	ZZ	112,8
0805 50 10	EG	83,9
	TR	79,2
	ZZ	81,6
0808 10 80	CN	84,0
	MK	34,9
	US	177,3
	ZZ	98,7
0808 30 90	AR	136,4
	CL	223,6
	CN	36,6
	TR	179,9
	US	140,7
	ZA	109,9
	ZZ	137,9

⁽¹⁾ Nomenclature of countries laid down by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1833/2006 (OJ L 354, 14.12.2006, p. 19). Code 'ZZ' stands for 'of other origin'.

DECISIONS

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION

of 18 February 2013

approving the plan for the eradication of classical swine fever in feral pigs and the emergency vaccination of such pigs in certain areas of Latvia

(notified under document C(2013) 720)

(Only the Latvian text is authentic)

(2013/90/EU)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 2001/89/EC of 23 October 2001 on Community measures for the control of classical swine fever ⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 16(1) and the fourth subparagraph of Article 20(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Directive 2001/89/EC introduces the minimum Union measures for the control of classical swine fever, including those to be applied in case of confirmation of the presence of classical swine fever in feral pigs.
- (2) In November 2012 Latvia confirmed the presence of classical swine fever in feral pigs in the eastern part of its territory, along the border with Russia and Belarus.
- (3) Following the cases in the wild boar, in November 2012 classical swine fever outbreaks in backyard pig holdings were also confirmed in the same area.
- (4) Latvia has adopted disease control measures as provided for in Directive 2001/89/EC, that have lead to the eradication of the disease from those pig holdings.
- (5) In the light of the epidemiological situation, on 15 January 2013 Latvia submitted to the Commission, in accordance with Directive 2001/89/EC, a plan for the eradication of classical swine fever in the concerned area of that Member State. In addition, as Latvia intends to introduce vaccination of feral pigs, on the same date it also submitted to the Commission a vaccination plan for its approval.
- (6) The plans submitted by Latvia have been examined by the Commission and found to comply with Directive 2001/89/EC.

(7) For the sake of transparency, it is appropriate to set out in this Decision the geographical areas of Latvia where the eradication plan is to be implemented and where the emergency vaccination of feral pigs is to be applied.

(8) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The plan submitted by Latvia on 15 January 2013 for the eradication of classical swine fever in the areas referred to in Part 1 of the Annex is approved.

Article 2

The plan submitted by Latvia on 15 January 2013 for the emergency vaccination of feral pigs in the areas referred to in Part 2 of the Annex is approved.

Article 3

Latvia shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions for implementing the plans referred to in Articles 1 and 2.

Article 4

This Decision is addressed to the Republic of Latvia.

Done at Brussels, 18 February 2013.

For the Commission

Tonio BORG

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 316, 1.12.2001, p. 5.

ANNEX

PART 1

Areas covered by the eradication plan

In the novads of Alūksnes the pagasti of Pededzes and Liepnas. In the novads of Rēzeknes the pagasti of Pušas, Mākoņkalna and Kaunatas. In the novads of Daugavpils the pagasti of Dubnas, Višķu, Ambelju, Bīķernieku, Maļinovas, Naujenes, Tabores, Vecsalienas, Salienas, Skrudalienas, Demenes and Laucesas. In the novads of Balvu the pagasti of Viksnas, Kubuļu, Balvu, Bērzkālnes, Lazdulejas, Briežuciema, Vectilžas, Tilžas, Krišjāņu and Bērzpils. In the novads of Rugāju the pagasti of Rugāju and Lazdukalna. In the novads of Viļakas the pagasti of Žiguru, Vecumu, Kupravas, Susāju, Medņevas and Šķilbēnu. In the novads of Baltnavas the pagasts of Baltnavas. In the novads of Kārsavas the pagasti of Salnavas, Malnavas, Golišēvas, Mērdzenes and Mežvidu. In the novads of Ciblas the pagasti of Pušmucovas, Līdumnieku, Ciblas, Zvirgzdenes and Blontu. In the novads of Ludzas the pagasti of Ņukšu, Briģu, Isnaudas, Nirzas, Pildas, Rundēnu and Istras. In the novads of Zilupes the pagasti of Zaļesjes, Launderu and Pasiēnes. In the novads of Dagdas the pagasti of Andzeļu, Ezernieku, Šķaunes, Svariņu, Bērziņu, Ķepovas, Asūnes, Dagdas, Konstantinovas and Andrupenes. In the novads of Aglonas the pagasti of Kastuļinas, Grāveru, Šķeltovas and Aglonas. In the novads of Krāslavas the pagasti of Aulejas, Kombuļu, Skaistas, Robežnieku, Indras, Piedrujas, Kalniešu, Krāslavas, Kaplavas, Ūdrīšu and Izvaltas.

PART 2

Areas covered by the emergency vaccination plan

In the novads of Alūksnes the pagasti of Pededzes and Liepnas. In the novads of Rēzeknes the pagasti of Pušas, Mākoņkalna and Kaunatas. In the novads of Daugavpils the pagasti of Dubnas, Višķu, Ambelju, Bīķernieku, Maļinovas, Naujenes, Tabores, Vecsalienas, Salienas, Skrudalienas, Demenes and Laucesas. In the novads of Balvu the pagasti of Viksnas, Kubuļu, Balvu, Bērzkālnes, Lazdulejas, Briežuciema, Vectilžas, Tilžas, Krišjāņu and Bērzpils. In the novads of Rugāju the pagasti of Rugāju and Lazdukalna. In the novads of Viļakas the pagasti of Žiguru, Vecumu, Kupravas, Susāju, Medņevas and Šķilbēnu. In the novads of Baltnavas the pagasts of Baltnavas. In the novads of Kārsavas the pagasti of Salnavas, Malnavas, Golišēvas, Mērdzenes and Mežvidu. In the novads of Ciblas the pagasti of Pušmucovas, Līdumnieku, Ciblas, Zvirgzdenes and Blontu. In the novads of Ludzas the pagasti of Ņukšu, Briģu, Isnaudas, Nirzas, Pildas, Rundēnu and Istras. In the novads of Zilupes the pagasti of Zaļesjes, Launderu and Pasiēnes. In the novads of Dagdas the pagasti of Andzeļu, Ezernieku, Šķaunes, Svariņu, Bērziņu, Ķepovas, Asūnes, Dagdas, Konstantinovas and Andrupenes. In the novads of Aglonas the pagasti of Kastuļinas, Grāveru, Šķeltovas and Aglonas. In the novads of Krāslavas the pagasti of Aulejas, Kombuļu, Skaistas, Robežnieku, Indras, Piedrujas, Kalniešu, Krāslavas, Kaplavas, Ūdrīšu and Izvaltas.

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION

of 18 February 2013

amending Decision 2008/855/EC as regards animal health control measures relating to classical swine fever in Latvia

(notified under document C(2013) 722)

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2013/91/EU)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 89/662/EEC of 11 December 1989 concerning veterinary checks in intra-Community trade with a view to the completion of the internal market ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 9(4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/425/EEC of 26 June 1990 concerning veterinary and zootechnical checks applicable in intra-Community trade in certain live animals and products with a view to the completion of the internal market ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10(4) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Decision 2008/855/EC of 3 November 2008 concerning animal health control measures relating to classical swine fever in certain Member States ⁽³⁾ lays down certain control measures in relation to classical swine fever in the Member States or regions thereof listed in the Annex thereto. Different epidemiological situations regarding classical swine fever are registered in Member States or areas thereof. The Annex to Decision 2008/855/EC therefore consists of three parts, each listing areas of Member States, to which different measures apply according to the epidemiological situation.
- (2) The Member States concerned with areas listed in Part II of the Annex to Decision 2008/855/EC are to ensure that consignments of fresh pigmeat from holdings located in those areas, and meat preparations and meat products consisting of, or containing, meat of those pigs, are dispatched to other Member States only if they comply with certain requirements.
- (3) On 20 November 2012 Latvia reported cases of classical swine fever in wild boar in the novadi of Dagdas and Zilupes, along the border with Russia and Belarus. The wild boars were checked within the framework of a national surveillance programme. In addition, on 27 November 2012 Latvia reported classical swine fever outbreaks in backyard holdings of the same area.
- (4) Latvia has taken measures in the framework of Council Directive 2001/89/EC of 23 October 2001 on

Community measures for the control of classical swine fever ⁽⁴⁾ and an infected area has been established in part of the territory of the novadi of Alūksnes, Rēzeknes, Daugavpils, Balvu, Rugāju, Viļakas, Baltinavas, Kārsavas, Ciblas, Ludzas, Zilupes, Dagdas, Aglonas and Krāslavas. In addition, Latvia has submitted to the Commission a plan for the eradication of classical swine fever in the concerned area of that Member State. That plan has been approved by the Commission by Implementing Decision 2013/90/EU of 18 February 2013 approving the plan for the eradication of classical swine fever in feral pigs and the emergency vaccination of such pigs in certain areas of Latvia ⁽⁵⁾.

- (5) On the basis of the information provided by Latvia, it is appropriate to list the relevant parts of the novadi of Alūksnes, Rēzeknes, Daugavpils, Balvu, Rugāju, Viļakas, Baltinavas, Kārsavas, Ciblas, Ludzas, Zilupes, Dagdas, Aglonas and Krāslavas in Part II of the Annex to Decision 2008/855/EC.
- (6) Decision 2008/855/EC should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (7) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

In Part II of the Annex to Decision 2008/855/EC, the following entry is added:

Latvia

In the novads of Alūksnes the pagasti of Pededzes and Liepnas. In the novads of Rēzeknes the pagasti of Pušas, Mākonkalna and Kaunatas. In the novads of Daugavpils the pagasti of Dubnas, Višķu, Ambeļu, Bīkernieku, Maļinovas, Naujenes, Tabores, Vecsalienas, Salienas, Skrudalienas, Demenes and Laucesas. In the novads of Balvu the pagasti of Viksnas, Kubuļu, Balvu, Bērzkaines, Lazdulejas, Briežuciema, Vectilžas, Tilžas, Krišjāņu and Bērzpils. In the novads of Rugāju the pagasti of Rugāju and Lazdukalna. In the novads of Viļakas the pagasti of Žiguru, Vecumu, Kupravas, Susāju, Medņevas and Šķilbēnu. In the novads of Baltinavas the pagasts of Baltinavas. In the novads of Kārsavas

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 395, 30.12.1989, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 302, 13.11.2008, p. 19.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 316, 1.12.2001, p. 5.

⁽⁵⁾ See page 70 of this Official Journal.

the pagasti of Salnavas, Malnavas, Goliševas, Mērdzenes and Mežvidu. In the novads of Ciblas the pagasti of Pušmucovas, Līdumnieku, Ciblas, Zvirgzdenes and Blontu. In the novads of Ludzas the pagasti of Ņukšu, Briģu, Isnaudas, Nirzas, Pildas, Rundēnu and Istras. In the novads of Zilupes the pagasti of Zaļesjes, Launderu and Pasienes. In the novads of Dagdas the pagasti of Andzeļu, Ezernieku, Šķaunes, Svariņu, Bērziņu, Ķepovas, Asūnes, Dagdas, Konstantinovas and Andrupenes. In the novads of Aglonas the pagasti of Kastuļinas, Grāveru, Šķeltovas and Aglonas. In the novads of Krāslavas the pagasti of Aulejas, Kombuļu, Skaistas, Robežnieku, Indras, Piedrujas, Kalniešu, Krāslavas, Kaplavas, Ūdrišu and Izvaltas.’.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 February 2013.

For the Commission

Tonio BORG

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION

of 18 February 2013

on the supervision, plant health checks and measures to be taken on wood packaging material actually in use in the transport of specified commodities originating in China

(notified under document C(2013) 789)

(2013/92/EU)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Article 1

Definitions

For the purpose of this decision, the following definitions shall apply:

Having regard to Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community ⁽¹⁾, and in particular the third sentence of Article 16(3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Wood packaging material actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds to the Union is to comply with points (2) and (8) of Section I of Part A of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC.
- (2) Recent plant health checks by Member States have shown that wood packaging material used in the transport of certain commodities originating in China was contaminated by harmful organisms, in particular by *Anoplophora glabripennis* (Motschulsky), causing outbreaks of those organisms in Germany, France, Italy, the Netherlands, Austria and the United Kingdom.
- (3) Therefore the wood packaging material of those commodities should be subject to the supervision referred to in Article 13(1) of Directive 2000/29/EC, to the plant health checks referred to in Article 13a(1)(b)(iii) of that Directive and, where appropriate, to the measures referred to in Article 13c(7) of that Directive. The results of those plant health checks should be notified to the Commission.
- (4) On the basis of the results notified to the Commission, a review should be carried out by 31 May 2014 to evaluate the efficacy of this Decision and to assess the phytosanitary import risks to the Union of wood packaging material used in the transport of certain commodities originating in China.
- (5) This Decision should apply until 31 March 2015.
- (6) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plant Health,

(a) 'wood packaging material' means wood or wood products used in supporting, protecting or carrying a commodity, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars and dunnage, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds; processed wood produced by glue, heat or pressure or a combination thereof and packaging material entirely composed of wood of 6 mm of thickness or less are excluded;

(b) 'specified commodities' means commodities originating in China imported into the Union using the Combined Nomenclature codes listed in Annex I and meeting the descriptions laid down in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ⁽²⁾;

(c) 'consignment' means a quantity of goods being covered by a single document required for customs formalities or for other formalities.

Article 2

Supervision

1. The wood packaging material of each consignment of the specified commodities shall be subject to customs supervision pursuant to Article 37(1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92 ⁽³⁾ and to supervision by the responsible official bodies as referred to in Article 13(1) of Directive 2000/29/EC. Specified commodities may only be placed under one of the customs procedures as specified in Article 4(16)(a), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92, if the formalities as specified in Article 3 have been completed.

2. The responsible official bodies may require that airport authorities, harbour authorities or either importers or operators, as arranged between them, give, as soon as they are aware of the imminent arrival of the specified commodities, advance notice thereof to the customs office of the point of entry and to the official body of the point of entry.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 169, 10.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 302, 19.10.1992, p. 1.

*Article 3***Plant health checks**

The wood packaging material of consignments of the specified commodities shall be subject to the plant health checks provided for in Article 13a(1)(b)(iii) of Directive 2000/29/EC at the minimum frequencies set out in Annex I to this Decision to confirm that the wood packaging material meets the requirements laid down in points (2) and (8) of Section I of Part A of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC.

Plant health checks shall take place at the point of entry into the Union or the place of destination established in accordance with Commission Directive 2004/103/EC ⁽¹⁾ which shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

*Article 4***Measures in case of non-compliance**

Where the plant health checks referred to in Article 3 show that points (2) and (8) of Section I of Part A of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC are not complied with or that the wood packaging material is contaminated by harmful organisms listed in Part A of Annex I to that Directive, the Member State concerned shall immediately subject the non-compliant wood packaging material to one of the measures provided for in Article 13c(7) of that Directive.

*Article 5***Reporting**

Without prejudice to Commission Directive 94/3/EC ⁽²⁾, Member States shall notify the number and the results of the plant health checks carried out in accordance with Articles 2

and 3 of this Decision to the Commission using the reporting template in Annex II by 31 October 2013 for the period from 1 April 2013 to 30 September 2013, by 30 April 2014 for the period from 1 October 2013 to 31 March 2014, by 31 October 2014 for the period from 1 April 2014 to 30 September 2014 and by 30 April 2015 for the period from 1 October 2014 to 31 March 2015.

*Article 6***Review**

This Decision shall be reviewed by 31 May 2014.

*Article 7***Entry into force and end of application**

This Decision shall enter into force on 1 April 2013.

It shall apply until 31 March 2015.

*Article 8***Addressees**

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 February 2013.

For the Commission

Tonio BORG

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 313, 12.10.2004, p. 16.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 32, 5.2.1994, p. 37.

ANNEX I

SPECIFIED COMMODITIES

Combined Nomenclature Code	Description	Frequency of plant health checks (%)
2514 00 00	Slate, whether or not roughly trimmed or merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape	90
2515	Marble, travertine, ecaussine and other calcareous monumental or building stone of an apparent specific gravity of 2,5 or more, and alabaster, whether or not roughly trimmed or merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape	90
2516	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental or building stone, whether or not roughly trimmed or merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape	90
6801 00 00	Setts, curbstones and flagstones, of natural stone (except slate)	15
6802	Worked monumental or building stone (except slate) and articles thereof, other than goods of heading 6801; mosaic cubes and the like, of natural stone (including slate), whether or not on a backing; artificially coloured granules, chippings and powder, of natural stone (including slate)	15

REPORTING TEMPLATE

Report on the phytosanitary import checks of wood packaging material of each consignment of the specified commodities originating in China

Reporting Period:

Reporting Member State:

Points of entry involved:

Place of inspection: number inspected at point of entry:
number inspected at place of destination:

	Combined Nomenclature Code: 2514 00 00	Combined Nomenclature Code: 2515	Combined Nomenclature Code: 2516	Combined Nomenclature Code: 6801 00 00	Combined Nomenclature Code: 6802
No of incoming consignments entering the EU via the reporting Member State					
No of inspected consignments					
— Of which, with a harmful organism and without a compliant ISPM15 mark (please provide breakdown per harmful organism and whether the mark is missing or incorrect)					
— Of which, with a harmful organism and a compliant ISPM15 mark (please provide breakdown per harmful organism)					
— Of which, without a compliant ISPM15 mark only (please provide breakdown between missing mark and incorrect mark)					
Total No of inspected consignments intercepted with non-compliant wood packaging material					
Total No of inspected consignments with compliant wood packaging material					

2013 SUBSCRIPTION PRICES (excluding VAT, including normal transport charges)

EU Official Journal, L + C series, paper edition only	22 official EU languages	EUR 1 300 per year
EU Official Journal, L + C series, paper + annual DVD	22 official EU languages	EUR 1 420 per year
EU Official Journal, L series, paper edition only	22 official EU languages	EUR 910 per year
EU Official Journal, L + C series, monthly DVD (cumulative)	22 official EU languages	EUR 100 per year
Supplement to the Official Journal (S series), tendering procedures for public contracts, DVD, one edition per week	multilingual: 23 official EU languages	EUR 200 per year
EU Official Journal, C series — recruitment competitions	Language(s) according to competition(s)	EUR 50 per year

Subscriptions to the *Official Journal of the European Union*, which is published in the official languages of the European Union, are available for 22 language versions. The Official Journal comprises two series, L (Legislation) and C (Information and Notices).

A separate subscription must be taken out for each language version.

In accordance with Council Regulation (EC) No 920/2005, published in Official Journal L 156 of 18 June 2005, the institutions of the European Union are temporarily not bound by the obligation to draft all acts in Irish and publish them in that language. Irish editions of the Official Journal are therefore sold separately.

Subscriptions to the Supplement to the Official Journal (S Series — tendering procedures for public contracts) cover all 23 official language versions on a single multilingual DVD.

On request, subscribers to the *Official Journal of the European Union* can receive the various Annexes to the Official Journal. Subscribers are informed of the publication of Annexes by notices inserted in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Sales and subscriptions

Subscriptions to various priced periodicals, such as the subscription to the *Official Journal of the European Union*, are available from our sales agents. The list of sales agents is available at:

http://publications.europa.eu/others/agents/index_en.htm

EUR-Lex (<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>) offers direct access to European Union legislation free of charge. The *Official Journal of the European Union* can be consulted on this website, as can the Treaties, legislation, case-law and preparatory acts.

For further information on the European Union, see: <http://europa.eu>



Publications Office of the European Union
2985 Luxembourg
LUXEMBOURG

EN