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Acts whose titles are printed in light type are those relating to day-to-day management of agricultural matters, and are generally valid for a limited period.

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II

(Non-legislative acts)

DECISIONS

COUNCIL DECISION (EU) 2020/470

of 25 March 2020

as regards the extension of the period of entitlement for audiovisual co-productions as provided for in Article 5 of the Protocol on Cultural Cooperation to the Free Trade Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Korea, of the other part

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Article 3(1) of Council Decision (EU) 2015/2169 of 1 October 2015 on the conclusion of the Free Trade Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Korea, of the other part ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) On 1 October 2015, the Council adopted Decision (EU) 2015/2169 on the conclusion of the Free Trade Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Korea, of the other part.
- (2) The Protocol on Cultural Cooperation ⁽²⁾ annexed to the Free Trade Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Korea, of the other part ⁽³⁾ ('the Protocol'), sets up in Article 1 the framework within which the Parties are to cooperate for the facilitation of exchanges regarding cultural activities, goods and services, including in the audiovisual sector.
- (3) The Protocol exceptionally includes provisions on the entitlement for audiovisual co-productions to benefit from the respective schemes that is in principle reserved for developing countries with developing audiovisual industries.
- (4) Pursuant to point (b) of Article 5(8) of the Protocol, following the initial period of three years, the entitlement will be renewed for a duration of three years and is thereafter to be automatically renewed for further successive periods of the same duration, unless a Party terminates the entitlement by giving notice in writing at least three months before the expiry of the initial or any subsequent period. The actual effects of the Protocol in relation to audiovisual co-productions should be assessed in due time by the Committee on Cultural Cooperation and should serve as the basis for the Union's decision on whether or not to extend the entitlement in 2023 for a further period of three years.
- (5) In accordance with Article 3(1) of Decision (EU) 2015/2169, the Commission is to provide notice to Republic of Korea of the Union's intention not to extend the period of entitlement to co-production pursuant to Article 5 of the Protocol following the procedure set out in Article 5(8) of the Protocol unless, on a proposal from the Commission, the Council agrees four months before the end of such period of entitlement to continue the entitlement. If the Council agrees to continue the entitlement, that procedure is to become applicable again at the end of the renewed period of entitlement. For the specific purposes of deciding on the continuation of the period of entitlement, the Council is to act by unanimity.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 307, 25.11.2015, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 127, 14.5.2011, p. 1418.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 127, 14.5.2011, p. 6.

- (6) On 17 October 2019, the Union Domestic Advisory Group provided for in Article 3(5) of the Protocol was consulted on the extension of the period of entitlement, as provided for in Article 5(8) of the Protocol.
- (7) In view of the close, historical and unique relationship between the Union and the Republic of Korea, the Council agrees with the extension of the period of entitlement for audiovisual co-productions to benefit from the respective schemes of the Parties for the promotion of local/regional cultural content as provided for in paragraphs 4-7 of Article 5 of the Protocol.
- (8) This Decision should not affect the respective competences of the Union and the Member States. In particular, it should not affect the competence of Member States to conclude co-production agreements,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The period of entitlement for audiovisual co-productions to benefit from the respective schemes of the Parties for the promotion of local/regional cultural content, as provided for in paragraphs 4-7 of Article 5 of the Protocol, shall be extended for a duration of three years, from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2023.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.

Done at Brussels, 25 March 2020.

For the Council
The President
A. METELKO-ZGOMBIĆ

COUNCIL DECISION (CFSP) 2020/471**of 31 March 2020****repealing Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 on a European Union military operation in the Southern Central Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED operation SOPHIA)**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Articles 42(4) and 43(2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy,

Whereas:

- (1) On 18 May 2015, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 ⁽¹⁾.
- (2) On 26 September 2019, the Council extended Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 until 31 March 2020 through Decision (CFSP) 2019/1595 ⁽²⁾.
- (3) On 17 February 2020, the Council agreed that EUNAVFOR MED operation SOPHIA should be closed. Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 should therefore be repealed and EUNAVFOR MED operation SOPHIA will consequently end upon such repeal.
- (4) Council Decision (CFSP) 2015/528 ⁽³⁾ establishing a mechanism to administer the financing of the common costs of European Union operations having military or defence implications (Athena) determines the procedures for the audit and presentation of the accounts of the operation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 is hereby repealed.
2. The repeal of Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 shall be without prejudice to the procedures laid down in Decision (CFSP) 2015/528 regarding the audit and presentation of the accounts of EUNAVFOR MED operation SOPHIA.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.

Done at Brussels, 31 March 2020.

For the Council

The President

A. METELKO-ZGOMBIĆ

⁽¹⁾ Council Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 of 18 May 2015 on a European Union military operation in the Southern Central Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED operation SOPHIA) (OJ L 122, 19.5.2015, p. 31).

⁽²⁾ Council Decision (CFSP) 2019/1595 of 26 September 2019 amending Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 on a European Union military operation in the Southern Central Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED operation SOPHIA) (OJ L 248, 27.9.2019, p. 73).

⁽³⁾ Council Decision (CFSP) 2015/528 of 27 March 2015 establishing a mechanism to administer the financing of the common costs of European Union operations having military or defence implications (Athena) and repealing Decision 2011/871/CFSP (OJ L 84, 28.3.2015, p. 39).

COUNCIL DECISION (CFSP) 2020/472**of 31 March 2020****on a European Union military operation in the Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED IRINI)**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Articles 42(4) and 43(2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy,

Whereas:

- (1) On 19 January 2020, a Conference was held in Berlin on Libya. Participants committed in particular to unequivocally and fully respecting and implementing the arms embargo established by the United Nations Security Council Resolution (UNSCR) 1970 (2011) and subsequent Resolutions, in particular UNSCRs 2292 (2016) and 2473 (2019).
- (2) On 12 February 2020, in UNSCR 2510 (2020), the United Nations (UN) Security Council welcomed the Berlin Conference on Libya and endorsed its conclusions, noting that those conclusions represent an important element of a comprehensive solution to the situation in Libya. It also demanded full compliance by all UN Member States with the arms embargo, and further demanded all States not to intervene in the conflict or take measures that exacerbate the conflict.
- (3) On 11 February 2020, in UNSCR 2509 (2020), the UN Security Council extended the measures imposed by UNSCR 2146 (2014) to prevent the illicit export from Libya of petroleum, including crude oil and refined petroleum products, and extended the mandate of the Panel of Experts established by UNSCR 1973 (2011).
- (4) On 17 February 2020, the Council reached a political agreement to launch a new operation in the Mediterranean, aimed at implementing the UN arms embargo on Libya by using aerial, satellite and maritime assets. The operation should, as secondary tasks, contribute to the implementation of UN measures to prevent the illicit export of petroleum from Libya, to capacity building and training of the Libyan Coast Guard and Navy, and to the disruption of the business model of human smuggling and trafficking networks. The Area of Operation and the Area of Interest of the operation should be defined in accordance with the agreed mandate in the relevant planning documents.
- (5) In addition, the Council could decide in future to extend the scope of the operation in order to allow for the use of aerial surveillance within Libyan airspace, in accordance with any applicable UNSCR or with the consent of the Libyan authorities, if it assesses that the necessary legal requirements and political conditions are met.
- (6) On 18 May 2015, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 ⁽¹⁾. EUNAVFOR MED operation SOPHIA has been ongoing since that date, and was extended through Council Decision (CFSP) 2019/1595 ⁽²⁾.
- (7) The Political and Security Committee (PSC) should exercise, under the responsibility of the Council and the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy (HR), political control over the operation, provide it with strategic direction and take the relevant decisions in accordance with the third paragraph of Article 38 of the Treaty on European Union (TEU).
- (8) The authorisation of the operation should be reconfirmed every four months and the PSC, in exercising its political control and strategic direction of the operation, should be authorised to take such a decision prolonging the operation unless the deployment of maritime assets of the operation produces a pull effect on migration on the basis of substantiated evidence gathered according to the criteria set in the Operations Plan.

⁽¹⁾ Council Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 of 18 May 2015 on a European Union military operation in the Southern Central Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED operation SOPHIA) (OJ L 122, 19.5.2015, p. 31).

⁽²⁾ Council Decision (CFSP) 2019/1595 of 26 September 2019 amending Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 on a European Union military operation in the Southern Central Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED operation SOPHIA) (OJ L 248, 27.9.2019, p. 73).

- (9) Pursuant to Article 41(2) TEU and in accordance with Council Decision (CFSP) 2015/528 ⁽³⁾, the operational expenditure arising from this Decision, which has military or defence implications, is to be borne by the Member States.
- (10) In accordance with Article 5 of Protocol No 22 on the position of Denmark, annexed to the TEU and to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), Denmark does not participate in the elaboration and implementation of decisions and actions of the Union which have defence implications. Consequently, Denmark is not participating in the adoption of this Decision, is neither bound by it nor subject to its application, and does not participate in the financing of this operation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Mission

1. The Union hereby establishes and launches a military crisis management operation to contribute to preventing arms trafficking within its agreed Area of Operation and Area of Interest in accordance with UNSCR 1970 (2011) and subsequent Resolutions on the arms embargo on Libya, including UNSCR 2292 (2016) and UNSCR 2473 (2019). Furthermore, the operation shall contribute to the implementation of UN measures to prevent the illicit export of petroleum from Libya in accordance with UNSCR 2146 (2014) and subsequent Resolutions, in particular UNSCR 2509 (2020) and UNSCR 2510 (2020). In addition, the operation shall assist in the development of the capacities and in the training of the Libyan Coast Guard and Navy in law enforcement tasks at sea. The operation shall also contribute to the disruption of the business model of human smuggling and trafficking networks, in accordance with applicable international law, including the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea, any relevant UNSCR, and international human rights law as applicable.
2. The operation shall be named EUNAVFOR MED IRINI.
3. The Area of Operation, the Area of Interest and the detailed arrangements for gathering information in those areas in order to fulfil all the tasks of the operation shall be defined in the relevant planning documents approved by the Council.

Article 2

Contributing to implementation of the UN arms embargo on Libya

1. EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall, as its core task, contribute to the implementation of the UN arms embargo on Libya with aerial, satellite and maritime assets.
2. For that purpose, EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall gather extensive and comprehensive information on the trafficking of arms and related materiel from all directions and share it with relevant partners and agencies on a case-by-case and need-to-know basis through the mechanisms in the relevant planning documents in order to contribute to a full situational awareness in the Area of Operation and in the Area of Interest. Where such information is classified up to 'SECRET UE/EU SECRET' level, it may be exchanged with relevant partners and agencies in accordance with Council Decision 2013/488/EU ⁽⁴⁾ and based on arrangements concluded at the operational level in accordance with Article 14(9) of this Decision, and in full respect of the principles of reciprocity and inclusiveness. Classified information received shall be handled by EUNAVFOR MED IRINI without any distinction between its staff and solely on the basis of operational requirements.

⁽³⁾ Council Decision (CFSP) 2015/528 of 27 March 2015 establishing a mechanism to administer the financing of the common costs of European Union operations having military or defence implications (Athena) and repealing Decision 2011/871/CFSP (OJ L 84, 28.3.2015, p. 39).

⁽⁴⁾ Council Decision 2013/488/EU of 23 September 2013 on the security rules for protecting EU classified information (OJ L 274, 15.10.2013, p. 1).

3. In accordance with the relevant UNSCRs, in particular UNSCR 2292 (2016), and as required, EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall carry out, in accordance with the arrangements set out in the planning documents, and within the agreed Area of Operation on the high seas off the coast of Libya, inspections of vessels bound to or from Libya where there are reasonable grounds to believe that such vessels are carrying arms or related materiel to or from Libya, directly or indirectly, in violation of the arms embargo on Libya. EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall take relevant action to seize and dispose of such items, including with a view to diverting such vessels and their crews to a suitable port to facilitate such disposal, with the consent of the port State, in accordance with relevant UNSCRs including UNSCR 2292 (2016).
4. EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall report to the PSC on all issues and events related to such inspections. The PSC may consider any subsequent measures, as appropriate.
5. In view of the exceptional operational requirements, and upon invitation from a Member State, EUNAVFOR MED IRINI may divert vessels to ports of that Member State and dispose within that Member State of arms and related materiel seized in accordance with paragraph 3, including by storage and destruction. The ports to which vessels may be diverted shall be designated in the Operations Plan.
6. In accordance with relevant UNSCRs, including UNSCR 2292 (2016), EUNAVFOR MED IRINI may, in particular in the course of inspections carried out in accordance with paragraph 3, collect and store evidence related to the carriage of items prohibited under the arms embargo on Libya. EUNAVFOR MED IRINI may collect and store, in accordance with applicable law, personal data concerning persons involved in the carriage of such prohibited items related to characteristics likely to assist in their identification, including fingerprints, as well as the following particulars, with the exclusion of other personal data: surname, maiden name, given names and any alias or assumed name; date and place of birth, nationality, sex, place of residence, profession and whereabouts; driving licenses, identification documents and passport data. EUNAVFOR MED IRINI may transmit such data as well as data related to the vessels and equipment used by such persons, and the relevant information acquired while carrying out this core task, to the relevant law enforcement authorities of Member States and to competent Union bodies in accordance with applicable law.

Article 3

Contributing to implementation of the UN measures against illicit exports of petroleum from Libya

1. As a secondary task, and within its means and capabilities, EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall conduct monitoring and surveillance activities and gather information on illicit exports from Libya of petroleum, including crude oil and refined petroleum products, which are contrary to UNSCR 2146 (2014) and subsequent UNSCRs, in particular UNSCR 2509 (2020), thereby contributing to situational awareness in the Area of Operation and in the Area of Interest.
2. The information gathered in this context may be stored and released to the legitimate Libyan authorities and to the relevant law enforcement authorities of Member States and to competent Union bodies.

Article 4

Capacity building and training of Libyan Coast Guard and Navy

1. As a further secondary task, EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall assist in the development of the capacities and in the training of the Libyan Coast Guard and Navy in law enforcement tasks at sea, in particular to prevent human smuggling and trafficking.
2. The task referred to in paragraph 1 shall be carried out on the high seas in EUNAVFOR MED IRINI's agreed Area of Operation. It may also be carried out in the territory, including the territorial waters, of Libya or of a host third State neighbouring Libya where the PSC so decides following an assessment by the Council on the basis of an invitation by Libya or the host State concerned, and in accordance with international law.

3. In view of the exceptional operational requirements, part of the task referred to in paragraph 1 may be conducted in a Member State, upon invitation by that Member State, including in relevant training centres.
4. For the purpose of the task referred to in paragraph 1, EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall establish and operate a monitoring mechanism in close coordination with other relevant stakeholders, including where necessary in Libya.
5. Insofar as required by the task referred to in paragraph 1, EUNAVFOR MED IRINI may collect, store and exchange with the relevant authorities of Member States, competent Union bodies, the UN Support Mission in Libya, INTERPOL, the International Criminal Court and the United States of America the information, including personal data, gathered for the purpose of the vetting procedures on possible trainees, provided that they have given their consent in writing. Moreover, EUNAVFOR MED IRINI may collect and store necessary medical information and biometric data on trainees provided that they have given their consent in writing.

Article 5

Contributing to disruption of the business model of human smuggling and trafficking networks

1. As another secondary task, and in accordance with UNSCR 2240 (2015), EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall support the detection and monitoring of human smuggling and trafficking networks through information gathering and patrolling carried out by aerial assets above the high seas, in the agreed Area of Operation.
2. In carrying out this task, EUNAVFOR MED IRINI may collect and store, in accordance with applicable law, data on human smuggling and trafficking, including crimes relevant to the security of the operation, which it may transmit to the relevant law enforcement authorities of Member States and to competent Union bodies.

Article 6

Appointment of the EU Operation Commander

Rear Admiral Fabio AGOSTINI is hereby appointed EU Operation Commander of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI.

Article 7

Designation of the EU Operation Headquarters

The Operation Headquarters of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall be located in Rome, Italy.

Article 8

Political control and strategic direction

1. Under the responsibility of the Council and of the HR, the PSC shall exercise the political control and strategic direction of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI.
2. The Council hereby authorises the PSC to take the relevant decisions in accordance with Article 38 TEU. This authorisation shall include the powers to amend the planning documents, including the Operations Plan, the Chain of Command and the Rules of Engagement. It shall also include the powers to take decisions on the appointment of the EU Operation Commander and the EU Force Commander. The powers of decision with respect to the objectives and termination of the EU military operation shall remain vested in the Council.
3. Notwithstanding the period set out in Article 15(2), the authorisation of the operation shall be reconfirmed every four months. The PSC shall prolong the operation unless the deployment of maritime assets of the operation produces a pull effect on migration on the basis of substantiated evidence gathered according to the criteria set in the Operations Plan.
4. The Operation Commander shall report regularly on the conduct of the operation, including its impact in the Area of Operation. In accordance with Article 38 TEU, the PSC may at any time, upon a request from the HR or a Member State, give direction to the Operation Commander on the deployment of assets.

5. The PSC shall report to the Council at regular intervals.
6. The Chairman of the EU Military Committee (EUMC) shall, at regular intervals, report to the PSC on the conduct of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI. The PSC may invite the EU Operation Commander or the EU Force Commander to its meetings, as appropriate.

Article 9

Military direction

1. The EUMC shall monitor the proper execution of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI conducted under the responsibility of the EU Operation Commander.
2. The EU Operation Commander shall, at regular intervals, report to the EUMC. The EUMC may invite the EU Operation Commander or the EU Force Commander to its meetings, as appropriate.
3. The Chairman of the EUMC shall act as the primary point of contact with the EU Operation Commander.

Article 10

Consistency of the Union's response and coordination

1. The HR shall ensure the implementation of this Decision and its consistency with the Union's external action as a whole, including the Union's development programmes and its humanitarian assistance.
2. The HR, assisted by the European External Action Service (EEAS), shall act as the primary point of contact with the UN, the authorities of the countries in the region, and other international and bilateral actors, including NATO, the African Union and the League of Arab States.
3. EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall cooperate with the relevant Member State authorities and shall establish a coordination mechanism, and, as appropriate, conclude arrangements with other Union agencies and bodies, in particular Frontex, EUROPOL, EUROJUST, the European Asylum Support Office, the European Union Satellite Centre (SATCEN) and relevant CSDP missions.
4. EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall host a Crime Information Cell (CIC) composed of staff of relevant law enforcement authorities of Member States and of Union agencies referred to in paragraph 3, in order to facilitate the receipt, collection and transmission of information, including personal data, on the arms embargo on Libya as referred to in Article 2, on illegal exports from Libya of petroleum as referred to in Article 3, and on human smuggling and trafficking as referred to in Article 5, as well as crimes relevant to the security of the operation.
5. The processing of personal data in this context shall be carried out in accordance with the law of the flag State of the vessel on which the CIC is located and, with respect to staff of Union agencies, in accordance with the legal framework applicable to the respective agencies.
6. EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall be supported by SATCEN and the European Union Intelligence and Situation Centre (INTCEN) in gathering information as necessary to fulfil its tasks.

Article 11

Participation by third States

1. Without prejudice to the Union's decision-making autonomy or to the single institutional framework, and in accordance with the relevant guidelines of the European Council, third States may be invited to participate in the operation.
2. The Council hereby authorises the PSC to invite third States to offer contributions and to take the relevant decisions on acceptance of the proposed contributions, upon the recommendation of the EU Operations Commander and the EUMC.

3. Detailed arrangements for the participation by third States shall be the subject of agreements concluded pursuant to Article 37 TEU and in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 218 TFEU. Where the Union and a third State have concluded an agreement establishing a framework for the latter's participation in crisis management missions of the Union, the provisions of such an agreement shall apply in the context of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI.
4. Third States making significant military contributions to EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall have the same rights and obligations in terms of day-to-day management of the operation as Member States taking part in the operation.
5. The Council hereby authorises the PSC to take relevant decisions on the setting-up of a Committee of Contributors, should third States provide significant military contributions.

Article 12

Status of Union-led personnel

The status of Union-led units and personnel shall be defined where necessary in accordance with international law.

Article 13

Financial arrangements

1. The common costs of the EU military operation shall be administered in accordance with Decision (CFSP) 2015/528.
2. For the period until 31 March 2021, the reference amount for the common costs of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall be EUR 9 837 800. The percentage of the reference amount referred to in Article 25(1) of Decision (CFSP) 2015/528 shall be 30 % in commitments and 30 % for payments.

Article 14

Release of Information

1. The HR shall be authorised to release to designated third States and the International Criminal Court, as appropriate and in accordance with the operational needs of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI and in full respect of the principles of reciprocity and inclusiveness, any EU non-classified documents connected with the deliberations of the Council relating to the operation and covered by the obligation of professional secrecy pursuant to Article 6(1) of the Council's Rules of Procedure ⁽⁹⁾. The PSC, provided that these conditions are met, shall designate on a case-by-case basis the third States concerned.
2. The HR shall be authorised to release to designated third States and the International Criminal Court, as appropriate and in accordance with the operational needs of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI, and in full respect of the principles of reciprocity and inclusiveness, EU classified information generated for the purposes of the operation, in accordance with Decision 2013/488/EU, as follows:
 - (a) up to the level provided in the applicable Security of Information Agreements concluded between the Union and the third State concerned; or
 - (b) up to the 'CONFIDENTIEL UE/EU CONFIDENTIAL' level in other cases.

The PSC, provided that these conditions are met, shall designate on a case-by-case basis the third States concerned.

3. Classified information received shall be handled by EUNAVFOR MED IRINI without any distinction between its staff and solely on the basis of operational requirements.
4. The HR shall also be authorised to release to the UN, in accordance with the operational needs of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI, EU classified information up to 'RESTREINT UE/EU RESTRICTED' level which are generated for the purposes of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI, in accordance with Decision 2013/488/EU.

⁽⁹⁾ Council Decision 2009/937/EU of 1 December 2009 adopting the Council's Rules of Procedure (OJ L 325, 11.12.2009, p. 35).

5. The HR shall be authorised to release to INTERPOL relevant information, including personal data, in accordance with the operational needs of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI.
6. Pending the conclusion of an agreement between the Union and INTERPOL, EUNAVFOR MED IRINI may exchange such information with the National Central Bureaux of INTERPOL of the Member States, in accordance with arrangements to be concluded between the EU Operation Commander and the Head of the relevant National Central Bureau.
7. In the event of specific operational need, the HR shall be authorised, following approval by the PSC, to release to legitimate Libyan authorities any EU classified information up to 'RESTREINT UE/EU RESTRICTED' level generated for the purposes of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI, in accordance with Decision 2013/488/EU.
8. The HR shall be authorised to conclude the arrangements necessary to implement the provisions on information exchange in this Decision.
9. The HR may delegate the authorisations to release information as well as the ability to conclude the arrangements referred to in this Decision to EEAS officials, to the EU Operation Commander or to the EU Force Commander in accordance with section VII of Annex VI to Decision 2013/488/EU.
10. EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall transmit without delay to the UN, in accordance with UNSCR 2509 (2020), the information gathered on suspected incidents of non-compliance with the UN arms embargo on Libya as provided in UNSCR 1970 (2011) and subsequent Resolutions, in particular UNSCRs 2292 (2016) and 2473 (2019), as well as the information gathered on suspected incidents of non-compliance with the UN measures to prevent illicit exports of petroleum from Libya as provided in UNSCR 2146 (2014) and subsequent Resolutions.

Article 15

Entry into force and termination

1. This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.
2. EUNAVFOR MED IRINI shall end on 31 March 2021.
3. This Decision shall be repealed as from the date of closure of the EU Operation Headquarters in accordance with the plans approved for the termination of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI and without prejudice to the procedures regarding the audit and presentation of the accounts of EUNAVFOR MED IRINI laid down in Decision (CFSP) 2015/528.

Done at Brussels, 31 March 2020.

For the Council
The President
A. METELKO-ZGOMBIĆ

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