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⁽¹⁾ Text with EEA relevance

EN

Acts whose titles are printed in light type are those relating to day-to-day management of agricultural matters, and are generally valid for a limited period.

The titles of all other acts are printed in bold type and preceded by an asterisk.

II

(Non-legislative acts)

REGULATIONS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EU) 2016/363

of 14 March 2016

amending Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 imposing certain specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities associated with the Al-Qaida network

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 215 thereof,

Having regard to Council Decision (CFSP) 2016/368 of 14 March 2016 amending Common Position 2002/402/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against members of the Al-Qaida organisation and other individuals, groups, undertakings and entities associated with them ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the joint proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy and the European Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) Council Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 ⁽²⁾ gives effect to the measures provided for in Common Position 2002/402/CFSP ⁽³⁾.
- (2) On 17 December 2015, the United Nations Security Council adopted Resolution (UNSCR) 2253 (2015) recalling that the Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (ISIL, also known as Da'esh) is a splinter group of Al-Qaida and that any individual, group, undertaking or entity supporting ISIL (Da'esh) or Al-Qaida is eligible for listing by the United Nations.
- (3) On 14 March 2016, the Council adopted Decision (CSFP) 2016/368 amending Common Position 2002/402/CFSP and extending the scope of application of restrictive measures to certain persons, groups, undertakings and entities associated with ISIL (Da'esh).
- (4) Those measures fall within the scope of the Treaty and regulatory action at the level of the Union is therefore necessary in order to implement them, in particular with a view to ensuring their uniform application by economic operators in all Member States.
- (5) In addition, it is appropriate to amend Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 so as to take into account legislative changes which have occurred since its adoption.
- (6) Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 should therefore be amended accordingly,

⁽¹⁾ See page 17 of this Official Journal.⁽²⁾ Council Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 of 27 May 2002 imposing certain specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities associated with the Al-Qaida network (OJ L 139, 29.5.2002, p. 9).⁽³⁾ Council Common Position 2002/402/CFSP of 27 May 2002 concerning restrictive measures against the members of the Al-Qaida organisation and other individuals, groups, undertakings and entities associated with them (OJ L 139, 29.5.2002, p. 4).

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 is amended as follows:

- (1) The title is replaced by the following:

‘Council Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 of 27 May 2002 imposing certain specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities associated with the ISIL (Da’esh) and Al-Qaida organisations’.

- (2) Point (5) of Article 1 is replaced by the following:

“Sanctions Committee” means the Committee of the UN Security Council established pursuant to UN Security Council Resolution 1267 (1999) concerning ISIL (Da’esh) and Al-Qaida;.

- (3) In Article 1, the following point is added:

‘7. “Competent authorities” means the authorities of the Member States, as listed in Annex II.’.

- (4) Article 2(1) is replaced by the following:

‘All funds and economic resources belonging to, owned, held or controlled, either directly or indirectly, by a natural or legal person, entity, body or group listed in Annex I and Annex Ia including by a third party acting on their behalf or at their direction, shall be frozen.’.

- (5) In Article 2, the following paragraph is inserted:

‘2a. The prohibition in paragraph 2 includes, but is not limited to, funds and economic resources used for the provision of Internet hosting and related services used for the support of ISIL (Da’esh), Al-Qaida and the natural or legal persons, entities, bodies or groups listed in Annex I; the payment of ransoms to them, regardless of how or by whom the ransom is paid; funds and economic resources provided in connection with the travel of such natural persons, including costs incurred with respect to their transportation and lodging; and funds and economic resources related to the direct or indirect trade in oil and refined oil products, modular refineries and related material including chemicals and lubricants, as well as other natural resources.’.

- (6) In Article 2(3), the words ‘associated with the Al-Qaida network’ are replaced by the words ‘associated with the ISIL (Da’esh) or Al-Qaida organisations’.

- (7) In Article 2(4), the words ‘these prohibitions’ are replaced by the words ‘this prohibition’.

- (8) In Article 2a(1)(a), the words ‘as listed in Annex II,’ are deleted.

- (9) In Article 2a(1)(b)(iii) the words ‘as listed in Annex II,’ are deleted.

- (10) In Article 2a(3), the word ‘Community’ is replaced by the word ‘Union’.

- (11) In Article 5(1), the words ‘Article 284 of the Treaty’ are replaced by the words ‘Article 337 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union’.

- (12) Article 5(1)(a) is replaced by the following:

‘(a) provide immediately any information which would facilitate compliance with this Regulation, such as information about funds and economic resources held or controlled while acting on behalf of, or at the direction of, any natural or legal person, entity, body or group listed in Annex I or Annex Ia, or about accounts and amounts frozen in accordance with Article 2, to the competent authorities of the Member States where they are resident or located, and, directly or through those competent authorities, to the Commission.

In particular, available information in respect of funds or economic resources owned or controlled by persons designated by the United Nations Security Council or the Sanctions Committee and listed in Annex I during the period of six months before the entry into force of this Regulation shall be provided;’.

(13) In Article 5(1) (b) the words 'listed in Annex II' are deleted.

(14) Article 7b is replaced by the following:

'Article 7b

1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee.

2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 5 and 11 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 (*) of the European Parliament and of the Council shall apply.

(*) Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).'

(15) In Article 13, the word 'Communities' is replaced by the word 'Union'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 March 2016.

For the Council

The President

F. MOGHERINI

COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2016/364**of 1 July 2015****on the classification of the reaction to fire performance of construction products pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonised conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 27(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) A system for classifying the performance of construction products with regard to their reaction to fire was adopted by Commission Decision 2000/147/EC ⁽²⁾. It was based on a harmonised solution of assessing this performance and classifying the results of these assessments.
- (2) Decision 2000/147/EC provides several classes of reaction to fire performance. In addition, it contains classes F, F_{FL}, F_L and F_{ca}, which are defined as 'no performance determined'.
- (3) In accordance with Article 2(7) of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, a class means a range of levels, delimited by a minimum and a maximum value of performance. Classes defined as 'no performance determined' do not correspond to this definition and thus cannot be incorporated in a classification system under Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.
- (4) The use of 'no performance determined' in the context of drawing up the declaration of performance is provided in Article 6(3)(f) of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.
- (5) In order to enable the manufacturers to declare lower reaction to fire performance than that covered by classes E, E_{FL}, E_L and E_{ca}, it is necessary to change the classification criteria of classes F, F_{FL}, F_L and F_{ca} accordingly.
- (6) It is therefore necessary to replace the classes F, F_{FL}, F_L and F_{ca} provided in Decision 2000/147/EC with new classes for products not reaching at least the reaction to fire performance under the classes E, E_{FL}, E_L and E_{ca}.
- (7) Decision 2000/147/EC has been amended several times and further amendments to that Decision are necessary. In the interests of clarity and rationality that decision should therefore be repealed and replaced,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

When the intended use of a construction product is such that the product may contribute to the generation and spread of fire and smoke within the room or area of origin or beyond, the performance of the product in relation to its reaction to fire shall be classified in accordance with the classification system set out in the Annex.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 88, 4.4.2011, p. 5.

⁽²⁾ Commission Decision 2000/147/EC of 8 February 2000 implementing Council Directive 89/106/EEC as regards the classification of the reaction to fire performance of construction products (OJ L 50, 23.2.2000, p. 14).

Article 2

Decision 2000/147/EC is repealed.

References to the repealed Decision shall be construed as references to this Regulation.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 July 2015.

For the Commission

The President

Jean-Claude JUNCKER

ANNEX

Classes of reaction to fire performance

1.1. For the purposes of Tables 1 to 4 the following symbols ⁽¹⁾ apply:

- (1) 'ΔT' — temperature rise;
- (2) 'Δm' — mass loss;
- (3) 't_f' — duration of flaming;
- (4) 'PCS' — gross calorific potential;
- (5) 'LFS' — lateral flame spread;
- (6) 'SMOGRA' — smoke growth rate.

1.2. For the purposes of Tables 1, 2 and 3 the following symbols ⁽¹⁾ apply:

- (1) 'FIGRA' — fire growth rate;
- (2) 'THR' — total heat release;
- (3) 'TSP' — total smoke production;
- (4) 'Fs' — flame spread.

1.3. For the purposes of Table 4 the following symbols and test parameters apply:

- (1) 'HRR_{sm30}, kW' — heat release rate averaged by a 30-s sliding average;
- (2) 'SPR_{sm60}, m²/s' — smoke production rate averaged by a 60-s sliding average;
- (3) 'Peak HRR, kW' — maximum of HRR_{sm30} between test start and end of test, excluded contribution from ignition source;
- (4) 'Peak SPR, m²/s' — maximum of SPR_{sm60} between test start and end of test;
- (5) 'THR₁₂₀₀, MJ' — total heat release (HRR_{sm30}) from test start until end of test, excluded contribution from ignition source;
- (6) 'TSP₁₂₀₀, m²' — total smoke production (HRR_{sm60}) from test start until end of test;
- (7) 'FIGRA, W/s' — fire growth rate index defined as the highest value of the quotient between HRR_{sm30} excluding the contribution of ignition source and time. Threshold values HRR_{sm30} = 3 kW and THR = 0,4 MJ;
- (8) 'FS' — flame spread (damaged length);
- (9) 'H' — flame spread.

2. For the purposes of Tables 1 to 4 the following definitions apply:

- (1) 'material' means a single basic substance or uniformly dispersed mixture of substances;
- (2) 'homogeneous product' means a product consisting of a single material, having uniform density and composition throughout the product;
- (3) 'non-homogeneous product' means a product that does not satisfy the requirements of a homogeneous product and that is composed of one or more components, substantial and/or non-substantial;

⁽¹⁾ The characteristics are defined with respect to the appropriate test method.

- (4) 'substantial component' means a material that constitutes a significant part of a non-homogeneous product; a layer with a mass per unit area $\geq 1,0 \text{ kg/m}^2$ or a thickness $\geq 1,0 \text{ mm}$ is considered to be a substantial component;
- (5) 'non-substantial component' means a material that does not constitute a significant part of a non-homogeneous product; a layer with a mass per unit area $< 1,0 \text{ kg/m}^2$ and a thickness $< 1,0 \text{ mm}$ is considered to be a non-substantial component;
- (6) 'internal non-substantial component' means a non-substantial component that is covered on both sides by at least one substantial component;
- (7) 'external non-substantial component' means a non-substantial component that is not covered on one side by a substantial component.

Two or more non-substantial layers that are adjacent to each other, where there are no substantial components in between the layers, shall be considered as one non-substantial component and shall, therefore, be classified in accordance with the criteria for a layer that is a non-substantial component.

Table 1

Classes of reaction to fire performance for construction products excluding floorings, linear pipe thermal insulation products, and electric cables

Class	Test method(s)	Classification criteria	Additional classification
A1	EN ISO 1182 ⁽¹⁾ ; and	$\Delta T \leq 30 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; and $\Delta m \leq 50 \text{ } \%$; and $t_f = 0$ (i.e. no sustained flaming)	
	EN ISO 1716	$\text{PCS} \leq 2,0 \text{ MJkg}^{-1}$ ⁽¹⁾ ; and $\text{PCS} \leq 2,0 \text{ MJkg}^{-1}$ ⁽²⁾ ^(2a) ; and $\text{PCS} \leq 1,4 \text{ MJm}^{-2}$ ⁽³⁾ ; and $\text{PCS} \leq 2,0 \text{ MJkg}^{-1}$ ⁽⁴⁾	
A2	EN ISO 1182 ⁽¹⁾ ; or	$\Delta T \leq 50 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; and $\Delta m \leq 50 \text{ } \%$; and $t_f \leq 20 \text{ s}$	
	EN ISO 1716; and	$\text{PCS} \leq 3,0 \text{ MJkg}^{-1}$ ⁽¹⁾ ; and $\text{PCS} \leq 4,0 \text{ MJm}^{-2}$ ⁽²⁾ ; and $\text{PCS} \leq 4,0 \text{ MJm}^{-2}$ ⁽³⁾ ; and $\text{PCS} \leq 3,0 \text{ MJkg}^{-1}$ ⁽⁴⁾	
	EN 13823 (SBI)	$\text{FIGRA} \leq 120 \text{ Ws}^{-1}$; and $\text{LFS} < \text{edge of specimen}$; and $\text{THR}_{600\text{s}} \leq 7,5 \text{ MJ}$	Smoke production ⁽⁵⁾ ; and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽⁶⁾
B	EN 13823 (SBI); and	$\text{FIGRA} \leq 120 \text{ Ws}^{-1}$; and $\text{LFS} < \text{edge of specimen}$; and $\text{THR}_{600\text{s}} \leq 7,5 \text{ MJ}$	Smoke production ⁽⁵⁾ ; and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽⁶⁾
	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ ; Exposure = 30 s	$F_s \leq 150 \text{ mm}$ within 60 s	

Class	Test method(s)	Classification criteria	Additional classification
C	EN 13823 (SBI); and	FIGRA $\leq 250 \text{ W s}^{-1}$; and LFS < edge of specimen; and THR _{600s} $\leq 15 \text{ MJ}$	Smoke production ⁽⁵⁾ ; and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽⁶⁾
	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 30 s	Fs $\leq 150 \text{ mm}$ within 60 s	
D	EN 13823 (SBI); and	FIGRA $\leq 750 \text{ W s}^{-1}$	Smoke production ⁽⁵⁾ ; and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽⁶⁾
	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 30 s	Fs $\leq 150 \text{ mm}$ within 60 s	
E	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 15 s	Fs $\leq 150 \text{ mm}$ within 20 s	Flaming droplets/particles ⁽⁷⁾
F	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 15 s	Fs > 150 mm within 20 s	

⁽¹⁾ For homogeneous products and substantial components of non-homogeneous products.

⁽²⁾ For any external non-substantial component of non-homogeneous products.

^(2a) Alternatively, any external non-substantial component having a PCS $\leq 2,0 \text{ MJ m}^{-2}$, provided that the product satisfies the following criteria of EN 13823(SBI): FIGRA $\leq 20 \text{ W s}^{-1}$; and LFS < edge of specimen; and THR_{600s} $\leq 4,0 \text{ MJ}$; and s1; and d0.

⁽³⁾ For any internal non-substantial component of non-homogeneous products.

⁽⁴⁾ For the product as a whole.

⁽⁵⁾ **s1** = SMOGRA $\leq 30 \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-2}$ and TSP_{600s} $\leq 50 \text{ m}^2$; **s2** = SMOGRA $\leq 180 \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-2}$ and TSP_{600s} $\leq 200 \text{ m}^2$; **s3** = not s1 or s2.

⁽⁶⁾ **d0** = No flaming droplets/particles in EN 13823 (SBI) within 600s; **d1** = No flaming droplets/particles persisting longer than 10s in EN 13823 (SBI) within 600s; **d2** = not d0 or d1; Ignition of the paper in EN ISO 11925-2 results in a d2 classification.

⁽⁷⁾ No ignition of the paper = no additional classification; Ignition of the paper = **d2** classification.

⁽⁸⁾ Under conditions of surface flame attack and, if appropriate to the intended use of the product, edge flame attack.

Table 2

Classes of reaction to fire performance for floorings

Class	Test method(s)	Classification criteria	Additional classification
A1_{FL}	EN ISO 1182 ⁽¹⁾ ; and	$\Delta T \leq 30 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; and $\Delta m \leq 50 \%$; and $t_f = 0$ (i.e. no sustained flaming)	
	EN ISO 1716	PCS $\leq 2,0 \text{ MJ kg}^{-1}$ ⁽¹⁾ ; and PCS $\leq 2,0 \text{ MJ kg}^{-1}$ ⁽²⁾ ; and PCS $\leq 1,4 \text{ MJ m}^{-2}$ ⁽³⁾ ; and PCS $\leq 2,0 \text{ MJ kg}^{-1}$ ⁽⁴⁾	
A2_{FL}	EN ISO 1182 ⁽¹⁾ ; or	$\Delta T \leq 50 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; and $\Delta m \leq 50 \%$; and $t_f \leq 20 \text{ s}$	
	EN ISO 1716; and	PCS $\leq 3,0 \text{ MJ kg}^{-1}$ ⁽¹⁾ ; and PCS $\leq 4,0 \text{ MJ m}^{-2}$ ⁽²⁾ ; and PCS $\leq 4,0 \text{ MJ m}^{-2}$ ⁽³⁾ ; and PCS $\leq 3,0 \text{ MJ kg}^{-1}$ ⁽⁴⁾	
	EN ISO 9239-1 ⁽⁵⁾	Critical flux ⁽⁶⁾ $\geq 8,0 \text{ kW m}^{-2}$	
			Smoke production ⁽⁷⁾

Class	Test method(s)	Classification criteria	Additional classification
B_{FL}	EN ISO 9239-1 ⁽⁵⁾ and	Critical flux ⁽⁶⁾ $\geq 8,0 \text{ kWm}^{-2}$	Smoke production ⁽⁷⁾
	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 15 s	$F_s \leq 150 \text{ mm}$ within 20 s	
C_{FL}	EN ISO 9239-1 ⁽⁵⁾ and	Critical flux ⁽⁶⁾ $\geq 4,5 \text{ kWm}^{-2}$	Smoke production ⁽⁷⁾
	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 15 s	$F_s \leq 150 \text{ mm}$ within 20 s	
D_{FL}	EN ISO 9239-1 ⁽⁵⁾ and	Critical flux ⁽⁶⁾ $\geq 3,0 \text{ kWm}^{-2}$	Smoke production ⁽⁷⁾
	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 15 s	$F_s \leq 150 \text{ mm}$ within 20 s	
E_{FL}	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 15 s	$F_s \leq 150 \text{ mm}$ within 20 s	
F_{FL}	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 15 s	$F_s > 150 \text{ mm}$ within 20 s	

⁽¹⁾ For homogeneous products and substantial components of non-homogeneous products.

⁽²⁾ For any external non-substantial component of non-homogeneous products.

⁽³⁾ For any internal non-substantial component of non-homogeneous products.

⁽⁴⁾ For the product as a whole.

⁽⁵⁾ Test duration = 30 minutes.

⁽⁶⁾ Critical flux is defined as the radiant flux at which the flame extinguishes or the radiant flux after a test period of 30 minutes, whichever is the lower (i.e. the flux corresponding with the furthest extent of spread of flame).

⁽⁷⁾ **s1** = Smoke $\leq 750 \text{ %} \cdot \text{min}$; **s2** = not s1.

⁽⁸⁾ Under conditions of surface flame attack and, if appropriate to the intended use of the product, edge flame attack.

Table 3

Classes of reaction to fire performance for linear pipe insulation products

Class	Test method(s)	Classification criteria	Additional classification
A1_L	EN ISO 1182 ⁽¹⁾ ; and	$\Delta T \leq 30 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; and $\Delta m \leq 50 \text{ %}$; and $t_f = 0$ (i.e. no sustained flaming)	
	EN ISO 1716	$\text{PCS} \leq 2,0 \text{ MJkg}^{-1}$ ⁽¹⁾ ; and $\text{PCS} \leq 2,0 \text{ MJkg}^{-1}$ ⁽²⁾ ; and $\text{PCS} \leq 1,4 \text{ MJm}^{-2}$ ⁽³⁾ ; and $\text{PCS} \leq 2,0 \text{ MJkg}^{-1}$ ⁽⁴⁾	

Class	Test method(s)	Classification criteria	Additional classification
A_{2L}	EN ISO 1182 ⁽¹⁾ ; or	$\Delta T \leq 50\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; and $\Delta m \leq 50\%$; and $t_f \leq 20\text{ s}$	Smoke production ⁽⁵⁾ ; and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽⁶⁾
	EN ISO 1716; and	$PCS \leq 3,0\text{ MJkg}^{-1}$ ⁽¹⁾ ; and $PCS \leq 4,0\text{ MJm}^{-2}$ ⁽²⁾ ; and $PCS \leq 4,0\text{ MJm}^{-2}$ ⁽³⁾ ; and $PCS \leq 3,0\text{ MJkg}^{-1}$ ⁽⁴⁾	
	EN 13823 (SBI)	$FIGRA \leq 270\text{ Ws}^{-1}$; and $LFS < \text{edge of specimen}$; and $THR_{600s} \leq 7,5\text{ MJ}$	
B_L	EN 13823 (SBI); and	$FIGRA \leq 270\text{ Ws}^{-1}$; and $LFS < \text{edge of specimen}$; and $THR_{600s} \leq 7,5\text{ MJ}$	Smoke production ⁽⁵⁾ ; and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽⁶⁾
	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 30 s	$F_s \leq 150\text{ mm}$ within 60 s	
C_L	EN 13823 (SBI); and	$FIGRA \leq 460\text{ Ws}^{-1}$; and $LFS < \text{edge of specimen}$; and $THR_{600s} \leq 15\text{ MJ}$	Smoke production ⁽⁵⁾ ; and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽⁶⁾
	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 30 s	$F_s \leq 150\text{ mm}$ within 60 s	
D_L	EN 13823 (SBI); and	$FIGRA \leq 2\,100\text{ Ws}^{-1}$ $THR_{600s} \leq 100\text{ MJ}$	Smoke production ⁽⁵⁾ ; and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽⁶⁾
	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 30 s	$F_s \leq 150\text{ mm}$ within 60 s	
E_L	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 15 s	$F_s \leq 150\text{ mm}$ within 20 s	Flaming droplets/particles ⁽⁷⁾
F_L	EN ISO 11925-2 ⁽⁸⁾ : Exposure = 15 s	$F_s > 150\text{ mm}$ within 20 s	

⁽¹⁾ For homogeneous products and substantial components of non-homogeneous products.

⁽²⁾ For any external non-substantial component of non-homogeneous products.

⁽³⁾ For any internal non-substantial component of non-homogeneous products.

⁽⁴⁾ For the product as a whole.

⁽⁵⁾ **s1** = SMOGRA $\leq 105\text{ m}^2\text{s}^{-2}$ and $TSP_{600s} \leq 250\text{ m}^2$; **s2** = SMOGRA $\leq 580\text{ m}^2\text{s}^{-2}$ and $TSP_{600s} \leq 1\,600\text{ m}^2$; **s3** = not s1 or s2.

⁽⁶⁾ **d0** = No flaming droplets/particles in EN13823 (SBI) within 600s; **d1** = No flaming droplets/particles persisting longer than 10s in EN13823 (SBI) within 600s; **d2** = not d0 or d1; Ignition of the paper in EN ISO 11925-2 results in a d2 classification.

⁽⁷⁾ No ignition of the paper = no additional classification; Ignition of the paper = **d2** classification.

⁽⁸⁾ Under conditions of surface flame attack and, if appropriate to the intended use of the product, edge flame attack.

Table 4

Classes of reaction to fire performance for electric cables

Class	Test method(s)	Classification criteria	Additional classification
A_{ca}	EN ISO 1716	$PCS \leq 2,0 \text{ MJ/kg}^{(1)}$	
B1_{ca}	EN 50399 (30 kW flame source) and	$FS \leq 1,75 \text{ m}$ and $THR_{1200s} \leq 10 \text{ MJ}$ and Peak HRR $\leq 20 \text{ kW}$ and $FIGRA \leq 120 \text{ W s}^{-1}$	Smoke production ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁵⁾ and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽³⁾ and Acidity (pH and conductivity) ⁽⁴⁾
	EN 60332-1-2	$H \leq 425 \text{ mm}$	
B2_{ca}	EN 50399 (20,5 kW flame source) and	$FS \leq 1,5 \text{ m}$; and $THR_{1200s} \leq 15 \text{ MJ}$; and Peak HRR $\leq 30 \text{ kW}$; and $FIGRA \leq 150 \text{ W s}^{-1}$	Smoke production ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁶⁾ and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽³⁾ and Acidity (pH and conductivity) ⁽⁴⁾
	EN 60332-1-2	$H \leq 425 \text{ mm}$	
C_{ca}	EN 50399 (20,5 kW flame source) and	$FS \leq 2,0 \text{ m}$; and $THR_{1200s} \leq 30 \text{ MJ}$; and Peak HRR $\leq 60 \text{ kW}$; and $FIGRA \leq 300 \text{ W s}^{-1}$	Smoke production ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁶⁾ and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽³⁾ and Acidity (pH and conductivity) ⁽⁴⁾
	EN 60332-1-2	$H \leq 425 \text{ mm}$	
D_{ca}	EN 50399 (20,5 kW flame source) and	$THR_{1200s} \leq 70 \text{ MJ}$; and Peak HRR $\leq 400 \text{ kW}$; and $FIGRA \leq 1\,300 \text{ W s}^{-1}$	Smoke production ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁶⁾ and Flaming droplets/particles ⁽³⁾ and Acidity (pH and conductivity) ⁽⁴⁾
	EN 60332-1-2	$H \leq 425 \text{ mm}$	
E_{ca}	EN 60332-1-2	$H \leq 425 \text{ mm}$	
F_{ca}	EN 60332-1-2	$H > 425 \text{ mm}$	

⁽¹⁾ For the product as a whole, excluding metallic materials, and for any external component (i.e. sheath) of the product.

⁽²⁾ **s1** = $TSP_{1200} \leq 50 \text{ m}^2$ and Peak SPR $\leq 0,25 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
s1a = **s1** and transmittance in accordance with EN 61034-2 $\geq 80 \%$
s1b = **s1** and transmittance in accordance with EN 61034-2 $\geq 60 \%$ < 80 %
s2 = $TSP_{1200} \leq 400 \text{ m}^2$ and Peak SPR $\leq 1,5 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
s3 = not **s1** or **s2**

⁽³⁾ **d0** = No flaming droplets/particles within 1 200 s; **d1** = No flaming droplets/particles persisting longer than 10 s within 1 200 s; **d2** = not **d0** or **d1**.

⁽⁴⁾ EN 60754-2: **a1** = conductivity < 2,5 $\mu\text{S}/\text{mm}$ and pH > 4,3; **a2** = conductivity < 10 $\mu\text{S}/\text{mm}$ and pH > 4,3; **a3** = not **a1** or **a2**.

⁽⁵⁾ The smoke class declared for class B1_{ca} cables must originate from the EN 50399 test (30 kW flame source).

⁽⁶⁾ The smoke class declared for class B2_{ca}, C_{ca}, D_{ca} cables must originate from the EN 50399 test (20,5 kW flame source).

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2016/365**of 11 March 2016****entering a name in the register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications (Telemea de Ibănești (PDO))**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 November 2012 on quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 52(3)(a) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Pursuant to Article 50(2)(a) of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012, the application from Romania to register the name 'Telemea de Ibănești' was published in the *Official Journal of the European Union* ⁽²⁾.
- (2) On 5 March 2015, the Commission received one notice of opposition from Greece. On 30 April 2015 the Commission received the related reasoned statement of opposition.
- (3) The Commission examined the opposition sent by Greece and found it admissible. The word 'Telemea', which forms part of the name 'Telemea de Ibănești' is almost identical to the name 'Τελεμές' (Telemés) which is used in Greece. 'Τελεμές' (Telemés) is a white brined cheese that is produced in different parts of Greece on a commercial scale. The opposition claims that the registration of the name 'Telemea de Ibănești' would jeopardise the existence of the partly identical name 'Τελεμές' (Telemés) and the existence of products which have been legally on the Greek market for at least five years preceding the date of publication of the application for registration of the name 'Telemea de Ibănești'.
- (4) By letter of 22 June 2015 the Commission invited the interested parties to engage in appropriate consultations to seek agreement among themselves in accordance with their internal procedures.
- (5) Romania and Greece reached an agreement, which was notified to the Commission on 21 September 2015, within the prescribed deadline.
- (6) As it results from the information exchanged with Greece in the context of the opposition procedure, Romania produces at national level a cheese named 'Telemea'. This production complies with a national standard approved by the Romanian Standard Association. In 2014 around 24 000 tons of 'Telemea' have been produced in Romania. By applying for the registration of the name 'Telemea de Ibănești' Romania did not aim at reserving the use of the term 'Telemea'.
- (7) Romania and Greece agreed that the protection of the designation 'Telemea de Ibănești' should not cover the stand alone name 'Telemea' but only the compound name 'Telemea de Ibănești' as a whole. Moreover, they concluded that the Regulation entering the name 'Telemea de Ibănești' in the register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications should include a recital that specifies the scope of the protection.
- (8) As it complies with the provisions of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 and EU legislation, the content of the agreement concluded between Romania and Greece should be taken into account.
- (9) Therefore, the designation of origin 'Telemea de Ibănești' (PDO) should be protected as a whole, whereas the term 'Telemea' may continue to be used in labelling or presentations within the territory of the Union provided the principles and rules applicable in its legal order respected.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 343, 14.12.2012, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ C 6, 10.1.2015, p. 6.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The name 'Telemea de Ibănești' (PDO) is registered.

The name in the first paragraph identifies a product from Class 1.3. Cheeses set out in Annex XI to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 668/2014 ⁽¹⁾.

Article 2

The term 'Telemea' may continue to be used in labelling or presentations within the territory of the Union provided the principles and rules applicable in its legal order are respected.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 March 2016.

For the Commission

The President

Jean-Claude JUNCKER

⁽¹⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 668/2014 of 13 June 2014 laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs (OJ L 179, 19.6.2014, p. 36).

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2016/366**of 14 March 2016****establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 of 7 June 2011 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 in respect of the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 136(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in Annex XVI, Part A thereto.
- (2) The standard import value is calculated each working day, in accordance with Article 136(1) of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011, taking into account variable daily data. Therefore this Regulation should enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 136 of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 are fixed in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 March 2016.

For the Commission,
On behalf of the President,
Jerzy PLEWA
Director-General for Agriculture and Rural Development

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 157, 15.6.2011, p. 1.

ANNEX

Standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)		
CN code	Third country code ⁽¹⁾	Standard import value
0702 00 00	IL	230,5
	MA	103,5
	SN	176,8
	TN	107,9
	TR	105,5
	ZZ	144,8
0707 00 05	MA	84,8
	TR	142,7
	ZZ	113,8
0709 93 10	MA	59,1
	TR	154,7
	ZZ	106,9
0805 10 20	EG	48,3
	IL	76,0
	MA	54,6
	TN	61,4
	TR	64,8
	ZZ	61,0
0805 50 10	MA	124,8
	TR	98,5
	ZZ	111,7
0808 10 80	BR	88,6
	US	181,6
	ZZ	135,1
0808 30 90	AR	115,4
	CL	157,2
	CN	103,0
	TR	153,6
	ZA	102,6
	ZZ	126,4

⁽¹⁾ Nomenclature of countries laid down by Commission Regulation (EU) No 1106/2012 of 27 November 2012 implementing Regulation (EC) No 471/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council on Community statistics relating to external trade with non-member countries, as regards the update of the nomenclature of countries and territories (OJ L 328, 28.11.2012, p. 7). Code 'ZZ' stands for 'of other origin'.

DECISIONS

COUNCIL DECISION (EU) 2016/367

of 4 March 2016

on the conclusion of the Cooperation Agreement on Satellite Navigation between the European Union and its Member States and the Kingdom of Norway

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Articles 171 and 172, in conjunction with Article 218(6)(a) and the first subparagraph of Article 218(8) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Having regard to the consent of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) The Commission has negotiated the Cooperation Agreement on Satellite Navigation between the European Union and its Member States and the Kingdom of Norway ⁽²⁾ ('the Agreement') which was signed on 22 September 2010.
- (2) The Agreement covers matters falling within the competence of the Union as well as Member States.
- (3) In accordance with Article 12(4) of the Agreement and the Decision on its signature ⁽³⁾, the Agreement is applied on a provisional basis by the Union, as regards elements falling within its competence, and by the Kingdom of Norway, pending the completion of the procedures for its conclusion.
- (4) The Agreement, which will also have to be ratified by Member States, should be approved on behalf of the Union for matters falling within its competence,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The Cooperation Agreement on Satellite Navigation between the European Union and its Member States and the Kingdom of Norway is hereby approved on behalf of the Union ⁽⁴⁾.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the day of its adoption.

Done at Brussels, 4 March 2016.

For the Council

The President

S.A.M. DIJKSMA

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 131 E, 8.5.2013, p. 155.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 283, 29.10.2010, p. 12.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 283, 29.10.2010, p. 11.

⁽⁴⁾ The date of entry into force of the Agreement will be published in the *Official Journal of the European Union* by the General Secretariat of the Council.

COUNCIL DECISION (CFSP) 2016/368**of 14 March 2016****amending Common Position 2002/402/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against members of the Al-Qaida organisation and other individuals, groups, undertakings and entities associated with them**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Article 29 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy,

Whereas:

- (1) On 27 May 2002, the Council adopted Common Position 2002/402/CFSP ⁽¹⁾.
- (2) On 17 December 2015, the United Nations Security Council adopted Resolution (UNSCR) 2253 (2015) ('UNSCR 2253 (2015)') reiterating its unequivocal condemnation of the Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (ISIL, also known as Da'esh), Al-Qaida and associated individuals, groups, undertakings and entities for ongoing and multiple criminal terrorist acts aimed at causing the deaths of innocent civilians and other victims, destruction of property and greatly undermining stability.
- (3) In that context, UNSCR 2253(2015) recalled that ISIL (Da'esh) is a splinter group of Al-Qaida and that any individual, group, undertaking or entity supporting ISIL (Da'esh) or Al-Qaida is eligible for listing by the United Nations.
- (4) UNSCR 2253 (2015) called upon Member States to cut the flows of funds and other financial assets and economic resources to individuals and entities on the ISIL (Da'esh) and Al-Qaida Sanctions List, as required by paragraph 2(a) of the Resolution and taking into account relevant Financial Action Task Force recommendations and international standards.
- (5) The Union implementing measures are set out in Council Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 ⁽²⁾.
- (6) Common Position 2002/402/CFSP should be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Common Position 2002/402/CFSP is hereby amended as follows.

- (1) The title is replaced by the following:

'Council Common Position 2002/402/CFSP of 27 May 2002 concerning restrictive measures against members of the ISIL (Da'esh) and Al-Qaida organisations, and other individuals, groups, undertakings and entities associated with them.'

⁽¹⁾ Council Common Position 2002/402/CFSP of 27 May 2002 concerning restrictive measures against the members of the Al-Qaida organisation and other individuals, groups, undertakings and entities associated with them (OJ L 139, 29.5.2002, p. 4).

⁽²⁾ Council Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 of 27 May 2002 imposing certain specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities associated with the Al-Qaida network (OJ L 139, 29.5.2002, p. 9).

(2) The following recital is inserted:

- ‘(9) UNSCR 2253 (2015) called upon Member States to cut the flows of funds and other financial assets and economic resources to individuals and entities on the ISIL (Da’esh) and Al-Qaida Sanctions List, as required by paragraph 2(a) of the Resolution and taking into account relevant Financial Action Task Force recommendations and international standards.’

(3) Recital 9 is renumbered as recital 10.

(4) Article 1 is replaced by the following:

‘Article 1

This Common Position applies to members of the ISIL (Da’esh) and Al-Qaida organisations as well as individuals, groups, undertakings and entities:

(a) associated with members of ISIL (Da’esh) and Al-Qaida organisations including those:

- (i) participating in the financing, planning, facilitating, preparing, or perpetrating acts or activities by, in conjunction with, under the name of, on behalf of, or in support of,
- (ii) supplying, selling or transferring arms and related materiel to,
- (iii) recruiting for or otherwise supporting acts or activities of,

Al-Qaida, ISIL (Da’esh) or any cell, affiliate, splinter group or derivative thereof;

(b) owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by, or otherwise supporting, any individual, group, undertaking or entity associated with Al-Qaida or ISIL (Da’esh);

as referred to in the list drawn up pursuant to UNSCR 1267 (1999), 1333 (2000) and 2253 (2015) to be updated regularly by the Committee established pursuant to UNSCR 1267 (1999).’

(5) Article 2 is replaced by the following:

‘Article 2

1. The sale, supply, transfer or export of arms and related materiel of all types, including weapons and ammunition, military vehicles and equipment, paramilitary equipment and spare parts for the aforementioned to the individuals, groups, undertakings and entities referred to in Article 1(a) and (b) by nationals of Member States or from the territories of Member States or using their flag vessels or aircraft, shall be prohibited whether originating or not in their territories.

2. It shall be prohibited:

- (a) to provide technical assistance, brokering services and other services related to military activities and to the provision, manufacture, maintenance and use of arms and related materiel of all types, including weapons and ammunition, military vehicles and equipment, paramilitary equipment, and spare parts for the aforementioned, directly or indirectly to the individuals, groups, undertakings and entities referred to in Article 1(a) and (b);
- (b) to provide financing or financial assistance related to military activities, including in particular grants, loans and export credit insurance, as well as insurance and reinsurance for any sale, supply, transfer or export of arms and related materiel, or for the provision of related technical assistance, brokering services and other services directly or indirectly to the individuals, groups, undertakings and entities referred to in Article 1(a) and (b);
- (c) to participate, knowingly and intentionally, in activities the object or effect of which is to circumvent the prohibitions referred to in points (a) or (b) of this paragraph.’

(6) Article 3 is replaced by the following:

Article 3

1. All funds and economic resources belonging to, owned, held or controlled, either directly or indirectly, by a natural person, entity, body or group as referred to in Article 1, including by a third party acting on their behalf or at their direction, shall be frozen;
2. No funds or economic resources shall be made available, directly or indirectly, to or for the benefit of the individuals, groups, undertakings and entities referred to in the list drawn up pursuant to the UNSCR 1267 (1999), 1333 (2000) and 2253 (2015).¹

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Done at Brussels, 14 March 2016.

For the Council
The President
F. MOGHERINI

